"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair and cooler today; Sunday fair; moderate northwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 11.

VOL. LXV...NO. 21,056. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1915.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

ARABIC CONFERENCES ON IN BERLIN; BRITISH CRISIS OVER CONSCRIPTION; OFFICIAL STORY OF LONDON AIR RAID

GERARD VISITS VON JAGOW

Rigid Secrecy After Envoy Confers With Foreign Minister.

SETTLEMENT MAY BE NEAR

In Fact, German Ofifcials Feel That the Governments Are in Accord Even Now.

PRESS GAINS CONFIDENCE

Believes That Informal Diplomacy Will Accomplish More Than Exchange of Notes.

BERLIN, Sept. 17, (via London.)—James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador, today at noon called on Dr. Gottlieb von Jagow, the Foreign Minister, presumably in connection with the situation surrounding the sinking of the steamer Arabic and the opening of negotiations on the submarine problem. No definite information is obtainable, however, concerning the subjects dealt with.

Nothing can be learned here which goes to confirm the statement made in a Washington dispatch that it was the intention to open conversations between the two countries on the submarine situation, but officials generally assume that the news is correct and express the belief that the difficulties between the United States and Germany will reach an earlier settlement by such a method.

It is generally believed by officials that differences in viewpoints which are only stiffened when laid down in formal notes can be more easily adjusted in informal conversations, and all the more so, they say, because the fundamental differences of policy have largely disappeared under the new instructions regarding attacks on passenger steamers.

The United States and Germany, it is said, appear to be now in substantial agreement on the principle involved, and it is largely a question of adjusting cases like that of the Arabic in conformity with that principle.

Germany, it is believed here, will be ready to consider testimony as to how far the Captain of the submarine was justified in his belief that the Arabic was bent on attacking the submarine, and that in conversations she will have the opportunity to satisfy the American Government that her policy and practice under present conditions will harmonize in the future.

GERMANS HAIL POURPARLERS.

Press Believes Informal Diplomacy Will Settle Our Problem.

BERLIN, Sept. 17.—Reports received here that President Wilson will make no formal reply to the German Government's communication concerning the sinking of the steamship Arabic, but will confer confidentially with Ambassador von Bernstorff, are acclaimed by Germania as "a new indication of the good will of the American Government and its intent to come to an understanding with us."

Previous diplomatic interchanges, says Germania, have been made under disadvantageous circumstances, because protests to Berlin have been reported in advance in British dispatches.

"We believe friendly mouth to mouth negotiations will serve the purpose desired by both sides far better than the earlier interchanges," this newspaper adds.

Commenting on the conflicting reports from Washington concerning the Arabic case and its reference to The Hague, the National Zeitung says it understands negotiations are in progress in Washington looking to a removal of all misunderstandings. These negotiations are confidential for the present, it says, but there is definite reason for the hope that they will lead to a favorable result.

The present situation seems to have resulted from the supposed conflict between Ambassador von Bernstoff's declarations and the Arabic note, the National Zeitung continues. In reality, they were two separate and distinct pronouncements, inasmuch as Count von Bernstorff could not possibly have known that the Arabic intended to ram the submarine which sank her. The newspaper says that the representations of the Ambassador, which already had been communicated in substance to submarine commanders, could not apply to the Arabic case, and continues:

"The torpedoing of the Arabic was by no means a denial of the assurances which Count von Bernstorff gave at Washington, and which were accepted in America with such lively approval as to portray in the happiest light the desire of the vast majority of Americans to maintain peace between the United States and Germany. There can be no talk of any 'broken word' on the part of Germany, or of any attempt to free herself from her promise. This Machiavellian argument of the anti-German press merely shows the illwill of those whose evil efforts, the purpose of which is all too clear, appear fortunately to have made little impression on the American people and their Government.

Thinks Crisis Past.

"The crisis appears to have passed again. President Wilson has not allowed himself to be stirred from his

Continued on Page 4.

Rumors of Cabinet Crisis Over Conscription; Lloyd George and Churchill Favor Policy

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 18.—England is absorbed in the rumored Cabinet crisis over the question of conscription, to which, it is reported, David Lloyd George and Winston Spencer Churchill have been converted.

Lords Curzon and Lansdowne, Andrew Bonar Law, Walter Hume Long, J. Austen Chamberlain, Lord Selborne, and Sir Edward Carson, the conscriptionist members, are said to be threatening to resign unless Premier Asquith, First Lord of the Admiralty Balfour, Foreign Secretary Grey, Lord Kitchener, and other Cabinet members adopt their chosen policy.

Lacking positive statements from Premier Asquith and Lord Kitchener that compulsory service is necessary for the safety of the country, the system is likely to find little support in the present Parliament, with the Radicals, Laborites, and Irish Nationalists opposed to it.

Many members opposed to conscription are prepared to accept, however, the verdict of the Premier and War Secretary on the question, which now is a subject of serious consideration in the Cabinet.

Information from London reaching New York is to the effect that Lord Northcliffe seems to have made a serious blunder in his conscription campaign. He tried to force it upon public attention at a moment when the public was quite satisfied that the question was best left in the hands of the Cabinet.

Lord Hugh Cecil, Lord Cromer, and dozens of others of equal note have written to the papers protesting against the matter being made the subject of public agitation, and the huge balance of public opinion seems to be on their side. The Daily Telegraph and other important Unionist papers, like The Scotsman, have pointed out the dangers inherent in a controversial newspaper discussion of a subject of which only those with exact knowledge could speak with value. Lord Northcliffe would hear nothing, and the result has been that conscription has now been made much more a contentious (or factional) problem than it would have been had Lord Northcliffe kept his hands off it.

Labor opposition has been strengthened considerably. If, it is asserted, Lord Northcliffe had kept quiet, the probability is that, had the Cabinet come to the conclusion that conscription was necessary, the country as a whole would have accepted their ruling without a protest. As it is now, the majority of the Cabinet are believed to have come to the conclusion that, even should compulsion be considered necessary, it would be very bad politics to endeavor to introduce it at a moment when so much opposition has been aroused by Lord Northcliffe's ill-advised campaign in favor of it.

There are grounds for stating that the Cabinet committee which is studying the whole question will probably come to the conclusion that conscription is, for the present at any rate, unnecessary, and that even if its advantages were greater than they really are, ar as great as its advocates claim that they are, its introduction would split the nation into two camps. The present rate of recruiting is, it is gathered, pretty close on 20,000 a week, which is quite ample for existing requirements. Even now the equipment of the new armies does not proceed as rapidly as their recruiting.

Recently Leo Maxse, editor of The National Review, attacked the Government on the ground that the Cabinet was unmanageably large. One of Lord Northcliffe's papers, The London Times, went Mr. Maxse one better in a long editorial which prompted one wit to say:

"Nortcliffe attacks the Cabinet because it has twenty-two or twenty-three members. It's only thanks to the fact that among so many there are bound to be different opinions that Northcliffe has escaped being shot."

BRITISH REVEAL ZEPPELINS' DEEDS

Slaughter of Innocent Persons and Destruction of Private Property Pictured.

NO PUBLIC BUILDING HIT

And No Real Purpose of War Served, Says Official Account, Denouncing Raids as Futile.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—An official description of some of the effects of the latest Zeppelin raids upon the London district, written by an observer at the request of Sir John Simon, the Home Secretary, was issued tonight for publication. It says:

"While it is absolutely necessary in the interest of public safety to maintain the rule that no unauthorized account shall appear, the real character of the outrages will be better understood from a collection of incidents, each verified on the spot and vouched for by the authorities as accurate. The Home Secretary takes this opportunity of stating explicitly that the total casualties resulting from these air raids have been correctly stated in all cases. The information is based upon an exhaustive inquiry by the police.

"In a letter some months ago First Lord of the Admiralty Balfour set forth the reasons which prevented the Government from disclosing the exact localities in which damage has been done in the various Zeppelin raids. These reasons remain valid, and there is no intention of departing from the rule adopted to prevent information being made available for the enemy, either in regard to the routes taken or the places and buildings on which bombs were dropped.

"The experience in the raids last week combined with German official reports demonstrate that commanders of German aircraft are often grossly in error as to their movements, and they have no means of estimating the effect of their promiscuous bombardments materially or morally.

Only Private Property Damaged.

"In every case where damage has been caused it was private property which suffered, and in most cases this has been of the small residential kind. Almost all the unfortunate people who have been killed were not only noncombatants, but noncombatants of a class who hitherto, in the honorable practice of civilized warfare, have been exempt from attack, (women, children, small shopkeepers, workingmen,) the sacrifice of whose lives serves no military purpose, either morally or materially.

"The folly and futility of the raids last week may well be imagined when it is remembered that the London dis-

Continued on Page 3.

BOSCA ITALIAN SPARKLING WINES. SEC—RED—Insuperable for Champagne Cup. —Advt.

CREDIT TO ALLIES MAY BE DELAYED

Anglo-French Commission Asks That It Cover War Supplies, but Americans Object.

ENVOYS FIRM FOR 5% COST

Bankers Here Willing to Grant $600,000,000, but Foreigners Want Much More.

At the close of a week of discussions between the Anglo-French financial commissioners and American bankers, it appeared last night that the prospect of an early agreement on the terms of a huge credit to Great Britain and France was not as bright as the night before.

No definite statement as to the status of the negotiations was made yesterday by either side, but the divergent opinions expressed by financiers who had been attending the Anglo-French Commission's meetings indicated that the participants in the discussions had become divided on three of the most important details to be settled. These are:

The amount of the credit.

The rate of interest which the proposed notes shall pay.

The purposes for which the credit is to be raised.

Out-of-town bankers hold that $500,000,000 is the outside figure which the Allies should ask at this time. Some of the New York bankers have decided that $600,000,000 would be ample for the purposes of the credit, and are inclined to stand for that limit. On the other hand, callers who took up that point with the commission yesterday were told emphatically that it would not be satisfied with $500,000,000, and wanted a great deal more.

Interest Rate an Obstacle.

As to the interest rate, houses which have had a wide experience in the bond market say the notes to be floated must net the investor at least 5 per cent., and that another one-half of 1 per cent. must beallowed for the underwriting. When the commission expressed reluctance to counutenance an issue bearing more than 5 per cent., it was suggested that that difficulty could be surmounted by selling a 5 per cent. bond at a discount. Yesterday, however, the commission stood firmly for an issue that should not cost the borrowers more than 5 per cent. It was intimated that whatever from the loan might take, there would be no big commissions to bankers.

Renewed interest in the the probable entrance of the banking houses having German affiliations was aroused yesterday, when it became known that such bankers were not inclined to lend support to financing which may cover purchases of munitions. The point was made by one influential banker whose firm is generally considered to have strong German sympathies that he would not be inclined to participate in the proposed credit unless it contained a clause limiting the uses to which it might be put.

When this contingency was brought to the attention of members of the commission by visitors yesterday the latter were told that no restrictions of that nature could be accepted by Great Britain and France. In another quarter it

Continued on Page 3.

U. S. Consul Reports That Bombs Caused the Fire on the Sant' Anna

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Bombs in one of her holds caused the fire on the Fabre liner Sant' Anna, from New York to Marseilles with 1,764 passengers, mostly Italian reservists, according to a dispatch received at the State Department today. Eighteen "fuses," as the bombs are called in the department's dispatch, were discovered, and many of them exploded.

The State Department's advices came from Walter H. Schultz, the American Consul at St. Michael's, Azores. He reported that the Sant' Anna arrived at Ponta Delgada, whence the dispatch was sent, on Thursday evening, bringing the news that on Sunday, Sept. 12, at midnight, fire was discovered in hold No. 2, filled with general merchandise and baggage. Eighteen fuses were found, and there were many explosions. Consul Schultz said that 605 of the passengers—women, children, and aged men—were transferred to the Italian steamer Ancona on Sept. 13. The Sant' Anna would proceed Friday or Saturday, the Consul said, with the other passengers.

The Sant' Anna was 1,100 miles east of Halifax when the fire was discovered. The Ancona came to the rescue and the fire was extinguished. The Sant' Anna then proceeded to the Azores, escorted by the Ancona.

A wireless message was received at Halifax last Sunday night, saying that she was on fire and in need of assistance, but a later message announced that she was safe and was proceeding to the Azores under convoy of the Ancona of the Italian line.

The Sant' Anna had on board 2,039 persons, including between 1,500 and 1,700 Italian reservists. She sailed from New York on Sept. 7 for Naples and Marseilles. No explanation has been received as yet as to the cause of the fire. Agents of the line asserted that she carried no munitions of war.

David E. H. Jones, senior partner in the firm of James Elwell & Co., agents of the Fabre Line in the United States, said last night that he had not received any message from Captain Pavy of the Sant' Anna since the ship had arrived at Fayal. "I expect," Mr. Jones went on to say, "that he will make his official report on the fire to the head office at Marseilles, and I shall get a brief summary by cable in two days' time. It was no doubt advisable to transfer the passengers from the forward section of the steerage to the Italian steamer Ancona because they would no doubt have been smoked out by the fire."

When informed by a TIMES reporter that eighteen fuses had been found in No. 2 hold, Mr. Jones was very much surprised and said that he did not understand how they could have been placed there unless they had been concealed in the baggage. "I have taken every precaution," he continued, "and employ a staff of eighteen detectives to guard the steamers day and night when they are in port. The longshoremen we have employed have done their best, as we thought, to protect the interest of the Fabre Line by keeping a strict watch among themselves, and I can hardly bring myself to think that it was done by one of their number. "Hitherto I have refrained from having the baggage searched on the piers before it was sent on board on the ships' sailing day, but in future it will have to be done."

Mr. Jones said that the chartered steamer St. Joseph, which had been on fire at sea and had to put into Barcelona, was now on her way to New York.

BANK TELLER GONE; AUTO LEFT IN POND

Harry S. Bradley Disappears with Two of Three Suitcases He Had in Machine.

ACCIDENT THEORY SCOUTED

Had Been on Vacation and Had Visited Mother—Employers Join in Search for Him.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Sept. 17.—An empty touring car was found early this morning lying partly in Cove Pond, near here, and partly against the stone wall supporting a road which runs past the pond.

After the police here had been notified the car was found to be that of Harry S. Bradley of Woodhaven, L. I., note teller of a bank in Wall Street, New York.

The police at first thought that Mr. Bradley, who started away from the house of his mother here alone in his automobile with three suitcases, telling relatives here that he was going to New Haven, had met with an accident and that he had probably been drowned in Cove Pond, which is connected with Noroton River near the edge of Long Island Sound.

The water, however, was found to be very shallow and a thorough search of the vicinity made it certain that he could not either have been drowned or killed in the accident.

When the automobile was searched, there were found, instead of the three suitcases with which Mr. Bradley had left the house of his mother, only a single suit case which contained some clothes and some automobile tools.

Accident Theory Scouted.

A further examination of the surroundings made it seem unlikely that an accident had occurred at all and that more probably the machine had been driven deliberately over the wall and abandoned. For a while the local police worked on the theory that Mr. Bradley might have been held up and murdered, the two missing suit cases stolen and his body hidden. A thorough search of the route taken by the machine, after it left the residence of Mr. Bradley's mother, failed to bear out the theory.

The police made an investigation to discover whether any one had taken out any of the yachts or motor boats which lie at the mouth of the Noroton River near Long Island Sound early this morning. It could not be learned whether this investigation had thrown any light on the mystery.

Men who said they represented Mr. Bradley's employers came here this afternoon to make inquiries regarding him and two other employes who had been taking their vacations near here.

After word of the finding of the automobile had been sent to New York, several detectives from New York hurried to Stamford and began an investigation.

The police here said tonight that they had been unable to find out what the two missing suitcases contained. Neither at the residence of Mr. Bradley's relatives in this city nor at his home at Woodhaven, L. I., could it be learned tonight whether any further trace of him had been obtained since he left his mother's home.

Had Been Very Nervous.

Mr. Bradley, it was said, was on his annual vacation. He had been in Vermont and had a few days ago brought back his wife and baby to their home at Woodhaven. Immediately after returning from Vermont, he came here to visit his mother.

His mother said tonight that during his stay with her he had been extremely nervous from overwork and because of the death of his son in an automobile accident a year ago.

It was 7:30 o'clock that he left his mother's residence in West Avenue, saying that he was going to New Haven. He was seen in his automobile shortly after that with another man as the machine passed through Stamford.

Representatives of Mr. Bradley's employers this afternoon traced the route known to have been taken by Mr. Bradley and made inquiries. They were also interested in the companion who was seen in Mr. Bradley's automobile. They said that two fellow-employes of Mr.

Continued on Page 3.

ISHAMS RECONCILED BY THE TIMES STORY

Find Their Differences Trivial When Described in Cold Print.

TAKE SUITE AT THE PLAZA

At Family Luncheon at Sherry's Mayor Gaynor's Daughter Plans with Young Husband for Future.

Eighteen-year-old Mrs. Ralph Heyward Isham, daughter of the late Mayor William J. Gaynor, sat across from her young husband at one of the little tables in Sherry's yesterday afternoon and, looking over at Mr. Isham now and then and smiling happily, denied positively that she would go to Reno to get a divorce from him. In her lap she had clippings from THE TIMES and other papers issued later telling of the young couple's having separated after domestic difficulties had arisen at their new home in Madison, N. J.

Mrs. Isham read part of one of the clippings and turned to a TIMES reporter who was there.

"I haven't had time to read half of them, they're so long," she said with a laugh. Then she added very seriously: "There are no differences between us now."

At the table with the young couple were Mr. and Mrs. W. Seward Webb, Jr., Mrs. Isham's brother-in-law and elder sister. They were equally emphatic in their assertions that there were "no differences" between the young couple.

It was before breakfast, at 7 o'clock in the morning, that Dr. Webb, who was with his wife at the Vanderbilt Hotel, hurried to the Yale Club to inquire for Mr. Isham, who has been living at the club for about a month. Mr. Webb had with him a clipping of the story telling of the separation. Mrs. Isham, who had closed the Madison (N. J.) home and had left there a week before, had seen the reports, too, and was very anxious to see her young husband. Already reporters from evening papers were telephoning in an effort to confirm the report, and a conference between the young couple was hurriedly arranged, to be held in the Plaza Hotel.

THE TIMES had full authority on Thursday night to make the statement that up to that time the couple considered their differences of opinion to be irreconcilable. But when Mrs. Isham saw the whole story in cold print it was another matter. Both are young, and whatever differences of opinion had existed before were soon completely smoothed over. They began to make plans for their future, but more reporters were on the scene by this time, and they planned ways and means to settle the reports about their separation. And so they took a suite at the Plaza to emphasize the fact of their reconciliation.

One of the principal causes of the disagreement was the fact that the bride was so deeply engrossed in outdoor sports, particularly in horseback riding. She has taken many blue ribbons at the fashionable horse shows, and as late as last week she rode at a small horse show near the Gaynor home at St. James, L.I. When asked by a TIMES reporter about this feature of the case at Sherry's yesterday, Mrs. Isham laughed.

"Well, I'm not quite so fond of all that as I used to be, you see," she said, "and oh, I don't think I'll go in for it so much in the future."

Mr. Isham and Mr. Webb nodded approvingly; and it was plainly apparent that whatever difficulties there had been really were ended, and that if, as their friends had been convinced, the whole trouble had been caused by nothing more than a young couple's quarrel, the reconciliation had been complete. Then Mr. and Mrs. Isham took up again the subject of their future plans, as enthusiastically as though they were just engaged to be married, instead of the parents of a little girl not yet a year old.

They had not yet decided whether to go back to Madison and reopen the house there, or to go to California, where Mr. Isham's father has extensive business interests in the handling of which the son has lately taken considerable part.

Before going to the Panama Exposition be sure and buy an Accident Policy in The Travelers Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.—Advt.

STEFANSSON DISCOVERS NEW ARCTIC LAND; FOLLOWS ITS COAST LINE THREE DAYS; SENDS WORD OF SAFETY; STAYS AT TASK



VILHJALMUR STEFANSSON

FOUND MUCH WILD LIFE

Took Observation at 77:43 North Near 115 West Longitude.

COUNTRY MUCH BROKEN

Has a Varied Shore Line and Mountains in All Directions.

WAS NEVER IN REAL PERIL

Gets New Supplies and Intends to Continue His Explorations Next Spring.

[Vilhjalmur Stefansson, commanding the Canadian Arctic Expedition, in the subjoined narrative, sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES, announces the discovery of new land in the Arctic. It is the first word from the explorer since April 7, 1914, when his supporting party turned back and left him to continue with three companions his journey over the ice. Great anxiety has been felt for Stefansson, and in many quarters he had been given up for lost.

Mr. Stefansson places the new land at 77 degrees 43 minutes north latitude and 115 degrees 43 minutes west longitude.

In his narrative Mr. Stefansson begins with the ice work of the Spring of this year, and leads quickly to the announcement of his discovery.]

By VILHJALMUR STEFANSSON.

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Special to The New York Times.

HERSCHEL ISLAND, Aug. 22, (via Nome, Alaska, Sept. 16.)—The ice party this year consisted of Storkensen, Andreasen, and Thompsen, all Norwegians except myself. We left the base at Cape Kellett in the first part of February with nine others. On Feb. 21, through the accidental spilling of fuel oil, I had to send a sled from Cape Alfred back to Kellett for more oil, and waited for them there until April 5.

We finally left Cape Alfred much too late in the season on account of our too southerly base, 200 miles within the area explored last year, and proceeded in a direction between the north and northwest. On account of sore-footed dogs, thick fogs, and soft snow among the pressure ice, and much open water, we had reached by April 26 only north latitude 75 degrees from a point eight miles from the shore. Here the sea depth ranged from 300 to 400 meters.

We traveled much on ice about five inches thick, and once would have lost one of our two sleds and the better dog team had the ice broken ten feet sooner than it did. The sled went down after our last dog reached the strong ice on the far side of the lead, and we finally got the sled and the load, although they were soaking wet.

Journeyed On Thin Ice.

On one day we crossed a twenty-mile expanse of ice, none of it over eight inches thick, but safe so long as no wind or current moved the ice or broke it in small pieces. At north latitude 76 degrees 20 minutes, between May 1 and 6, we drifted eleven miles south and thirteen miles west, and there was so much open water that we could make little progress, for it took us three hours to ferry across a 500-yard wide lead. We made the journey on rafts improvised by passing tarpaulins under the sleds and lashing them upon the sides.

Such a raft carries a thousand pounds when the water is not rough and less if there is a rough wind. The thirteen dogs were especially troublesome. The weather was getting warmer fast, and the ice was broken into small pieces with water or mashed up ice between. I, therefore, gave up further attempts of going west, and traveled parallel to the west coast of Prince Patrick Island.

Some seventy-five miles off shore, near 76 degrees 40 minutes north, we were forced to realize that we could hope for no great northering at so late a season on broken ice drifting rapidly southwest. We, therefore, tried to make the shore-fast ice of Prince Patrick Island in that latitude, but were carried fifty miles south before we fully made land about ten miles south of the land which we had seen on June 1.

Kerosene Supply Exhausted.

Before this time our kerosene had given out and we were burning seal blubber, and the caribou meat, dried at Norway Island during the Summer of 1914 for dog food, was also finished. For the men we had still twenty days' rations, for we had lived partly on seals and bears.

Proceeding northward, we finished the charting of the coast line between the farther points reached by McClintock and Mechas from their Winter base at Dealy Island on the south coast of Melville Island. Fogs and thick weather hampered us greatly in this work. On the afternoon of June 15 we reached

SURE EXPLORER WOULD WIN GOAL

McConnell, Stefansson's Secretary, Never Lost Hope in the Darkest Hour.

A WIZARD OF THE NORTH

Former Associate Says Expedition's Leader Keeps His Bearings in Blinding Storms.

One man whose belief that Stefansson was alive never wavered was Burt M. McConnell, the explorer's secretary, who accompanied him on the Karluk and was with him on April 7, 1914, when Stefansson started into the unexplored north with his two companions. When McConnell came to New York to organize measures for the relief of the explorer he was told by leading explorers and representatives of scientific societies that there was not a chance that Stefansson would come out of the arctic region. They were sure he was dead.

Mr. McConnell believed he would emerge alive, for he knew his man. The explorer, his secretary said, was a man who let nothing interfere with his plans or deviate him from the end he had in view. He illustrated this by telling how the disappearance of their vessel, the Karluk, instead of crushing his spirits was dismissed with scant consideration, and the explorer at once set his mind to work to plan how to go ahead with the whaler eliminated.

"I am so tickled at the news of Stefansson's safety that I can hardly talk," said Mr. McConnell last night; "but I want to say this much: The trip Stefansson made over the ice to Banks Island is the most wonderful in arctic history. That he returned is a miracle, nothing more or less. I always have contended that Stefansson and his two companions were alive, but when both the Polar Bear and the Belvedere returned from Banks Island in the Summer of 1914, with no news of the three explorers, I thought they still must be on the sea ice; so I came down to civilization to organize a relief expedition.

"Every one I talked to about the relief expedition, except Stefansson's stanchest friends, said I was crazy; that no men could live on the ice for any length of time with only rifles and cartridges and matches; that they probably had fallen into a lead and been drowned, and a lot of other tommyrot.

"You see, the Stefansson they had met at banquets and other functions became another man entirely when he left civilization behind him. I know, because I traveled with him all last Winter, and on the first stages of the ice trip. He is perfectly at home in the arctic, is one of the best sled travelers who ever went into that region, and the secret of his several long and so-called impossible trips is the fact that he knows how to take care of his men and dogs.

Keeps His Bearings.

"His sense of direction, for example, seems almost intuitive; I have never seen him become confused as to direction, and on one occasion I followed his lead through a blinding snowstorm for several hours. The wind on that occasion, I remember, attained a velocity of forty-four miles per hour, and

Continued on Page 2.

HOW ARCTIC SENT NEWS OF EXPLORER

Schooner Found Stefansson at Herschel Island Getting Supplies.

SENT MESSAGES TO NOME

Southern Division of the Canadian Expedition at Work in Mackenzie Delta.

NOME, Alaska, Sept. 17.—Vilhjalmur Stefansson, Chief of the Canadian Government arctic exploring and surveying expedition which left Victoria, B. C., in June, 1913, who set out afoot over the ice with two companions, from the shores of northeastern Alaska in March, 1914, to seek new land in uncharted seas, did not go to his death, as the world had begun to fear, but found the new land, and the only hardships endured were those of short rations.

The power schooner Ruby arrived from Herschel Island yesterday with dispatches from Stefansson announcing his discoveries. Stefansson is wintering at Banks Island, where he has a large power schooner and a small one. He plans to explore his new territory during the Winter and next Summer penetrate further into the region of mystery between Alaska and the north pole, where no ship has ever gone.

The Southern, or Anderson, wing of the expedition is pursuing its scientific work in the Mackenzie delta and reports no mishap except the death of Engineer Daniel Blue of the powerboat Alaska.

Thirteen Have Perished.

This is the thirteenth death among the members of the expedition. Eight men perished while trying to reach Wrangle Island and another accidentally shot and killed himself there. Another, in the Mackenzie country went insane while lost and committed suicide by shooting.

Captain S. F. Cottle of the Ruby says that Captain Louis Lane, cruising on his power schooner Polar Bear, found Stefansson and his companions on Banks Island. They were in excellent health and spirits and eager to reach the southern wing of the expedition, that they might obtain supplies and continue their explorations. Stefansson had expected to fall in with the Polar Bear, just as he did. He immediately chartered the schooner, and with Captain Lane proceeded to Herschel Island to get supplies. The Polar Bear was at Herschel Island when the power schooner Ruby, which had been trying for two years to reach the island, arrived there from Port Clarence with supplies for the Hudson Bay Company.

Immediately upon arriving at Herschel Island Stefansson began preparations for continuance of his explorations. He purchased the Polar Bear for $20,000 from Captain Lane, and bought also the power boat Gladiator, a small vessel engaged in trading along the coast. After fully equipping these vessels, Stefansson sailed with them for Banks Island.

The time of the return of the expedition cannot be foretold, as Stefansson intends to continue until he has fully ascertained the limits of the new land he has discovered. He will also seek other new lands.

Jack Hadley, a member of the Karluk party rescued from Wrangel Island last year by the Wing and Wing, has again joined Stefansson.

the north tip of the island and found a record left there by McClintock dated June 15, 1853.

Discovers New Land.

On the morning of June 18, from a forty-foot high ice cake near the camp that we had just pitched, Storkensen sighted new land to the northeast. This camp was pitched at 77 degrees 56 minutes, and we landed next day on the land at a point distant about fourteen miles, near 78 north and 117 west. The trend of the coast here was northwesterly, but thick weather prevented us seeing far. On account of the lateness of the season we followed the coast east for three days only.

Thick weather prevented sextant observations, except one day, which gave 77 degrees 43 minutes north and 115 degrees 43 minutes west. We actually saw only about 100 miles of coast line, running somewhat south of east from the landing place, but mountains were seen for at least fifty miles farther east and from a height of 2,000 feet twenty miles inland still higher hills were seen in all directions from north to east at a distance estimated at over fifty miles.

Of Considerable Size.

The land, therefore, is of considerable size. It is low where we first landed, but becomes higher and more rugged as one proceeds eastward.

Caribou and other Arctic animals are abundant, except bears. As Summer was now coming on rapidly, we turned toward home. On June 22 geese and other birds had arrived, and the rivers were breaking out. We discovered some small islands between Melville Island and the new land, took formal possession of these lands, and left a record of discovery.

We followed the west coast of Melville Island south, crossed to the Bay of Mercy, and stayed there from July 14 to July 20, to rate pocket chronometers, and provide new packs for the dogs. We caught the sled at McClure's Wintering place, and traveled diagonally across Bank's Island to Kellett, arriving home on Aug. 8 to find everything well.

Trip Void of Accident.

On this trip we had no accident more serious than the wetting of one sled load. We had no sickness, and brought home in good flesh every dog we started with. We were all of us in our ordinary health and strength. We used the ordinary Eskimo beehive snowhouses. Besides the provisions brought from home we used about 10,000 pounds of meat and fat for food and fuel. Seals furnished most of this, but there were besides seventeen caribou, four bears, and two musk oxen, the last in Melville Island. Musk oxen in Bank's Island are extinct. We had no hardships at any time and were never in imminent danger, so far as we know.

Plans Further Explorations.

On Aug. 11 the schooner Polar Bear, Captain Louis Lane, came into Kellett. He reported the North Star long overdue at Baillie Island, and that the expedition supplies had arrived at Herschel Island. Fearing the non-arrival of the North Star, I chartered the Polar Bear to get supplies from Herschel Island, and attempt by landing them to form a more northern base for next year's work either on Bank's or Prince Patrick Island. I plan to make a further journey next year into Beaufort Sea and explore further the new land already discovered. We sail for Bank's Island tomorrow.

Captain Sweeney wintered at Baillie Island with the Alaska, which last year failed to get farther east. He reports that Dr. Anderson went east by sled to Point Cockburn, where the North Star wintered, and sent natives back with mail for Baillie Island this Spring. Last Winter an attempted Anderson carrying the mail to Bear Island, but had to turn back before reaching the lake on account of his supplies giving out. The topographers worked this Spring, one east and the other west of Cockburn Point, as far as Darnley Bay. No illness is reported from Point Cockburn, but Engineer Blue of Alaska died and Captain Sweeney was ill at Baillie Island from scurvy. There has been no illness at Kellett Winter quarters so far.

VILHJALMUR STEFANSSON.

LONG JOURNEY OVER ICE.

Stefansson's Detailed Account of His Experiences in Search of Land.

[Stefansson in the subjoined narrative gives a detailed account of the experiences of himself and his companions. He gives a prefatory explanation of the purposes of the Canadian expeditions, tells how he took up the task of the ill-fated Karluk, and gives a complete journal of his travels over the ice.]

By VILHJALMUR STEFANSSON.

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Special to The New York Times.

BANKS ISLAND, Feb. 8, (via Nome, Alaska, Sept. 16.)—The central plan and main purpose of the Canadian Arctic Expedition is the exploration of the hitherto untraversed area lying north of the American Continent and west of the known American arctic archipelago. The direct attack on this unknown area was assigned to the largest of the expedition's three ships—the Karluk. The schooner Alaska was to undertake the subsidiary investigation of the Coronation Gulf region, and the schooner Sachs was to act as tender to whichever of the other vessels needed her most, and to do oceanographic work. Meantime, when in September, 1914, the Karluk, best of the ice craft, was buried out of the field of endeavor and had to be struck from the list of available resources of the expedition, the problem arose of how the main purpose could be accomplished with the resources left.

I at once decided to use the Sachs in place of the Karluk, so far as compatible, first landing sufficient freight in the Coronation Gulf region to make the success of the Alaska there assured so far as supplies were concerned.

Later I developed the plan of purchasing the small trading schooner North Star of four-foot draught to risk and, if need be, lose her in an attempt to thread the shoal waters of the west coast of Banks Island, to establish a base on Prince Patrick Island. If possible, the first task in the program of the Karluk had been to sail north approximately along the meridian forming the boundary between Canada and Alaska until unsurmountable obstructions should be found in the form of either ice or new land; turning then east to Banks Island or Prince Patrick Island and establishing a base for sled exploration.

Took Up Karluk's Task.

I now determined to attempt the Karluk's task by sled. If, as had been commonly believed, the drift in the ice north of Alaska proved to be to the west, we would go by sled as far north as it seemed safe, and then return to our starting point or some other place on the main land, going later north during the Summer along Banks Island with the North Star and Sachs, but if we should find the drift in the ice either negligible or else to the north or east, we would not return to the mainland but would proceed, if no new land were discovered, to Banks Island or Prince Patrick Island.

To cover that event I gave definite instructions for the North Star to follow as soon as she could to Norway Island, at which port her commander was to decide if he did not find us whether she should winter there or proceed to Prince Patrick Island. Because of her twin propellers the Sachs is not so well adapted to ice-filled waters as the North Star, and for that reason I directed that after she got through with her freighting for the Alaska she should proceed to Banks Island to winter, preferably near Cape Kellett, to form there a base upon which we could retreat in case of the loss of the Star further north.

Balked in His Plans.

But for some unfortunate misunderstanding and consequent delays at Collinson Point, while I was absent engaged on other work in the Mackenzie Delta, we should have left the Alaskan coast, going north over the ice, about March 5, 1914. On my arrival home from the delta I find, however, that some of the most important work of preparation for the ice exploration had not yet been commenced at a date when it should have been finished a week, and it was only on March 22 that I finally left the outfitting camp at Martin Point, intending to proceed north approximately along the 143d meridian at first, suiting our course later to the drift in the ice. We had on starting our sleds twenty-five dogs and seven men—Andreasen, Beneard, Castel, Johansen, Storkensen, Wilkins, and myself. On the second day out Captain Beneard suffered a fall from an ice pressure ridge by which his head was so seriously cut that the accident came near being fatal through loss of blood. It took a day to carry the Captain ashore, and another for the party who did so to return. A blizzard on March 15 shattered the ice, which for two months previously to that had lain strong and comparatively level north of this portion of the coast. A spell of warm weather had followed, and the ice had therefore been cemented together by frost. Beyond the seven-mile line from shore everything was a mass of small cakes of ice separated by intricate water channels from a few yards to several hundred in width. We had with us waterproof tarpaulin designed to convert our sails into boats, and later in the year we crossed with this craft lanes over a mile wide when the wind blew the sea into whitecaps, but there was no use attempting those tactics now, for the rigging of this craft took two hours at a time, and the lanes were so numerous and the drift so rapid to the east that we could have made no headway.

There was nothing to do but to camp on the outer edge of the land, fast to ice, and wait for colder weather. By March 27 we were beginning to feel dubious over getting started. It must be either soon or never, for the sun was daily getting noticeably higher and warmer and the Summer was nearly upon us when ice exploration becomes so difficult and so dangerous for sleds as to be practically impossible. On that day I sent Wilkins and Castel ashore with a sled carrying a kerosene tank that had sprung a leak to have it replaced from our shore camp by a sound one. The team should have made the round trip over the beaten trail to camp and back in four, or at most six, hours. None of us thought it would be longer, till we saw them again, but within two hours a gale was blowing and I have learned since that when they got ashore the force of the wind was such that they were unable to walk against it and had to crawl. Return was impossible for them that evening, and when the gale lessened the next day we were encamped on a cake of ice a mile or two in area which had been driven fifty miles to the east and were separated from the land-fast ice by several miles of water, filled with ice fragments, so we lost two of our best men, seven of our best dogs, our best sled, and some equipment we needed badly. Half our fuel intended originally for sixty days was gone. Our party now consisted of Andreasen, Crawford, Johansen, McConnell, Storkensen, and myself. Crawford and McConnell had joined the party when Captain Beneard was disabled. The temperature still continued from twenty-eight above to four degrees below zero Fahrenheit, and this was not enough to solidify the ice which was continually carried back and forth by the wind.

From Ice Cake to Ice Cake.

For three or four days we had little ice motion, however, and on those days we were able to cross from ice cake to ice cake, where their corners touched. Some of these cakes were only the size of a city block or less. Others were a mile or two across, but all were three to six feet thick, so traveling over them was not particularly dangerous. By April 9 we were fifty miles from land, but we had made little northing, for the currents had carried us parallel to the land, (which here runs well south of east,) a distance of nearly seventy miles.

As we needed dogs badly ashore, for the scientific work being done there, and as two of our sleds were too fragile for the rough ice and kept continually breaking, I now decided to send three of the men back. Accordingly on the evening of April 7 Crawford, Johansen, and McConnell, with two teams, started for shore, which I have since learned they reached without serious trouble on April 17.

The ice party now consisted of Andreasen, Storker Storkersen, and myself, with a 208-pound sail and 1,926-pound load, consisting of food for men and dogs for about forty days, permanent equipment and 360 cartridges for two rifles.

Met Violent Gale.

Two days after the support party left we had the most violent gale of the journey. Instead of separating into cakes with water lanes between the ice, this ice pressed up into huge ridges, buckling so that portions of our trail were made on ice a mile in the camp in the evening and were only 300 yards in the morning. A pressure ridge twenty feet high had formed twenty feet away from our tent, made of blocks so large that had one of them happened to topple over on the tent it would have ended the chapter. Early in the evening we tried to stand watch, but the man outside the tent could not keep his eyes open for the flying snow nor could he shout loud enough to be heard by the others inside the tent, although the noise of ice pressing into ridges can be heard miles away. We did not this night hear anything but the flapping of the tent and the whistle of the wind.

We were never in particular danger. After getting beyond sixty miles from shore we never had strong winds. The day after this gale the cold weather came at last, and we had ideal traveling for the remainder of April, with light breezes and clear skies, and temperature ranging about 20 degrees below zero Fahrenheit. The water lanes, which had in warm weather been impassable for boats, now became smooth boulevards, and instead of two miles a day we now frequently made over twenty. That we would probably meet a continual ice drift to the east had seemed likely when the support party started for shore, and I had accordingly sent with them letters emphasizing the probability of our not returning to the mainland and repeating the instructions for the North Star to follow us to Northwest Banks Island.

The easterly drift did really continue, and although we traveled each day from 10 to 30 degrees west of true north, out instrumental observations showed that we were barely keeping a true north course. By April 27 we were near the intersection of the seventy-third parallel and the one hundred and fortieth meridian. During the preceding fortnight we had crossed scores of miles of thin ice formed over what had been open water in the March gales. The daylight was now continuous throughout the twenty-four hours and the sun was becoming more aggressive. It would be but a week or two till all this thin ice would become uncrossable. With the strong currents to the west which prevail on the Alaska coast in Spring it would have been unwise under the circumstances to try to return the 240 miles or go south to land. Neither was there any knowledge to be gained by retracing the route we had just come over.

Our work lay to the north, and safety lay there also, for then we should be traveling away from Summer. Besides we had already arranged for going to Banks Island for the information to be gained on the way there, and after landing, also to try for deer meat for dog feed on next year's sled trips, for nearly all our pemmican had gone with the Karluk. Accordingly on April 27 I finally decided definitely not to attempt to return to Alaska, but to proceed to Banks Island or Prince Patrick Island, according to circumstances. Because of the rapid approach of Summer we eventually headed for Cape Alfred, on the northwest corner of Banks Island. Our kerosene gave out on May 5. For ten days after that we melted a little ice morning and evening for drinking water with the five pounds of lard we had along for reoiling our boat tarpaulin. For the latter part of these ten days we were on half rations. We saw occasional bear tracks, and from this we knew that there must be seals in the sea about us. Two reasons kept us from stopping to hunt seals. We hoped we might meet a bear which we could secure without delaying our progress landward, and we were so worried by the rapidly increasing temperature, and the consequent deterioration of ice that we preferred empty stomachs to much delay.

By May 15 we were getting a bit hungry and the dogs were not so fat as formerly. They had harder work than we to do on the same amount of food, although they ate our skin clothing, while we had malted milk and pemmican. It seemed that wisdom now dictated a halt rather than hurry, and so we stopped for sealing at a lead across which we would have ordinarily ferried in our improvised boat in two hours. Not much more than the corresponding two hours had been spent in watching for seals when one came to the surface some 300 yards away, and we got him with a lucky brain shot. This turned out to be forty-three days before we eventually reached the Banks Island coast, but for the whole of that time we had lived in abundance. For fuel we burned sea blubber, using the bones of seals and of bears for a wick, as it were, for blubber will not burn by itself in the manner of kerosene. During these forty-three days we killed bears and about forty seals and accumulated a stock of food against possible future needs.

This we, of course, had to abandon when opportunity came for the advance. When we got within about 100 miles of the west coast of Banks Island we began to meet frequent easterly winds, and consequently drifted away from our goal. On May 24, a little north of the seventy-fourth parallel, forty-five miles from Banks Island, an easterly gale commenced. This wind varied in direction between southeast and northeast for twelve days and in force from a light breeze to a moderate gale. Immediately in front of us was a lead that varied on different days in width from half a mile to perhaps eight miles. As this lead was covered with whitecaps at periods of light wind or was covered with young ice, either of which conditions prevented cruising by raft in the direction we wanted to go, we began to fear we should have to spend the Summer on the ice, which I feel sure we could have done safely though, perhaps, not very comfortably.

Thick Floes of Ice.

The ice itself was in floes, many of them over a hundred feet in thickness, so that there was no reason to fear their melting away. They were doubtless a decade or more old already. Anticipating a Summer on the ice we here accumulated some two tons of meat and blubber and four bear skins.

Bears Invade the Camp.

Bears used to come right into camp undisturbed by the barking of dogs or shouting of men, which sounds they may have classed with the crying of gulls, the only noise of the sort with which they were familiar.

During this period we drifted some sixty miles further away from Banks Island, which was less than would have been expected from the force of the wind. This drift was the more tantalizing for the fact that when we were first stopped at this lead we got our first bottom sounding at 736 meters. In three days we were out of soundings again. During the trip up, miles from the mainland, near meridian 140 west, the first bottom sounding west of Banks Island was about five miles north of the 74th parallel. It was nineteen days before this lead stopped near meridian 128. Seven days after we were fully able to ferry across it and resume our travel east. We then again got into soundings, this time at 638 meters, a little south of the previous soundings. From this on we took soundings every two or three miles, till we reached land-fast ice, and often at shorter intervals. These soundings seem to indicate that the sea bottom rises in at least three terraces toward Banks Island. In some parts the bottom seems either hilly or cut by channels.

Carried by the Ice.

In June we encountered a strong drift to the south, and, in spite of fair progress, favored by westerly and southwesterly winds that held the broken pieces of ice tightly pressed against each other and against Banks Island, we made in fact a nearly southeast course, although we traveled northeast. We had therefore to give up the attempt to land on the very northwest corner of Banks Island, the logical goal of a such a journey as ours, and it was on northerly land some thirty miles south of Cape Alfred that we landed on the evening of June 26, ninety-six days out from Martin Point, Alaska.

The distance actually traveled was probably not much over 700 miles, and the route plotted on the chart measures even less than that, but the difficulties of the journey are to be measured not by the distance, but by the warmth of the weather and the force and direction of the winds and currents. Going north a month earlier, and our fortune in other respects similar to what was actually the case, a journey of twice the mileage would have had no more difficulty and been much safer and more comfortable.

Banks Island has not been visited by white men, although whalers sight it often, since McClure abandoned his ship here in 1854. At that time musk oxen were abundant, but we have seen none, and they may be extinct. They are much more scarce than near Collinson Point, where our schooners wintered last year, or on any part of the mainland known to me between the Colville and the copper mine. The Eskimo inhabitants of the west coast seem to have seen a few transients only, and that between fifty and a hundred years ago, probably. Caribou are rare between Bank's Land and King William Island. For a time we had to kill all the caribou we saw, but later we shot only old bucks, for they gave the most and the fattest meat. Our cartridges had to be husbanded.

Disappointed in North Star.

As I had directed the North Star to come to Norway Island to look for us we spent the Summer in the vicinity, drying meat, fat, and skins against a coming Winter. We killed in all forty-nine caribou, over thirty of which were old bucks. Besides keeping us and the six dogs this gave us many valuable skins and a ton of dried meat and 500 pounds of suet, which gave us ample dog food for the ice exploration work in February.

Toward the latter part of Summer ice conditions of the west coast of Banks Island were excellent for a shallow draught vessel. The heavy ice was aground from a mile to twenty miles off shore in fifteen to twenty fathoms of water. Inside the barrier warm streams from the land thawed the ice along shore and there was a clear lane along the beach ample for the passage of the North Star. The coast is an enbayed one. There are few five-mile stretches without a harbor suitable for a vessel of four-foot draught. It was for just such conditions that I had bought the North Star, and the existence of these conditions justified us in expecting the schooner to arrive any day after the 20th of August. When, however, the 1st of September arrived with continued fair weather and open shore water, we all agreed that something was wrong somewhere. Accordingly we covered our dried meat caché safely with stones and proceeded south along the coast with pack dogs.

At Cape Kellett we found the Mary Sachs in Winter quarters, although the sea was absolutely clear of ice.

There had been some ice about Cape Kellett when she arrived there late in August. Beaching and hauling the schooner up here was due partly to her having lost one of her propellers and to the presence of ice, but also and perhaps to several mistaken ideas. They seem to have thought that if we were on Banks Island we would be at Cape Kellett anxiously and probably hungrily watching for a sail on the horizon, and when they found no sign of us they concluded we were dead—this in spite of the fact that the appointed rendezvous was a hundred miles further north. Men of the Sachs are most of them new to the arctic and had been thoroughly discouraged by this time. The amusing opinion apparently was uniformly held by most of the whalers and others at Herschel Island last Summer that we were all dead because we failed to come back from a journey from which I had said we would probably not try to come back.

The Sachs thought that Summer was over with August, whereas September is commonly enough a good month for navigation up here, and was so in this Summer.

It was also thought that the west coast of Banks Island was precipitous, devoid of harbors and driftwood, all of which is erroneous, but the chief reason for not going further north was clearly that feeling that we were certainly dead. The North Star, I learned, had made no effort to come to Banks Island, as I had directed. The Karluk had been crushed near Wrangell Island, but her men had reached that Island in safety, and would be picked up by one of the American revenue cutters.

It was too late, I thought, for relaunching the Sachs, so I turned my attention at once to securing fresh meat for men and dogs forthwith. Six bears and sixty caribou were secured by the end of November, which was more meat than we needed, although we had nothing else for our twenty dogs.

I thought at first of going to the supposed base in Alaska, but Dolphin and Union Straits by sled to send our dispatches and to arrange for getting the North Star next year, to establish the base we now need so badly on Prince Patrick Island.

Later I concluded that it would take the united efforts of all of you to prepare adequate resources for the ice exploration of the coming Spring and that you would be foolish to sacrifice present opportunities to a future prospect. During the absence of Storkersen Nakusiak and myself made a four-hundred-mile round trip to the southeast of Banks Island and Victoria Island to search for the Eskimos who usually winter there, but for some reason they seemed to be elsewhere this year. We hoped to secure dogs from them for the ice work, but that hope failed when three of our twenty dogs also died. Many of the others are old and small, so that we now have only two possible teams against the four with which we commenced to journey over the ice. We start out this year, however, on Feb. 9 instead of March 22, which should more than make up for the fewness of dogs.

On account of having already explored the sea north beyond parallel seventy-four and because we fear the southward drift which we encountered near the Banks Island coast last Spring, we shall first go about 350 miles, if conditions permit, to Land's End, on Prince Patrick Island, by way of Cape McClure and McClure Straits, and from there we plan to strike northwest. We hope to be back in Banks Island by June 15, or in a little over 120 days, if conditions are favorable. It is not unlikely that we shall, after reaching a point furthest northwest of Land's End, by a route north of Prince Patrick Island and then south across Melville Island and Melville Sound, if no misfortune overtake us, continue the work of sea exploration by sled in the Spring of 1916.

VILHJALMAR STEFANSSON.

Location of Stefansson's Newly Discovered Land



LAUDS STEFANSSON AS ARCTIC GENIUS

He Has Won His Place Among Explorers, C. C. Adams Asserts.

VICTORY AFTER DISASTER

Geographical Authority Describes Situation of the New Land and Predicts Valuable Results.

By CYRUS C. ADAMS,

President of the Association of American Geographers.

The new land that Stefansson has discovered is about a hundred miles to the north of Prince Patrick Island. The most southerly part of the land which he visited is considerably to the east of the most eastward extension of Prince Patrick Island. The island, as far as he saw it, seems to be nearly bisected by the 115th Meridian west of Greenwich. The lands nearest to it, as far as we know, are the Polynia Islands, a little group to the north of Prince Patrick Island, discovered by McClintock in 1853. They appear to be about seventy-five or eighty miles from the new land.

The island is over 100 miles due west of the northern part of Ellef Ringnes Island, discovered by Sverdrup, but its most northern part, as far as Stefansson saw it, appears to be farther north than any other land in the great Parry archipelago to the north of our continent. It probably marks the extension thus far to the north of the comparatively shallow waters that surround the islands of the Parry archipelago. In other words, rises from the continental shelf in shallow water.

The view is now generally held that all the lands of the arctic rise from shallow water excepting a few volcanic islands. Stefansson's discovery, therefore, seems to show that in this part of the Arctic Ocean the sea is comparatively shallow, though Nanson found abyssmal depths in about the same latitude to the north of the New Siberoan Islands.

What Explorer Has Proved.

Stefansson has abundantly proved what he believed he would be able to show, that he would find all the animal food he needed on the ice and in the waters of the ocean. Most of the time he had more than enough for men and dogs. It is a remarkable fact that, after many months of the hardest kind of work he had many dogs left in good condition.

His theories have usually worked out well. Since he first went to the Arctic he has believed that he could live on the resources of either the land or sea. He has proved it. He is a man of enormous strength and endurance. The whalers on the north coast of Alaska have long said that no other man in the north could make the mileage that Stefansson could cover in a day.

A few years ago, when his supplies were becoming scant, he started south from his camp to get meat, and game being scarce, he was forty miles away before he secured a back load of the provender; and he packed homeward with fifty pounds of food and made the journey to camp in a day.

On his recent travels over the sea, in a boat which could easily be transformed into a sledge, he had with him two of the best men in his party. One of them, Storkensen, he had known since the days of the Leffingwell-Mikkensen expedition with which Stefansson had his first Artic experience. His comrades undoubtedly did their full share in the tremendous task in which the explorer was engaged.

We now know that the whalers who went up the west coast of Banks Land and reported that they could not find Stefansson were many scores of miles south of the point where he lived on the fat of the land during the Winter. As he expected, he found animal life very abundant.

Another notable achievement was Stefansson's completion of the charting of the northeast coast of Prince Patrick Island. There was a stretch of some fifty miles of this coastline which McClintock and Mecham did not cover in their survey. The gap is now filled and we will now have a fairly god outline on the maps of this large island.

Lived Like the Eskimos.

Stefannson has proved, on a larger scale than any other polar explorer, that the blubber and oils of the animals he killed would amply provide all the fuel and light he needed during the Winter night. He has always maintained that this would be the case, and he was confident that if he had an opportunity to try it the experiment would be successful. He said these commodities were good enough for the Eskimos, and he could make them just as efficient as the Eskimos do.

One of the bases of his polar plans has been his idea that he could live and thrive in the Arctic just as well as the Eskimos. He has often expressed the opinion that the Arctic natives, on the whole, live very comfortably, that they have plenty of food and suitable clothing, that their houses are fairly healthful, and that they do not suffer many of the ills of life unless they are beguiled by white men to live in frame houses as they do at some of the stations on the North Alaskan Coast.

Very few persons in our country believed yesterday morning that Stefansson was alive. Burt McConnell, who tried long and unsuccessfully to raise funds with which to send north aeroplanes and aviators with which to scour the regions of the sea ice to the north of Western Alaska and Eastern Asia, believed that the ice drift had carried the explorer far to the west, but that he could live on the seal and polar bear he found, and that sharp-sighted men in airships could detect the struggling human beings above the white snows and hel pthem to escape from their frigid environment.

Joseph F. Bernard, who knows Stefansson and his genius for living and working in the arctic, recently wrote that he had no doubt that the explorer was alive, but believed that the drift had carried him to the west and he should be looked for in that direction.

A few of the explorer's personal friends have expressed the utmost confidence that the explorer was alive and that we would hear from him very soon. A letter came to me a week ago from some of Stefansson's closest friends in Massachusetts expressing the utmost confidence in his safety and predicting that the would would very soon know that he was alive and doing well.

The sublime confidence of these devotees is now amply rewarded. But most of the world and practically all Arctic explorers believed him dead. The brilliant record he has now established will be welcomed by all; and in spite of the terrible disaster which overwhelmed his party at the outset, he has won his place as one of the most remarkable of polar travelers. He has turned disaster into victory; and what he has done since he set out with two comrades through the unknown regions of the Northern Sea establishes his fame as one of the most intrepid, resourceful, and successful explorers of the Far North. If fortune favors him he will do more, during the coming season, to bring to light the regions in which he is at work.

WINS PEARY'S PRAISE.

A Great Achievement, if Confirmed, He Asserts.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 17.—Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary said tonight that the news of the safety of Vilhjalmur Stefansson confirmed what he and others familiar with arctic conditions had believed when the explorer was reported between Banks Land and the mouth of the Mackenzie, that if he and his associates reached land they would be able to subsist indefinitely and would return.

"If it is true, as reported, that Stefansson has discovered new land in the vicinity of Banks Land and Patrick's Land," said Admiral Peary, "it is a great achievement."

SURE EXPLORER WOULD WIN GOAL

Continued from Page 1.

the last two hours of the journey were made in darkness, yet at the finish, where we were to cross a narrow neck of land, Stefansson was not more than a bare hundred yards off the trail. I say off the trail, but the fact is there was no trail at all.

"At another time I followed him across a bay for forty miles. He made his own trail, and at the end of the forty miles we came to Amoulliktok, the small sandspit on which we camped soon after leaving the Kariuk. These are only two instances of his almost uncanny ability to take care of himself in the arctic, but there are dozens of others.

"The two men Stefansson took with him on his journey into the unknown were the hardiest and most experienced the two I could find. The dogs he selected were the largest and strongest that could be found in the Mackenzie and Point Barrow countries, combined with the best in the expedition. When Stefansson turned north at Camp Separation, near the 7th of April, 1914, his six dogs ran off with a load of more than 1,200 pounds. Crawford, Johansen, and I were sent back to shore while our provisions and sleds should last, as had been planned at the beginning of the trip.

Calls Delay Inexcusable.

"What Stefansson says regarding the inexcusable delay at Collinson Point, when the start of the ice was postponed seventeen precious days, is only one of a series of setbacks that would have driven a less indomitable man to desperation. Probably they will never be known, because Stefansson will shoulder all the blame, as he always has done. I was surprised to learn of him speaking of this unfortunate delay.

You see, while March cannot, by any stretch of the imagination, be called a 'good traveling month,' the days are sufficiently long to enable sled travelers to make from 4 to 20 miles a day over the sort of ice that is found from 10 to 70 miles off shore. On the outward trip we made as high as twenty miles in one day, when the going was good, but on the return trip to shore, Crawford, Johansen and I, by ten hours of the hardest kind of work, in one day were able to progress only 500 yards. In order to get the sled to cut roads with picks and spears over a chaotic jumble of pressure ridges more than forty feet high.

"These continued for more than half a mile, but after cutting a trail for about two hundred yards we came to a valley which twisted and turned almost to the other side of the jagged ice prairie. Our sleds broke down during the trip, and had to be unloaded and repaired, although we were almost as careful of them as though they had been made of glass, and lowered them down the steep declivities with ropes. As a whole, however, we enjoyed both the outward and return trips.

"The second day after we parted from the ice party (Stefansson, Storkersen, and Andreasen) we, the support party, were startled by a visit from three huge polar bears. We had killed one bear on the outward trip, who had come up within twenty-five feet of the tent before he was seen, but now we had no rifle. We had voluntarily relinquished our only rifle to Stefansson, because we thought, as he did, that he might reach Banks Island, and would need the rifle in case something should go wrong with the sled. At this time proved it was well that he did avail himself of our offer. But to return to the bears who visited us, the situation was becoming rather tense when a happy thought struck Crawford, and we waved our arms and shouted, while our dogs frightened them away. At another time the ice on which we were camped for the night broke up, but not directly under our tent, as sometimes happens; in fact, the nearest break was at least eight feet away. In the morning we found ourselves afloat on a piece of ice about twenty feet wide, with one side of our tent about six feet from the water, and one end about eight feet from the edge. Then at another time we came to a lead so wide that we could not see across it, but it closed.

"The same southwest gale that closed that lead was the one that blew the ice on which Stefansson was camped toward Banks Island, so it was of considerable assistance to both parties. We reached shore on Canadian territory, eighty miles east of our starting point, and, believe me, we were glad to camp beside a log fire.

Cooked with Blubber.

"Our kerosene became exhausted two days before we landed, and we had been compelled to cook with the blubber of the seal I had shot just before we parted from the ice party, and which we dragged behind the sled all the way to shore. Neither of us had any idea where we were; we simply knew that we had followed Stefansson's instructions to travel as fast as possible to the south, and that for the present our troubles were over. Crawford and Johansen then rejoined their commander, Dr. Anderson, at Collinson, while I proceeded to the North Star, the fifty-foot gasoline schooner which Stefansson had bought to take the place of the Karluk, which he instructed Dr. Anderson to send to Banks Island in case he did not return before the ice broke up. I established a comfortable camp there, took an inventory of the tools, equipment, and provisions, and spent the rest of the time hunting caribou, seal, ugruk, ptarmigan, and in learning to paddle a kyak, which is the crankiest boat in existence.

"Then after Wilkins had taken the North Star to Banks Island, (or rather to Herschel Island,) which Dr. Anderson substituted the Mary Sachs, a very unwieldy and generally clumsy craft compared to the trim, speedy little North Star, which drew only four feet of water loaded, and was particularly adapted for the pressure ridges between the shore of Banks Island and the grounded ice.

"As Stefansson's report shows, if Wilkins had had the North Star instead of the Mary Sachs, Wilkins would have been able to reach the rendezvous which Stefansson had appointed, and which he had communicated to Wilkins in a letter. Beside, I told Wilkins personally that Stefansson would expect him to go as far north as possible, and at any cost to reach Norway Island.

"One last fact I want to give for my faith that Stefansson would come out alive was his knowledge of how to construct ice houses. He knew better how to do this than any living white man. He learned the art of making these beehive houses from the blond Eskimos. Always he is adding to his knowledge of arctic matters and acquiring skill. Stefansson set out to expore an unexplored territory and I believe he will do so."



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STEFANSSON'S QUEST TO TEST A THEORY

Explorer, Backed by Canada, Set Out to Settle Controversy of Arctic Experts.

VENTURE COST HIM HIS SHIP

Start Across the Ice for the Unknown in Search of Land Made April 7, 1914.

To nearly every one the message from Vilhjalmur Stefansson will come as a voice from the dead, for only a very few held to the slender thread of hope that he would ever be heard from again. It is a year five months and ten days since the explorer and two of his companions left the ice of the north shore of Alaska and started into an unexplored region. Since then until yesterday no message had come from them.

The Canadian expedition which Stefansson headed, sailed into the Far North to explore an unknown territory ten times the size of New York State. They headed north to face one of the worst Winters for ice ever known in the Arctic. Notwithstanding, Stefansson would not hear of turning back. After the Karluk was caught in the ice he left the whaler with his party and sleds, and it was not until he met the Captain of the Polar Bear that he knew the Karluk was wrecked, and only twelve of the twenty-five men he left on board ever got back to civilization.

Under his own signature the explorer described the chief aim of the expedition to be the exploration of as large a portion as possible of over a million miles of unknown area lying north of Western Canada, north of Alaska, and north of Eastern Siberia. Speaking of the backing of the Canadian Government, he said that its intention to back the expedition showed it realized its possible importance.

"It may never bring a result translatable into dollars and cents, but will surely, if it has any success, add materially to our knowledge of the earth even though it should not happen to discover any land," Stefansson wrote. "And if new lands be discovered they (the Canadian Government) do not take it for granted that it will be forever valueless.

"In one sense the exploration is unique. It may be considered as an undertaking to test the validity of a theory. Dr. Nansen has argued vehemently, and to some men's minds conclusively, that the unexplored portion of the Arctic Ocean is a deep basin practically, or more probably entirely devoid of land. Other students of the North, such as General A. W. Greely and Dr. R. H. Harris, feel equally convinced that there is land of considerable area lying undiscovered in the Polar Sea, and Admiral Peary, from an elevation of 2,000 feet near Cape Thomas Hubbard, has even seen land to the west. With the conservatism of a man of great experience, he says that he is not sure of the existence of any land upon which he has not actually put his foot, and is not, therefore, sure if what he saw was land and not a cloud bank."

Start of the Expedition.

These were the problems Stefansson intended to settle when on June 27, 1913, he and his party sailed from Teller, Alaska. The Karluk, a stout whaler, was commanded by Captain Robert A. Bartlett, and beside Stefansson, these made up the scientific party: James Murray, Dr. A. F. Mackay, Bjarne Mamen, Diamond Jenness, George A. Malloch, W. L. MacKinlay, Henri Beuchat, George Wilkins, photographer, and Burt McConnell, Stefansson's Secretary. Eskimos and crew brought the total number on board up to thirty-one.

The general plan was to cruise northward as far as feasible and to establish Winter quarters upon any land that chanced to be discovered. The vessel was to head to the eastward, were no land discovered, and the Winter base was to be established as far north as possible along the western coasts of Banks or Prince Patrick Islands. From that vantage point it was intended to start the following Winter to explore toward the northwest, but possibly heading directly into the north.

Stefansson said it was largely a matter of luck, and with him it was. His plans as made were not carried out. The Karluk ran into four days of terrific gales while in Kotzebue Sound. The whaler weathered the storm, but there were hours when the seas broke over her bows and swept her decks.

On Aug. 1 she got into loose ice close in toward the Alaskan shore, and as it closed in she fought her way forward with ever-increasing difficulty. There came a time, however, when she was twenty miles south of Point Barrow, that she refused to budge, and for four days she stayed fast. It was then that the party realized that 1913 was the worst in history of Arctic exploration for ice.

When Stefansson saw that there was promise of a long delay he walked four miles across the ice and twenty to Point Barrow. There he purchased equipment, which included sleds, dogs, and umiaks, the native skin boats. To the Karluk came unexpected release. A strong off-shore wind cleared the sea of ice, and Captain Bartlett was enabled to bring his command to Point Barrow. Under these conditions but little delay was experienced, or little difficulty encountered in stowing the supplies safely on board.

With things shipshape the party sailed away to make Prince Patrick Land, as had originally been planned. They had journeyed but two days eastward when more ice was encountered. Again the valiant 247-ton barkentine, with her steam auxiliary power, bucked the increasing ice floes. For two days she kept this up with a show of headway, and then the ice closed in and the Karluk was fast again. Caught in the great ice pack the Karluk drifted up and down the north coast of Alaska until Sept. 10, 1913. Then she stopped drifting, and in intense cold, surrounded with close-packed, ridged ice, she stayed motionless for ten days.

The vessel was fast about eighteen miles off the mouth of the Colville River. The explorer and Captain Bartlett decided that the failure of the craft to drift showed that she was frozen in for the Winter, and so Stefansson decided to take a party ashore. Fresh meat was running out, and he wanted to get caribou. A hunting trip he figured would not take him more than thirty miles from the vessel. He took Jennis, Wilkins, McConnell and two Eskimos. They carried with them two sleds, dog teams and provisions to last two weeks.

The party did not succeed in making shore. The hunters reached Amoulliktok, or Duck Island, a narrow spit of sand thrown up by the movement of heavy pack ice. This is about 100 yards wide, a mile long and about four miles from the mainland. At the end of two days the explorer decided to send McConnell back for two more hunters. That night a gale came up and for four days it blew continuously and all the ice was blown away, and there was nothing on every side but the open sea.

For seven days the party lived on Duck Island, and at the end of that time the ice had formed sufficiently to allow them to get ashore. As the gale had been from the northeast, Stefansson concluded that the Karluk had drifted to Point Barrow. For that point the men set out, and in nine days they walked 145 miles over the ice. At the Point disappointment awaited them. The Karluk, caught in the gale and the drifting ice, had not brought up there. She had drifted clean past, and, as it afterward proved, to her doom. Stefansson, however, predicted this, for he thought the chances were very slight against her being caught in the ice before Spring. She had been seen to go past, natives said, a week before the shore party came in sight.

300-Mile Journey Across the Ice.

At Point Barrow Stefansson decided to take his men to Collinson Point, some 300 miles further east, which he heard the party of Dr. Anderson, that had gone north in the gasoline schooners Mary Sachs and Alaska, had reached in safety. The men left on their 300-mile journey across the ice on Nov. 8, 1913. Stefansson then believed that the Karluk could not be depended upon to come back for them.

It took until Dec. 15 to get to Collinson Point. In January Stefansson made the journey to Clarence Bay, where he purchased the gasoline schooner North Star, and also outfits and provisions. The party then journeyed from Collinson Point to Martin's Point. When they reached the latter place Stefansson halted and sent McConnell back to Barrow Point for the mail.

On March 27, 1914, Stefansson decided to set out into the unexplored north, in search of any land within 150 or 200 miles. It was the day after the party started that McConnell returned to find Martin's Point deserted. He started after them and overtook the explorers next day. The party consisted of eight men and four dog teams. Stefansson's intention was to go north over the ice and to carry freight as far as possible.

From March 23 and until April 7 McConnell and his companions were with Stefansson. On the latter date Stefansson decided that the sleds were in too bad shape for a long journey and so he sent all back except Ole Anderson and Storker Storkersen, who are traders and trappers, personal friends of Stefansson and men of experience in the north. He had with him also two dog teams.

"I will continue north in search of land, and if at the end of fifteen days' traveling I have not sighted any, then I will turn back," he said to McConnell.

The latter records that this was in 70:26:4 north latitude and 140:30:7 west longitude.

When the three men set out they had with them six of the best dogs of the nineteen they had brought from Martin's Point. They had also one sled, on which they packed 900 pounds of provisions, or enough to last them sixty days and the dogs fifty days. They were also equipped with two rifles and 400 rounds of ammunition.

The happenings of that last day on the ice before Stefansson disappeared to be gone nearly a year and a half are described in a diary kept by McConnell. Breakfast on that April 7 he records as "delicious," and consisted of seal liver, bacon, with chocolate and biscuits. He added: "We are limiting ourselves to one biscuit per meal recently, in order that the ice party may have a good supply."

Continuing, the diary says:

"Johansen took a sounding after breakfast and found 180 fathoms. He wanted Stefansson to send a party south under Storkensen and another north under himself, but the chief was afraid of getting separated from his men again, I think, as he would not send them away from the camp. There was lots of time to have done this in, and every one was willing to go.

Soundings on Continental Shelf.

"This is a very interesting spot, this Continental shelf, and I would like to see the professor get a full series of soundings before he goes ashore, as he has not been able to secure much scientific data to offset what he characterizes as the hardships of the trip. Going abruptly from 30 and 35 to 70, 140, and even 180 fathoms is enough to make even an ordinary man sit up and take notice.

"There was very little to do, as we were all waiting for Stefansson to finish writing. Storkensen took an observation—70 degrees 20 minutes 4 seconds north latitude; 140 degrees 30 minutes 7 seconds west longitude—so we will probably land on Canadian soil, if a southeast wind does not carry us west. * * * We are taking two and one-half bundles of fish, and some oatmeal and lard for the dogs, and plenty of everything except pemmican for ourselves. They are taking all but twelve pounds of the pemmican, as their fuel will not last long. Ours will probably last ten days, and we ought to be ashore by that time.

"Crawford, who took Captain Bernard's place after he was injured, is to have charge of the returning party. Johansen is to have twenty hours at his disposal for scientific research, and at the same time we are to travel as rapidly as possible due south, so as to reach shore before a southeast or southwest wind comes along and blows us out to sea, as it did off Martin's Point.

"Stefansson called us all into the tent at one time or another for general and specific instructions. Just before starting he called in Crawford, Johansen, and me at one time and read the written instructions that Crawford is to be governed by.

"I then reminded him of something he had forgotten to write to Dr. Anderson about, and the start was delayed another half hour. We finally started at 4:35. Stefansson accompanied us a little way and then returned to camp, as his sled was about ready. Johansen was to take soundings every half a mile or so while on the edge of the shelf, but he did not attempt to do so. We went south about half a mile and stopped at the lead there, and Johansen prepared to take his first sounding. He only has about 145 fathoms of line, and I do not see how he is going to reach bottom.

"When we stopped Crawford went to the edge of the ice to test its strength, and lost his ice spear in the lead. He then went to look for a trail over a pressure ridge while Johansen made his preparations.

"After he had gone the handle of the spear appeared about six inches above the water and I immediately tied a dog chain to twenty fathoms of sounding line and tried to lasso this valuable piece of road-cutting machinery. After I had made half a dozen tests and had got the range, about forty feet, the dogs suddenly took a notion to start, and off they went before either of us could stop them. I dropped the line and ran to stop them, and it sank, so Johansen now has only 125 fathoms. He could not reach bottom with this, so we proceeded.

"Stefansson started at 5 P. M. I watched them through the glasses. The last I saw of Stefansson was when he topped a pressure ridge. He did not look behind or wave his hand, nor did his companions as they passed from view."

McConnell returned to civilization with those of Stefansson's party and those belonging to Dr. Anderson's party joined him at Collinson Point. Afterward McConnell went to Clarence Bay and took an inventory of articles on the North Star. Stefansson had intended this vessel to go to Banks Land, there to await his coming. Instead of going there, however, Dr. Anderson dispatched the Mary Sachs.

The loss of the Karluk is a seperate chapter. The vessel was broken up by the ice and sank. The men got ashore near Wrangel Island. The party separated and eight started for the island. When the reminder finally got there the eight had disappeared and their fate is uncertain to this day. Captain Bartlett and fifteen men got to the island in February. Two men died in camp and the remainder were finally rescued by Captain Olaf Swenson of the schooner Wing and Wing.

BANK TELLER GONE; AUTO LEFT IN POND

Continued from Page 1.

Bradley had been spending vacations near Stamford.

The mother and sister of Mrs. Bradley are on the verge of breakdown from worry over his disappearance.

A woman answered the telephone at the home of Harry S. Bradley at Woodhaven, L. I., last night and admitted that Bradley was missing, and said he was employed by the Merchants' National Bank in this city. She did not say who she was, but evinced much interest in Bradley's case.

"I have nothing further to say, she said when questioned.

When reminded that any publication about the case might aid in finding Bradley, she replied:

"We have plenty of help already."

Robert M. Gallaway, President of the Merchants' National Bank, lives in Westwood, N. J. He could not be reached last night. Mr. Gallaway's son said, however, that he had never heard of any bank employe named Bradley and that he had heard nothing of the disappearance of any bank teller. His father had not mentioned it, he said.

Owen E. Paynter, one of the assistant cashiers of the Merchants National Bank, whom lives in Brooklyn, heard of Bradley's disappearance last night from a reporter for THE TIMES. He listened to the details but refused to comment on the case and would not affirm or deny that he knew Bradley.

DVINSK AND VILNA ARE NEAR CAPTURE

Hindenburg's Great Wedge Imperils Both Centres on the Petrograd Railroad.

TOWN OF VIDZY OCCUPIED

Retreat of Russian Armies Assured by Branch Lines—Invaders Being Held at Other Points.

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 18.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg's army now is well astride the Dvinsk-Vilna Railway, his advance guards reached and occupied the town of Vidzy, which is a good thirty miles east of the line. This wedge, which the German commander has driven into Russia's defense, seriously endangers both Dvinsk and Vilna.

The latted town, which the Russians once before evacuated, again has been left to an army which will attempt only to delay the German advance. All government institutions, and the most of the factories already have been removed to places of safety, and the civil population left long ago.

Probably a more determined effort will be made to hold Dvinsk, which, situated as it is on the broad and fast flowing river Dvina, can offer a stronger resistance.

Along the rest of the eastern front there has been little change in the situation. The German centre has made a further slight advance and must be nearing the railway east of Pinsk, possession of which would separate the northern and southern wings of the Russian armies operating on either side of the prepit marshes.

The Russians always have affected to disregard such a contingency, however, claiming the two armies are able to operate independently of each other and consequently continue their offensive from a point east of Kovel through Galicia to the Rumanian frontier.

The great effort to hold the present line in Galicia doubtless is dictated by Near-Eastern politics, which grow more complicated as the days pass. Rumania alone appears to be definitely on the side of the Quadruple Entente. Greece apparently has decided to maintain her neutrality, for the time being at any rate.

Vilna Not Essential to Russians.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 17.—War Office advices state that "Vilna can be held as long as may be required by the strategic situation on that front." It is not the purpose of the Russian Staff, however, to defend Vilna at all costs, but "only so long as the presence of an army there does not inspire alarm."

The Russian forces at that point do not appear to be in immediate danger, notwithstanding the fact that the German operations flanking Vilna have been carried forward further and that German cavalry is driving for the railway between Molodechno and Polotsk. This railroad parallels the Vilna-Dvinsk line, about seventy-five miles eastward. The two railways running south and southeast from Vilna are still held by the Russians, affording means of withdrawing the force sat Vilna, should it become necessary.

The situation in that region is described as favorable. German cavalry holds a front 115 to 120 miles long, in the form of a great bow bending east.

The German cavalry is pushing along the railway from Svientsyany to Glubokoi, which extends to within a few miles of the Molodechno-Polotsk line. The invaders are spreading out on both sides of this road and are attempting to cut the Molodechno-Polotsk line at several places. This, however, does not threaten the Russia retreat, as the railroad running southeast from Vilna to Minsk is strongly covered by Russian forces. Moreover, there remains the road extending south from Vilna, through Lida to Baranovitshi.

It is pointed out at the War Office that the favorable aspect of the position at Vilna of the Russians is shown further by the fact that they continue to maintain their positions to the westward in the direction of Orani. It is denied that their position has been weakened materially by the crossing of small forces of the Germans to the left bank of the Viliya.

OFFICIAL WAR BULLETINS.

Vidzy Captured by Germans After Fierce House-to-House Fighting.

BERLIN, Sept. 17, (via London.)—The War Office today issued the following bulletin:

EASTERN THEATRE OF WAR.

Army group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg: South of Dvinsk we reached the Komai highroad. Vidzy (about thirty-five miles south of Dvinsk) was captured early this morning after fierce fighting from house to house.

Northwest and northeast of Vilna our attack continues. The Szczara has been crossed near the place bearing the same name.

The troops of the army of Prince Leopold also have effected crossings over the Szczara at several points.

Army group of Field Marshal von Mackensen: The marsh districts north of Pinsk have been cleared of the enemy.

SOUTHEASTERN THEATRE OF WAR.

There is no news to report concerning the German troops.

VIENNA, Sept. 17, via London.—The following official communication was issued today:

The Russians attempted to frustrate the efforts of our flanking attack northeast of Buczacz, which we reported yesterday, by counter attacks. They were repulsed. Our artillery destroyed a hostile armored motor car. Of the three officers occupying it, two were killed and the third was taken prisoner. All the soldiers in the car were killed, with the exception of the driver. He was captured. Otherwise the fighting activity in East Galicia and on the Ikea line has greatly slackened. The situation is unchanged.

In view of the impossibility of gaining success in these sections, enemy attacks against our forces in the Volhynian triangle of fortresse s are growing more severe. Engagements which began there yesterday still continue.

TO MAKE ROADS IN POLAND.

German Governor of Occupied Territory Will Employ Population.

BERLIN, Sept. 17, (by Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The new Military Governor in that part of Russian Poland occupied by the Austro-Hungarians is quoted by the Overseas News Agency as announcing that he will give work to the unemployed, with the object of making better roads. The banking institutions in the occupied district, the Governor says, will closely follow the principles of The Hague Convention.

Emperor William, on receiving the new Archbishop of Posen, Dr. Dalbor, at the army headquarters in the field, says the Overseas News Agency, after expressing regret at the untimely death of Archbishop Likowski, said he was certain the new Archbishop's work would be a blessing for the State, the Church, and the country, and that the prelate would foster and nourish the spirit of concord between the Germans and Poles in the Archbishop's district.

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Contains no harmful or deleterious substance

CREDIT TO ALLIES MAY BE DELAYED

Continued from Page 1.

was said that hours of discussion had turned on that point, and that the commission had reached the conclusion that it would not be feasible to separate money provided by the credit and money sent here in the form of gold.

Invite Kuhn-Loeb Aid.

In view of the fact that the united support of all important financial interests is considered essential to the success of the flotation of a huge credit, Wall Street was greatly interested yesterday in speculation over this phase of the discussions. It was regarded as a practical certainty in well-informed quarters that Kuhn, Loeb & Co. would henceforth figure in the negotiations, and it was understood that that firm was not favorably disposed toward a credit which should be used to pay for war supplies.

No statement was forthcoming from the offices of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. as to the probability of that firm's joining in the credit plans. Mortimer L. Schiff visited the Morgan offices yesterday, and that fact was seized upon as further evidence of the desire to have the support of all interests. It had been reported that a formal invitation to the Kuhn-Loeb firm to participate would be dispatched yesterday.

Whether Russia's needs shall be considered in the financing now being worked out is another moot point with the commission. It is believed in the financial district that here again the entrance of the so-called pro-German interests will be dependent upon the exclusion of Russia. For the commsision it was said that the situation in that respect was delicate. Russia's interests are not different from those of Great Britain and France. It was learned that much depended on the outcome of a conference which Pierre Bark, the Russian Minister of Finance, was to have with Chancellor McKenna in London.

May Be No Underwriting.

It was stated yesterday by a prominent banker who had been giving much time to the negotiations that there would be no underwriting syndicate for the notes which it is proposed to issue. According to that authority, the price will be the same to every buyer, whether it be a powerful banking house taking several millions or an individual taking but $5,000 worth. It was this man's belief that the sale would be handled like an issue of New York State bonds, which are offered direct to investors without the intervenion of any middlemen.

In the opinion of some bankers, the time is imminent when a decision must be reached on the munitions matter. In speaking of the commission's stand on that phase one banker said that "they must fish or cut bait by Monday." Another champion of the credit was convinced that munitions would be excluded and that the credit, half a billion or a billion, would all be taken readily. Most bankers were agreed that a decision would be reached within the next four or five days.

Talk previously heard among bankers participating in the conferences that it would be desirable to give the proposed credit the form of a collateral note by depositing longer time British and French bonds under the notes to make them eligible for purchase by state institutions in larger amounts was brought to an end yesterday upon its being pointed out that under the revised law of this State banks and trust companies are not restricted to 10 per cent. of their capital and surplus in the purchases of securities of the kind proposed in this transaction. In the case of the obligations of any foreign Government they may invest in a single loan up to 25 per cent. of their capital and surplus in the case of institutions in the Borough of Manhattan and up to 40 per cent. in the case of institutions elsewhere in the State.

Rockefeller Interview Denied.

The pledge of longer time bonds under the notes though seen to be unnecessary for that purpose, may yet be resorted to in order to give effect more easily to some of the provisions, which it is intended to incorporate in the credit. Int hat even the bods or notes would probably be made convertible into the longer time bonds pledged under the notes.

A diversion was created in the financial district yesterday morning, when a parade of sandwich men bearing placards attacking the proposed credit to the Allies halted in front of the Morgan offices. A tall man dressed in a red coat and blue breeches, emblematic of the English, displayed signs protesting against the credit. Other placards advertised "Wall Street's Shame," "The Money Trust Is Lending Billions of American Money to Bankrupt England, France, and Russia," and "Billions for King George." Police moved the outfit on its way and dispersed the crowd.

A sensation that was created by publication of an alleged interview with John D. Rockefeller, Sr., in which he was made to say that none of his money would go for bonds brought out in behalf of the Allies, quickly died away when an authorized repudiation was issued from the Standard Oil offices. The alleged interview came from Cleveland, and had the effect of causing a sudden slump in the exchange market.

"Postal cards bering the legend, "Oppose loans to foreign Governments; Hill talking fallacies; Redfield slow," were mailed yesterday from Montclair, N. J. Theycontained arguments against the loans which were credited to Luis Jackson, formerly Industrial Commissioner of the Erie Railroad.

DENIAL BY ROCKEFELLER.

Repudiates Alleged Interview on Proposed Credit to Allies.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 17.—W. S. Mitchell, Secretary to John D. Rockefeller, Sr., denied tonight that Mr. Rockefeller had given out any interview pertaining to the billion dollar war credit sought by the Allies.

"Mr. Rockefeller has given out nothing for publication," said Mr. Mitchell.

The interview thus denied was printed yesterday in several afternoon newspaperspers. Mr. Rockefeller was represented as saying that he had received requests for loans from both England and Russia and had refused to lend either country anything. Mr. Rockefeller was quoted as adding that he did not approve of the proposed billion dollar loan and would not participate in it. The alleged interview was also denied yesterday at the office of the Standard Oil Company at 26 Broadway.

STERLING EXCHANGE BREAKS.

Due to False Interview with Rockefeller on Loan to Allies.

An alleged interview with John D. Rockefeller, Sr., in which he was quoted as refusing to take part in the Anglo-French loan, reached Wall Street late yesterday afternoon, and caused a sharp break in the foreign exchange market. In its present sensitive condition, the market reacts quickly to rumors, and this story brought a drop of more than 3 cents to the pound sterling. From $4.73¼, sight bills dropped back to $4.69¾, and cables declined from $4.74 to $4.70¼.

There was heavy selling for a time, but an authoritative denial of the interview was issued by Ivy L. Lee, one of Mr. Rockefeller's representatives at 26 Broadway, and immediately rates became firm. Buying was not insistent, however, and closing rates were no higher than $4.70⅝ for demand and $4.71 for cables.

Before the Rockefeller interview was discussed in exchange circles rates had been strong and buying good. From the preceding session's closing figure both demand and cable rates were up 3¼ cents, and dealings were marked by hopeful discussions of an early settlement of the loan negotiations.

The. Aristocrat of Soaps
DOSLAM SOAP
A daily delight for Toilet and Bath. Helps to keep the skin in healthy condition.
At All Druggists. 25 cts. and 15 cts.

NOTE TO ENGLAND IS NOW COMPLETED

Wilson and Lansing Approve Draft of Protest Against Interference with Our Trade.

IN PREPARATION 3 MONTHS

Delay Due Largely to Desire to Avoid Connection with the Negotiations with Berlin.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Secretary Lansing announced today that the note to Great Britain, dealing with interferences with American trade and the operation of the British Order in Council restricting overseas trade, had been completed and was ready to be dispatched to the Ambassador at London for delivery to the British Foreign Office.

The note, in virtually its final form, was approved during a conference between President Wilson and Secretary Lansing at the White House just before the latter left for New York.

When asked when the note would be forwarded to London, Secretary Lansing said that he did not care to say anything on that point, but conveyed the impression that the time had not been determined. The prevalent belief here is that the not will not be delivered to th British Government until definite word is received from Berlin as to Germany's attitude in the submarine controversy.

The note to Great Britain will deal at length with the rights of American commerce on the high seas as affected by the attitude of the British Government, and will, it is understood, challenge the right of the British Government, under international law, to interfere with legitimate commerce between the United States and neutral countries contiguous to Germany. It will deny the right of a belligerent to establish a blockade against a neutral coast, or deal with neutral commerce of a legitimate character in a manner that would be equivalent to blockading a neutral coast.

One of the interesting features of the note is said to be a vigorous objection to the British Government's attitude that the burden of proof rests upon the owners or shippers of cargoes, the United States holding that it is the duty of the British Government to prove the guilt of shippers.

The note includes a reply to the three recent notes from Great Britain dealing with the Neches case, the American caveat note, and the enforcement of the British Order in Council.

This note has been in preparation for three months. Delay in dispatching it was due to the desire to gather complete data, but it has been postponed mainly because President Wilson was unwilling to have the note forwarded to Great Britain while negotiations with the German Government over the submarine controversy were unfinished.

It is understood that the President not only thought it wise to deal with the German and British issues separately, but also desired not to be placed in the position of being forced to protect to the British Government in order to obtain recognition by Germany of the fundamental principle, insisted upon by the United States, that merchant vessels should not be subjected to submarine torpedo attacks without warning and without provision of safety for passengers.

EXCHANGE ACTIVE IN PARIS.

Speculation in Sterling Bills, with Sharp Fluctuations.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—There was the wildest speculation today in sterling exchange on reports of the anticipated success of the American credit to the Allies. Sterling exchange opened at 27.17, but sold at 27.12 about midday, with no buyers. Then banking interests intervened, and, putting profit before patriotism, jumped the price to 27.46 in five centimes spurts.

Army Promotion for von Jagow.

BERLIN, Sept. 17, (via London.)—Gottlieb von Jagow, the Foreign Minister has been promoted to the rank of Major in Reserve of the Third Regiment of Hussars. He was a Lieutenant of the Landwehr, retired.

SERBIA CONFIDENT OF HOLDING AUSTRIA

Premier Says She Cannot Spare Enough Troops to Succor Turkey.

GERMAN BAIT TO BULGARIA

Said to be Crown of Byzantium—Premier Says She Wants No War with Turkey.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—"Serbia has done her duty fully as an ally," said Premier Pachitch, as quoted by the correspondent at Nish of the Petit Parisien. "First she has soundly beaten the Austrians in the field. Second, she has made the concessions asked of her by her great allies in order to bring Bulgaria into the Balkan entente. Whether Bulgaria will come into the entente is another question.

"The Balkan States are deeply concerned over the reported concentration of the enemy north of Serbia for the purpose of going to the assistance of the Turks. As a matter of fact, no army of the enemy has assembled on the Danube. We have continuous and detailed reports from French aviators on this point.

"Moreover," the Premier added, in a tone of deep conviction, "the Serbian Army has been reorganized and is well supplied with munitions. It would render most difficult for the enemy a crossing of the mountainous country. He would require at least 450,000 men to make the attempt. Where would the Germans find them now?"

Bulgars Want to Explain.

A dispatch of the Balkan Agency from Bucharest says that the leaders of all the opposition parties in Bulgaria have held a meeting at which it was decided to publish an appeal to the country explaining the international political situation as affecting that nation. The appeal will be made on the ground that under present circumstances the attitude taken by the Government is perilous.

A further large number of troops is reported by the Balkan Agency to have been called to the Greek colors. The Athens correspondent of this agency says a royal decree has been issued calling out reservists of the classes of 1886, 1887, and 1888 on Oct. 1.

BUCHAREST, Sept. 16, (via Berlin and London, Sept. 17.)—"The Allies know that in no case may they count on Bulgaria's help on the Gallipoli Peninsula," says the semi-official Independance Romaine in an article dealing with the Turco-Bulgarian agreement. "They have lost that part of their diplomatic contest in the Balkans. It remains to be seen how the other part will come out.

"King Ferdinand will leave tomorrow for a week's vacation on the Danube. This fact completely disposes of reports concerning the activities of Rumanian troops on the frontier, which in reality are nothing more than the annual manoeuvres."

ATHENS, Sept. 16, (via Berlin and London, Sept. 17.)—There are indications that the relations between Greece and Bulgaria are improving. In the most influential circles the conviction is said now to have been reached that neutrality must be the only policy for Greece.

The utterances of Premier Radoslavoff of Bulgaria expressing the hope for more cordial relations with Greece have made a deep impression, as has also the declaration that the future of the Balkans depends upon an understanding between these two nations.

The pro-Russian newspaper Mir has been suppressed.

Day of Rejoicing in Bulgaria.

VIENNA, Sept. 17, (via Berlin and London.)—The surrender by Turkey to Bulgaria of the territory from the Dedeaghatch railroad will be celebrated publicly in Bulgaria on Sept. 19, the thirtieth anniversary of the annexation by that nation of eastern Rumelia. Pupils of the schools will take part in the celebration. A royal decree announcing the new acquisition of territory will be read in all parts of the country.

TURIN, Sept. 17, (via Paris.)—The Stampa sals it has learned "from a diplomatic source" that Germany has made extensive promises to Bulgaria to obtain that nation's benevolent neutrality. It states that these promises were made to King Ferdinand of Bulgaria by the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg on behalf of Emperor William, and that among them was the stipulation that King Ferdinand should have the crown of Byzantium.

BRITISH REVEAL ZEPPELINS' DEEDS

Continued from Page 1.

trict, taken for convenience as the area administered by the metropolitan police, is just short of 700 square miles in area. It was by hastily dropping at random in the dark explosive and incendiary materials somewhere on this enormous surface that the enemy professed to have accomplished an important military purpose.

"The fact is that no public institutions of any kind was hit, nor was any power station or arsenal. No damage was done affecting the use of any building connected directly or indirectly with the conduct of the war.

"It is true two hospitals narrowly escaped damage, but it is only fair to say in behalf of the officers of an army which has done its best to destroy the cathedrals of Belgium and France, that up to the present they have succeeded in hitting only one church.

"So far as the moral effect of the raid is concerned, it is feared that from the standpoint of Berlin it was a complete failure. If Count Zeppelin himself accompanied the raiding aircraft, as has been reported from Holland, he will be disappointed to learn that only a minority of the vast population of London was aware of the presence of his airship; that among those who heard the gunfire and saw the Zeppelin, the feelings everywhere aroused were interest and curiosity rather than fear. That London and its suburbs as a community faced calmly the murderous efforts of these raiders is in no way a mitigation of the callous and purposeless brutality of their actions or the tragedies which have followed.

Pictures Effects of Bombs.

"Here are a few pictures of the effects accomplished by the officers and crew of the last airship which visited the London district.

"Somewhere in London there is a little street with a public house at the corner. Outside it Wednesday evening, after the place was closed, a man and woman stood talking. While the woman went away to buy supper, the man waited for her, and there fell at his feet the first explosive bombs. They killed the man outright, and blew pieces of the paving stone on to surrounding roofs. They blew in the front of the public house, reducing the stock to a mass of broken glass, over which still floats the indefinable odor of assorted forms of alcohol. They took off the top of a grand piano on the floor above, twisted an iron bedstead, injuring a woman who was sleeping there, and reduced what had been the carefully kept living rooms of a small family to a mass of soot, dust, plaster, and broken glass. In what conceivable respect did this contribute to the progress of the war?

"In another part of the area over which the airship passed there is a big block of workmen's dwellings, which are crowded day and night with children. A bomb dropped on the roof. Directly under the roof was a little flat in which four children were asleep. After being put to bed two of them got up secretly to make tea in an adjoining room. The bed they left is now a mass of charred and blackened sheets, with the mattress torn to pieces. They escaped by a miracle, but in a small bedroom next door the other two children were killed instantly.

"These buildings are strong and the bomb did not penetrate far. You hardly can notice the damage to the roof if you pass in the street. That was all that was happening when the Captain of the German air craft professed to think he was visiting docks and vitally damaging the port of London.

Killed a Bantam Rooster.

"At another place an incendiary bomb dropped through the roof of a stable and fired a motor car into which it fell. The stableman and his wife, in spite of the fire, which immediately became serious, went about rescuing eleven horses which were in the stable. They were carefully taken out and turned loose in the street. A dog which kept guard over the premises also was rescued, as was a caged bird kept on the first floor above the fire, although while bringing it downstairs the stableman's wife was blown off her feet by the explosion of a bomb which fell in a neighboring courtyard. The only casualty in this case was a bantam rooster. In such a case as the last the futility of the enemy's attack was merely ridiculous; in other cases it was tragic.

Children Slain in Their Beds.

"Somewhere in London's suburbs there is a little block of houses, almost by itself, divided into small flats. On the ground floor there were sleeping a widow, her 18-year-old daughter, and a young man lodger. On the first floor there was a family of three children, two of them girls, and on the second floor a workingman, his wife, four girls and one boy.

"A bomb dropped squarely on the roof. As the laborer and his wife, who were on the second floor, described it, the whole partition wall beside their bed gave way and disappeared. The man shoved his wife into the centre of the room and went to find the children.

"Two of them, who slept in a room under the spot where the bomb fell, vanished with the room and everything in it. Their bodies were found two days later under the débris. Of the others, a boy of 8 ran for safety to a staircase, which had been blown away, and in the dark fell into the hole where his sisters' bodies were buried in the ruins.

"The bodies of two of the occupants of the first floor were subsequently recovered, but the worst effects of the bomb were felt on the ground floor. Part of the body of the man who occupied it was found 150 yards away.

Nine Killed in a Motor Bus.

"A bomb which dropped in a street blew in the front of a shop, but spent its main force on a passing motor bus on which twenty persons were riding, including the driver and conductor. Nine of them were killed, and eleven injured. The driver had both legs blown off, and died in a hospital.

"These incidents alone, which account for nearly half the deaths, will suffice to show what was the nature of the success attending the attack upon London.

"The net results of the week's raids upon the London district were thirty-eight killed or died of wounds, and 124 injured. Two policemen and one army service corps man were among the victims, but no other person in uniform was killed or injured."

RAIDS A MORAL FAILURE.

London Not Frightened by the Attacks from the Air.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—References made in the official statement, issued tonight, concerning the failure of the Zeppelin raids on London last week to gain any military or moral success are borne out by the testimony of eyewitnesses. Those residents of London who witnessed the raids or their results have been in no sense frightened.

The Parisian joke, which represented a mother threatening her unruly child with refusal to let him see the next Zeppelin raid, has been adapted by Punch for London, and the jest gives a fairly correct idea of the psychological effect produced upon Londoners generally.

The official statement calls special attention to the fact that only part of the population within London's 700 square miles knew anything of the raids. The NEW YORK TIMES correspondent can give testimony that among those who saw a Zeppelin or heard the gunfire, the family aroused were interested and curious rather than afraid. Hundreds of persons rushed into the streets and stood motionless watching the raider, and the accompaniment of bursting shells.

Since the raids, London has given evidence that its courage is superior to assaults or the kind which Zeppelins can make, despits all the factors that make for exaggeration of future danger.

Not Supplying German Submarines.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—The statement published recently in Bordeaux that a Spanish steamer, sailing from Bilboa, was furnishing supplies to German submarines which have been operating off the coas tof France was denied today by the Spanish Embassy here. The embassy said there were no German submarines in Spanish waters.

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Men's Clothing Shop
8 West 38th St.—Store Floor

Men's Fall Suits
Custom Tailored, Ready to Wear Suits
For Young Men and Men, 33 to 46 Chest

The approved custom tailor, two, three or four button models of the newest Invisible Overplaids, Overplaids combined with stripes, pencil or Combination Stripes, Checked Velour, Oxford Vicuna, English Tweed or Navy Blue Serge.

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Men's "Carmoor" Overcoats
Fall Overcoats—For Immediate Wear

Newest London Slip-On, Box or Raglan models *made by the makers of the highest grade English Overcoats,* of English Invisible Overplaid Covert Cloth, English Tweed, Irish Homespun and high grade Invisible Overplaid fabrics.

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Young Men's Fall Suits
FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN, 33 TO 46 CHEST
Approved Custom Tailor Models—Hand Tailored

One, two, three or four button models of the newest Invisible Overplaids, Overplaids combined with stripes, Pencil or Combination Stripes, Checked Velour, Oxford Vicuna, English Tweed or Navy Blue Serge.

24.50

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Shirts, Neckwear, Waistcoats, Collars, Underwear
Sport Coats, Gloves, Sweaters, Dressing Gowns, Pajamas
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Complete assortment of exclusive and distinctive Imported and Domestic Furnishings

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Newest weaves and color effects of Imported and Domestic silks, including Regimental stripes and many exclusive novelties made expressly for Franklin Simon & Co.

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"Banister" Shoes
The newest leathers in forty styles.
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"Ground Gripper" Shoes
The Common Sense Orthopedic Walking Shoe
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Men's "Franklin" Shoes
Made on newest lasts of selected leathers, in button and lace shoes. Of Tan Russia Calfskin, Dull Gun Metal Calfskin, Patent Coltskin, with tops of same or cloth; also Tan Box Calfskin Golf Shoes.
5.00

NEW FALL NOVELS

South Sea Adventures

THE PEARL FISHERS

By H. DE VERE STACPOOLE, *author of "The Blue Lagoon," "The Presentation," etc. Cloth.* $1.30 *net.*

A shipwrecked man finds an unknown island in the Pacific, which is already inhabited by a white man and a Kanaka girl. Their explorations lead to pearl fishing. It is a story of strategy, conspiracy and romance.

Russian Realism

THE DEATH OF IVAN ILYITCH

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Intense realism is the dominant note of these stories. Each story reflects accurately the intensity in the lives of the Russian people, and reveals more than anything the latent dynamic force of a powerful race that is hardly awakened.

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MARIA AGAIN

By MRS. JOHN LANE, *author of "Talk of the Town," etc. Cloth.* $1.00 *net.*

Like "According to Maria," this deals with Maria's life and her social aspirations. Though she is now a middle-aged woman and the mother of a married daughter, Maria strives to preserve a youthful appearance, and her views on life and love and matters in general are unique and amusing.

The British "Tommy"

KITCHENER CHAPS

By A. NEIL LYONS, *author of "Sixpenny Pieces," etc. 12mo. Cloth.* 50 *cents net.*

There is no writer of our day who is so free from prejudice as Mr. Neil Lyons, or who puts down on paper so fearlessly the actual dialogue of the streets. The reader will laugh heartily over the stories and will confess that the author has caught "Tommy's" speech—including his profanity—very correctly.

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Resinol Soap leaves no stickiness or unpleasant odor in the hair. Used regularly for the toilet, it clears and freshens the complexion wonderfully. Sold wherever toilet goods are carried. For free sample, write to Dept. 5-P, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

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EVE DORRE

By Emily Viele Strother.

Paris in the sixties, when it was just the capital of France, seen by an original American girl, (now a well-known Maryland woman,) who grew up there, and an enchanted chateau in Burgundy, which was the scene of her absurd and romantic honeymoon.

These form the background of EVE DORRE, a vivid picture tinted with the rose flush of young love and shot through with the crystal of tears; refreshingly "different" from the conventional novel, more real, more human, and more humorous.

Published on Sept. 22d. *Net* $1.35.
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

GRAY IS SILENT ON SPY CHARGE

Self-Styled British Officer Won't Combat Allies' Accusations.

BOY-ED IS SARCASTIC

Says "Penny-a-Liners" Are Welcome to the Use of His Name in "German Spy" Stories.

The Army and Navy Club had not up to last night started any investigation into the status of Captain Newenham A. Gray, who has been living at the clubhouse in West Forty-third Street this Summer, and who, it is alleged, says he was at one time an officer of the British Indian Army. The records of the British Army, it is said, contain the name of no such officer as Newenham A. Gray, either of the active or retired services.

According to a story in The New York American yesterday morning, Gray, who has an office on the eighth floor of 11 Broadway, the same building in which are located the offices of the German Consulate General, the Chamber of German-American Commerce, and the private office of Captain Boy-Ed, the Naval Attaché of the German Embassy, instead of being an Englishman and a former British army officer, is a Krupp expert who is here for the purpose of obtaining confidential information concerning the manufacture of arms and munitions for the Allies.

Yesterday a TIMES representative found Captain Newenham A. Gray in Room 801 of 11 Broadway. On the door is a sign which reads:

NEWENHAM A. GRAY,
Consulting Engineer.
Ordnance and Ballistics.

The door was securely locked and THE TIMES reporter had almost to pound on the door before it was opened by a man who seemed to be about 35 years of age, blonde, andof an appearance which did not indicate English origin. His English is fluent, but his accent is not British.

Captain Gray appeared to be surprised when he found out who his visitor was, and for a moment or so seemed much perturbed.

"Captain Gray, have you anything to say about the published story to the effect that instead of being an ex-British Army officer you are, as a matter of fact, a secret agent of the Germans?" was the first question asked.

"I cannot answer that question now. Perhaps some day I shall answer; but now I am in no position to answer it," was his reply.

"Do you mean to say that you will utter no word in reply to the charges made against you?"

"No, I cannot say a word," and more than this Captain Gray would not say.

On the same floor and a few doors beyond Gray's office is that of Captain Boy-Ed. The German diplomat was asked if he was acquainted with Captain Gray. Captain Boy-Ed's name had been mentioned in the course of the story printed yesterday, and he had his answer written out and ready for publication. This is his statement:

"In my sympathy with penny-a-liners I realize that they have to fill their task. If they need my name for such purpose, let them have it. To use the words 'German spy' is so cheap, and it gives to an otherwise very tasteless story such a nice extra flavor. Newenham A. Gray is as unknown to me as he, according to the British authorities, is to the British Army rolls."

At the Army and Navy Club it was said last night that Captain Gray still had rooms there. The club, it was said, had no official information to indicate that he was not a former British Army officer. He had been introduced at the club by a member and had received the usual courtesies.

"If any one who receives the courtesies of this club is proved to be an impostor, or a man who is working against the interests of the United States, he will be promptly shown the door and told to go and stay gone," an officer of the club said when asked what the attitude of the club would be if a person living in its house was shown to be an impostor.

It was denied that Captain Gray's case was being investigated at the club. If any action was taken, it was added, it would not be made public.

Investigated by Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Inquiry at the Department of Justice today, based on the published statement that a German spy had masqueraded as a British officer at the Army and Navy Club in New York, developed the fact that the Department of Justice had conducted an investigation into reports that a German spy had been posing as a British officer in New York clubs, and had completed a report on the subject. It was learned, likewise, that this report had been submitted by the Department of Justice to the Secretary of War for his consideration.

Officials cognizant of the contents of this report refused to give out anything as to its character, and details were not obtainable.

BICYCLIST DOERFLINGER CONDEMNED AS A SPY

Swiss Athlete Convicted by German Military Court and Sentenced to Death.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Sept. 17.—The professional bicyclist, Dörflinger, a resident of Basle, has been condemned to death as a spy by a German court-martial. The Swiss Government has intervened in his behalf with a request for clemency.

An account of Dörflinger's experiences is given by the Journal de Geneve. It appears that after the war began he traveled in Alsace and Baden as a representative of a business house. He received an anonymous letter asking him to meet a stranger at Montreux, Switzerland. It is said this man engaged him to supply military information.

Through his acquaintance with a German, now an aviator, who had conducted a factory at Freiburg, at which military aeroplanes were manufactured, Dörflinger was able to take a trip in a war plane. All he learned he is alleged to have communicated to a foreign agent, being heavily paid for the information he gave. Also, it is averred, he made arrangements with the wives of German soldiers at the front to obtain military information through these women for which they were paid. It was one of these who denounced Dörflinger. When it was necessary to put anything into writing he is said to have made use of the inside band of his collar.

Dörflinger, who was condemned to death by a court-martial, has appealed to a higher military court, where his case is pending.

C. A. Dörflinger, the bicyclist, is widely known in this country as a professional rider. Several years ago he took part in one of the six-day races in Madison Square Garden.

CARRENO'S SON IMPRISONED

Italians Thought Him a German Spy, a Berlin Report Says.

BERLIN, Sept. 17, (by Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The following was given out otday by the Overseas News Agency:

"A second member of the family of Mbe. Terese Carreno, the well-known pianist, who is an American citizen, has been arrested on the charge of being a German spy. Mme. Carreno's son, Giovanni, was apprehended in Milan, where he was studying music. A short letter from his mother, in Berlin, which was found among his papers, was considered to be proof against him.

"Notwithstanding the protest of influential friends, he was imprisoned as a common criminal for several days, and was not permitted to communicate with the American Consul. His release was finally effected, with the condition that he leave the country within a few hours.

"Mme. Teresa Carreno's daughter, also a well-known concert pianist, was arrested in Tunis some time ago on suspicion of being a German spy."

Mme. Carreno, one of the best known of women pianists, was born in Venezuela and has lived for many years in Berlin. She came into prominence when, at the age of nine, she made her first professional appearance in New York in 1861. Biographical sketches of Mme. Carreno contain nothing to indicate that her son, Viovanno Tagliapietra is an American citizen.

HOLD CARD FOR GRAND JURY.

Newport Boatman Accused of Trespass on Government Island.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 17.—Nicholas K. Card, the Newport boatman charged with trespassing on Rose Island, where the Government magazine is located, was adjudged probably guilty today, following a hearing before United States Commissioner Frank Healy, and was held in $2,000 bonds to await action of the Grand Jury.

The hearing upon the case was devoid of sensational feature. Mrs. Janie Myers, the woman who Card asserts was with him on his trip to Rose Island, but denies any part in the excursion, did not appear as a witness, but waited on the floor below during the hearing. Afterward she had a long conversation with Assistant District Attorney Cannon.

The only witnesses at the hearing were Chief Gunner Roderick M. O'Connor, who has charge of Rose Island; George Bowman, Senior Ordnance Officer; Harry Somers, watchman, and Mrs. Christine Curtis, wife of the keeper of the lighthouse on the island.

Spy Put to Death in London.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—It was officially announced that a spy, name not given, was put to death here today after a trial.

ETHER AS A DEATH TEST.

Italian Surgeons Use It in Examining Fallen Soldiers.

Three methods used in the rear of the fighting lines by army surgeons to determine in doubtful cases whether a soldier who has fallen is alive or dead are described in La Clinica Medica Italiana and discussed in the current number of The Medical Record.

The first of these is to drop ether into the conjunctival sac of one eye. If this is followed by a reddening of the conjunctiva, it affords proof that the circulation is intact, and that life is still present. The other eye is used as a control.

"The second test," The Medical Record says, "has been recently proposed by Icard. It consists in the subcutaneous injection of fluorescin, which, if the individual is still living, is soon followed by a yellowish coloring of the skin and mucusa.

"The conjunctiva and the mucous membrance of the mouth, and particularly the frenum of the tongue, show this coloration most distinctly. The test consists in the injection of eight to ten cubic centimeters of a solution of twenty grams of fluorescin and thirty grams of sodium carbonate in 100 grams of distilled water. A negative result is obtained in cases of marked slowing or enfeeblement of the circulation, as during the agonal condition.

"The third test has recently been proposed by Halluin. It consists in the direct exploration of the heart by means of a stilette. This is introduced through a small incision in one of the intercostal spaces. Any movement of the heart is communicated to the stilette. In some cases of suspended animation it is possible to arouse cardiac activity by means of gentle movements of the stilette, combined with artificial respiration."

FIGHTING FOR POTASH BEDS.

German Deposits Worth $16,000,000 the Stake in Alsace.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—One of the reasons for the determined fight which the Germans are making to hold the ground between Gebweiler and Mülhausen is the importance of the potash deposits in Upper Alsace which are estimated to be worth 80,000,000 francs ($16,000,000), says a dispatch to the Havas News Agency from Geneva.

Despite the war, the industry continues in active operation, and about 100 freight cars loaded with potash are sent daily into the interior of Germany.

BASLE, Sept. 17, (via Paris.)—The Nachrichten says that some time ago the German authorities warned farmers across the frontier to gather their fruit at once. This has been done, and now German soldiers are digging trenches outside Basle, just across the Alsatian border. At Vedlincourt and Ottendorf, in Alsace, other German forces are constructing trenches. Between Largehof and Liesdorf they are making excavations suitable for artillery positions.

FIRE ON A FRENCH LINER.

Blaze in Hold of the Ladrone, Bound for This Port, Extinguished.

FAYAL, Azores, Sept. 17, (via London.)—The steamer Roma of the Fabre Line, from New York, Sept. 8, for Lisbon, reports by wireless that on Sept. 14 she passed the steamer Ladrome of the French Line, from Bordeaux, Aug. 31, for New York, in latitude 40 north and longitude 40 west, where she had stopped to repair a bilge pipe.

The Ladrome had seven feet of water in hold No. 2, where a fire that had broken out had been extinguished. She did not require assistance.

The steamer Moorish Prince, from Brest for New York, has reported by wireless that she is proceeding to the Azores towing the Japanese steamer Indo Maru, from London, Sept. 5, for Philadelphia, the Indo Maru having broken a shaft.

TOO MUCH FRENCH GAME.

Government Killing Animals and Birds Which Ravage Crops.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—Because of the prohibition imposed by the French Government upon hunting, wild animals and birds have multiplied so rapidly during this Summer that crops in the fields and in orchards and gardens in various forest regions have been ravaged. The menace has become so serious that the Government authorities are now killing rabbits, hares, pheasants, and other animals and birds which have fed upon the growing crops. The killing is done on specified days by those in the Communes who have proper authorization. The huntsmen act collectively, no individual sportsmen being allowed to go out for game.

Guns are not used in the work except under the supervision of gendarmes, and then only when other means of disposing of the game, such as traps and ferrets, are not available. Wherever possible the game is taken alive and transferred to other parts of the country for restocking purposes.

Strike at New Haven Rubber Plant.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 17.—About 400 men and women employed at the rubber factory of L. Candee & Co. struck today for an increase in wages. Some disorder incident to the walkout was quelled by the police, who dispersed the strikers. The increase asked is approximately 10 per cent. About 1,500 are employed at the plant.

FINDS ALL ENGLAND ALIVE TO WAR WORK

New Armies Rushing to the Front and Munitions Piling Up in France.

HEARS OF DRIVE IN OCTOBER

Miss Annie Hughes Says Middle Classes Are Patriotically Ready to Face Hardship.

Miss Annie Hughes, the English actress, who played last year in "The Clever Ones" at the Punch and Judy Theatre, and who will begin rehearsing in a new play on Monday, returned yesterday on the Baltic after five weeks in England, during which she met a great number of friends who had come home from the front on the three days' leaves allowed by the Government, and many others who were wounded. The general sentiment, she said, was full appreciation of the difficulty of breaking through the German lines, but at the same time of determination to keep at it if the war lasts twenty years more.

"Most of them are optimistic," said Miss Hughes, "and nobody thinks there is any chance of the Germans breaking the Allies' line. Both trench lines, so the men back from the front have told me, are practically impregnable. There is no disposition to minimize the efficiency of the Germans. To illustrate the completeness of their information about the movements of the Allies, they tell a story that one day the English were going to make an attack which for some reason was abandoned. The next day the Germans called over to the British troops in the trenches before them: 'Come on, John Bull; you're twenty-four hours late already.'

Expect Drive in October.

'The men for the new armies are now being rushed across the Channel in great numbers; and for a long time, my informants tell me, there has been a steady piling up of munitions on the Western front. Everywhere is the impression that within three or four weeks a great allied attack will begin, with all the men and munitions that can be brought into service. If it fails that means that there will be nothing more done until Spring; and if it fails the general impression is that conscription must follow.

"Not that it is needed to obtain enlistments. In spite of the fact that there has been slacking in the north country, where there have been no Zeppelin raids, and in the eastern agricultural counties, where tthe farmers are making such huge profits that they do not want to give up their work to enlist, there is in general no lack of men for the army. But conscription will be necessary, most people feel, to keep the workers in line and avoid the danger of further disastrous strikes. Most people think it is certain to be adopted in the end.

"What struck me most forcibly was the wonderful spirit of the middle classes. We have been told of the splendid work the aristocracy is doing, and many of the old families have lost their only sons since the war began. But the spirit among the middle classes is no less remarkable. If the war lasts for twenty years and they have to give their last penny—which they most probably will have to do—they are determined to face it even at the sacrifice of everything most dear to them. I went to a family dinner party at the home of a widow all of whose three sons had been killed. Several of the relations who were guests had put in black, but the widow said: "There is no mourning in this house; my boys only did their duty."

Miss Hughes, while in England, had a six days' visit with her son, Lieutenant Richard Devereux of the East Surrey Regiment, who was back from France on leave. He went over in October last with the Artists' Rifles—officially known as the Twenty-eighth Battalion of the London Regiment—an organization of public school and university men, 3,000 strong, which has been kept at Sir John French's headquarters all Winter and used as a training corps for officers. Lieutenant Devereux has not been in action as yet, though he has seen considerable service in the advanced lines.

English Actors at the Front.

"Several thousand English actors are with the army," said Miss Hughes, "and naturally the effect is felt in London. There are several big theatrical successes running there, but the biggest business is being done by the music halls. Men who are back from the trenches on three days' leave want to see something as much unlike war as possible; and so the music halls keep going with much the same sort of programs as before. The war is not mentioned.

"I went out to Leytonstone, in Essex, just on the eastern border of London, to see the damage done by a Zeppelin raid. I went on Monday, and consequently missed most of the crowd. I was told that the day before probably half a million people had looked over the scene. Several houses had been destroyed, all windows shattered for a space of about half a mile around, and I was told that thirty persons had been killed. I asked one man if he saw the Zeppelin. 'No, but I 'eard it,' he said. 'Like a big buzzin' bumblebee, it was.'

"When we were on the Baltic we saw posted a notice of the air raid on London of Sept. 8, which we were told did most of its damage around the Elephant and Castle, on the south side of the Thames. They told us that 100 lives had been lost. But the only effect of the raids has been to make every one more determined."

TO ADMIT AUSTRIAN NURSES.

Concession by Russia in Regard to the Prison Camps.

VIENNA, Sept. 17, (via Berlin and London.)—The Austrian Government has received word from the Danish Red Cross Society that Russia is willing to enter into an agreement whereby Austrian nurses may visit prison camps in Russia, provided Russian nurses receive the same privilege in Austria and Hungary.

Diplomatic negotiations have been begun for the formulation of a plan such as has just become effective between Germany and Russia. The Austrian nurses will be accompanied by officials of the Danish Red Cross.

REPORTS LONDON OUTBREAK

German News Agency Adds That Arrests Were Made in Consequence.

BERLIN, Sept. 17, (by Wireless to Tuckerton, N. J.)—"The recent great successes by the Germans on the eastern and western fronts and the last Zeppelin raid on London have caused another outbreak of anti-German feeling in that city," says the Overseas News Agency. It adds:

"There have been numerous arrests, mostly of Germans who have been naturalized in England, young men and women who had previously been arrested and released, and there has been a revival of the panic over espionage."

CHARITIES

OUR NURSING VISITS

The one thought we have is to teach the mother.

THE BABIES' HOSPITAL
55th St. at Lexington Ave.

YOM KIPPUR OBSERVED.

New York Jews Fill the Synagogues —Silverman Lauds Wilson.

At sunset last night began the celebration of Yom Kippur, the Jewish Day of Atonement, the most solemn of all holy days of the Hebrew year, which is observed by religious Jews the world over with fasting, prayer, and services. It was made notable last night by special prayers in all New York synagogues for the Jewish soldiers who have fallen in the war. Most of the services lasted three hours. This morning at 6 o'clock they will begin again and will last until sunset.

On the lower east side everything was closed last night to allow the inhabitants ot crowd inot the synagogues.

The oldest congregation in New York, the Spanish-Portuguese Synagogue, observed Yom Kippur for the 265th time in its building at 99 Central Park West. Two services were held at once—the Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes preaching in the upper auditorium, and Assistant Rabbi David Defola oPol downstairs. The services were in charge of Louis Napoleon Levy.

At Temple Emanu-l, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street, the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman preachedu on "The Perfect Man vs. the Superman." In dealing with the manifestation of sesitive and not merely negative virtues which characterizes the perfect man he said:

"There is too much sex emphasis in our modern life as it manifested in our literature, especially in fiction. The popular drama today is altogether licentious and modern dancing is more or less unrefined. Some very good women are trying hard to abolish sex in the political world; they would do better for humanity did they try to minimize it in the social world.

"The perfect man," Dr. Silverman continued, "is the one who seeks the highest development of human nature and universal peace. He is represented in this country by President Wilson, who has shown a wonderful reserve and repression born of self-conscious rectitude and of indomitable will not to be swerved from the path of truth, justice, virtue, and peace.

"Ex-Governor Slaton of Georgia is another example of human perfection. He rose above the clamor of the crowd and rescued Leo M. Frank from the jaws of death. But black night set in again in eGorgia and the frenzied mob wreaked vengenace and violated the laws of its own State."

The superman, said Dr. Silverman, and the ideas represented by this concept, were responsibe for the war in Europe.

At the Temple Beth-El, Fifth Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street, the Rev. Dr. S. Schulman spoke on sin and sanctification. "For every human being," he said, "the sense of sin is most precious for his spiritual life. We are ethical people, we moderns claim, but not religious people.

"It is a tried and sorrow-laden people that approaches its God on a night like this; and though the persecution in many lands has ceased, there is no land in which the Jew is not called upon to suffer merely because he is a Jew.

"If Israel has suffered in the past because of the sins of the world he suffers threefold and fivefold because of the iniquities of nations. The world was has cut deepest into Israel. Our people have been called upon to give up 500,000 men to the various armies in the world conflict.

"I am sure that the hardships of our own poor will be increased in the coming Winter because of the world-wide catastrophe, and yet I must mingle my appeal for the poor of this city with an appeal for our suffering brethren abroad. It is our intentoion to divide the collection tonight, giving one-half for the work of the sisterhood and the other half to the American Jewish Relief Committee to be sent abroad for the war sufferers.

"American Israel is on trial. If it is to vindicate its reputation it must show the world that it is loyal to the great Jewish heritage, that the great Jewish heart is alive and sound as of yore. Not the paltry sum of $1,000,000 is sufficient as a gift from this free, prosperous, peaceful land, but five times as much would only begin to be the adequate response to the demand and the worthy expression of Jewish brotherhood and Jewish humanity."

At the Temple Israel, 120th Street and Lenox Avenue, the Rev. Dr. Maurice H. Harris spoke on "The Sanctification of the Name."

In the Temple Rodolph Sholom, Sixty-third Street and Lexington Avenue, Rabbi Rudolph Grossman spoke on "The Moral Failure of Our Cvilization."

BRYAN REQUESTED TO GO TO EUROPE

Editors of Foreign Language Papers Want Him to Start Peace Movement.

HE WILL THINK IT OVER

May Go at Own Expense "to Represent Peace Sentiment of United States," He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Former Secretary of State William Jennings Bryan, who reached Washington yesterday afternoon after two months' absence in the West in support of peace sentiment, met in conference twice today representatives of foreign-language newspapers published in the United States to discuss their suggestion that he go abroad to attempt to bring about a movement toward peace.

In his final reply to the editors, Mr. Bryan said he would take the request under advisement.

"If I go," he said, "it will be at my own expense and not as a spokesman of any special group."

The composition of the movement among the foreign-language newspaper publishers embraced, in the description of it given out by Dr. William Forgo of New York, who headed the small party which met Mr. Bryan, practically the entire foreign-language press of the country. In the organized effort to bring about peace preliminaries Dr. Forgo said there were several score of prominent leaders of the foreign population of the country.

In his final reply to the delegation, which Mr. Bryan gave out this evening, he said:

"I appreciate very much the honor you do me in suggesting that I visit Europe in the interest of peace. During the last three months this suggestion has come to me from several sources, but heretofore it has come from individuals who felt only a general interest in the subject.

"I need not assure you that I share your desire for peace and am willing to do anything in my power to hasten it. The service that any one person can render in such a matter is, of course, small, but each one is in duty bound to do what he can, and I am willing to do my part. Whether it is wise for me to undertake a trip to Europe is a question which I am not now prepared to decide, and I am sure you will allow me to take the matter under advisement. Even if it is impossible to exert any influence toward the hastening of peace, a trip to the neutral countries might give me information that I could use in the work which lies before me here, namely, the maintaining of neutrality and the prevention of a preparedness that provokes rather than prevents war.

"It is possible also that I might contribute something toward the extension of the peace plan to which our country is committed, and which I confidently look upon as a powerful influence for the prevention of war. Among the thirty nations that have already entered into these treaties are four of the belligerent nations, namely, Great Britain, France, Russia, and Italy. The fact that we have treaties with these nations enables us to carry on our diplomatic disputes with them without any of the sensation that has attended our correspondence with Germany. Germany, Austria, and Belgium have indorsed the principle, but have not yet signed treaties.

"As this treaty plan was offered to all the nations, and has not been withdrawn, I take it for granted that our Government would gladly enter into treaties with Germany, Austria, and Belgium similar to the treaties we have with the other countries, and such treaties would silence the jingo press, and, to a large extent, remove the excuse which has been used for the propagation of the doctrine of greater preparedness. Having great faith in the plan, and having negotiated the other treaties, I might be able to present the case more strongly in personal interviews than I was able to do by diplomatic correspondence, and now that the advantage of these treaties has been made more apparent, it is possible that Germany, Austria, and Belgium might be willing to enter into such treaties. I mention these as matters worthy of consideration, and shall myself give them weight in reaching a conclusion.

"If I decide to go, it will be as already indicated, at my own expense, and not as the spokesman of any special group, but rather as a representative of the peace sentiment of the United States, which includes a vast majority of our people. If I go it will not be as the partisan of either side, but as one friendly to all with freedom to go wherever it seems best to go and to say whatever it seems wise to say, with a view to contributing to our nation's security and toward the peace of the world."

When asked what was his plan of action in the line of peace work based on Henry Ford's dedication of a $10,000,000 fund for that purpose, Mr. Bryan said:

"I have heard nothing of Mr. Ford's plan in that respect. I met him in Detroit, and in the course of our conversation we talked of peace. We also talked of the preparedness propaganda. But we did not discuss the expenditure of any money."

Dr. Forgo said to the newspaper men that the sole object of the visit of his party to Washington was to induce Mr. Bryan to go to Europe to seek a hearing at the capitals of the belligerent nations for an appeal for peace. He said an appeal to the American people to abandon the making of munitions of war for the belligerents had seemingly failed, and therefore an effort would be made in another direction.

Not Interested in Bryan's Trip.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A few evening papers of today contain the report from Washington that a Dr. Forgo had a conference with ex-Secretary Bryan in the name of the foreign language editors of the United States.

We wish emphatically to state that this association, composed of 742 foreign-language newspapers, is not identified in any way with this conference. Our editors are not interested in Mr. Bryan's proposed trip to Europe. We have already received protests from our papers stating that Dr. Forgo does not represent the foreign-language press, and we hope that you will make this clear in your paper.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF FOREIGN LANGUAGE NEWSPAPERS, Inc.
LOUIS N. HAMMERLING, President.
New York, Sept. 17, 1915.

SERBS SILENCE FOES' GUNS.

Also Prevent Austrian Attempts to Cross the River Save.

NISH, Serbia, Sept. 16, (via London, Sept. 17, delayed in transmission.)—The Serbian War Office today made public the following official communication:

On Sept. 12 and 13 small enemy detachments attempted to cross the River Drina at Vishegrad, opposite Gouing Glave, but were repulsed.

On the 13th, on the Danube front, we prevented the construction of fortification works on the left bank of the river opposite Adcale.

On the Save front opposite Belgrade there has been a duel between our artillery and that of the enemy posted on the heights of Bjany. The enemy's guns were soon silenced.

On the night of the 12th-13th an enemy detachment succeeded in crossing the Save near Zasavitza, but was routed by one of our patrols. The night of Sept. 13-14 the enemy attempted to cross the Save near Carchnitza with two barges filled with soldiers, but we prevented him from crossing.

On the 14th, on the Danube front, we prevented the erection of fortifications near Bajscia. On the 14th-15th, on the Save front, the enemy attempted to cross the Save in the vicinity of Urtame with two boats, but was repulsed.

SAYS FRANCE IS FORGETFUL.

M. Deschanel Wants the Lessons of the War Taught to Children.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—The Ministry of Public Instruction will distribute tomorrow to all the school teachers in France a manual of information on what they should have in mind in teaching history to the children in their classes.

The manual contains a lengthy letter from Paul Deschanel, President of the Chamber of Deputies, who declares that France is so generous that she forgets too easily. He recalls documents relating to the war of 1870, with details of evidence that was adduced to show various atrocities committed by the invaders of France.

The President of the Chamber admonishes the teachers not to let their charges forget the lesson of 1914-15, as did their elders the lesson of 1870-71.

GERARD CONFERS WITH VON JAGOW

Continued from Page 1.

calm attitude, and the fact that negotiations are under way at Washington admits of the conclusion that he is willing to seek that peaceable understanding with Germany which is so feared in London and Paris.

"A friendly settlement of the dispute would be an important diplomatic victory for both the American and German Governments. If the negotiations lead to a favorable outcome, Berlin and Washington will hope for results that cannot now be estimated."

The Cologne Gazette says: "This intention to discuss the matter confidentially is to be greeted as a genuinely earnest step on the part of America. No great difficulties should stand in the way of a peaceful settlement, once the negotiations with the German Government are withdrawn from the sphere of influence of the antagonistic British and American press and conducted on the basis of pure fact. Where there's a will there's a way."

The Lokalanzeiger says: "It is by no means a bad idea that, as announced in dispatches from New York, the understanding in regard to difficult questions which is sought by responsible officials will be best achieved by discussion among the negotiators. When the strategists of suspicion stand before the door waiting to snap up each word that passes back and forth and put it on the wire in the accustomed distorted manner there must exist suspicion, or at least uneasiness. Under such circumstances it is almost impossible to accomplish good work. Even the American press, in so far as it blows the horn of England without criticism, does not bother itself in the slightest about results or a lack of results in line with the intentions of the Government if it can only procure new material each day to appease its hunger for sensations. It would be a praiseworthy thing if President Wilson and Secretary Lansing would remove themselves from the supervision of this Anglo-American provocation society."

The Tageblatt has this to say: "If one desires an honorable and unreserved understanding with America, it must be admitted that the notes previously exchanged hardly lent themselves to this purpose. Naturally, the standpoints of the two Governments were expressed in these notes in a somewhat declamatory manner, for the benefit of the rest of the world. The manner in which the British press, in and out of England, published the exchange of opinions and stirred up political opponents in America may have made the newly proposed method desirable to the American Government. A premise for success, however, is that the American Government knows how to guard against espionage and the activity of agents of the British press; otherwise 'misunderstandings' will not cease, even with confidential confidences."

Assails Our Attitude.

Under the heading "Freedom of the Seas" the Boersen Zeitung takes America to task for her attitude in regard to submarine warfare. It is a remarkable coincidence, this newspaper says, that two nations which apparently are striving for the same goal should become involved in such serious differences of opinion. The article continues:

"America based her protest against German naval warfare on the contention that she, as the most important neutral, has a commission to fight with all her strength for the freedom of the seas. Germany desires the same thing. That is, she is contending against England's arrogant claim to naval supremacy. Since her naval forces do not match Britain's she has to resort to the new and unusual means of submarine warfare, in order to counteract British activities in oppressing not only German trade but the trade of neutrals.

"We admit neutrals must suffer thereby, but they should be willing to make sacrifices for the good cause, if they properly appreciate the situation; the more so as they are called upon to suffer by giving up trade in contraband. In Washington one evidently closes one's eyes to this obvious fact, since a very considerable trade in war materials is involved. Washington claims exceptions for itself and for American citizens. It argues that these citizens must be exempt from the danger of war, even though they venture into the danger zone, which has been labeled as such. That is the more unreasonable since the same right is not demanded of England. Similar claims might be made concerning warfare on land, which would lead to impossible situations.

"He who ventures into the territory of military operations is conscious of the dangers involved, and often must bear lamentable consequences. That is a platitude, which no one who approaches the question without prejudice can avoid."

WASHINGTON EXPECTS VICTORY

Believes Germany Will Yield After Studying the Arabic Evidence.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Newspaper dispatches from Berlin are being carefully scrutinized in Washington, where it is thoroughly understood that the possibility of a peaceful solution of the issue between Germany and the United States hangs upon the decision of Germany and its forthcoming statement of position.

While there is a puzzling conflict in Berlin newspaper dispatches, the best understanding of the situation in Washington agrees with the optimistic statement in the dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES from its staff correspondent in Berlin, this morning. Ever since Count von Bernstorff conferred with Secretary Lansing last Monday, it has been the belief in inner circles in Washington that Germany would modify its previously stated position in the Arabic case, after a careful examination of the evidence.

It is true taht President Wilson was disappointed and provoked over the position which Germany appeared to have taken in the Arabic memorandum by the assertion that it could not recognize any obligation for indemnity even if the submarine commander was mistaken as to the alleged aggressive intentions of the commander of the Arabic. Throughout the controversy it has been known that President Wilson was unwilling to arbitrate the question of the loss of human lives. Count von Bernstorff, it is believed, has a precise appreciation of the attitude of the President and, as a result of his conference with Secretary Lansing, the Ambassador understands clearly that the United States Government wants a disavowal of the action of the submarine commander who attacked the Arabic.

Cable messages from Berlin telling of the receipt by Ambassador Gerard of a long message from Count von Bernstorff, for delivery to the German Foreign Office, are believed here to incorrectly state the facts. It is understood that the evidence in possession of the State Department in the Arabic case was not handed to Count von Bernstorff, but was sent to Ambassador Gerard for delivery. This is probably the message, alluded to in the cable dispatches, which Ambassador Gerard has just delivered. Count von Bernstorf, it is understood, was taken into the confidence of the State Department as to the character of this evidence, and made his own report to the Berlin Foreign Office.

Secretary Lansing had a general conference with President Wilson just before leaving Washington for a ten-day vacation. It is not expected that the reply of the German Government will reach Washington for ten days, and by that time Secretary Lansing expects to be back at his desk.

CHARITIES.

This Hospital gives the LAST CHANCE

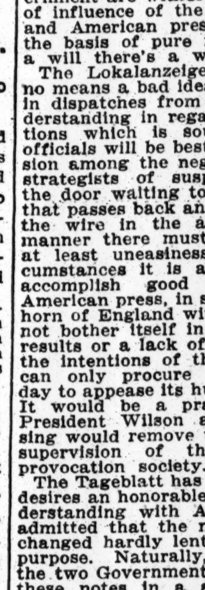
to hundreds of men, women and children. In the stifling tenement in Summer, the consumptive grows hourly weaker, the terrible cough stronger. One writes that he was "heartened" by the promise from THE HOSPITAL AND HOUSE OF REST FOR CONSUMPTIVES at Inwood-on-Hudson, New York City, that his name would be placed on the waiting list for the first possible vacancy.

Applications do not lessen in number; the grim fight with disease in its worst form goes on. This hospital holds out every hope for the incipient by giving him the weapons needed in his battle for health. You can aid in providing.

Do Not Forget These Sufferers While Absent From the City.

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Woodbury G. Langdon, Pres.; Andrew C. Zabriskie, Vice-Pres.; Howard Townsend, Sec'y.

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GENERAL ADM., $2.00. GRAND STAND RESERVE SEATS (extra), $3.00. OPEN STAND SEATS, NOT RESERVED (extra), $1.00.

Boxes holding six persons, including admission, $50, $75, $100 and $150.

Parking Space FREE to persons holding Boxes and Grand Stand Seats.

Parking space within oval fronting homestretch:

FIRST ROW.................$25.00
SECOND ROW...............$15.00

These prices do not include Admission Tickets.

All other parking spaces in oval, $5.00, not including admission.

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FRANCE AT THE MOMENT. By George B. McClellan of Princeton.

"MOVE THE STATUE OF LIBERTY," says Joseph Pennell, with a sketch by him showing where it should be.

"IS WOMAN BIOLOGICALLY BARRED FROM GREAT ACHIEVEMENT?" By Rheta Childe Dorr.

WHAT THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION ACCOMPLISHED. By Herbert Parsons.

RECOLLECTIONS OF SIR WILLIAM VAN HORNE. By Joseph B. Gilder.

SHOULD THE WARRIOR OF TODAY WEAR ARMOR? By Prof. Bashford Dean of the Metropolitan Museum.

SEVEN NOTABLE WAR SONNETS. By George Edward Woodberry.

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

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The mother-heart in every woman will respond to this optimistic and colorful story of a baby in the bright lights and the cabaret dancer who looks out for and lives up to little "Billy," arriving in the end at her own romance.

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The Testing of Janice Day

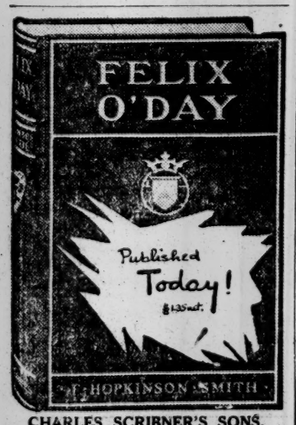
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BRYAN REQUESTED TO GO TO EUROPE

Editors of Foreign Language Papers Want Him to Start Peace Movement.

HE WILL THINK IT OVER

May Go at Own Expense "to Represent Peace Sentiment of United States," He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Former Secretary of State William Jennings Bryan, who reached Washington yesterday afternoon after two months' absence in the West in support of peace sentiment, met in conference twice today representatives of foreign-language newspapers published in the United States to discuss their suggestion that he go abroad to attempt to bring about a movement toward peace.

In his final reply to the editors, Mr. Bryan said he would take the request under advisement.

"If I go," he said, "it will be at my own expense and not as a spokesman of any special group."

The composition of the movement among the foreign-language newspaper publishers embraced, in the description of it given out by Dr. William Forgo of New York, who headed the small party which met Mr. Bryan, practically the entire foreign-language press of the country. In the organized effort to bring about peace preliminaries Dr. Forgo said there were several score of prominent leaders of the foreign population of the country.

In his final reply to the delegation, which Mr. Bryan gave out this evening, he said:

"I appreciate very much the honor you do me in suggesting that I visit Europe in the interest of peace. During the last three months this suggestion has come to me from several sources, but heretofore it has come from individuals who felt only a general interest in the subject.

"I need not assure you that I share your desire for peace and am willing to do anything in my power to hasten it. The service that any one person can render in such a matter is, of course, small, but each one is in duty bound to do what he can, and I am willing to do my part. Whether it is wise for me to undertake a trip to Europe is a question which I am not now prepared to decide, and I am sure you will allow me to take the matter under advisement. Even if it is impossible to exert any influence toward the hastening of peace, a trip to the neutral countries might give me information that I could use in the work which lies before us here, namely, the maintaining of neutrality and the prevention of a preparedness that provokes rather than prevents war.

"It is possible also that I might contribute something toward the extension of the peace plan to which our country is committed, and which I confidently look upon as a powerful influence for the prevention of war. Among the thirty nations that have already entered into these treaties are four of the belligerent nations, namely, Great Britain, France, Russia, and Italy. The fact that we have treaties with these nations enables us to carry on our diplomatic disputes with them without any of the sensation that has attended our correspondence with Germany. Germany, Austria, and Belgium have indorsed the principle, but have not yet signed treaties.

"As this treaty plan was offered to all the nations, and has not been withdrawn, I take it for granted that our Government would gladly enter into treaties with Germany, Austria, and Belgium similar to the treaties we have with the other countries, and such treaties would silence the jingo press, and, to a large extent, remove the excuse which has been used for the propagation of the doctrine of greater preparedness. Having great faith in the plan, and having negotiated the other treaties, I might be able to present the case more strongly in personal interviews than I was able to do by diplomatic correspondence, and now that the advantage of these treaties has been made more apparent, it is possible that Germany, Austria, and Belgium might be willing to enter into such treaties. I mention these as matters worthy of consideration, and shall myself give them weight in reaching a conclusion.

"If I decide to go, it will be as already indicated, at my own expense, and not as the spokesman of any special group, but rather as a representative of the peace sentiment of the United States, which includes a vast majority of our people. If I go it will not be as the partisan of either side, but as one friendly to all with freedom to go wherever it seems best to go and to say whatever it seems wise to say, with a view to contributing to our nation's security and toward the peace of the world."

When asked what was his plan of action in the line of peace work based on Henry Ford's dedication of a $10,000,000 fund for that purpose, Mr. Bryan said:

"I have heard nothing of Mr. Ford's plan in that respect. I met him in Detroit, and in the course of our conversation we talked of peace. We also talked of the preparedness propaganda. But we did not discuss the expenditure of any money."

Dr. Forgo said to the newspaper men that the sole object of the visit of his party to Washington was to induce Mr. Bryan to go to Europe to seek a hearing at the capitals of the belligerent nations for an appeal for peace. He said an appeal to the American people to abandon the making of munitions of war for the belligerents had seemingly failed, and therefore an effort would be made in another direction.

Not Interested in Bryan's Trip.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A few evening papers of today contain the report from Washington that a Dr. Forgo had a conference with ex-Secretary Bryan in the name of the foreign language editors of the United States.

We wish emphatically to state that this association, composed of 742 foreign-language newspapers, is not identified in any way with this conference. Our editors are not interested in Mr. Bryan's proposed trip to Europe. We have already received protests from our papers stating that Dr. Forgo does not represent the foreign-language press, and we hope that you will make this clear in your paper.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF FOREIGN LANGUAGE NEWSPAPERS, Inc.
LOUIS N. HAMMERLING, President.
New York, Sept. 17, 1915.

FIRE ON A FRENCH LINER.

Blaze in Hold of the Ladrone, Bound for This Port, Extinguished.

FAYAL, Azores, Sept. 17, (via London.)—The steamer Roma of the Fabre Line, from New York, Sept. 8, for Lisbon, reports by wireless that on Sept. 14 she passed the steamer Ladrome of the French Line, from Bordeaux, Aug. 31, for New York, in latitude 40 north and longitude 40 west, where she had stopped to repair a bilge pipe.

The Ladrome had seven feet of water in hold No. 2, where a fire that had broken out had been extinguished. She did not require assistance.

The steamer Moorish Prince, from Brest for New York, has reported by wireless that she is proceeding to the Azores towing the Japanese steamer Indo Maru, from London, Sept. 5, for Philadelphia, the Indo Maru having broken a shaft.

ADRIATIC AT LIVERPOOL.

White Star Liner Believed to Have Gone Around North of Ireland.

The agents of the White Star Line received a cable message from Liverpool yesterday announcing that the Adriatic had arrived there safely that morning with 190 passengers of all classes, including Squadron Commander John C. Porte. She also had 16,000 tons of cargo consigned to the Government, which included 150 motor trucks and several aeroplanes.

On her last eastward voyage the Adriatic reached Liverpool on Wednesday afternoon, but on this voyage Captain Hayes evidently changed his course and went around the north of Ireland instead of the south coast.

BALTIC IN; TOOK NEW COURSE.

White Star Liner Avoided Lane Infested by Submarines.

Passengers on the White Star liner Baltic, which arrived yesterday from Liverpool, said the ship had come round the north of Ireland, passing Tory Island, instead of the Fastnet on the southwest coast, to avoid German submarines. Notices were posted aboard the steamer, warning the passengers that no lights would be allowed while the steamer was passing through the danger zone. The voyage was without incident except a delay by fog off the Grand Banks.

William C. Ward, Chairman of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, returned on the Baltic with his wife, on his way to Vancouver, B. C. He has retired from business.

"After the war is over," Mr. Ward said, "a wave of prosperity will flow over the United States which will be greater than any similar in the history of the country. Young men who have been complaining that they have not had the chances enjoyed by their forefathers will have a golden opportunity to make fortunes, and the young men who have brains and energy will profit by it."

BANK TELLER GONE; AUTO LEFT IN POND

Continued from Page 1.

after that with another man as the machine passed through Stamford.

Representatives of Mr. Bradley's employers this afternoon traced the route known to have been taken by Mr. Bradley and made inquiries. They were also interested in the companion who was seen in Mr. Bradley's automobile. They said that two fellow-employes of Mr. Bradley had been spending vacations near Stamford.

The mother and sister of Mrs. Bradley are on the verge of breakdown from worry over his disappearance.

A woman answered the telephone at the home of Harry S. Bradley at Woodhaven, L. I., last night and admitting that Bradley was missing, said he was employed by the Merchants National Bank in this city. She did not say who she was, but evinced much interest in Bradley's case.

"I have nothing further to say," she said when questioned.

When reminded that any publication about the case might aid in finding Bradley, she replied:

"We have plenty of help already."

Robert M. Gallaway, President of the Merchants National Bank, lives in Westwood, N. J. He could not be reached last night. Mr. Gallaway's son said, however, that he had never heard of any bank employe named Bradley and that he had heard nothing of the disappearance of any bank teller. His father had not mentioned it, he said.

Owen E. Paynter, one of the assistant cashiers of the Merchants National Bank, who lives in Brooklyn, heard of Bradley's disappearance last night from a reporter for THE TIMES. He listened to the details, but refused to comment on the case and would not affirm or deny that he knew Bradley.

On Sept. 19, 1914, Harold Bradley, 2 years old, met with injuries which ceused his death when he was thrown from an automobile driven by his father, Henry S. Bradley, which struck a machine driven by Ferris A. Overfield of 318 Arlington Avenue, East New York. Mrs. Bradley was painfully hurt in the accident, and her mother, Mrs. James Little, suffered a fracture of the left leg.

FIGHT TWO BATTLES ACROSS RIO GRANDE

Troopers Attacked at Brownsville and Donna—Report Many Mexicans Hit.

MATAMOROS MOB AROUSED

Demands Guns to Attack American Soldiers — Carranza Officers Clear Their Side of River.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Sept. 17.—American cavalrymen had two fights with Mexicans across the Rio Grande today, one here and one near Donna, about sixty miles up the river. In both clashes the American soldiers were fired upon and returned the fire without themselves suffering any casualties.

Ten American cavalrymen in the Donna fight, which lasted two hours and a half this afternoon, reported they were fired upon by about forty or fifty Mexicans, and believed that they had hit seventeen Mexicans.

Twenty American cavalrymen fought on the outskirts of Brownsville for half an hour with Mexicans on the opposite bank of the river. After the fight one Carranza soldier was taken to Matamoros, probably fatally wounded, but tonight Carranza officers denied emphatically that any of their men joined in the battle.

Colonel A. P. Blocksom, American commander at Fort Brown here, reported to Major General Funston at San Antonio tonight that the Mexicans started the firing near Brownsville.

Immediately after the battle a small mob formed in Matamoros, about the headquarters of General E. P. Nafarrate, Carranza commander, shouting, "Give us guns!"

They had heard the rifle shots and were angered by reports that their people had been fired upon. General Nafarrate refused their demands. He sent his Chief of Staff, Colonel P. A. Chapa, to investigate, and Colonel Chapa took United States Consul Jesse H. Johnson with him to the Mexican side of the battleground.

Mr. Johnson found some evidence to support the Mexican soldiers' claim that they were not implicated in the fight, but after coming to Brownsville to learn the American version Mr. Johnson said he was convinced that Colonel Chapa had not yet been put in possession of all the facts.

The trouble at Brownsville began when Juan Diego, a Mexican resident of Brownsville, reported to Colonel Blocksom that for two or three days snipers on the Mexican side had been shooting into his ranch on the river front. This morning, Diego said, a bullet struck his house, and another killed one of his horses. Colonel Blocksom sent Lieutenant E. L. N. Glass with a detachment of Troop C, Third Cavalery, to investigate. Arriving at the Diego ranch house, Lieutenant Glass heard a shot near the river.

He divided his command into two squads, sending one up the river and himself leading the other down the river. Glass himself went out upon the river, where half a dozen rifles opened fire on him, and Glass replied with a pistol, while his men came forward on a run, opening fire on the Mexicans.

The firing died down when the Glass detachment had used a few rounds. His men reported that they saw two Mexicans run to cover and also reported they could see seven or eight other men approaching from up the river on the Mexican side. However, before these reinforcements reached the Mexican position they were engaged by the detachment which Glass had sent up the river. Then a lull came and two Mexican officers rode up on horses, waving their swords.

Glass stepped from cover, signaling that he wished to talk. He asked what the firing by the Mexicans meant.

The officer, after a few questions, replied, according to Glass, that they were only irresponsible fellows.

Then these officers, using swords as whips, were seen to drive some men away from the levee.

CONFERENCE HERE TODAY.

Villa Faction Attacks Carranza's Invitation to Envoys.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17. — Robert Lansing, the Secretary of State, left Washington at 4 o'clock this afternoon to attend the meeting of the Pan-American Conference on Mexican Affairs, to be held at the Hotel Biltmore in New York tomorrow afternoon. He will meet the Ambassadors from Argentina, Brazil, and Chile and the Ministers from Bolivia, Uruguay, and Guatemala. The conference will have before it the reply of General Carranza, as well as those of Generals Villa and Zapata, and the other Mexican leaders whom the Pan-American conferees more than a month ago urged to send delegates to a conference of Mexicans to consider the solution of that country's internal problem.

The conference is expected to accept Carranza's counterproposal to confer with him through delegates. It was stated in official circles today that the acceptance of this proposal would not necessarily mean the recognition of Carranza, and that before any de facto Government was recognized in Mexico, the Pan-American conferees would hear the delegates from all the factions. These delegations will probably be heard separately in the beginning.

Secretary of State Robert Lansing, who is to preside at the Pan-American Conference, to be held here today for the purpose of discussing the Mexican problem, arrived in New York on the Congressional Limited last night. He was accompanied by Mrs. Lansing, and went to the Biltmore, where the conference will begin at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The Ambassadors and Ministers from the South and Central American countries who will take part in the conference are expected to arrive here this morning.

Secretary Lansing declined last night to talk of the coming conference, and said that nothing would be given out until after its adjournment this afternoon.

A member of the Secretary's party said that the Secretary had no appointment with, and did not expect to see, Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, while in New York.

YOM KIPPUR FILLS SYNAGOGUES HERE

New York Jews Offer Special Prayers for Brethren Fallen in the War.

SILVERMAN LAUDS WILSON

Calls the President and Ex-Governor Slaton Examples of the Perfect Man.

At sunset last night began the celebration of Yom Kippur, the Jewish Day of Atonement, the most solemn of all holy days of the Hebrew year, which is observed by religious Jews the world over with fasting, prayer, and services. It was made notable last night by special prayers in all New York synagogues for the Jewish soldiers who have fallen in the war. Most of the services lasted three hours. This morning at 6 o'clock they will begin again and will last until sunset.

On the lower east side everything was closed last night to allow the inhabitants to crowd into the synagogues.

The oldest congregation in New York, the Spanish-Portuguese Synagogue, observed Yom Kippur for the 265th time in its building at 99 Central Park West. Two services were held at once—the Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes preaching in the upper auditorium, and Assistant Rabbi David De Sola Pool downstairs. The services were in charge of Louis Napoleon Levy.

At Temple Emanu-El, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street, the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman preached on "The Perfect Man vs. the Superman." In dealing with the manifestation of positive and not merely negative virtues which characterizes the perfect man he said:

"There is too much sex emphasis in our modern life as it is manifested in our literature, especially in fiction. The popular drama today is altogether licentious and modern dancing is more or less unrefined. Some very good women are trying hard to abolish sex in the political world; they would do better for humanity did they try to minimize it in the social world.

"The perfect man," Dr. Silverman continued, "is the one who seeks the highest development of human nature and universal peace. He is represented in this country by President Wilson, who has shown a wonderful reserve and repression born of self-conscious rectitude and of indomitable will not to be swerved from the path of truth, justice, virtue, and peace.

"Ex-Governor Slaton of Georgia is another example of human perfection. He rose above the clamor of the crowd and rescued Leo M. Frank from the jaws of death. But black night set in again in Georgia and the frenzied mob wreaked vengeance and violated the laws of its own State."

The superman, said Dr. Silverman, and the ideas represented by this concept, were responsible for the war in Europe.

At the Temple Beth-El, Fifth Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street, the Rev. Dr. S. Schulman spoke on sin and sanctification. "For every human being," he said, "the sense of sin is most precious for his spiritual life. We are ethical people, we moderns claim, but not religious people.

"It is a tried and sorrow-laden people that approaches its God on a night like this; and though the persecution in many lands has ceased, there is no land in which the Jew is not called upon to suffer merely because he is a Jew.

"If Israel has suffered in the past because of the sins of the world she suffers today threefold and fivefold because of the iniquities of nations. The world was has cut deepest into Israel. Our people have been called upon to give up 500,000 men to the various armies in the world conflict.

"I am sure that the hardships of our own poor will be increased in the coming Winter because of the world-wide catastrophe, and yet I must mingle my appeal for the poor of this city with an appeal for our suffering brethren abroad. It is our intention to divide the collection tonight, giving one-half for the work of the sisterhood and the other half to the American Jewish Relief Committee to be sent abroad for the war sufferers.

"American Israel is on trial. If it is to vindicate its reputation it must show the world that it is loyal to the great Jewish heritage, that the great Jewish heart is alive and sound as of yore. Not the paltry sum of $1,000,000 is sufficient as a gift from this free, prosperous, peaceful land, but five times as much would only begin to be the adequate response to the demand and the worthy expression of Jewish brotherhood and Jewish humanity."

At the Temple Israel, 120th Street and Lenox Avenue, the Rev. Dr. Maurice H. Harris spoke on "The Sanctification of the Name."

In the Temple Rodoph Sholom, Sixty-third Street and Lexington Avenue, Rabbi Rudolph Grossman spoke on "The Moral Failure of Our Civilization."

Horseman's Slayer Gets 20 Years.

Theodore Callabrese, a bootblack, convicted Tuesday of the murder of William H. Green, the horseman, at Hempstead last Winter, was sentenced yesterday to hard labor in Sing Sing for twenty years, by Supreme Court Justice Walter H. Jaycox at Mineola. Callabrese protested his innocence while receiving sentence.



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Hundreds upon hundreds of high-grade suits direct from the workrooms of one of America's foremost makers of ready-to-wear clothes go into this big one-day sale.

And you men who want to be smartly dressed for the least cost mustn't miss it, for the sale price is considerably less than you would expect to pay at this stage of the season.

In SILK MIXTURES, STRIPES, PLAIDS, CHECKS AND PLAIN COLORS.

FINE WORSTEDS, CASSIMERES, CHEVIOTS AND VELOURS. The very fabrics now in greatest favor. Great range of new Fall models, including styles for college youths, young business men and men who like to dress conservatively.

Workmanship, linings and trimmings are excellent. Sizes to fit every one.

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In a Great Sale at - - - -

Swagger models in a big range of popular materials in best Fall colors. Sizes 32 to 42 chest measure.

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Scores of patterns in popular fabrics. Best kinds of trousers for business and dress wear.

Men's Finest $2 and $3 Soft Hats and Derbies at $1.45

High-class "samples" and hats from our regular stocks grouped at this price.

HIGH CROWN TELESCOPES, DROP TIPS, FLAT BRIMS, FEDORAS AND PENCIL CURL STYLES.

The qualities are standard.

THE SOFT HATS—in favorite shades of brown, blue, green, steel and pearl; also plain black.

THE DERBIES—in black only.

Boys' Handsome Fall Suits At $2.95, $3.95, and $5

Fall's newest Balkan, Norfolk and Patch Pocket styles in the assortments.

The materials are excellent and include: MIXED CHEVIOTS IN GREYS AND BROWNS, FANCY MIXTURES, BLUE SERGES, HOMESPUNS, ETC.

Some have two pairs of lined Knicker trousers. All sizes from 7 to 17 years.

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Sizes 2½ to 8 years.

"Little Tommy Tucker" and "Wee Wee Georgia" styles; fine wool Serge, Corduroy and all-wool fancy mixtures. Special, at..... $1.95, $2.95 and $3.95

Fall "Foot-Mould" Shoes
For Men, Women, Boys and Girls

Stocks are very attractive as they are, but they will be better with each succeeding day, because of new arrivals.

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Men's, 50c to $1.50 pair
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Main Floor

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Professor of English in Keio University, Tokyo; Author of "Representative Tales of Japan."

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In 1864 a story, strange as anything from the "Arabian Nights," was unearthed in the tomb of a Coptic monk near Deir-el-Medineh. Since then successive discoveries of other stories have been made. These stories M. Maspero has gathered together, and presents here.

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An account of the greatest system of organized thought that the mind of man had built up in the Graeco-Roman world before the coming of Christianity. Dr. Murray exercises his rare faculty for making himself clear and interesting.

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This volume has a bit of the nature of a text-book in that one may study its phrases with the view to improvement of conversation. When the mind is filled with good phrases, they will spring spontaneously to the lips as do good words.

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Dr. Gardner has contributed two earlier volumes to the Crown Theological Library. In his present work he gives us an important study of Pauline Christianity.

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HOPE HILLIS FINANCE WON'T SPLIT CHURCH

"Things Are Better," Says Plymouth Pastor's Attorney After Secret Meeting.

DISSATISFACTION ADMITTED

Trustees and Leaders Hear Clergyman's Side of Stories That Told of Millions Involved.

After the personal finances of the Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, of which Henry Ward Beecher was once pastor, had been discussed for more than two and a half hours yesterday, the hope was confidently expressed that there would be no split in the famous old church.

The meeting was held in the rooms of the New York County Lawyers' Association, 165 Broadway, and Dr. Hillis's affairs were thoroughly discussed by a gathering of Plymouth trustees and governors of Arbuckle Institute, which is allied with the church.

Frederick W. Hinrichs, of 52 Wall Street, Dr. Hillis's personal attorney, called the meeting to order by explaining the inquiries and dissatisfaction that had arisen in the Plymouth congregation because of disturbing reports of the extent and character of the pastor's financial operations.

The meeting was attended by Dr. Hillis, Mr. Hinrichs, Frederick W. Starr, James Bliss Coombs, Otto E. Reimer and about a dozen others. It was held behind closed doors and lasted more than two hours and a half. Only those invited by Mr. Hinrichs were allowed in the room. One man, who said he was a friend of Dr. Hillis, entered the room but soon left and, when questioned, said that he had been requested to leave.

None of those at the meeting, except Mr. Hinrichs, would comment on what took place. Dr. Hillis referred all questioners to Mr. Hinrichs, saying, as did several others, that Mr. Hinrichs was "the spokesman for the meeting."

Hinrichs Speaks Guardedly.

Mr. Hinrichs was a careful and guarded spokesman. He said there had been "inquiries and dissatisfaction" in the church, that persons had come to him for explanations "all Summer," and that he had deemed it advisable to explain "the situation" to the leaders of the church.

"Can you say what the situation is?" he was asked, to which he smiled and replied that he could not.

"Is it cleared up now—are things settled?"

Again the smile and: "Well, I can say that things are better."

The meeting was said to have been composed of Dr. Hillis's chief supporters among the leaders of the church, and Mr. Hinrichs admitted that he hoped to make those who attended it his "spokesmen" to the members of the congregation. He wished them, he said, to carry what they learned at the meeting to the congregation.

"I want to tell the people through those who were present," Mr. Hinrichs explained, "that everything has been looked after."

Mr. Hinrichs said that Dr. Hillis would take up his regular church work, beginning with a sermon next Sunday, and that he did not apprehend any split in the church because of the pastor's financial troubles.

No one could be found yesterday who would say just what thing had caused the most dissatisfaction among Dr. Hillis's parishoners, but the general discussion seemed to be about the minister's financial adventures in coal and timber lands of the West. Several suits in which Dr. Hillis has figured as plaintiff and defendant, have resulted from these adventures, and certain members of the church have asked for an explanation of one in particular in which Dr. Hillis was sued in Portland, Ore., on two notes aggregating more than $12,000.

Nephew Denies Obligation.

The fact of the suit became known last July and, according to a dispatch from Oregon, Dr. Hillis explained that he had obligated himself to the extent of $100,000 to make good the business losses of his two nephews, who, he said, had gone into the timber business with others to whom he had introduced them.

"I felt the responsibility of the losses," he said at the time, "because I had introduced by nephews into business circles."

Such voluntary assumption of obligations not legally binding upon him inspired Mr. Hinrichs and others to compare Dr. Hillis with General Grant, Sir Walter Scott, and Mark Twain, as a man who had mortgaged his financial independence in order to pay off the debts of others for which he felt moral responsibility.

The amount due on the Portland notes, it was explained, was part of the original $100,000, and when they were paid by Dr. Hillis the suit was withdrawn. The matter seemed settled, but it came up for discussion a few weeks later when Percy D. Hillis, one of Dr. Hillis's nephews, sent this telegram to a Brooklyn newspaper:

"Dr. Hillis has never paid nor been asked to pay any of my indebtedness or that of the logging company. Suit at Portland was for work done for him personally, with which I had no connection."

Another suit in which Dr. Hillis was the defendant was brought in Vancouver, B. C., in April, 1911, by Edward Hodgson, a mining engineer, who alleged that Dr. Hillis owed him $50,000 worth of stock in the Western Steel Corporation and $1,000 as salary for work done in connection with the development of coal lands on Graham Island, B. C. At the time Dr. Hillis said he had paid Hodgson in full and did not owe him any money or stock. He had nothing to do with the organization of the company, he said.

In May, 1911, Z. M. Hamilton and others brought suit against Dr. Hillis and James A. Moore, in which it was charged that Dr. Hillis, in obtaining options on the Graham Island coal lands, had fraudulently represented himself as acting for Leigh S. J. Hunt. More than $20,000,000 was said to have been involved in the land transaction. Dr. Hillis denied that he had obtained the options. Frank L. Ferguson, his then personal representative, said that Dr. Hillis had only advanced money to his nephew and Hamilton, and that, for protection, he had taken an assignment of their interests. Later the property was transferred to Moore, and to him Dr. Hillis made an assignment of his interests. It was because of that assignment, which was a necessary legal instrument, Mr. Ferguson said, that Hamilton included Dr. Hillis in his suit against Moore.

In September, 1913, Dr. Hillis sued the Western Timber Holding Company of Portland, in Chicago, for $8,760, which, he alleged, was due him from the company as part payment for timber lands in Alberta, Canada.

Among those at yesterday's meeting was Frederick W. Starr, whose resignation as Acting Chairman of the Board of Trustees was announced on Thursday. Mr. Starr denied emphatically yesterday morning that his resignation bore any relation to Dr. Hillis's affairs, and at the afternon meeting he withdrew it, saying he would retain his office, though it might inconvenience him, rather than have persons erroneously interpret his desire to resign. Before the meeting Mr. Starr said:

What has been said about my resignation is absolutely false. I was temporary Chairman of the Trustees, and I resigned so that the board might be free to choose a permanent Chairman for the work of this Winter. If I had known that people were watching Old Plymouth so I should not have taken the step at this time.

Dr. Hillis is my dearest friend, and I am a stanch admirer of his. I'm a member of the board and I'll stay there. My relations with Plymouth are just as close as they ever were.

Meeting to Quiet Gossip.

To make clear his purpose in calling the meeting, Mr. Hinrichs gave out a statement in the morning that said:

There is no connection between Mr. Starr's resignation and the proposed meeting. Dr. Hillis has been away this Summer for his usual vacation. He is a great worker and is much sought after. He lectured throughout the Summer as has been his wont. Since he has been back I have conferred with him repeatedly. I am well aware of the talk in the church and outside of it about some of his affairs. I have been collecting facts, and it seemed right that I should set before the members of the church the result of my activities and the substance of my advice. I could not call the great church together, nor could I go over the story with every one individually who has approached me, so I have adopted the middle course of asking a score or more to meet me.

No mention of Dr. Hillis's affairs was made at the regular weekly prayer meeting in Plymouth Church last night nor at a regular meeting of the Board of Deacons which followed it. Dr. Hillis did not attend either meeting, but that was not unusual. It was said at his home, 23 Monroe Place, Brooklyn, that he was slightly indisposed and did not wish to see any one.

NO BONDS FOR TEACHERS.

Mayor Says Salary Reduction Is Not to Punish, but to Retrench.

Controller Prendergast in the Board of Estimate yesterday temporarily defeated the proposal to issue $87,600 special revenue bonds to cover teachers' promotions. President Churchill of the Board of Education asked the board to pass the bonds, saying that it was not an increase but a promotion to a higher grade, and that the teachers were entitled to the higher pay, as about 2,000 teachers in the grade were already getting the compensation of that grade.

"I understand that you do not favor issuing the bonds," said Borough President Marks.

"I do not," replied the Controller, "and, furthermore, I am not going to vote for the resolution. I do not see, when employes of almost all other departments are subject to retrenchment in their salaries, why teachers should always receive increases."

"If these teachers are entitled to the advance, why punish them?" inquired President Marks.

"Why punish the taxpayers?" retorted the Controller.

"I don't like that word punishment," interposed the Mayor, "and I think it is ill advised to use it. Salaries are being reduced, not as a punishment, but because we must retrench."

DETECTIVE SHOOTS FUGITIVE

Bullet Rebounds from Ground and Fells Alleged Drug Seller.

Angelo Cerniglio, 21 years old, a painter, of 229 East 109th Street, was shot in the side by Detective Clark of the District Attorney's Office, Bronx County, when he refused to stop on the detective's order yesterday. He was taken to Fordham Hospital by Dr. Epstin a prisoner, charged with having narcotics in his possession.

Detectives Clark and Chiquette were assigned to investigate complaints that drug distributers were at work in the neighborhood of 153d Street and Cypress Avenue. They saw Cerniglio step off a car yesterday and start for a vacant lot where three men were seated on rock pile. The detectives started for him at the same time. Cerniglio saw them and began to run. As he did so he threw some packages away, the detectives say.

Clarke called to him to stop or he would shoot. Cerniglio kept on and Clark said he fired a shot into the ground that rebounded and struck the fleeing man in the side. Near by was found a package containing twenty-five "decks" of a white powder, said to be heroin.

WILL OPERATE ON FORAKER.

Ex-Senator Is Very Weak from Outbreak of an Old Malady.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 17.—Ohio political associates of ex-United States Senator Joseph B. Foraker learned today that Mr. Foraker would be operated on within a few hours to overcome results of the outbreak of an old malady. The former Senator has been greatly weakened by overwork.

At Christ Hospital, Cincinnati, today Mr. Foraker was able to sit up, but according to his physician, Dr. Gordon F. McKim, he was in no condition to withstand an operation.

Without the surgical treatment the physician announces Mr. Foraker cannot hope for complete recovery.

POLICE SAY ROFRANO OWNED A FAST BOAT

Missing from Bayport, L. I., Where Detectives Seek Indicted Politician.

MORE MURDER EVIDENCE

District Attorney Gets Bail of Alleged Perjurers Raised to $50,000—Talk of $5,000 Reward.

The police yesterday started a search for a speedy gasoline cruiser which it was reported Michael A. Rofrano, the former Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner indicted for instigating the murder of Mike Gaimari, kept at Bayport, L. I. Rofrano's brother-in-law John La Stina lives at Bayport and Rofrano has spent much time there this Summer.

Residents of Bayport said last night that Rofrano was seen there late on Sunday night. These neighbors said that Rofrano, with his wife and children had lived in the Winters' cottage in Main Street.

Four of the fifty and more detectives directly engaged in the hunt for Rofrano went to Bayport yesterday and questioned many of Rofrano's neighbors. It is said they found that Rofrano did not leave Bayport on his yacht, but the boat was missing, and had been for several days. The detectives asked persons in Bayport to keep a sharp lookout for the craft, and to notify the police if it were seen. On a report that the boat had been seen in Bridgeport yesterday, an alarm was sent to all harbors in Connecticut.

Joseph West, a Bayport barber, who knows Rofrano, told a customer yesterday that he knew the whereabouts of the fugitive.

"Do you really know where Rofrano is?" a reporter asked West last night.

"I knew yesterday," was the reply. "I can't say whether I know where he is now or not, but I won't tell the newspapers anything."

The failure of the police to find Rofrano gave rise to a report last night that a reward of $5,000 would be offered for his capture within the next few days. Mayor Mitchel is empowered under the law to offer such a reward. To stir the uniformed police to greater efforts Acting Commissioner Godley yesterday announced that the patrolman who finds Rofrano and takes him to a police station will be immediately promoted to detective.

The police and the District Attorney's office yesterday received many anonymous telephone messages telling where Rofrano might be found. The number of detectives assigned to the case was increased to fifty in order to run down the more promising of these clues, but District Attorney Perkins admitted last night he knew no more about Rofrano's whereabouts than when the search for him started last Monday.

"We have no information as to his whereabouts or intentions," said Mr. Perkins. "All statements that we have received are false, you may say for me."

The District Attorney's office has unearthed a plot to disfigure Mrs. Mary Agnes Giamairi, the widow of the murdered man, by slashing her cheek. The disfigurement threatened is of a form frequently used by Italians to get revenge on one whom they regard as a traitor. Mrs. Giamairi testified against Montimagno, convicted of the actual killing of her husband.

Assistant District Attorney Brothers yesterday got together more evidence tending to connect Rofrano with political murders in the Second Assembly District. He intends to submit to the Grand Jury when it reconvenes evidence showing that Rofrano sent Rocco Leggiard to the Tombs to tell Tony and Joseph La Salle, since convicted of the murder of James Minnott, a Foley supporter, to hold their tongues. The District Attorney's office is in possession of a slip of paper handed to Mrs. Dora La Salle at the close of the Montimagno trial, with instructions to see the man whose name was written on the paper. That name was "Michael A. Rofrano."

Mr. Brothers said last night that he had been told by Joseph La Salle that Rofrano had sent him word in the Tombs to keep quiet, and that Rofrano had seen the authorities and that the case had been "fixed." After the brothers had been sent to Sing Sing under twenty-year sentences Rofrano, it is alleged, told them he was influencing the Governor in their behalf. Joseph La Salle has also told Mr. Brothers that Rofrano promised his brother Antonio a pardon if he wouldn't talk. La Salle said that once Rofrano showed him a telegram from Albany concerning his and his brother's case.

La Salle also said that for many days before the shooting Gaimari's house at 142 Cherry Street was watched by a hired assassin, who was posted in a furnished room across the street. This house, La Salle said, is still owned by Rofrano, who owns from 129 to 135 Cherry Street.

The police have distributed more than 85,000 circulars with a picture and description of Rofrano, posting a circular in every ferry and railroad station and in every subway and elevated station. Operators in all public telephone stations have also received the circulars.

The police admit the frequent hint that Rofrano is still in Manhattan. They believe it impossible for him to go upon the street without being recognized by the thousands of policemen and street cleaners who know him. In times past many of these men were his friends and associated with him in politics.

Rofrano's two henchmen, Tomasso Porcaro and Joseph Brondini, who were indicted for giving false testimony at the trial of Montimagno, were taken before Judge Mancuso in General Sessions again yesterday and held in $50,000 bail each. The original bail was $25,000.

This is a matter of very great public importance," said District Attorney Perkins, in asking that the bail be doubled. "In view of the facts which I have already stated to Your Honor and in view of other facts which I cannot at this time discuss, I ask that the bail be increased to $50,000."

At his arraignment yesterday Porcaro leaned heavily against the rail and showed signs of a severe nervous strain. He almost broke down when told that he must go back to the Tombs under a doubled bail. The District Attorney's office expects a confession from Porcaro within a few days. Porcaro's confession may reveal the activities of another well-known man against whom the Grand Jury may be asked to find an indictment next week.

LAYS FAILURE TO BRITAIN.

Interocean Transportation Company Says Its Cargoes Were Held Up.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in the United States District Court yesterday against the Interocean Transportation Company of America, Inc., a New York corporation engaged in the shipping and transportation business, with offices at 44 Whitehall Street. The liabilities are about $100,000 and nominal assets about $160,000. The petitioning creditors are:

Export and Domestic Hardwood Company, for breach of contract to carry lumber, $74,365; Frederick F. Hastings, trading as the Transatlantic Forwarding Company, for services as freight broker, $85; Rogers Lighterage Company, Inc., for lighterage services, $25.

Charles L. Greenhall of 320 Broadway, the attorney filing the petition, says that the alleged bankrupt company has among its assets claims against the British Government for interference with its shipping. It was stated that the company's financial difficulties were due to the fact that many cargoes shipped by it under contract had been held up by the British authorities, and the company had been compelled to pay large sums for demurrage.

Henry Lesser, attorney for the company, said that the claims against the British Government amounted to about $150,000 and some of the cargoes had been held up for a month.

Judge Charles M. Hough appointed Robert P. Levis, a member of the law firm of Rosenberg, Levis & Ball of 74 Broadway, receiver under a bond of $5,000, with authority to continue the business for thirty days.

The company was incorporated on Jan. 11, 1915, with capital stock of $5,000.

BEAR ROAMS TIMES SQUARE.

Scatters a Crowd and Lands in a Cell with Actor-Master.

Following a stroll along Broadway yesterday afternoon in company with her master, Phil Dwyer, an actor, of 207 East Twenty-fifth Street, Felice, a bear cub one year old, decided to free herself from restraint and see things for herself. She gave a tug at her leash and started uptown from Forty-first Street. She scattered men and women to all the corners of Times Square.

At Forty-third Street Dwyer caught up to Felice and she was placed again in captivity. Surrounded by a crowd of several hundred persons Policeman MacDonald took Dwyer and the bear to the West Thirtieth Street Police Station and thence to Yorkville Court. Magistrate Levy had left court early and Dwyer and his pet were placed in a cell until Night Court opened.

Friends See Bather Drown.

Edward W. Dobson, 45 years old, a business man of Manhattan, who lived at 21 Forty-eighth Street, Corona, L. I., was taken with a cramp when in bathing at Flushing Beach, East Elmhurst, yesterday afternoon. Friends who were in bathing saw him sink only a short distance from the bathing float, and dived after him, but could not reach him quickly in the deep water. The body was recovered.

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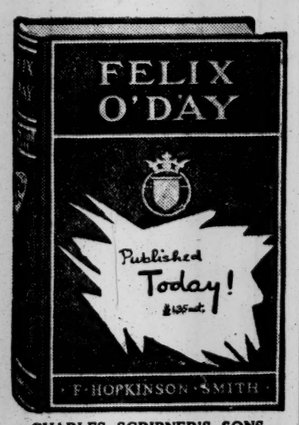
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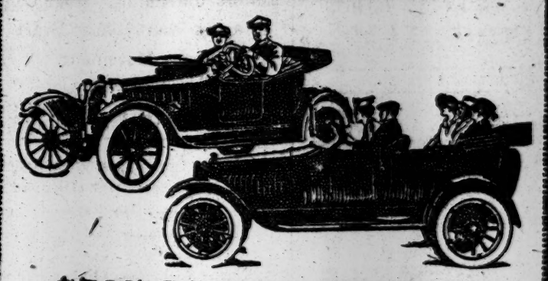
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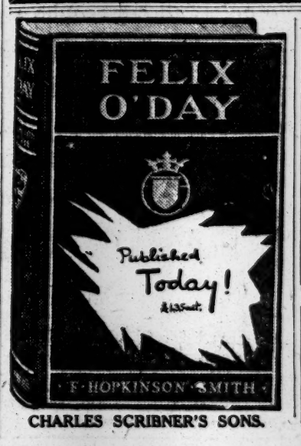
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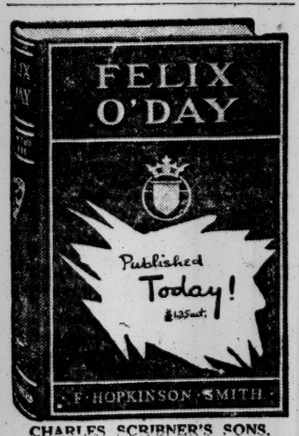
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PROTECT WATERSHED IS PLEA TO WHITMAN

Mayor Opposes Plan to Drain Treated Sewage from Mohansic Into Croton Lake.

SEES DANGER TO MANHATTAN

Medical Journal Joins in Protest Against Plan Approved by State Health Board.

As a result of his protest to Governor Whitman against the proposal to build for the Mohansic State Hospital a sewage disposal plant from which the treated sewage would ultimately flow into Croton Lake, Mayor Mitchel expects that the Governor will withhold his approval of the plan, in his letter to the Governor, the Mayor stated that if the sewage was allowed to flow into the watershed one of two things must happen: Either the city must abandon the Croton watershed, or the people of New York City must drink unclean and possibly contaminated water. In his letter the Mayor said:

"As three-fifths of the water consumed by the people of New York City, and all of the water supplied to the residents of Manhattan, is drawn from Croton Lake, this city must look with apprehension upon any attempt to pollute the waters of its most important reservoir. I am given to understand that when the Mohansic State Hospital is completed, the inmate population and the necessary attendants will total at least 6,000. Even if it were possible to treat the hospital sewage in such a manner that all danger of disease might be eliminated, the people of New York City would violently resent the necessity of drinking water once polluted. After spending hundreds of millions of dollars upon the acquisition of a water supply system, the residents of this city are entitled to better treatment.

"The best expert opinion, however, is in agreement that no system of treating sewage will absolutely assure the removal of all danger from disease-breeding organisms. The most elaborate plans depend upon the vigilance of their caretakers for effective co-operation. A few minutes' carelessness may render the entire process useless."

The permission granted by the State Commissioner of Health for the discharge of sewage from the State Hospital into Mohansic Lake is deplored by The New York Medical Journal, in spite of the conditions under which the permission is granted.

These conditions provide that the approval of this plan of sewage disposal extends for only one year and is revokable at any time; that the sand filter shall have an area of one acre to 500 population, and that the sewage should be properly disinfected by chlorination.

"Under the conditions specified and under strict surveillance," The Journal says, "the effluent may be entirely harmless and not pollute the city water supply, but permission should not have been granted for many reasons. The action of the Commissioner establishes an undesirable precedent, and adds to the number of possible sources of pollution of the Croton watershed. If permission is granted to one institution, it cannot well be refused to others, and why not set aside special streams?

"It is averred by the Commissioner of Water Supply of the City of New York, who objects to the action of the State Commissioner of Health, that the cost of a sewer from the Mohansic Lake institutions to the Hudson River would not amount to more than $120,000. This seems to be a small sum to pay for an absolutely sane method of sewage disposal. Moreover, the institution of filtration plants does not preclude the building of such a sewer in the future if, in the opinion of the next Commissioner, the old supply is inadequate. It is to be hoped that the opposition of the City Department of Health and Water Supply and other bodies will prevail upon Dr. Biggs to withdraw the permission he has given."

WHITMAN'S POWER IN DOUBT.

May Not Be Able to Interfere with Mohansic Plans.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 17.—Mayor Mitchel's protest against the plans adopted for a drain from Mohansic State Hospital into Mohansic Lake, whose overflow finds its way into Croton Lake, from which New York City gets part of its potable water, reached the Executive Chamber today, and in the absence of the Governor was laid aside for his future perusal.

The Mayor evidently believes that the plans for Mohansic Hospital's sewage disposal are before the Governor for his approval. Such is not the case. Under the law, the plans have to be approved by the State Commissioner of Health, now Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, and then by the Public Health Council, which consists of Dr. Biggs, Chairman; Dr. T. Mitchell Prudden and Dr. Simon Flexner of New York, Henry N. Ogden of Ithaca, Homer Folks of Yonkers, and Mrs. Elmer Blair of Albany. The Mohansic plans were lawfully approved last month and proposals for the contracts to erect the disposal plant and the conduits necessary will be shortly advertised for by State Architect Lewis E. Pilcher.

Plans for draining the New York Training School for Boys, also on Yorktown Heights, which are similar to those for the hospital, were approved more than a month ago, and proposals for contracts for the sewerage system were invited by Architect Pilcher. The bids received were in excess of the engineers, estimates and were rejected. They will be readvertised.

It is the belief here that under the law the Governor cannot interfere with the order of the Health Commissioner and Public Health Council.

WHITMAN WOULD RUN AGAIN.

Ready to Take a Renomination, but Will Not "Try for It."

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Governor Charles S. Whitman was greeted by a large crowd at Canandaigua today when he visited the county fair. A reception committee, headed by Judge Robert F. Thompson, and Company B of the Third Regiment, escorted him to the grounds.

After his visit Governor Whitman said he had made no political plans for the coming year.

"If I am nominated next year," the Governor said, "it will be because the people are satisfied I have served them well. I will not try for a renomination in the ordinary sense of the word, but I do not believe the people of this State will refuse a renomination to a Governor who has labored for their good."

The Governor said that had been his ambition since inauguration, and he would await the verdict. He felt sure that a Republican Assembly would be elected this Fall, and said this was necessary, as there was much work to be accomplished at Albany.

The Governor did not wish to talk about the Osborne-Riley controversy. "I am not ready to give full indorsement to Mr. Osborne's plans of prison reform," he said, "and neither am I willing to condemn them. My attitude is one of waiting to be convinced, and meanwhile I intend to make it possible for Mr. Osborne to give his ideas a fair trial. I am sure that the old way was wrong, and since Mr. Osborne's methods hold the possibility of much improvement they ought to be tried."

The Governor will visit the county fair at Waterloo next week.

HAITI GOVERNMENT RECOGNIZED BY US

Treaty Between This Country and the Island Republic Is Signed.

MAY BE RATIFIED TODAY

Ratification by American Senate Will Also Be Necessary—Treaty May Have a 'Platt Amendment.'

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17. — Events have moved rapidly within the last twenty-four hours in the direction of a solution of the Haitian problem through the establishment of an American protectorate over the finances of the republic for a period of ten years.

Announcement was made here tonight that the projected treaty between the United States and Haiti was signed yesterday. A later announcement stated that the United States had recognized the new Government in Haiti and that this was followed immediately by a formal salute to the Haitian flag by the American warships at Port au Prince.

The announcement of the recognition of the Haitian President was conveyed to the Navy Department in the following dispatch tonight from Rear Admiral Caperton, who is in command of the American naval forces in Haitian waters:

The American Chargé d'Affaires having informed me that the United States has recognized the President of the Haitian Government, accordingly at 9 today a national salute of twenty-one guns was fired with the Haitian flag at the main. The salute was returned, immediately, gun for gun, by the Haitian shore batteries. After the salute I called on the Haitian President in company with my staff.

It is the expectation of Secretary Lansing and officials of the State Department that the treaty which has now been signed by the Dartiguenave Government and by the American Chargé d'Affaires will be ratified before the adjournment tomorrow of the session of the Haitian Congress. The treaty has been under consideration by the Haitian legislators for a month, the session having been extended until Sept. 18 to afford time to consider the treaty.

The treaty will have to be submitted to the United States for ratification. It provides for:

First, the establishment of Haitian receivership of customs under American control.

Second, the establishment of a native constabulary force under command of American officers.

Third, the establishment of American control over the finances of Haiti, to the extent necessary to prevent peculation and safeguard the interests of the Haitian people.

Fourth, the term of the treaty is for ten years, and at the end of that period it may be extended at the request of either signatory.

Under this financial protectorate the United States will supervise the collection of Haitian revenues, under an arrangement by which the foreign and [illegible] debts of the Haitian Government will be paid and the Haitian Government supported, and there will also be supervision over the expenditure of the surplus funds in the interest of the development and prosperity of Haiti. As originally drafted, the treaty contained no provision similar to the Platt Amendment vesting the United States with the right to intervene in Haiti during the term of the protectorate. Whether the treaty as it now stands contains such a provision could not be ascertained from officials here tonight.

CAPE HAITIEN, Sept. 17.—Colonel Eli K. Cole and Colonel L. W. T. Waller of the American expeditionary forces left Cape Haitien today on an armed train for an inspection of the Grande Rivière district to the southeast of Cape Haitien.

They were accompanied by General Carlos Zamor, ex-Minister of the Interior.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.—The battleships Kentucky and Kearsarge sailed from the Philadelphia Navy Yard today "for sea."

It is understood that they are bound for Haiti to relieve the battleships Connecticut and New Hampshire, now on duty there. These vessels, it is said, will return to Philadelphia, and, after undergoing repairs, will engage in target practice.

DROPS ALL F-SUBMARINES.

Secretary Daniels Orders Tests Before They Are Used Again.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17. — Secretary Daniels today ordered all submarines of the F-4 type out of commission until a thorough examination of them can be made. His action was taken upon the report of the Board of Inquiry investigating the sinking of the F-4 at Honolulu on March 25, which ascribes the disaster to a battery explosion.

CLUE TO KNOWLES MURDER.

Gov. Beeckman Orders Providence Sheriff to Run It Down.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 17.—Governor R. Livingston Beeckman announced today that he had ordered Sheriff Andrew J. Wilcox to take up the Knowles murder case in the capacity of a State police official. This action came as a result of a difference between Governor Beeckman and Horace G. Knowles, brother of the murdered Judge, and Chief Inspector William F. O'Neil. Mr. Knowles told the Governor that he was here to help find the person who killed his brother, and that he would stay until that person was found. Following the conference, Governor Beeckman said:

"Mr. Knowles said he thought some action should be taken and expressed the opinion that the murderer was some one who lived near his brother's home who knew his habits. He told me who he thought it might be, but I cannot disclose the name. I assured him that anything the State of Rhode Island could do to apprehend the assassin would most certainly be done.

"Chief O'Neil told me he had certain clues he was working on, but I cannot say what they are."

Newman Erb Resting Easily.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 17.—Newman Erb, the financier who took bichloride of mercury tablets by mistake, is resting easily at his home in Deal. There has been no change in his condition. Mr. Erb is under constant treatment. He has rested well and the physicians think his strength is improving. The crisis will come late tomorrow night or early on Sunday.

MORE CURRENCY NEEDED.

Secretary McAdoo Orders an Increase in the Output.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury announced today that "greatly improved business conditions" had been followed by an increasing demand for currency. As a result he had approved the recommendation of Director Joseph E. Ralph of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to increase the bureau's output. This will permit the reinstatement of twenty-five plate printers who were laid off on July 1, because of lack of work.

"There has been a large increase in the demands on the Treasurer of the United States for United States notes, silver certificates, and gold certificates of all denominations," said Mr. McAdoo. "To meet this demand the Secretary, on the recommendation of the Director, today authorized the delivery to the Treasurer of 300,000 sheets daily instead of 275,000 sheets as heretofore. Within the next few months the bureau will also be called upon to print diplomas for the Panama-Pacific Exposition, together with a large amount of other work, including Federal Reserve notes."

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPT. 18, 1915.

THE CONFISCATED CARGOES.

The Chicago packers may and probably will appeal from the decision of the prize court condemning the cargoes, mostly foodstuffs, of four merchant ships seized last November while on a voyage from this port to Copenhagen, but certainly not on the ground mentioned in Chicago and Washington dispatches, that while the Orders in Council were not issued until March these ships were seized in November, at a time when it was not incumbent upon the owners to prove that the cargoes were not destined to a country at war with Great Britain. An appeal on such a ground would have no standing, for the cargoes have been condemned, not for a violation of blockade, but as contraband. The first British proclamation of contraband was issued on Aug. 5, 1914, three months before the ships were seized, and the list was revised and added to in subsequent proclamations. But in the first proclamation foodstuffs were made conditional contraband, and on Sept. 30 rubber with many other articles was added to the list. There has at no time, of course, been any blockade against innocent shipments from the port of New York to Copenhagen.

The appeal, should one be made, must rest upon the ground that the contraband seized had an innocent destination and was not directly or indirectly intended for the German market. Sir SAMUEL EVANS, the President of the prize court, pointed out the facts which led to the conclusion that the cargoes really had an enemy destination. These ships, when captured, he said, were carrying to Copenhagen "more than thirteen times the amount "of goods which in normal circum-"stances would have been taken to that "port"; one American company alone in three weeks after the breaking out of the war had sent out to Copenhagen twenty times the quantity of lard that would in any ordinary time of peace have been shipped there. Denmark has hitherto been no great consumer of canned meats, but in these cargoes were hundreds of thousands of cans, which, the court concluded, were intended for consumption by the armed forces of Germany.

The only question, here, will be one of fact, for the principle of law is well known and firmly established. It has been laid down by our own prize courts and affirmed by our Supreme Court in the many cases growing out of the trade between Great Britain and the neutral ports of Nassau and Matamoros during our civil war. In the case of the Peterhof the Supreme Court sustained the condemnation of a contraband cargo nominally destined to the Mexican port of Matamoros, on the ground that while the goods would have been free of liability if in good faith intended for sale in the market of Matamoros, "there is nothing in the "case which tends to convince us that "such was their real destination"; all the circumstances indicated that they "were destined for the use of the "rebel forces then occupying Browns-"ville and other places in the "vicinity." In their appeal, therefore, the owners of the cargoes now condemned will be asking for a reversal of a British prize court decision based on principles long ago declared and upheld by our own Supreme Court. It would seem that the success of their appeal would depend upon their ability to overthrow the conclusion of the court that goods in these unusual quantities consigned to Copenhagen were not really intended to enter into the general stock of trade in that port, but were actually destined for German consumption. They complain that the prize court put the burden of proof upon them. But from the greatly augmented volume of these commodities shipped to Copenhagen the inference of an enemy destination was certainly very strong. It would not seem to be contrary to the rules of prize court practice to produce their proofs that that conclusion was erroneous.

The shipment of rubber disguised in the manifest as "gum" was condemned in strong language by the prize court as evidence of fraudulent intent, that is, that an attempt to evade the law of contraband by false description was very strong presumptive evidence that the merchandise was intended for the enemy and not for a neutral market. Shippers of contraband, even though it be consigned in the first instance to a neutral port, must necessarily understand the risk involved. Governments do not and cannot protect them in such cases. Even when the Springbok case was considered by the Claims Commission at Washington the British Commissioner united with the other members of the Commission in affirming the condemnation. The only clear road to a reversal of this decision and to compensation for the forfeited cargoes lies through the presentation of convincing proof destructive of the conclusions of the prize court as to enemy destination.

IMPUDENCE.

Any discussion by Mr. BRYAN of the subject of impudence must command respectful attention, as would a discussion by Mr. ROOT of government or by General WOOD of military affairs. His discussion of the impudence of the newspapers "in instructing the President" acquires peculiar force from the fact that this is a branch of the general subject of impudence on which he is a special authority. When Mr. BRYAN left the Cabinet he explained that the President was a well-meaning man who meant to keep the country out of war but did not know how, and that Mr. BRYAN had resigned so that he might be free to devote all his energies to instructing him. In order that the instruction might be effective Mr. BRYAN announced that he purposed to arouse a body of public sentiment which the President could not resist and which must convince him that Mr. BRYAN's way and not his way was the right one.

If the newspapers have undertaken "impudently" to speak for the President, they have at least done it openly. They have not taken the Austrian Ambassador aside, just as the President issued a stiff note to Germany, and explained to him that the note was only for domestic consumption, that the President was merely playing politics, and that Germany need pay no attention to it. This may be, as Mr. BRYAN says, because "they "speak for a very small percentage "of the people and misrepresent those "for whom they do speak." Still, that has not always been the case. He will hardly deny that when they spoke about himself in 1896, 1900, and 1908 they spoke for a very large majority of the people and accurately represented those for whom they did speak. To deny that would be a manifestation of impudence even greater than an assertion that today they speak for only a very small percentage.

On the same day with this discussion of impudence in general Mr. BRYAN gives an illustration showing his complete mastery of the subject. He declares against the loaning of money to belligerent nations. The moment any question concerning the belligerents comes up Mr. BRYAN immediately sprints to the pro-German platform and proposes to overturn international law and comity for the benefit of that side. When it is remembered what a large amount of money the Teutonic allies have spent in creating a public sentiment in this country, how large their payroll has been, it almost seems as if they had been wasting their riches. Mr. BRYAN, who is not on their payroll, whom they have got for nothing, is the most voluble and noticeable asset they have got.

MURMURS OF THE BOSSES.

Do these Democratic bosses, bosslings, politicians, and politicasters who are threatening to "knife" the new Constitution mean what they are muttering; or are they trying to "get a line on public opinion," or has the heat addled their heads? A Syracuse dispatch to THE TIMES says:

> Many of the out-and-out organization Democrats are prepared to ignore the pledges of the Democratic State platform of last year, which recommended the short ballot and the budget reforms for which the convention provided, and are ready to make opposition to the new Constitution a party matter.

How can they make "a party matter" of a Constitution whose cardinal policies were accepted and affirmed by a majority of Democratic as well as of Republican delegates? How can a Constitution so made be called, as these large-minded statesmen affect to call it, a "Republican" Constitution? Aside from the proposed breaking of Democratic promises to the voters, this butting against a fact vivid in popular memory would be grotesque. But some of the gods of the machine, the incorrigible worshippers of patronage, seem to make no bones of smashing the pledge and forgetting the record. Warned that independent Democrats—and the Democratic Party of New York needs all the independent votes it can get—would be estranged by such a course, a boss of high degree says:

> We will gain radical votes by cutting loose from them and the element they represent. Defeat of the Constitution will indirectly be a blow at our Republican opponents. In my opinion we should go before the voters and tell them that nothing good to the common people can come out of a highbrow gathering like the late convention.

What a lofty idea of "the common people" this lordly boss must have! He assumes that they are ignorant of the Democratic promises, that they are content with the irresponsible, confused system of State government, to satisfy their hostility to which the Democratic platform makers of 1914 cried for the short ballot and the budget; he assumes that "the common people" are so dense and prejudiced that to call the Constitutional Convention "a highbrow gathering" is enough to inflame them against its work. This boss must deem the voters of the State of New York a sort of magnified Mutual Welfare League.

Of course the bosses can assure the success of the new Constitution by fighting it in the open, and of course the Democratic Party of the State of New York may not have wholly lost the art of folly; but it seems more reasonable to suppose that this talk is but mid-September madness, or that the Democratic bosses are merely feeling and fingering clumsily the strings of Democratic sentiment. In this day a boss can't afford to be a fool.

MEXICO AND THE MEDDLERS.

There is a great deal of ill-advised talk about an early recognition of CARRANZA by the United States Government, in spite of the clear intimations from Washington that no action so definite in relation to the Mexican situation is contemplated. The trouble seems to be that the Administration has departed again from its Mexican program and has lapsed into another passive mood, awaiting events. But we shall know more on this head, perhaps, after the meeting of Secretary LANSING and the Pan-American diplomats. The statement that CARRANZA'S position has been measurably strengthened lately is absurd, in view of his inability to prevent outlawry in a district which he claims to control. In the absence of reasonable explanations, the switching off of the Pan-American mediators from the clear course they had mapped out seems regrettable. VILLA is in a bad mood again, and the people on the border are more or less apprehensive.

Recognition of CARRANZA would not lack general approval if he had shown his ability to govern the people in most of the Mexican States. Events of the last fortnight, however, have proved again his lack of power. The proper course is to stick to the program and continue, with renewed firmness, the efforts to induce CARRANZA to join with the other revolutionaries in a conference to settle upon a reasonable plan of pacification. It seems that there is too much meddling at Washington and elsewhere. The meddlers may have convinced CARRANZA that the Pan-American proposal was not intended to be serious.

BALKAN NEUTRALITY.

Every indication now points to the neutrality of Bulgaria. She has received her price in the cession of the Dedeagatch Railway by Turkey, but the most optimistic reports from the Teutonic capitals do not justify the belief that the price is paid for anything more than neutrality. It is reported, too, that some arrangement between her and Greece has been made which assures that country of her friendliness. At the same time that we read of Bulgaria's discharging from the colors the levies of the 1912 class—certainly not a warlike move—we read that more troops have been called to the Greek colors, but they are almost certainly not for use against Bulgaria.

Rumania, however, abates no whit of her menacing attitude, and her relations with Greece are friendly. Whatever the inner history of the Dedeagatch concession may be, it evidently had a profound influence not only on the attitude of Bulgaria but on the attitude of both the other Balkan States. That surrender by Turkey will be publicly celebrated in Bulgaria tomorrow, but it does not affect that State alone.

It may prove that German diplomacy has availed only to prevent the entry of both Bulgaria and Greece into the war on the side of the Allies, but that it has stopped there, and that when Rumania enters she will have their benevolent neutrality. Even if that be all that the Teuton allies have won, it is a notable victory.

THE CAMPAIGN OF MR. FRANK MOSS.

Mr. FRANK MOSS continues to suffer from the delusion that he is the heaven-born, predestined, and only fit man for District Attorney, the only candidate that can beat Tammany. Apparently he is also subject to the delusion that wicked persons and interests in this city are conspiring to give the Republican nomination to Mr. PERKINS, so that Tammany may have an easy victory. We notice on the Perkins Campaign Committee the names of nine independent Democrats and two Progressives, undoubtedly conspirators in behalf of Tammany, whose candidate for District Attorney they are seeking to aid by the singular means of nominating the strongest candidate they can find against him.

For, incredible as it may seem to Mr. Moss, the long, quiet, effective work of Mr. PERKINS in the District Attorney's office makes him an admirable candidate, in the opinion of those who prefer fruitful service to rattling "aggressive" oratory. Not that Mr. Moss has not done good work, too, but it is evident that he has so ample a fund of self-appreciation and so deficient a sense of proportion that, while he might be a brilliant lieutenant, he would be apt to make an unsuccessful District Attorney. A wise choice of assistants, co-ordination of activities, the greatest public usefulness of the office, run for the benefit of the community and not to throw a monopoly of lustre on the District Attorney—these are qualities, aims, and methods that can hardly be looked for from Mr. Moss, as he is now painting himself on the public mind by his modest, continual talks about himself.

If these impressions are unjust to Mr. Moss, whose ability is recognized, he has only himself to blame. Frankly, he seems to be "out" to glorify himself, injure a most capable District Attorney, and give aid and comfort to Tammany Hall.

THE TIMES MAGAZINE.

It is no idle assertion to say that the Magazine Section of THE SUNDAY TIMES tomorrow will equal in the quality and variety of its contents, and their timeliness, the best of the monthlies. Professor HUGO MUENSTERBERG's eloquent explanation of his position as a German in America is an article of extraordinary character which will attract the notice of every reader. Professor BASHFORD DEAN presents good reasons for a return to the use of armor in war, modified, of course, to suit modern needs. There is a remarkable article on the employment of the aeroplane in the present war, in which the prediction is made that next year it will be largely an aerial war. To complete the selection of articles dealing with the European conflict and its various side issues will be a discussion by Dr. G. B. McCLELLAN of Princeton of the position of France and the Frenchmen, a united people working harmoniously for peace, and a set of inspiriting sonnets on the war written by Professor GEORGE E. WOODBERRY.

Among the many other contributions is that embodying the idea of JOSEPH PENNELL, always restless and inventive, that the Statue of Liberty should be removed to Governors Island and reset there as a lighthouse. Mr. PENNELL shows what the effect would be in a spirited drawing. RHETA CHILDE DORR's discussion of the question as to whether woman is biologically barred from success in the world's activities, the analysis of the proposed new State Constitution by the Hon. HERBERT PARSONS, and J. B. GILDER's personal reminiscences of the late Sir WILLIAM VAN HORNE are also out of the common, and this is but an incomplete list of the contents of the Magazine.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Stefansson Is Very Much Alive.

It is characteristic of VILHJALMUR STEFANSSON—perhaps it is more correct to say, of men belonging to his clearly differentiated class—that the news which now comes from him, months after he had been given up for dead, another victim of the merciless arctic, consists of a story telling of his preparations and plans for completing the explorations he undertook.

Of his adventures and hardships in the long period of silence so alarming to his friends there is very little. He will tell about those things later, in what leisure getting ready for the inevitable next expedition may give him, but now he is content to let his safety be inferred from the fact that on Aug. 31 he forwarded a letter from Baillie Island. For the rest, he has a ship and some men of the right sort, and "plan continue northern exploration to 145 west and 82 further north if northerly course is secured." Laconic, that, but sufficient, and exactly what would be expected from STEFANSSON by anybody who has had a chance to talk to him during one of his occasional returns to civilization and warm weather.

A rugged face that goes well with a rugged nature is his, and though he is an explorer of the distinctly modern type, in that he is a scientist as well as a man with an irresistible yearning to go where nobody has been before, if properly costumed he would be perfectly at home in a boat with shields strung along its sides, starting from Norway to raid the English coast. No doubt he has been having what ordinary folk would call a terrible time, but probably no such notion, even at the worst of it, entered his own Viking mind. Reduction to Eskimo fare and mode of life would have no terrors and no real discomforts for him, and in no case would he be in more desperate straits than those customarily encountered and usually survived by the natives of that bleak region.

We were all too quick despairers in deciding that STEFANSSON was dead—in being so nearly sure of it that of late proposals to send expeditions, aerial or other, for his rescue have been rejected as a useless waste of money that could be put to more promising use. STEFANSSON has rescued himself, or rather has been in no need of rescue. Little mishaps like losing his ship and going adrift on polar ice are all in the day's work for him—not causes for despair, but incentives to proceed about his business of pushing on into the unknown north.

Censorship, German and British.

Criticism of the military censorship on news in England has been not less bitter and resentful, perhaps, than that which was reproduced in THE TIMES yesterday from the Berlin Social-Democratic organ, Vorwärts. Between the protests in the one and the other case, however, there is one notable and essential difference.

The British censors suppress nothing except when they have at least a colorable excuse for declaring that publication would be of military assistance to the enemy or of military injury to the home army, its plans and operations. Never do they carry this plea to the length of forbidding antagonistic comment on the policies and acts of the Government, though it might be argued logically enough that such comment gave comfort, if not aid, to the country's foes, and had a disturbing influence on public sentiment at home. Just that argument is made and considered conclusive in Germany, and it was not resentment of censorship as applied to news that inspired the remarkable speech in the Reichstag reported by Vorwärts, but censorship on the expression of opinion—a very different thing.

Censoring of the first sort is hard enough to bear, particularly by journalists as patriotic as the censor himself, and as little desirous of hurting national interests; the other is of the very essence of tyranny—often and long highly efficient for its designed purposes, but not permanently to be tolerated by those who aspire to be free, even at costs sometimes serious to themselves. Popular and journalistic criticism of the Government may be unwise, unjust, and harmful, but its object usually has opportunities for self-defense through refutation of false charges, and it is under no compulsion to follow advice that it can prove bad.

The speaker quoted by Vorwärts accused the censor of worse than mere suppression; he declared that substitutions had been made, effecting in articles substantial changes of idea and tenor. That, at least, no British censor has yet, so far as known, ventured to do, and if he had attempted it the bitter cry of the British press would have been audible further away than the United States.

Defended, but Not Honored.

For one aviator high in air to circle around another at equal elevation till he gets a chance to shoot that other with a machine gun and send him crashing to earth and death thousands of feet below—that is, perhaps, and even certainly, not the most admirable use to which skill and courage can be put. It is or may be war, however, conducted as war must be conducted to be efficient. At any rate, neither those who order nor those who achieve such a victory feel any need to throw mystery around it, and open praise is accorded and names are proclaimed after every exploit of that kind that is for one or another reason somewhat out of military routine.

Thus we are allowed to know that the conqueror of PEGOUD was a pilot, Corporal KANDULSKI, and doubtless when in due time he gets his well-earned decoration, generous publicity will be given to that fact also. When a submarine sank three British warships—obviously fair game—her commander's name was proudly revealed, and so was that of another submarine Captain who took his frail shell through perils innumerable all the way around from Germany to the Dardanelles.

But when it comes to torpedoing passenger steamers, then a significant hush falls. The deed itself is, indeed, vehemently defended as necessary and therefore right, by those responsible for it, and they hotly resent the application to the doer of epithets like "pirate" and "assassin," but—they do not tell his name! Why not?

The analogy of the public headsman, always so carefully masked and always not less loathed than feared, suggests itself as pertinent, though painful. His ought to be an honorable service—would be if the justifications offered for it were thoroughly sincere—but it never is, and he takes refuge in anonymous obscurity, just as does he who sank the Lusitania and the Arabic.

MARCONI'S DISCOVERY.

Why His Name Has Become Synonymous with Wireless Telegraphy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am very much surprised to read over the initials "M. U." a letter entitled "The Inventor of Wireless," written from apparently a German standpoint by a man utterly ignorant of the situation.

Senatore Marconi was perfectly right when he stated: "They [the Germans] have even stolen my invention." He has never made any statement which he has not been able to sustain, and this will be fully sustained in the courts when the time comes. Senatore Marconi has at all times highly honored Heinrich Rudolf Hertz as a great German genius and the first discoverer of the Hertzian waves. "K. A. Steinheil and Gauss of Munich" were very eminent German electrical engineers, but had nothing whatsoever to do with wireless telegraphy. Nicola Tesla was, and possibly is, one of our ablest electricians, but his work in the course of wireless cannot be seriously considered. The installation at Tuckerton is by no means the most improved of all systems.

In an action in which the Marconi Company was successful against the De Forest Wireless Telegraph Company the late Judge William K. Townsend in his opinion said:

> Other inventors, venturing forth on the sea of electrical movement, met the rising tide of the Hertzian waves and allowed them to roll by without appreciating that this new current was destined to carry onward the freight and traffic of the world commerce. They noted their manifestations, suspected their possibilities, disclosed their characteristics, and hesitated, fearing the breakers ahead and imagining barriers of impracticable channels and shifting sandbars. Marconi, daring to hoist his sail and explore the unknown current, first disclosed the new highway.

The names "Marconi" and "wireless" are synonymous. JOHN BOTTOMLEY,
Vice President, Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America.
New York, Sept. 16, 1915.

Patriotism in the Working Class.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It seems as though the lamentable reason for the apathy of the British workingman in the present crisis has not been fully stated. The workingman of France or of Germany is a unit, but the workingman of the enlightened kingdom, that to many of us seems foremost in civilization and progress, is only a pawn.

England for many generations has built a system of aristocracy upon a foundation of snobbery, and she now finds the penalty due. In France and Italy the servant is often the valued and even confidential friend of his master, the employe often the trusted right hand of his employer. As the lower-class pawn in England has no social or affectional reason for sharing the patriotic enthusiasm of his more favored countryman, he is also debarred the privilege of enjoying any deep patriotic sentiment of affection for the land into the soil of which an evil and selfish practice of land tenure has forbidden him to strike any roots. We read of no lack of enthusiasm for the war in Canada. There the workingman may aspire to a part in the social system he is urged to uphold.

That the Englishman, high or low, is brave needs not to be told; that he is often in the highest degree heroic many events of recent times have proved. The embarrassing fact that England faces today is that many of her sons are not interested, and that there seems no really good and sufficient reason why they should be. EDGAR MAYHEW BACON.
Wingdale, N. Y., Sept. 15, 1915.

Appointment of Cadets.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE TIMES in its editorial "To Get More Cadets" expresses the opinions of not a few who have given this subject any thought. My own experience has taught me the extent to which politics and personal gain have been allowed to enter into the appointment of cadets to the national academies.
CHRISTIAN KNUDSEN.
Jersey City, N. J., Sept. 16, 1915.

Where the Heart Is.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The sure way for a landlubber to tell port from starboard is to remember that port wine is red, the heart is red, and the heart is on the left side. Therefore port is the left side and starboard the right side.
JAMES A. GREEN.
Cincinnati, Ohio, Sept. 15, 1915.

WHEN FRANK WAS TO DIE.

Not Due to His Counsel That the Day Came in Gov. Slaton's Term.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the admirable article of Mr. Loyless on the Frank case, republished from The Augusta Chronicle in THE TIMES, he points out that Watson asserts that Frank and his friends hurried the case through the courts in order to bring his application for a commutation of sentence before Governor Slaton prior to June 26, 1915, when his term of office expired. Mr. Loyless with entire accuracy indicates that it is not true.

I am in a position to demonstrate the falsity of the charge. Had there been any intention to bring the application before Governor Slaton it would have been most extraordinary to take an appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States at the risk, not at all improbable, of a postponement of its decision to a time when Governor Slaton could no longer act. I can say as the counsel in charge of the proceedings in the Supreme Court that there was no desire for delay on the part of any of the counsel who participated. To a man they were convinced of their client's innocence, and consequently believed that every day of his incarceration was an act of injustice. After Mr. Justice Lamar allowed the appeal from the decision of Judge Newman in the habeas corpus proceedings, which presented the constitutional aspects of the case, I united with Attorney General Grice in bringing the appeal on for argument at the earliest possible day. That occurred in February, and the decision was not rendered until the latter part of April. The result was a disappointment, but the very fact that there was a vigorous though unavailing dissent by Justices Holmes and Hughes indicated that a motion for a rehearing would be futile. I reached the conclusion that it was a matter of indifference to me whether the mandate would issue at once or would be withheld for the thirty days during which, under the prevailing practice, counsel might move for a rehearing. Consequently I paid no attention to the mandate until I was informed that Solicitor General Dorsey was indulging in the charge that Frank's counsel were delaying proceedings for ulterior purposes, and that on May 3, 1915, he had presented to Judge Hill of the Superior Court at Atlanta a petition in which he prayed that Frank be at once resentenced to death, although the mandate from Washington had not been issued. To have resentenced Frank under these circumstances would have been as illegal as the act of the men who eventually murdered Frank. To prove that there was no desire on the part of Frank's counsel to delay proceedings as had been charged, or to plan any so-called technical obstacles to accomplish the resentence of the prisoner, and solely for that reason, on May 5, 1915, on my assurance that no motion for a rehearing would be made and that there was no objection to the issuance of the mandate, that instrument was sent forward, and at the earliest possible day thereafter, on Mr. Dorsey's application, Frank was sentenced to be hanged on June 22, 1915, four days before the end of Governor Slaton's term of office.

It was not due to any affirmative act on our part that the date fixed for the execution of our persecuted client fell during the term of Governor Slaton. We had nothing to do or to say with regard to the time when sentence was to be pronounced or as to the time when it was to be carried into effect. That depended entirely upon Mr. Dorsey. On his initiative, and his only, at the earliest possible moment after the mandate was acted on by Judge Newman, the day of doom was named, and it became inevitable that any application for executive clemency would have to be made to Governor Slaton. And now, when this courageous man, without flinching and without regard to consequences, performed his sworn duty, acted in accordance with his conscientious convictions and spared from an ignominious death, in strict compliance with his constitutional prerogative, one whom he could not believe to be guilty, he has been subjected to the most insolent attacks, his integrity has been impugned, his manhood has been condemned, and Watson has been permitted with impunity to incite the mob to take the life of him who bravely though ineffectually sought by legal process to save the honor of his beloved State, which has since been trampled in the mire by triumphant lawlessness. LOUIS MARSHALL.
Saranac Lake, N. Y., Sept. 16, 1915.

Publications of The Times.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to congratulate you heartily upon the present efficiency of your paper. THE TIMES, with its Magazine, Book Review, Sunday Illustrated Supplement, The Annalist, Mid-Week Pictorial, and Current History, form a group of publications which it would be difficult to excel, and personally I do not know how I could get along without them. R. MEIGS, Jr.
Ridgewood, N. J., Sept. 15, 1915.

A Viking Ship.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Any one who will retain in his mind the picture of an old Norse Viking ship with a Viking standing in the stern, his right hand on the steering oar, which is stuck through a hole in the railing on the right-hand side of the ship, will know why the right side of a boat is to this day called starboard, (pronounced in the Scandinavian languages like steerboard.) D. S. H.
New York, Sept. 16, 1915.

SLAVES OF THE CANNON.

What have they done to thy Belgium, Albert—the Slaves of the Cannon?
All that slaves know how to do at the word and the whip of their master!
Ever, forever, the servile spell power in blood and in iron,
Ever, forever, to bondsmen has steel been the terrible tyrant.
Who wields the steel call they great, him call they also God-driven,
Cringing and Bluster they are, and they lick off the blood from his sword-blade,
Slaves, triple slaves, to the trinity golden and iron and tinsel.
Only the freeman can fear more than cannon the taint to his honor,
Only the freeman can see what is not for his belly. For bondsmen,
Swine-like, behold but their husks. On the pearl and the lily they trample.

Armed, to the banquet of nations, they came with a peaceful pretending;
Drunken, they strip off the mask. In the craze of a spirit besotted,
"Great is our genius," they hiccough, "Supreme is the genius Teutonic!
"War-birds we build for the air, and war-fish that swim in the ocean.
"Trenches we dig—none is better—and witness our organization,
"Efficient in every detail! Obey us, so we may rule you!
"Thus you shall share in the gains of our wonderful organization.
"Well may Efficiency stand in the stead of this farce you call Freedom!"

What can they do to thy Belgium, Albert—the Swine and the Swineherd?
Root up her homes and her hearths, in her fairest of cities spread ruin,
Drown her in blood and in tears—yea, and sully her next generation,
Blacken their tongues with their lies, they who ravished and then would traduce her!
Air they may ride with their ships, earth they may tear with their cannon,
Cold-blooded fish of the sea, they may mock at the pangs of the dying—
Never, O Sorrowful King, shall they win to their Gospel of Terror
Belgium the Brave and the Free, little Belgium, the Bulwark of Honor!
Heart of her King is her stronghold, and her strength is the heart of her people—
Stronghold and strength both invincible! Blood, in her blood, she has written,
In her heart's blood, the doom of the tyrant. The cry that she gave in her peril
Was Freedom's own call to her chosen, and straightway the World was an echo,
Till drowned was the sound of her call in the tramping of feet to her rescue.
And safe from the heel of the tyrant glowed the flower of national honor,
Which she plucked from the mire and wears, and it blooms on her forehead forever!

C. H. CRAWFORD.

MILITARY TRAINING IN OUR SCHOOLS.

A Discussion of the Swiss Plan—Its Adaptability, Purpose, and What It Would Accomplish for the Nation and the Individual.

By FREDERICK A. KUENZLI,
Formerly Lieutenant of Infantry in the Swiss Army.

New York, Sept. 16, 1915.
To the Editor of The New York Times:

Nearly everybody talks today of the advisability of military training in schools, and I have failed to find in our newspapers an outline of a program for such a course.

The prevalent idea that for military training in schools the boys assemble with machine guns, rifles, bayonets, and goodness knows what other war implements is erroneous. Military training for schools, in strict accordance with the infantry drill regulations of the United States Army, (that ought to be made compulsory by a Federal act,) is performed absolutely without uniforms, without any weapon whatsoever, by boys from their tenth to fifteenth year.

The compulsory military training in Switzerland's schools applied to the United States would mean teaching in the physical training branch of our public schools studies the following program, taken from Section 165 of the "Infantry Drill Regulations of the United States":

> Position of soldier, or attention; halt, rests, facings, steps and marchings of soldiers or in formations of squad, platoon and company; alignments, taking intervals, distances and assembling, kneeling and lying down, turning on fixed and moving pivots.

All these drills and exercises are the foundation of training, and are taught and practiced thoroughly and uniformly in the armies of all nations, not only because they make the handling of military units possible and easy, but because they are also the foundation for discipline, which embraces all the manifold qualifications a man must have in order to be not only a good soldier but also a useful member of the civil army of good citizenship. To learn discipline we cannot start early enough, and my advice to start it with boys when they are 10 years old is certainly, if nothing else, a good intention.

Military training is nothing else but a branch of physical training, that gives the boy gait and posture, straightens his spine, throws his shoulders back, and makes him walk erect. In other words, it gives him the manly appearance that you and I appreciate in the common expression, "Isn't he a fine young man?"

Unfortunately, most of our educational systems do not appreciate the value of physical education in school, as, for instance, New Zealand does. We should not forget that a sound mind can only develop to its maturity in a sound body, and that therefore the education of body and mind has to be mutual and one not neglected at the cost of the other.

I see the time not far distant when physical training takes an equal rank with intellectual training in our schools. That the value of it is not an imaginary or exaggerated one, but scientifically and practically proved, the following facts may show:

Of the young Swiss who reach their twentieth year and have to pass a physical and mental examination for acceptance to the army, 73½ per cent. are accepted and 4 per cent. permanently rejected for defects. The remaining 22½ per cent. are rejected for a re-examination a year later, for reasons such as an insufficient height or a shortage in chest measurement, (the recruit must have half of his height for chest measurement.) What do the military authorities do with these young men? They send them through a special physical training course for the following year, and when the youngsters come for a physical test the next year they are tall enough or their chest is expanded.

That is what I call exploitation of the practical and scientific value of physical training, of which the much-dreaded "military training" is the most important branch.

The exercises of "military training in schools" have to be so thoroughly taught and so often repeated that they become the second nature of the boys; only then will they serve to fortify body and mind. They should be made a part of every lesson of physical training, and the latter should form at least three hours per week of the boys' school work. Such a training—thorough, efficient, and uniform—for boys from the tenth to the fifteenth year would not only be of immense benefit to the boy's private life, but it would prepare him to become in a short time a good defender of the Stars and Stripes, for which he holds up his right hand every morning and swears: "I pledge allegiance to my flag and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation indivisible, with liberty and justice for all."

Ask the Plattsburg "rookies" who went to the military camp to train themselves for officers in the reserve army how they would have appreciated military training in their school days? How much time could they have saved for other military instruction necessary to make an officer if they had not to devote most of their time to the exercises which they should have learned in the school?

Another common belief is the idea that the military training in schools has to be taught by a drillmaster or army officer. That is simply laughable. Any physical instructor can do it; and he ought to pass an examination to obtain a certificate of ability to teach military training for schools in strict accordance with the United States infantry drill regulations. Military training in schools is only a branch of physical training, and physical training is only one of the subjects any male teacher must be able to teach.

Only a uniform system of military training in schools is of value. We have to look for a standard to get uniformity, and the only standard is the regular army of the United States. Therefore, it is absolutely necessary that we follow strictly the commands and exercises of the army to enable the young fellow from New York, New Orleans, San Francisco, and Chicago, in case of emergency, to understand each and every command, and to execute it with absolutely identical movements.

While these drills should be made compulsory throughout the United States, membership in cadet corps for schoolboys should be encouraged. Here a boy carries a rifle and wears a uniform. The program of a cadet corps combines above exercises with the exercises of the Manual of Arms, the combat and rifle-shooting practices. Those schools that begin the military training without arms this season would have their boys excellently trained for the outside work of the cadet corps, which begins in Spring. The cadets wear their uniforms only during practicing time.

The instruction of a cadet corps ought to be placed in the hands of officers or non-commissioned officers of the National Guard, who in turn ought to be paid an adequate salary for their service.

Some time ago I expressed the necessity of artillery cadet corps for high schools and colleges, say a battery of four pieces with all the necessary artillery instruction. I was laughed at, but still I insist that the idea is very practical, and in view of the teaching of the present war—that artillery is again the most important brand of arm—we should not hesitate in establishing such corps. We have hundreds of patriotic persons who would defray the costs for such for the different centres of education. FREDERICK A. KUENZLI.

DEFENDS POLISH DELEGATES.

Dr. Lewinsky-Corwin Says They Have Been Assailed Unfairly.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was astounded to see the Detroit stories about Dr. Mlynarski and Mr. Hausner, which THE TIMES has published in the last few days. The news is evidently derived from irresponsible and poisoned sources and calculated to discredit the two representatives of the Supreme National Committee, the only authoritative body existing in Poland since the beginning of the war. As Dr. Mlynarski is somewhere in the West and Mr. Hausner back in Poland, and it will, under the circumstances, take some time before they will be able to send in their protests, I feel it to be my duty to make the following statement, as the gentlemen in question are personally known to me and as I am familiar with their mission and their activities.

The two delegates of the Supreme National Committee came to this country properly accredited and with introductions from the patriotic Bishop Bandurski. Their sole purpose was to inform the American public about Poland's national aspirations and to bring to the Poles residing in this country direct information about the labors the Polish nation has undertaken in order to emerge from the present conflagration free and independent. The American public only occasionally hears the truth about Poland, and it is to be greatly regretted that calumniators were successful in having the public mind associate the delegates of the great representative Polish political organization with the Dumba incident. It is a bitter irony of fate that the herculean labors of the Supreme National Committee, which has clustered around itself the whole of the Polish nation, from the most conservative to the most radical elements, should be purposely misrepresented in this country because they, following the most sacred traditions of the nation and the dictates of political wisdom, have formed Polish legions, numbering many tens of thousands of men, who, with customary Polish bravery, fight Poland's battles against Russia.

It is only because of the total unfamiliarity of the American press with Polish life and politics that such wild stories as those published about Dr. Mlynarski and Mr. Hausner can receive currency.
E. H. LEWINSKI-CORWIN.
Bradley Beach, N. J., Sept. 16, 1915.

The Club System of Defense.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While the social prejudice, alleged or actual, of which a rookie complains in a letter recently published in your columns, may keep out valuable material from the ranks of our volunteer regiments, there is another defect which, to my mind, seriously impairs their value. It is the fact that the men, after a reasonable term of service, are not "graduated," as it were, to make room for new men. In other words, the membership of the regiment remains practically unchanged year after year, and, to a certain extent, decade after decade. As was said of the members of a certain London club, "None die and few resign."

The main difference between the Plattsburg scheme and the club system of the guard is that the former turns out a fresh batch of fairly trained men every few months, or will do so when in working order. The German peasant learns the duties of a soldier in the ranks, and the care of his weapons in two years. Surely an American of average intelligence might be expected to do as much. This would mean that the regiment would recruit itself anew every two years and that from 1,000 to 3,000 trained men would be added. This is what the Plattsburg camp will do and what, unfortunately, the guard has failed to do.
PERCY FRIDENBERG.
New York, Sept. 15, 1915.

ORDERS IN COUNCIL.

Hoke Smith on the Blockade of Neutral Ports and Contraband Cotton.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial headed "The Optimist to the Pessimist" certainly misrepresents my view of Southern conditions. I have criticised the orders of Great Britain blockading neutral ports and declaring cotton absolute contraband.

Lest your editorial withdraw attention from the lawless course of Great Britain, let me say that it is only necessary to read the memorandum giving the law of blockade, furnished the delegates to the London Conference by the British Government, and the memorandum giving the law of contraband, furnished by the British Government to Lord Desart, to see that Great Britain insisted before this conference that a belligerent could not legally blockade a neutral port, or make cotton absolute contraband.

The ablest students of international law represented the nine great naval powers at the London Conference. They approved the British view of blockade and contraband, and unanimously declared on Feb. 26, 1909, that a belligerent had no right to blockade a neutral port, or to make cotton absolute contraband. Great Britain, by illegal Orders in Council, cut off a market for nearly three millions of bales of American cotton, and will also create a precedent to excuse similar action in future, unless the legality of her present course is protested.

In spite of this injury to our commerce, I have for months insisted that cotton should bring a higher price this Fall, and that the people of the cotton-growing States should be reasonably prosperous. But for the illegal course of Great Britain cotton would now sell at prices equal to those at which it sold just before the war, for the supply of cotton relative to the demand would, if the German and Austrian markets were open, not exceed the relative supply and demand during the first six months of 1914. HOKE SMITH.
Washington, D. C., Sept. 15, 1915.

Unpreparedness and the Dutch.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The absolute necessity for preparedness against war is well shown in Van Loon's "Fall of the Dutch Republic," an interesting review of which was published in THE TIMES BOOK REVIEW of Aug. 3, 1913—just one year before the present war. It shows how the lethargy of the people of the Netherlands threw them "from the pinnacle of power to the deepest abyss of degradation." At one time they successfully disputed the empire of the seas with England. "They had wonderful possessions across the seas and were courted as the bankers of Europe. It seemed to them that they had achieved such a success that they could rest on their oars, and for seventy-five years the nation was actually dying of inanition before any one found it out." Singular to say, their fall occurred just as our nation was coming into being, and their sympathy for us was an indirect cause of their fall. Truly as your reviewer remarked, "They fell because they would not assume the responsibility that goes with independence and because they could not realize that sacrifice and eternal vigilance are the price of freedom." Had he written with a knowledge of what occurred just one year after his article was printed he could hardly have written more forcibly in favor of preparedness than he then did. PARKS FACKLER.
New York, Sept. 15, 1915.

What Do Ships Leave?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

To ease the mental strain of those who cannot remember that port is left I suggest: "The ship has left port." MARINE.
Lakeville, Conn., Sept. 15, 1915.

DE HEREDIAS HOSTS AT A DOMINO BALL

Berkshires Society Dances at Their Villa Wheatleigh—Gardens of Flaming Splendor.

WOMEN ONLY DISGUISED

They Wear Cloaks and Hoods of Many Hues—The Guests—Dinner Parties Precede the Event.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., Sept. 17.—The domino ball at Wheatleigh, the country seat of Mr. and Mrs. Carlos M. De Heredia, tonight was a brilliant affair. Magnificent lighting effects were produced by the abundant use of electricity which was employed throughout the grounds, and made the gardens of flaming splendor. The approach to the villa was lighted in gorgeous colors. The villa was in blazing lights. Harmonious colored lamps of rose, mauve, amethyst, and pink were used in the gardens.

Pink and white were colors used in the villa. This building is a copy of an Italian villa and gave exceptional opportunity for a masked ball. The main hall and adjoining rooms were used for dancing. There were 150 invited, and the women of the colony wore cloaks and hoods of many hues and were masked. By a law of the State of Massachusetts both sexes are not allowed to mask for a ball and only the women were disguised. At 1 o'clock the masks were removed and supper was then served on the inclosed porches.

Among the cottagers who gave dinner parties before the ball and afterwards took their guests to Wheatleigh were Mrs. John E. Alexandre, who is entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Delafield, Mrs. Hamilton Russell, Alexander S. Webb, Miss Edith Morgan; Mrs. Edward S. Spencer, who has as guests Mr. and Mrs. Jere G. Maupin, Mrs. Augustus D. Rumporter, Mrs. Harvey H. Spencer, Miss Marie Lawrence Wetherill, and Dr. Howard Van Rensselaer; Mrs. Enrico J. Conill, who has as guests the Marquis and Marquise Pinar del Rio, Mr. and Mrs. Nicolo Carbenas, and Mrs. R. Carlos de Acosta.

Among others who were guests of Mr. and Mrs. De Heredia were Mr. and Mrs. Newbold Morris and their guests, Mrs. Walter P. Anderton and A. Eugene Gallatin; Mr. and Mrs. Cortlandt F. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Chester French and their house party, Felix Doubleday, Theron Strong, Frank Jefferson of New York, and Keth McCloud of Boston; the Rev. and Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes and their guests, Walter James and Miss James; Mrs. Drexel Dahlgren, the Misses Madeline and Katherine Dahlgren and their guests, Mr. Wylie and Fred McDonald of New York; Mr. and Mrs. George E. Turnure, Miss Irene Turnure, Dr. and Mrs. Henry P. Jaques, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Shields Clarke, and the Misses Clarke.

Also Mr. and Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed, the Misses Bristed, Mr. and Mrs. Giraud Foster, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Frothingham, Mr. and Mrs. William Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Blake, Mrs. Henry Blake, Miss Blake, Mr. and Mrs. Francis S. Blake, Mrs. Charles E. Dana, Miss Dana, Spencer P. Shotter, the Misses Shotter, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick S. Delafield, Miss Delafield, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Greenleaf, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish Benjamin, Mrs. M. D. Wight Collier, Mr. and Mrs. David T. Dana, Mrs. Richard Gambrill, Richard Gambrill, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Carl A. De Gersdorff.

Mrs. Frank Gray Griswold is visiting with Mrs. William Douglas Sloane.

Mrs. French Vanderbilt and her son, William H. Vanderbilt, who have been with Mrs. Sloane, returned to Newport today.

Victor Sorchan won the golf championship of the Stockbridge Golf Club today, defeating Alan W. Harrington 3 up and 2 to play.

Mrs. Orlando B. Potter, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Marble of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Spalding of Boston, arrived at the Red Lion Inn, Stockbridge.

Mrs. George B. De Gersdorff is visiting with Miss Mable Choate at Naumkeag in Stockbridge.

Misses Edith and Mary Bryce returned to Pittsfield today from Bar Harbor.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Stewart Patterson and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Sewell of Philadelphia, J. Holladay Philbin, Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Spencer and Miss Clough of New York, arrived at Curtis Hotel.

Mrs. Borden Sherman, Mrs. George L. White, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Stonehill, and Miss Dorothy Stonehill of New York, arrived at Hotel Aspinwall.

Mrs. John H. Upshur who has been at Curtis Hotel for the season, went to Millbrook, N. Y., today.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Hamilton, Mrs. W. Fillmore, Mrs. L. Ames, Mrs. James W. Biddle, Mrs. T. L. Williamson of New York, and Dr. and Mrs. George S. Isham of Chicago, arrived at the Maplewood in Pittsfield.

HOT SPRINGS TENNIS TOURNEYS

Players in the Semi-Finals in Men's Singles—New York Visitors.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Sept. 17.—The semi-finals were partly played off today in a men's handicap in singles in a series of tennis tournaments being held here this week.

In the playing this morning J. H. B. Phillips beat S. Randall, 6—3, 3—6, 6—3, and David Ingalls beat A. C. Downey, 6—0, 6—0. A. S. Ingalls will play McKee Dunn, and Hugh McB. Johnson will play J. C. Sprunt tomorrow, after which the finals will be played.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerome N. Bonaparte, of Washington, who spent the Summer at Narragansett Pier, are here for the month, and among New Yorkers lately arrived are Mrs. L. L. Delafield and the Misses Delafield, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Durant, Mrs. Albert Young, Miss Arents, Hamilton Abert, Henderson Green, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur W. Auth, Mr. and Mrs. Johnston De Forest, Mr. and Mrs. I. Chauncy McKeever and the Misses Marian and Francis McKeever.

Miss Margaret Henderson of New York has joined Mr. and Mrs. Stanley L. Wolff at the Homestead for September, and other arrivals include Mrs. Charles Rieman, Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Paxton and Miss Lucille Paxton, Washington; Mrs. Nicholas J. Walsh and Miss Eleanor Walsh, Cincinnati, and F. B. Tarbell, Chicago.

Miss Adele Magruder Engaged.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 17.—The engagement of Miss Adele Magruder, daughter of Commander Thomas F. Magruder, United States Navy, and Mrs. Magruder, and Lieutenant Stuart O. Geig, attached to the Atlantic Submarine Flotilla, has been announced. Commander Magruder is attached to the Naval War College. The marriage will be held here Nov. 17.

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PLAN NEWPORT RACE TRACK.

H. F. Eldridge and Others Own a Franchise for Horse Racing.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 17.—Efforts are being made to have horse racing on the outside of the Westchester Polo Club playing field next Summmer. The track could be made a mile and a half. A number of men, including Henry F. Eldridge, Prescott Lawrence, Frank K. Sturgis, Francis M. Ware, and others have a franchise for horse racing under the name of the Rhode Island Jockey Club.

Professor and Mrs. John W. Burgess are giving a musicale at Athenwood tomorrow afternoon, having Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Bloch, pianist and violinist, as soloists.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Duncan gave a dinner at Bonnie Crest tonight, with the Russian Ambassador and Mme. Bekhmeteff, Mr. and Mrs. Frank K. Sturgis, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Rhinelander, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart Barney, Mrs. French Vanderbilt, Mrs. Gouverneur Kortright, Mrs. George H. Hull, Jr., General Fred Pierson, Miss Jean Morris, Miss Louise Scott, and Charles Frederick Hoffman as guests.

Mrs. William F. Draper of Washington, who has occupied the Orchard with her daughter, Miss Margaret Draper, since early Summer, has taken the estate for another season.

Mme. Riano, wife of the Spanish Ambassador, is visiting in York Harbor.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. C. Taylor have returned from New York on the steam yacht Wanderer.

Commodore Arthur Curtiss James returned today from New York on the yacht Aloha.

Commodore and Mrs. Pembroke Jones entertained a dinner company on board the steam yacht Narada tonight.

Mrs. Lauterbach, who is closing her stay tomorrow, gave an informal day dance at the Clam Bake Club tonight.

Miss Eunice James of Cold Spring Harbor is visiting Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss; Miss Christine Fuche Curtis of Boston, and Lieutenant A. C. Bennet, U. S. Navy, are registered at the Casino.

Mrs. French Vanderbilt has returned from New York.

Mrs. William F. Draper and Miss Draper will entertain tomorrow for Spanish Ambassador Riano with a dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. William Grosvenor of Providence are guests of Mrs. Grosvenor.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Rives and Miss Rives will be among the late stayers.

Mrs. Arthur Glasgow of London, is visiting Miss Louise Scott.

Childrens' parties were entertained today by Mrs. Craig Biddle and Mrs. Walter K. Sturges.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont entertained a dinner party at their cottage tonight.

Mrs. Fletcher Ryer and Miss Doris Ryer of San Francisco are closing their season Oct. 1.

Mrs. Richard Corbin gave a luncheon at the Pine Lodge today for Mrs. James P. Kernochan, the other guests being Mrs. George H. Hull, Jr., Mrs. Paul A. Andrews, Mrs. John Watts, Miss Varnum, Miss Mason, Mrs. Harold Brown, Mrs. Walter Norman Eldridge, and Mrs. Richard C. Derby.

Mrs. Gouverneur Kortright of New of New York, Allen and Saunders Lewis, Duncan.

Mrs. John Mayer, Jr., formerly of Morristown, N. J., has taken a lease of the Nutshell in Catherine Street for two years.

PROFESSOR PLATNER MARRIES.

Andover Theological Seminary Instructor Weds Miss Burnham.

The marriage of Miss Clara Avery Burnham, daughter of Mrs. James Kellogg Burnham, and Professor John Winthrop Platner of Andover Theological Seminary, was celebrated on Thursday in the Church of Atonement at Quogue, L. I. The Rev. Dr. Wilton Merle-Smith and the Rev. J. V. Chalmers officiated.

Mrs. Herbert Schaw May was matron of honor, and Miss Mary R. Keck of Lusanne, Switzerland, was the bridesmaid. Jessie Downing of Kansas City acted as flower girl.

The best man was Prof. Samuel B. Platner of the Western Reserve University, and the ushers included Rice R. Miner, Professor Arthur C. McGiffert, Professor James H. Ropes, and Professor William W. Rockwell.

Merritt-McElroy Wedding Today.

One of the notable weddings of the season on the North Shore of Long Island will take place this afternoon at 4:30, when Miss Marjorie McElroy, daughter of Mrs. Robert Lemuel McElroy of Overlook, Cryder's Point, Whitestone, will become the bride of John I. Merritt, son of Mr. and Mrs. Israel J. Merritt of Manhattan and grandson of the late Captain Israel J. Merritt, who founded the Merritt-Chapman Wrecking Company, of which the bridegroom-to-be is the Treasurer. Miss McElroy is a graduate of St. Mary's School, Garden City. The ceremony will be performed in Christ Church, Whitestone, by the rector, the Rev. William Jenkins.

OFF FOR EUROPE TODAY.

Some of the Passengers on Two Liners—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing today and some of those booked to leave on them are:

ST. LOUIS, (Liverpool.)—T. E. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Anderson, Captain the Hon. Alfred Anson, W. E. Avery, W. E. Barker, H. A. Black, W. Bush, Frank Cellier, R. R. Chamberlain, H. C. Dickson, Thomas Emery, Miss S. M. Farley, H. S. Fullerton, C. E. Gardiner, H. A. Goode, Thomas Gore, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Harrington, Mrs. W. H. Holmes, C. F. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Kidd, Rev. J. F. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Musgrave, J. H. Nordick, E. Pitt, J. H. Pritchard, C. Rhodes, H. Ross, Mrs. R. Rutherford, M. Sayer, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. M. Shaw, E. A. Shee, W. H. Simpson, J. M. Taylor, Miss Ada Tetley, R. Sefton Turner, G. E. Ward, R. S. Ward.

CHICAGO, (Bordeaux.)—M. Andrews, F. Buisson, Mrs. E. Brandt, Dr. E. E. Cooley, Mrs. A. Crall, Joseph Condon, W. Fay, A. Gilmore, Mrs. E. A. Gluck, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Jarvis, R. H. Lloyd, R. Minor, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Potter, E. Paterson, Miss J. Robert, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Stewart, Baron A. W. de Stackelberg, Edward Townsend, Miss V. Townsend.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

BALTIC, (Liverpool.)—W. C. Adams, J. E. Bentley, A. S. Berins, Miss M. H. Craig, J. W. Crowther, A. W. Duckett, Charles Evers, James Fee, F. R. Gibson, William Graham, E. B. Greene, H. Haley, J. J. Hills, S. B. Jameson, Mrs. C. Lemare, Miss Betty Lemare, T. H. Nash, Dr. F. E. Piner, W. J. Pitt, T. F. Revell, Miss C. V. Rogers, M. H. Rylatt, A. J. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Ward.

KRISTIANIAFJORD, (Bergen.)—Miss E. Anderson, G. W. Bell, Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Couchman, Mrs. M. Gaustad, Theodore Holme, Mrs. E. Kennedy, V. Lindfers, J. Lund, L. Lyng, T. Madsen, J. A. Ouse, Mrs. L. Tutro, Mrs. B. Vogt, Mrs. R. W. Walker F. Wicks.

KURSK, (Archangel.)—Elmer Caulsen, Mrs. M. K. Page, Alexander Kimball, S. Nicolaeff, Michael Gowaloff, Mrs. Olga Gowaloff.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

By an arrangement with David Belasco, Selwyn & Co. have acquired the services of Janet Beecher for Avery Hopwoods new farce, "The Morning After."

The performance of "Too Much Mustard" at the Shelburne, Brighton Beach, Monday night, will be in the nature of a benefit for the Young Men and Women's Social Service Auxiliary of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities.

A new finale to "Just Girls," the midnight revue at the Danse de Follies, above the New Amsterdam, was added last night. It was written by Gene Buck and Dave Stamper, and the entire company took part in it.

Lieutenants Rood and Hancock, with four other navy officers, made up a box party at the Long acre last night for the performance of "The Girl Who Smiles." The men were classmates of Paul Hyde Davies, who plays the role of Pierre.

The Vitagraph Benevolent Association will give a dance Wednesday night, Oct. 27, at McLoughlin's Bayside Casino, Sheepshead Bay, for the benefit of the hospital and sick fund of the association. All of the Vitagraph stars will attend the dance.

MAY IRWIN TO HEAD LAUGHTER BUREAU

Her Job Will Be to Put a Sane Sense of Humor in Suffragists' Campaign.

SHE STARTS ACTIVE WORK

Actress Tells a Story to Show That Antis Are Attempting to Ridicule Serious Work.

A Bureau of Laughter is the latest department opened by the suffragists. It is to be under the auspices of the Equal Conservative Franchise Society, with May Irwin, the actress, at its head. Miss Irwin is enthusiastic about it and the "cause," and says she will go into the work with her sleeves rolled up and will make a first offering for suffrage in two good votes for the enfranchisement of women—those of her sons.

Mrs. John Blair, Treasurer of the Equal Franchise Society, seeing Miss Irwin's suggestion to President Wilson of a "Bureau of Laughter," immediately wrote to her asking why she would not bring her idea into the suffrage work and come with it. This is Mrs. Blair's letter:

Suffragists have noted with pleasure your suggestion to President Wilson for the establishment of a Department of Laughter and your application for the position of Secretary of the same.

In your letter to Mr. Wilson you call yourself an "almost citizen." May we infer from this that you are as desirous as we that the verdict in favor of the suffrage for women will be delivered next November? If so, here is a return suggestion which we make to you. We stand ready to establish a Bureau of Laughter, and we ask you to become the executive head of it. The object of this part of our campaign will be to "laugh out of court," as you expressed it, the anti-suffragists who are misguidedly attempting to pester and annoy us in our serious work of obtaining the franchise for women.

We will welcome the assistance of the woman who has demonstrated to the country that even under the most distressing national strain our sex possesses that safeguard of the mind, a sane sense of humor, and is capable of facing the most serious problems of national safety with the calmness and security of judgment so well exemplified at this time by the Executive head of the Government.

Miss Irwin replied:

Sept. 15, 1915.

Dear Mrs. Blair: Thank you indeed for your kind letter and your invitation to me to head a Bureau of Laughter. I accept your offer with enthusiasm, since you believe in my ability to be useful in this work, and if it were not for this hot weather I should wear a coat for the satisfaction of pulling it off and rolling up my sleeves. The energy I will be able to bring into this fight will be propelled by a deep sympathy for the grand idea and a sincere conviction of its justice.

Results count, and I am already at work, and can promise you two votes on Nov. 2. They will be the votes of my sons.

May I make a suggestion for the parade in October? Let there be organized a marching brigade of women as a feature. Each woman should wear the dress of an army nurse, the cap and the insignia of the Red Cross on the sleeve, and the organization should be called "The Women Who Watch and Wait." By this object lesson let us show our men that the women who suffer for them and with them ought to have the franchise right to vote with them. I'd like to be in that brigade.

With a deep, immovable yearning for the success of "The Cause," permit me to report for duty.

MAY IRWIN.

Miss Irwin began work at once with a contribution to the new Bureau of Laughter. It is an answer to recent anti-suffrage quotations from suffrage literature in which, she says, they tried to find a menace to morality by taking parts of paragraphs giving them a different sense from their original intent. She tells the story of the darky minister and the "Top-Knot."

"The anti-suffragists remind me," said Miss Irwin, "of the story of an illiterate colored minister who preached against the wearing of chignons from a text he said he found in the Bible: 'Top-Knot Come Down.'

"He did find it in the Bible, too. He found it by exactly the method that the anti-suffragist uses when he or she finds a 'menace to morality' in the writings of such women as Charlotte Perkins Gilman, or an attack on woman suffrage in the statements of Judge Ben B. Lindsey.

"'Let him that is upon the housetop not come down.'"

ASK FEDERAL SUFFRAGE LAW

Women's Convention Sending 500,000-Name Petition to Congress.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 17.—Miss Frances Jelliffe of San Francisco and Mrs. Sarah Bard Field of Portland, Ore., are on their way today by automobile to Washington, D. C., carrying with them to present to Congress resolutions adopted here yesterday by the Women Voters' Convention and a 500,000-name petition urging Congress to enact a national woman suffrage law. The resolutions urge the Susan B. Anthony pian for securing woman suffrage by amendment to the Federal Constitution.

The convention, which was held under the auspices of the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage, adjourned last night after ceremonies at the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

Cooper-Patterson Engagement.

Mrs. Philip H. Copoer of Morristown, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Dorothy Bradford Cooper, to the Rev. William Christy Patterson of Boston, Mass., assistant at St. Peter's Episcopal Church, Morristown. Miss Cooper is the only daughter of the late Rear Admiral Philip H. Cooper and a granddaughter of the late John F. Foote of Morristown. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

MILLER—WYMAN.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Mary Kilgour Miller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund E. Miller of Cincinnati, to Walter F. Wyman, son of Mrs. Edward F. Wyman of New York. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Libbey to Wed W. L. Glenney.

Announcement has been made by Professor William Libbey and Mrs. Libbey of Thanet Lodge, Princeton, N. J., of the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elsie Libbey, to Walter Lester Glenney of Plainfield, N. J. No date has been set for the wedding.

MAY—SIEGEL.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Siegel of 54 East 87th Street, announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Lillian Siegel, and Martimer A. May, which took place on Thursday. The young couple are spending their honeymoon at Atlantic City, and will reside in this city on their return.

ON WHITE SULPHUR LINKS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt and Miss Anne Morgan Among Golfers.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. Va., Sept. 17.—Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt and Miss Anne Morgan were out this morning for a game of golf. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Burnham Squier of New York, Allen and Saunders Lewis, Jr., of Philadelphia, Mrs. E. D. Hobbs and her sister, Miss Virginia East of Norfolk; Mrs. Roy Rainey, and Miss Charlotte Andrews of New York were others playing today.

Mrs. Rainey, with her two children, and Miss Andrews reached the Greenbrier today from their country place at Huntington, L. I.

William Storrs Wells of New York entertained at another Elmhurst dinner tonight for a party of five. Mr. and Mrs. Irving I. Bloomingdale and Master Donald Bloomingdale drove there for tea this afternoon.

Garrett B. Wall, Jr., Barclay H. Warburton, Jr., and Egerton Warburton made the trip to Organ Cave by horseback today. Others out in the saddle were Miss Bertha Clark and Edward S. Buckley, 3d, of Philadelphia, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Miss Anne Morgan, Miss M. T. Smith Mrs. C. B. Squier and Miss Mercer French of New York, and Mrs. W. Arthur Stickney of St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman McLeod will reach the Greenbrier tomorrow from Bretton Woods, and will join Mrs. Barclay Warburton and Mr. and Mrs. Arturo De Heeren, here. Others coming from New York are Mr. and Mrs. James E. Liggett, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. McIntosh, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hatfield.

WILL WED AFTER ROMANCE.

Assemblyman Barradale and Miss Stewart Are Old Schoolmates.

Special to The New York Times.

MAPLEWOOD, N. J., Sept. 17.—A romance which began fifteen years ago, when they were students in the South Orange High School, will culminate on Oct. 6 in the marriage of Miss Vera W. Stewart, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Stewart of 15 Highland Place, Maplewood, and Assemblyman E. Morgan Barradale of Orange. The ceremony will be performed in Morrow Memorial Methodist Church, Maplewood, and will be performed by the Rev. Dr. William Hainer, pastor of the First Christian Church, Irvington.

Both Miss Stewart and Mr. Barrandale were graduated from the South Orange High School in the class of 190. The former then went to the Newark City Training School for Nurses, and Mr. Barradale entered Yale, both being graduated from their respective institutions in 1907. Mr. Barradale entered the New ersey Law School, and after his graduation in 1910 taught there for two years. He has served two terms in the Assembly, being elected on the Republican ticket.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Miss osephine Osborn, daughter of Professor and Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborn, ho has been in California for some time, will return to New York the iatter part of next week.

Mrs. Israel O. Blake of 995 Madison Avenue, is to give a dance at Sherry's on Nov. 24, to introduce her daughter, Miss eannette Blake.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sheldon of New York are being congratulated upon the birth of a daughter. Mrs. Sheldon was Miss Louise Gulliver, and the newcomer is a granddaughter of Mrs. William C. Gulliver.

Miss Georgiana Harriman Owen, who has just returned from a month's stay in Newport, is in Southampton for several weeks.

Dr. Walter Eyre Lambert and Mrs. Lambert have returned from St. Andrews-by-the-Sea, New Brunswick, Canada, where they spent the Summer and are at 112 East Thirty-fifth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Gifford of 140 West Seventy-first Street, are in town to meet Mrs. Benjamin Horton of London. They gave a dinner for her last night at the Biltmore.

Miss Isabel Stettinius, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward R. Stettinius, will make her début on Dec. 4 at a reception at her parents' home, 16 East Seventy-third Street. Mrs. Stettinius will give a dance for her daughter at Sherry's during the holiday week.

Mrs. Hoke Smith and Miss Hoke Smith, with Mrs. Alston Simpson of Washington, D. C., are at the Wolcott for a visit of several weeks.

Miss Olga Wiborg and Sidney W. Fish are to be married today at East Hampton, L. I. Owing to the recent death of the bridegroom's mother, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, the wedding is to be quiet. The wedding of Miss Katharine Meyer, daughter of the late John C. Meyer, and Schuyler Rice, son of Judge Kearney Rice, is to take place today at the home of the bride's mother, Highland Park, on the Raritan River. Miss Isabelle F. Dunning and Phillipse E. N. Greene are to be married at the Summer home of the bride at Warwick, N. Y. The marriage of Miss Ruth Milliken and Robert T. Houk, Jr., will take place in St. Thomas's Church at noon today.

MARIE TEMPEST ILL.

Heat Also Causes the Closing of Lyceum Theatre Till Monday.

The heat added another theatrical victim to its list yesterday. It caused the indisposition of Marie Tempest, and while the comedienne is not seriously ill, it was deemed advisable to omit the performances of "The Duke of Killicrankie" and "Rosalind," in which she is playing the leading rôles at the Lyceum, until Monday.

The engagement will be resumed at that time.

Sereno S. Pratt's Funeral.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Vt., Sept. 17.—The funeral of Sereno S. Pratt of Brooklyn, for the last five years Secretary of the Chamber of Commrc of Nw Yoerk City, was held at Dorset, Vt., at 11 o'clock this morning, from his Summer home. The service was conducted by the Rev. Roelif H. Brooks of St. Paul's Episcopal Church of Albany, N. Y. Eight of Mr. Pratt's friends at Dorset acted as honorary pall bearers, and the active bearers were Edward G. Riggs, Charles T. Gwynne, George A. White, and Dr. J. H. Bogart, all of New York.

A grandson, Sereno Pratt Sheldon, son of Mr. and Mrs. Berniss Sheldon of Dorset, who was born two days before the death of Mr. Pratt, was christened this morning at the Pratt home.

Wm. F. Fitch, Railroad Official.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Sept. 17.—William F. Fitch, a former President of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railroad, died at his home here last night in his seventy-seventh year. He was born in Circleville, Ohio, and started his railroad career as a clerk in the offices of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway in 1871. In 1888 he joined the staff of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. In addition to this, Mr. Fitch was President of the Mineral Range Railroad, General Manager of the Calumet & Hancock Railroad, President of the Lake Shore Terminal & Transfer Railway, and since 1912 Vice President of the Wisconsin Central Railway.

BLAKESLEE HEIRS WILL GET $125,000

Accounting Shows Value of Suicide's Art Collection Had Been Overestimated.

AUCTION BROUGHT $259,202

If Dealer Had Not Taken His Life He Might Have Reaped a Fortune from His Treasures.

Theron . Blakeslee, the famous art dealer, killed himself in his Fifth Avenue art galleries on March 7 of last year. He died among paintings, pictures, and antiques of many kinds that he had gathered in many lands. At that time, and for months afterward, it was said that he had more than 800 paintings, and that these, together with his other art objects were worth in the neighborhood of $900,000, and that he owed about 50 per cent. of their value to dealers abroad. Both the value of the collection and the money due on them were greatly overestimated, it was shown yesterday, when the administrators of the estate filed in the Surrogates' Court their first accounting.

It was said that it was because of the facts that bills for large sums were falling due, because of the depression in the art market through business stagnation, and poor health, that caused him to take his life. Mr. Blakeslee could have reaped a fortune for himself through the sale of his art treasures had he lived on. This was proved by the accounting. The administrators of the estate are the Columbia Trust Company and Mr. Blakeslee's widow. They were appointed on March 17, 1914, and their accounting covers the period up to Aug. 12 last.

Feared War in Europe.

For a long time after the administrators began work there was considerable discussion as to the best way of closing up the estate. Fear was felt that the war in Europe would make it difficult to get fair prices for the pictures. Finally it was decided to sell them at public auction, and last Spring, from April 21 to the 23, inclusive, the sale was carried on.

The administrators had been advised by the court not to accept any prices for the pictures below their appraised value. The accoupnting shows that 236 pictures were sold for a total of $259,202.37 and that the total value of the estate is $471,588.11. Deducting expenses, a balance of $383,187.84 is left for the payment of claims and distribution among the heirs. Claims against the estate amounting to $253,210 have been allowed. These cover the entire liabilities, except one claim of $1,413 that was not allowed but that may be paid later. The total left to the heirs will be about $125,000 unless the articles still to be disposed of bring amounts far below their appraised value. This is not thought likely, however, because the market for such wares as painting is in a better condition, it is said, than it was nine months ago.

Many Treasures Sacrificed.

The sale of last April was held in the Hotel Plaza. A full list of the paintings sold and the prices they brought was printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES on the days following the sale. Many of the notable paintings brought prices far below those paid for them by Mr. Blakeslee, but many others reaped good profits, so that the final result is satisfactory.

One of the panels was by Domenico Puligo, a pupil of del Sarto, and was entitled "Madonna, Child and St. John." It was bought by an agent for $3,050. It cost Mr. Blakeslee $5,000. A Dutch painting by Michiel van Musscher, "The Concert," was bought by Joseph Breck, formerly of the Metropolitan Museum of Art and now of the Museum of Art of Minneapolis, for $600. "The Adoration of the Magi," a Rubens, 96½ by 120 inches, went to an agent for $13,000. It was called the most important Rubens ever sold in this country. Two others sold a short time before brought a total of $70,000.

A painting by Largilliere, "Portrait of a Lady of the Court of Louis XIV.," was sold for $7,500, and one by Joshua Reynolds, "Annabella, Lady Blake, as Juno," that had been appraised by art experts at $30,000 and that cost Mr. Blakeslee only $42,500, brought only $13,000. Captain J. R. de Lamar bought an Alma Tadema for $9,200 that had cost $22,500. Two Raeburns, "Mrs. Cathcart" and "Mrs. Stewart Richardson," brought $11,000 and $8,100, respectively. The latter cost Mr. Blakeslee $28,000. A Romney, "Mrs. Uppleby," brought $10,300. It cost $15,000.

A few of the other paintings sold were "Portrait of a Lady," by John Hoppen, $4,200; "Lady Melville," by Sir Thomas Lawrence, $5,100; "The Marquis of Hertford," by Raeburn, $3,700, and "A Lady of the Coningsby Family," by Anthony Van Dyck, $5,100.

Pending the sale of the other paintings and antiques, Mrs. Blakeslee has asked the Surrogate to reduce her bond of $1,000,000.

PROF. VAN MILLINGEN DEAD.

Noted Student of History Succumbs in London in His 75th Year.

Professor Alexander Van Millingen, one of the most noted students of history in England, died at his home in London on Wednesday, according to information received here yesterday. He was in his seventy-fifth year, and was the son of Dr. Julius M. Van Millingen, who was associated with Lord Byron in the war of Greek independence, and was later Court Physician to the Sultan of Turkey.

Professor Van Millingen was a graduate of the Malta Protestant College, Blair Lodge Academy, Edinburgh University, and New College, Edinburgh. Later he received honorary degrees from several colleges and universities, among which were Knox College, Toronto. He was pastor of several churches in foreign countries, and was at one time teacher of history in Roberts College in Constantinople.

Among other writings he was a contributor to the Encyclopaedia Britannica and was the author of "Byzantine Constantinople" and "Byzantine Churches in Constantinople." Professor Van Millingen was married twice, his second wife being Miss Frances Mackenzie of Penwenack, Cornwall.

Frederick Ernest Amedee Gagnon.

Frederick Ernest Amedée Gagnon, noted for his contributions to French-Canadian literature and music, and for thirty years Secretary of the Department of Public Works of the Province of Quebec, died on Thursday at his home in Grand Allée, Quebec, in his eighty-first year. He was born in Louisville, Quebec, and was a graduate of Joliette College. During 1857-58 he studied music in Paris, and in 1864 became organist of the Basilica in Quebec. He was the author of twelve volumes, among which are "Chansons Populaire du Canada" and "Pages d'Histoire."

Obituary Notes.

FRANK M. CHANDLER, a former United States Marshal in Cleveland, Ohio, died on Thursday night at his home there. He was active in Ohio politics and was a friend of the late Senator Hanna.

JOSEPH C. SARES, for forty-five years a Democratic leader in Rutherford, N. J., died on Wednesday night at his home there in his seventy-first year.

DAVID LIPPMAN COHN, a cigar dealer, died on Thursday night at his home, 138 East Forty-eighth Street, in his thirty-ninth year.

Mrs. BELLA CALVERT BREWER, wife of William A. Brewer of South Orange, N. J., died on Thursday in Altamont, N. Y., where she was spending the Summer, in her seventy-first year.

Mrs. OTUS T. SOFIELD, widow of O. T. Sofield, formerly a hardware merchant, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. E. W. Peck, in New Rochelle, N. Y., in her seventy-first year.

TOWNSEND ALBERTSON, formerly a produce farmer of Long Island, died on Wednesday in his home, Cranford, N. J., in his sixty-sixth year.

Mrs. EMMA D. PACKARD, wife of Butler Packard, of 117 Decatur Street, Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at the home of her daughter in Brockport, N. Y., and her funeral will be held from her late residence today. Mrs. Packard was 74 years of age and was an active worker in the Tompkins Avenue Congregational Church.

Mrs. JENNIE TUNISON GERTING, 69 years old, widow of Frederick W. Gerting, and for fifty years a resident of Brooklyn, died on Thursday at her home, 824 Washington Avenue, from diabetes. She is survived by two daughters.

Brother MATTHEW, a member of St. Francis Monastery, at 41 Butler Street, Brooklyn, died in the monastery on Thursday, aged 80 years. He was born William Flynn and had been a member of the Franciscan Brothers for forty-five years. He was for many years an instructor in St. Francis College, and taught in many of the Catholic schools of Brooklyn.

WYMAN B. HALL, a retired lumber merchant and son of James D. Hall, a shipbuilder, died on Wednesday at his home, 95 Wilson Street, Brooklyn, from acute indigestion. Mr. Hall was a native of Maine and had lived in the Eastern District of Brooklyn for the last fifty years. He left a widow and two daughters.

JOHN J. LOCKWOOD, for the last forty years employed by the George S. Hart Company of 35 Pearl Street, Manhattan, died from heart disease on Thursday at his home, 28 Third Street, Brooklyn, leaving a daughter and two sons.

Coroner ROBERT G. CORNWELL of Suffolk County fell dead from heart disease in his home in Riverhead, L. I., on Thursday night. Dr. Cornwell was born in Brooklyn 61 years ago and was a son of James H. Cornwell, once a Supreme Court Justice. He was educated at Adelphi College and at the Long Island College Hospital and had practiced medicine since 1882. He became Coroner of Suffolk County three years ago, and, in addition, he held the post of Jail Physician and Health Officer of Riverhead. He is survived by his wife, a son, and a daughter.

Mrs. MARY BAILEY, widow of James Bailey, a retired builder, died on Thursday at her home, 326 Clifton Place, Brooklyn, in her eighty-sixth year. Mrs. Bailey was formerly active in religious work and several years ago established the Bethel Mission on Gates Avenue, carrying on the work for some time at her own expense.

PATRICK CHARLES CUNNINGHAM, a retired wine and liquor dealer of Brooklyn, is dead at his home, 446 Prospect Place, aged 74 years. He is survived by his wife, three sons, and three daughters.

JOHN PETER SAMUELSON, 74 years old, a member of Brooklyn City Lodge, Knights of Honor, died from heart disease on Wednesday at his home, 779 Union Street, Brooklyn. He was a native of Singsjo, Sweden.

OTTO PETTERS, a manufacturer of rubber stamps in Fulton Street, Manhattan, died at his home, 543 Seventy-third Street, Bay Ridge, on Thursday. He was 59 years old and left a wife.

JAMES ARTHUR HAND, who for a number of years was in the automobile business and later represented a publishing house, died Wednesday at his home, 132 Howard Street, Brooklyn. He lived in Flushing for fifteen years, and three years ago took up his residence in Brooklyn. He was a member of Cornucopia Lodge, F. and A. M., of Flushing.

HUGH GREEN, 58 years old, an old resident of Astoria, where he owned real estate valued at $250,000, died at his home in Buchanan Place, in that place, yesterday. He was born in New York and was first employed with a manufacturer of chemicals in Manhattan and later was one of the organizers of the firm of James Burroughs & Co., of 56 Pine Street, Manhattan, manufacturers of chemicals. Mr. Green is survived by his wife, two sons and a daughter.

Mrs. D. A. GERATY, widow of David B. Geraty, died yesterday at her home, 189 South Mountain Avenue, Montclair, N. J. Mr. Geraty, before his death, was prominently connected with the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railway Company.

Mrs. MARIA SIGLER QUINN, 85 years old, died yesterday at the home of her nephew, Jesse Paxton, 61 Elm Stree, Montclair, N. J.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged

GLENNEY—LIBBEY.—Professor and Mrs. William Libbey of Thanet Lodge, Princeton, N. J., announce the engagement of their eldest daughter, Elsie, to Mr. Walter Lester Glenney of Plainfield, N. J.

POCKMAN—WALLACE.—Mr. and Mrs. William H. Wallace of Rockville Centre, L. I., announce the engagement of their daughter Leonore to Theodore N. Pockman of New York.

JOHNSON—THOMAS.—Amy Thomas to Willard C. Johnson.

Married.

BATTEY—CRAWFORD.—On Wednesday, Sept. 15, 1915, at Beechmont, New Rochelle, by the Rev. G. W. C. Hill, Muriel Nast Crawford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. R. Crawford, to Donald Ellerby Battey.

LEVY—JACOBS.—On Sept. 16, 1915, at her home in Far Rockaway, by Judge L. M. Raisig, Edna Marjorie, daughter of Edith S. and the late J. Samuel Jacobs, to Herbert Rhodes Levy, at New York.

LIPPINCOTT—HUNTINGTON.—On Thursday, Sept. 16, 1915, at the residence of the bride's parents, Flushing, N. Y., Ludlow Bogert Huntington to Jay Bucknell Lippincott.

Brooklyn.

AMAR—KEYES.—Sept. 15, Rene Z. Keyes to James S. Amar.

ILSLEY—KLEINE.—Sept. 14, Liberatha Kleine to Louis Ilsley.

McGOWAN—MAHONEY.—Sept. 15, Cecelia A. Mahoney to David McGowan.

Hoboken and Newark.

AGNESS—POVEY.—Sept. 15, Newark, Clara Povey to James A. Agness.

GLOVER—VAN HORN.—Sept. 15, Newark, Mary F. Van Horn to Richard E. Glover.

LAMBRIGHT—LYON.—Sept. 15, Newark, Bessie Lyon to Howard Lambright.

MONTAGUE—DEMPSEY.—Sept. 15, Newark, Rose D. Dempsey to Hugh Montague.

WELSHER—KASTNER.—Sept. 15, Newark, Harriet Kastner to Albert S. Welsher.

WRIGHT—BODE.—Sept. 15, Elsie Bode to George Wright.

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Married.

Long Island.

BRUMME—BROWN.—Sept. 14, Astoria, Letitia Brown to Arthur J. Brumme.

NUGENT—MOFFITT.—Sept. 16, Centre Moriches, Marie W. Moffitt to Dr. John H. Nugent.

SOLMS—MERRILL.—Sept. 15, Woodhaven, Evelyn B. Merrill to George Solms, Jr.

Died

ALBERTSON.—At Cranford, N. J., on Wednesday, Sept. 15, 1915, Townsend Albertson. Funeral services at his late residence, corner Union and Forest Avs., Cranford, N. J., Saturday afternoon, Sept. 18, at 3:30. Interment convenience of the family. Train leaves C. R. R. of N. J., foot of Liberty St., N. Y. C., at 2:30.

BEACH.—At Boston, Lucie Quin Beach, wife of Captain Edward L. Beach, U. S. N., and sister of Edward A. Quin, 329 Washington Av., Brooklyn. Notice of funeral later.

BOYLE.—On Sept. 17, 1915, James W. Boyle, at his residence, 3,810 Broadway. Funeral services on Monday at 11:30 A. M. from the Chapel of the Intercession, Broadway and 155th St. Friends and relatives invited. Interment private. New Canaan, Conn., papers please copy.

CHENEY.—Mrs. Knight D. Cheney at South Manchester, Conn., Sept. 17. Funeral at South Manchester, Monday, Sept. 20, at 2 o'clock.

DOIG.—On Sept. 17, Isabel M. Doig, wife of Stephen G. Doig. Funeral services at 1 A 5th Av., New York, Sunday, 2 P. M.

ELSWORTH.—At Irvington on Hudson, Friday, Sept. 17, 1915, Julia Dibble, beloved wife of Eugene Ellsworth, in the 72d year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence, 60 Clinton Av., on Monday, the 20th instant, on arrival of 1:14 P. M. train from New York.

GERATY.—At Montclair, N. J., Sept. 17, Mary C., widow of David A. Geraty, at her late home, 189 South Mountain Av. Solemn high mass of requiem at Church of Immaculate Conception, Montclair, on Monday, Sept. 20, at 9 A. M. Interment in family plot, Calvary Cemetery, New York.

GERTING.—On Thursday, Sept. 16, 1915, Jennie Tunison Gerting, in her 69th year, widow of the late Frederick W. Gerting. Funeral services at her late residence, 824 Washington Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

HANDS.—On Wednesday, Sept. 15, 1915, James A. Hands. Funeral from his late residence, 132 Howard Av., Brooklyn, Sunday, Sept. 19. Interment Evergreen. Lodge No. 563, F. & A. M., cordially invited.

HASBROUCK.—On Sept. 9, 1915, at Arila, San Luis Obispo Co., California, Abraham Bruyn Hasbrouck. Kingston (N. Y.) and Boston (Mass.) papers please copy.

HILL.—At his Summer home, Swampscott, Mass., Thomas Irvin Hill, Sept. 15, 1915, beloved husband of Emma Somerindyke Hill. Funeral services at his residence, 718 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, Sept. 18, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

HUNT.—Suddenly, at White Plains, N. Y., Sept. 16, Harriet E. Hunt. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, Central Av., on Monday at 1:30 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at White Plains on arrival of 11:14 train from Grand Central Terminal.

JENNINGS.—At New York Post Graduate Hospital, on Sept. 17, 1915, Helen Ball, wife of Allan H. Jennings. Services will be held at 1,718 Richmond Terrace, West New Brighton, Staten Island, Monday, Sept. 20, 1915, at 11 A. M. Interment at convenience of family.

JEWETT.—On Wednesday, Sept. 15th, 1915, at his residence, Lansdowne, Harford County, Md., George M. Jewett, aged 70 years, son of the Hon. Hugh J. Jewett, former President of the Erie Railroad.

LANDAU.—Suddenly, on Sept. 17, aged 46 years, Emelie, beloved wife of Peter and devoted mother of Laura Abramson and Helen Abrahams. Funeral from her late residence, 860 East 161st St., on Sunday, Sept. 19, at 10 A. M.

LEWIS.—Robert Neher, aged 77. Funeral at Christ Church, Red Hook, Duchess Co., N. Y., on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

LIGHTFOOT.—At Westfield, N. J., Friday, Sept. 17, 1915, Ludwig A. Lightfoot, in his 58th year. Funeral services from his late residence, 615 Cumberland St., Westfield, N. J., Sunday, Sept. 19, 1915, at 4:30 P. M. Interment Monday private.

MUNKER.—On Friday, Sept. 17, at his residence, 777 West End Av., Jones Munker, dearly beloved husband of Rebecca Lewengood, in the 76th year of his age. Funeral at convenience of the family.

MYERS.—After a brief illness at Edgartown, Mass., Thursday, Sept. 16, the Rev. Alfred E. Myers. Services at the Marble Collegiate Church, 5th Av. and 29th St., Saturday morning at 11 o'clock.

NEARY.—On Thursday, Sept. 16, 1915, Elizabeth M., beloved wife of the late James F. Neary. Funeral from her late residence, 449 West 43d St., Saturday, Sept. 18, at 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass at Holy Cross Church, West 42d St. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

PIERCE.—On Sept. 16, 1915, Eliza Jane Pierce, aged 64 years, widow of George Pierce. Funeral services to be held at her son's residence, 733 East 223d St., Bronx, on Sunday, Sept. 19, 1915, at 3:30 P. M.

PLATZ.—On Sept. 16, 1915, at his late residence, 255 West 90th St., Max J. Platz, beloved husband of Ella Bloom and beloved father of Julian M. and Estelle T. Heymann. Funeral service at Temple Israel of Harlem, Lenox Av. and 120th St., Sunday, Sept. 19, at 10 A. M. Interment Mount Carmel Cemetery.

RIGGS.—At New London, Conn., Sept. 16, Medora, widow of the late E. Francis Riggs of Washington, D. C., and daughter of the late James S. Thayer of New York City, in the 63d year of her age. Services will be held at St. John's Church, Washington, D. C., at 4:30 P. M., Monday, Sept. 20.

SHEPPERD.—Sept. 17, at 2,579 Bainbridge Av., Francis Shepperd, age 83 years. Funeral services 12:30 P. M. Sunday, Sept. 19, at St. James's Church, 190th St. and Jerome Av.

STEWART.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Friday, Sept. 17, 1915, Lucilla D. Rockwell, wife of Irving Stewart. Services at the residence of Mr. Walter E. Stewart, 526 West Seventh St., Plainfield, N. J., Sunday afternoon, Sept. 19, at half-past 3 o'clock. Interment private.

WESTERVELT.—At Jersey City, Sept. 17, John Westervelt, formerly of Tenafly, N. J., in his 85th year. Funeral at Brookside Chapel, Highwood, N. J., at 2:30 P. M. Member Knights of Honor Lodge, 1,303, Veterans' Association, Seventy-first Regiment, N. G. N. Y.

WILLIAMS.—Louise Ladew, at her late residence, 815 Madison Av., on Friday, Sept. 17, wife of John Townsend Williams and daughter of the late Harvey S. Ladew. Funeral Monday at convenience of the family.

BARRY.—Margaret, 1,325 Park, Sept. 16. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

BIRMINGHAM.—Mary, Sept. 15. Funeral 320 East 61st St.

BLOOS.—Henry, Sept. 15. Funeral 130 Greenwich Av., tomorrow, 2 P. M.

BOSS.—Friedrich, 674 Dawson St., Bronx, Sept. 16, aged 48. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

BRADY.—Thomas, 422 East 148th St., Sept. 15. Funeral today, 6 A. M.

BURKE.—Florence, 508 West 26th St., Sept. 15. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

BURKE.—Margaret, 475 Central Park West, Sept. 15. Funeral private.

DUNNE.—Annie, 1,705 2d Av., Sept. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

KAHN.—Adolph, Sept. 16. Funeral 10 East 22d St.

KROP.—John R., 1,603 Av A, Sept. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

LEAHY.—Daniel F., 520 East 164th St., Sept. 15.

LIVINGSTON.—John S., Post Graduate Hospital, Sept. 15, aged 60.

LOCKS.—Irving M., 973 Tiffany St., Bronx, Sept. 15, aged 11.

McDONOUGH.—Catherine, 445 West 54th St., Sept. 15. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

McDONOUGH.—John J., 414 East 148th St., Sept. 16. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

McMANUS.—Annie, 33 Lewis St., Sept. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

NEFF.—Charlie W., 117 East 2d St., Sept. 16, aged 55. Funeral Sept. 20.

O'CONNELL.—Mary E., 148 West 125th St., Sept. 16. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

RYAN.—Catherine, 24 Vestry St., Sept. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

SAUER.—Albert, 304 West 134th St., Sept. 15, aged 26.

SPELLACY.—Margaret, 473 Washington St., Sept. 15. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

THORNTON.—John, St. Joseph's Hospital, Sept. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

BAILEY.—Mary, 326 Clifton Place, Sept. 16. Funeral private.

BEYER.—Hortense, 81 Somers St., Sept. 15, aged 65. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

BLANCKE.—Daniel, 161 Covert St., Sept. 15, aged 62. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

BLUMFIELD.—Ellen, 260 Conover St., Sept. 16, aged 57. Funeral Sept. 20.

CARLSON.—Carl J., 170 55th St., Sept. 15, aged 46.

CARMODY.—Bridget, 90 Erasmus St., Sept. 16. Funeral notice later.

FLYNN.—Brother Matthew, St. Francis's Monastery, Sept. 16. Funeral today.

GERTING.—Jennie T., 824 Washington Av., Sept. 16, aged 69. Funeral tomorrow, 3 P. M.

GROVES.—George, 164 Spencer St., Sept. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HAEGE.—Anna, 405 Suydam St., Sept. 16, aged 54.

HALLY.—James L., 1,098 Elmore St., Sept. 16. Funeral service today.

HAND.—James A., 132 Howard Av., Sept. 15, aged 58. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KENNEY.—Francis, 127 Guernsey St., Sept. 15. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

LOCKWOOD.—John J., 28 3d St., Sept. 16. Funeral Sept. 20.

McGUIRE.—Charles, 41 Little St., Sept. 17. Funeral Sept. 20, 10 A. M.

McMANUS.—Ellen, 131 St. Edward's St., Sept. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

MATHISEN.—Bergine, 7,511 5th Av., Sept. 16, aged 47. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

PETERSEN.—Bernard, 107 2d Place, Sept. 16. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

PETTERS.—Otto, 553 73d St., Sept. 16, aged 59. Funeral today, private.

RAYNOR.—John W., 29 Lafayette St., Sept. 15, aged 50. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

STURKE.—Minna, 1,143 Jefferson Av., Sept. 16, aged 77. Funeral private.

WEAVING.—Grace J., 265 Linden St., Sept. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

WHITE.—Margaret, 124 St. Mark's Av., Sept. 15, aged 35. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BATES.—Louise, 236 Fulton St., Jersey City, Sept. 16. Funeral today.

BLOOMER.—Henrietta, 115 Ogden St., Newark, Sept. 16, aged 38. Funeral Sept. 20.

BUCHANAN.—Alfred G., Hoboken, Sept. 15, aged 48.

CONKLIN.—Frank A., Newark, Sept. 15, aged 58. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DANNER.—Charles, 414 South Orange Av., Newark, Sept. 16, aged 55.

DOEBNER.—Milton F., 25 Romaine St., Jersey City, Sept. 16. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

FRANCIS.—Thomas, 20 Nevada St., Newark, Sept. 16. Funeral Sept. 20, 2 P. M.

GUNTHER.—Minnie, Hoboken, Sept. 15, aged 54.

HARRISON.—Philip H., 30 South 9th St., Newark, Sept. 17, aged 85. Funeral Sept. 20.

HILLIARD.—Ellen, 147 Pacific St., Newark, Sept. 16.

KETCHELL.—Ira C., 155 Bergen Av., Jersey City, Sept. 16. Funeral tomorrow.

NIELSON.—Anders A. V., Hoboken, Sept. 15, aged 26.

O'HARA.—James, 32 Arch St., Newark, Sept. 17, aged 58.

ROBERTSON.—Peter, 158 Elwood Av., Newark, Sept. 16.

SCHAGLIA.—Catherine, 423 Courtland St., West Hoboken, Sept. 15, aged 80.

SMITH.—Thomas F., 51 Summer Av., Newark, Sept. 16.

SNYDER.—Harriet, 174 Walnut St., Newark, Sept. 17, aged 45. Funeral tomorrow.

WAGNER.—Amelia, 256 Springfield Av., Newark, Sept. 16, aged 50.

WESTERVELT.—John, Jersey City, Sept. 17, aged 85. Funeral tomorrow.

Long Island.

DE MILT.—David I., Islip, Sept. 16, aged 66.

HANNON.—Margaret, Mineola, Sept. 15, aged 52.

HARTLEB.—Dorothea, Evergreen, Sept. 17.

NOVOTNY.—Barbara, 59 Prospect St., Long Island City, Sept. 15. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

In Memoriam.

HEILBRUNN.—The mausoleum erected to the memory of Julia Heilbrunn will be dedicated on Sunday, Sept. 19, at 2:30 P. M., Mt. Hope Cemetery, rain or shine. Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend.

STOIBER.—In loving memory of Edward G. Stoiber, born Sept. 18, 1855, and passed out of this life April 21, 1906, at our home, 92 Avenue de Champs Elysees, Paris.

AHEARN.—James, mass St. James's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

MOLOW.—Mary, mass Visitation Chapel, Brooklyn, today, 10 A. M.

PRESTON.—Mary, mass St. Aloysius's Church, Newark, today, 9 A. M.

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YANKS AND DODGERS WIN—GIANTS LOSE TWO GAMES—PHILLIES SET BACK—AUTO TRACK READY

YOUNG PITCHER PUZZLES WHITE SOX

Comiskey's Sluggers Get Only Six Hits Off Allan Russell, a Yankee Recruit.

Stock quotations in the baseball market at the Polo Grounds yesterday took another big tumble. Eddie Collins preferred, quoted some time ago at a sky-high price, dropped to 30 cents; Joe Jacksons fell to 27 cents and Russell Blackburnes sank to a nickel.

As they stood yesterday the Chicago White Sox, valued at a king's ransom, must have made Charles Comiskey feel just like Reuben did after he purchased the gold brick. The Yankees beat the Sox again yesterday by a 3 to 2 score.

A likely young busher named Allan Russell, from Richmond, snuffed all the brilliancy out of the Chicago stars. He held the Sox to six hits and fanned eight batsmen. His best feat was when he struck out three sluggers, Happy Felsch, John Collins, and Eddie Collins in the ninth inning, when the Sox had two runners aboard the bases and had visions of launching a rally.

Young Russell isn't very big, but he was as cool as a fresh gallon of ice cream. Manager Clarence Rowland of the Sox tried several times to encourage Russell to uncork some wild pitches, but the busher turned down the invitations with a smile. Rowland couldn't get the youngster's goat because he didn't have any goat to get. Jack Dunn, who has been Russell's supervisor at Richmond all season, was on hand to give his pupil encouragement. Take it from Jack, the lad is going to make a big "rep" for himself next season.

The weather was on the side of the Yanks yesterday, for although it became as dark as a coal mine, the rain kept away from Harlem until after the game.

Too much praise cannot be spilled at this moment for Paddy Bauman, the Yanks' second baseman. Paddy, in the fourth inning, slammed a home run into the left field bleachers. This colossal clout took all the courage out of Death Valley Jim Scott and the Yanks heaped on a couple more runs. Bauman has hit safely in the last eighteen games. A most unseemly error by Blackburne gave the Yanks their two extra runs.

Young Russell pitched himself out of a deep excavation in the seventh inning. He loaded the bases with two singles by Mayer and Scott and a pass to Eddie Murphy. In striking out John Collins, Russell unraveled a wild pitch, which sent in Mayer with the Sox's second run. Then Eddie Collins was suppressed easily at first base.

Eddie Murphy is having things pretty soft with the Yankees' pitchers. In two days he has been passed to first base seven times. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mais'l, 3b.	4	0	0	1	3
P'k'gh, ss.	4	0	1	4	1
Pipp, 1b.	3	0	1	6	1
B'm'n, 2b.	2	1	1	4	4
H'tzell, lf.	3	0	0	1	0
Cook, rf.	4	1	2	1	0
Miller, cf.	4	1	0	2	0
Alex'r, c.	2	0	1	8	5
Russell, p.	4	0	1	0	1
Total	30	3	7	27	15

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'phy, rf.	1	0	0	1	0
J.C'ns, 1b.	5	1	0	11	0
E.C'ns, 2b.	5	0	1	1	5
J'kson, lf.	3	0	0	1	0
F'nier, cf.	0	0	0	0	0
Leib'd, cf.	1	0	0	3	0
B'k'ne, ss.	4	0	0	2	3
Johns, 3b.	3	0	1	2	4
Mayer, c.	3	1	1	3	0
Scott, p.	3	0	2	0	2
*Felsch	1	0	0	0	0
†Schalk	1	0	1	0	0
Total	30	2	6	24	14

*Batted for Mayer in ninth inning.
†Batted for Scott in ninth inning.
Errors—Blackburne, Bauman.

New York ....0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 x—3
Chicago ....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2

Home run—Bauman. Stolen base—Murphy. Earned runs—New York, 1; Chicago, 1. Sacrifice hits—Alexander, Pipp. Double play—E. Collins, Blackburne, and J. Collins. Left on bases—New York, 9; Chicago, 10. First base on errors—New York, 2; Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Russell, 8; off Scott, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Russell, (Fournier.) Struck out—By Russell, 8; by Scott, 3. Wild pitches—Scott, Russell. Passed balls—Alexander, Mayer. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Nallin. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes.

Browns Feast on Hits.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—McCabe allowed Washington but five scattered hits and scored a shut out today, while St. Louis was making sixteen hits and nine runs off a quartet of local pitchers. Score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shot'n, lf.	4	3	2	2	0
How'd, 3b.	5	1	3	0	1
Sisler, 1b.	4	0	1	10	0
Pratt, 2b.	4	1	1	1	3
Lee, cf.	4	0	0	7	0
J'son, rf.	5	0	2	1	0
Lavan, ss.	5	1	3	2	3
Agnew, c.	5	1	2	4	2
McCabe, p.	4	2	2	0	0
Total	40	9	16	27	9

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ler, lf.	4	0	0	0	2
Foster, 3b.	4	0	1	1	3
Milan, cf.	4	0	1	3	0
G'dil, 1b.	4	0	1	9	0
Acosta, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Sh'ks, 2b.	3	0	1	2	1
Henry, c.	2	0	0	7	1
McB'e, ss.	2	0	0	3	4
B'hl'g, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Ayers, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Mayer, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Dumont, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*Kopp	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	0	5	27	11

*Batted for Ayers in sixth inning.
Errors—Moeller, Foster, Shanks.

St. Louis ....3 0 0 0 0 0 2 4 0—9
Washington ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Howard. Stolen bases—Sisler, Milan, Acosta. Sacrifice fly—Sisler. Double plays—Pratt and Sisler; Foster and Gandil. Left on bases—St. Louis, 9; Washington, 6. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2. Bases on balls—Off McCabe, 3; off Mayer, 2; off Dumont, 2. Hits—Off Boehling, 4 in 2-3 inning; off Ayers, 6 in 5 1-3 innings; off Mayer, non, none out in 7th inning; off Dumont, 5 in 3 innings. Struck out—By Boehling, 1; by Ayers, 2; by Dumont, 1; by McCabe, 3. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Connolly. Time of game—Two hours and eight minutes.

Cleveland Wins and Then Ties.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.—Cleveland won the first game here today, 7 to 6, and tied the second in ten innings, 3 to 3. Philadelphia used several recruits in the first game and Cleveland had a hard fight for the victory. In the second event Richardson, formerly of Marshalltown, Iowa, had a battle with Mitchell, the latter striking out eleven batsmen. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Wilie, lf.	5	1	2	2	0
C'pman, ss.	3	2	1	0	4
Roth, cf.	3	0	1	1	1
Smith, rf.	5	0	1	3	0
Kirke, 1b.	4	0	1	12	0
Evans, 3b.	3	1	0	1	3
W'g'ns, 2b.	4	2	1	1	5
Bill'gs, c.	4	1	2	6	0
Morton, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Carter, p.	3	0	0	0	3
C'mbe, p.	0	0	0	1	0
Total	35	7	9	27	16

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sch'ng, cf.	4	0	1	1	1
Str'nk, rf.	5	1	2	3	0
Oldr'g, lf.	5	1	1	1	0
Danrau, 3b.	3	1	1	0	2
Dann'r, ss.	4	1	1	1	1
Edw'ds, 2b.	4	0	0	0	1
M'In's, 1b.	4	0	1	9	1
Lapp, c.	3	1	2	10	0
Meeh'n, p.	1	0	1	1	2
Eccles, p.	1	1	1	1	2
*Lajoie	0	0	0	0	0
†Crane	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	6	11	27	10

*Batted for Meehan in fourth inning.
†Batted for Eccles in ninth inning.
Errors—Schang, (2,) Danner, Edwards.

Cleveland ....0 3 0 2 2 0 0 0 0—7
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 2 0 0 4 0 0—6

Two-base hits—Wilie, Smith, Lapp. Three-base hits—Chapman, Roth. Home run—Oldring. Stolen bases—Kirke, Danner. Earned runs—Cleveland, 5; Philadelphia, 6. Sacrifice hit—Chapman. Sacrifice flies—Roth, Lajoie, Schang. Left on bases—Cleveland, 8; Philadelphia, 6. First base on errors—Cleveland, 2. Bases on balls—Off Carter, 2; off Meehan, 3; off Eccles, 2. Hits—Off Morton, 1 in 2 innings; off Carter, 8 in 5 innings; off Coumbe, 2 in 2 innings; off Meehan, 7 in 4 innings; off Eccles, 2 in 5 innings. Struck out—By Morton, 3; by Carter, 2; by Coumbe, 1; by Meehan, 4; by Eccles, 5. Wild pitch—Eccles. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Wallace.

SECOND GAME.

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Wilie, lf.	4	0	1	2	1
C'pman, ss.	2	1	1	1	2
Roth, cf.	5	2	3	1	0
Bill'gs, cf.	0	0	0	1	0
Smith, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Kirke, 1b.	5	0	2	11	0
Evans, 3b.	3	0	1	1	4
W'g'ns, 2b.	2	0	0	0	2
O'Neill, c.	4	0	0	11	1
Mitch'l, p.	3	0	0	0	1
Total	32	3	9	30	11

PHILADELPHIA	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sch'ng, cf.	4	0	2	1	0
Strunk, rf.	4	0	0	1	1
Lajoie, 2b.	4	1	1	2	4
M'In's, 1b.	4	1	1	11	1
Crane, ss.	4	0	0	2	2
M'l'ne, 3b.	4	0	2	1	1
Haas, lf.	4	0	0	3	1
Lapp, c.	3	1	1	9	1
R'dson, p.	3	0	0	0	4
*Edwards	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	3	7	30	15

*Batted for Richardson in tenth inning.
Errors—Crane, Lapp.

Cleveland ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 0 0—3
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0—3

Two-base hits—Kirke, Lapp, Lajoie. Three-base hit—Malone. Stolen bases—Wilie, Roth, Chapman, Schang, Lapp. Earned runs—Philadelphia, 3. Sacrifice hits—Evans, Smith, Mitchell. Double play—Strunk and Lapp. Left on bases—Cleveland, 8; Philadelphia, 5. Bases on balls—Off Mitchell, 3; off Richardson, 6. Struck out—By Mitchell, 11; by Richardson, 5. Umpires—Messrs. Wallace and Evans. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 3; Chicago, 2.
Boston, 7; Detroit, 2.
St. Louis, 9; Washington, 0.
Cleveland, 7; Philadelphia, 6.
Philadelphia, 3; Cleveland, 3.
(Called in tenth; darkness.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh, 9; New York, 6.
Pittsburgh, 5; New York, 0.
Cincinnati, 2; Philadelphia, 0.
St. Louis, 1; Boston, 0.
St. Louis, 2; Boston, 2.
(Called account darkness.)
Brooklyn, 7; Chicago, 5.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 2; Brooklyn, 0.
Kansas City, 3; Newark, 0.
Pittsburgh, 2; Baltimore, 1.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Richmond at Montreal.
(Postponed until today.)
Jersey City, 5; Buffalo, 1.
Buffalo, 7; Jersey City, 4.
Rochester, 4; Harrisburg, 3.
Rochester, 8; Harrisburg, 4.
Toronto, 6; Providence, 0.
Toronto, 3; Providence, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.	Games to Play.
Boston	91	45	.669	18
Detroit	91	49	.650	14
Chicago	80	58	.579	17
Washington	75	61	.551	18
New York	61	73	.455	20
St. Louis	58	79	.424	17
Cleveland	52	85	.380	17
Philadelphia	38	96	.284	20

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.	Games to Play.
Philadelphia	77	58	.570	19
Brooklyn	74	64	.536	16
Boston	72	64	.529	18
St. Louis	68	72	.486	14
Cincinnati	66	71	.482	17
Chicago	64	70	.477	20
Pittsburgh	67	75	.472	12
New York	61	75	.448	18

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Pittsburgh	76	60	.559
Chicago	74	62	.544
St. Louis	74	64	.536
Newark	70	63	.526
Kansas City	70	64	.523
Buffalo	69	69	.500
Brooklyn	68	72	.486
Baltimore	44	91	.326

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Buffalo	85	49	.634
Providence	85	51	.625
Toronto	70	67	.511
Rochester	68	69	.497
Montreal	66	69	.489
Harrisburg	61	75	.448
Richmond	58	80	.421
Jersey City	51	84	.378

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
(Two games; start 1:30.)
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
(Two games.)
St. Louis at Washington.
Detroit at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh.
(Two games.)
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Boston at St. Louis.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Newark at Kansas City.
Baltimore at Pittsburgh.
Buffalo at Chicago.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Harrisburg at Rochester.
Jersey City at Buffalo.
Providence at Toronto.
Richmond at Montreal.
(Two games.)

TWO HITS FOR EACH TEAM.

St. Louis Federals Beat Brooklyn—Davenport Winning Pitcher.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 17.—A pitching duel here today between Falkenburg and Davenport resulted in a 2 to 0 victory for St. Louis over Brooklyn. Each pitcher allowed two hits. In the eighth inning, with the bases full and two out, Myers struck out. In the next half of the inning St. Louis scored two runs. Johnson walked and reached second on Davenport's sacrifice. Johnson then scored on Miller's two-base hit. Magee made a bad throw on Marsans's grounder and Miller scored the second tally. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Vaug'n, 2b.	4	0	0	1	2
Miller, lf.	4	1	1	1	0
M's'ns, cf.	4	0	0	3	0
Borton, 1b.	3	0	1	12	0
Tobin, rf.	3	0	0	3	0
C'pm'n, c.	2	0	0	5	1
Kores, 3b.	3	0	0	1	7
J'nson, ss.	2	1	0	1	0
Dav'p't, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Total	26	2	2	27	12

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
And'n, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
Myers, 1b.	3	0	0	12	0
Magee, 2b.	4	0	0	1	4
Kauff, cf.	4	0	1	2	1
Cooper, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
F.S'th, ss.	2	0	0	2	2
Holt, 3b.	3	0	0	0	2
Land, c.	2	0	1	5	1
Falk'g, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Total	27	0	2	24	12

Errors—Magee, Holt.

St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 .—2
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Miller. Stolen bases—Kauff, Borton, Marsans. Sacrifice hits—Falkenburg, Land, Davenport. Double play—Kores and Borton. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Brooklyn, 5. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2. Bases on balls—Off Davenport, 3; off Falkenburg, 4. Time of game—One hour and forty-one minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Mullin and Brennan.

Mamaux Out for the Season.

Al Mamaux, who has made a remarkable record while pitching for the Pirates this season, has been forced to retire from baseball for the rest of the year. He is threatened with appendicitis, in fact has been troubled with it for some time, and the doctors have ordered a complete rest preparatory to performing an operation. He is at his home in Dormant. Mamaux's record this season is twenty games won and seven lost.

Zimmerman's Suspension Indefinite.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—Heine Zimmerman's suspension from the Cub line-up was to have expired last night, but a telegram from President Tener of the National League makes the suspension indefinite because of Zimmerman's verbal abuse of Umpire Eason last Tuesday.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 2 games; first game 1:30 P. M. New York Americans vs. Chicago. Polo Grounds. Admission 50c.—Advt.

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DUTCH LEONARD HALTS DETROIT

Red Sox Southpaw Holds Tigers to Three Hits—Score 7 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 17.—The Red Sox eccentric southpaw, "Dutch" Leonard, essayed the rôle of Tiger tamer this afternoon with unqualified success. While the Sox were banishing Bill James with their seven runs in the first four innings of the game Leonard had the fiery Tigers eating out of his hand and behaving with the same docility the Red Sox did yesterday during the advent of the slow-ball pitcher Dauss.

Up to the ninth inning a dinky bunt scratch hit by Vitt in the fifth was the only safety registered by Detroit. The Sox finally won, 7 to 2, the Tigers' runs coming just at the end of the battle, when Leonard hit Vitt, who scampered around the circuit ahead of "Ty" Cobb, who pounded the ball into the right-field bleachers for a home run.

This clout of "Ty's" was the third that ever has been driven into that section of the field, Cobb making a similar wallop in 1912 shortly after Fenway Park was opened, and Ruth of the Red Sox producing a like home run a few weeks ago. If the Sox looked helpless yesterday against Dauss, the Tigers surely seemed lacking in speed and ginger today against the brilliant and steady flinging of the Boston left-hander. A crowd of more than 20,000 trooped to the park.

This afternoon when Cobb came on to the field a few of the rooters began to "boo" him, but immediately the other thousands began to clap their hands, and Cobb doffed his cap. All through the game the impartial element among the fans drowned any attempt to "ride" Cobb, who had little to do, and was never in real evidence until his home run at the very end of the matinée. Hughey Jennings looked over Bill James and Coveleskie before the game, and finally chose the former. Bill, however, had little with which to bother the Red Sox, and was wild besides. Eighteen Bostonians faced him in the two and one-third innings, making four hits and converting four of James's passes into runs—with two more for extra measure. With Boston leading, 6 to 0, Boland took up the burden, Boston making four scattered singles against him and scoring once.

The "breaks" came very much Boston's way today, and after James's poor start the Tigers did not have a chance in the world against Leonard, who had good control and mixed in plenty of slow balls when facing the heavy hitters. James started away by passing Hooper, Scott sacrificing and Speaker drawing another pass before Hoblitzel's right-field single brought home a run. In the second inning, with one out, James passed both Leonard and Hooper, the former scoring on Young's heave past Bush after taking a bounder from Scott, and Hooper counting on Speaker's out at first. Then in the third three more runs made the game safe. After Lewis had fanned, Gardner and Barry singled and Carrigan walked. The stage thus was set for Leonard, who proceeded to rip off a double to the left-field banking for a genuine clean-up.

Another point came for Boston against Boland in the fourth on Speaker's opening double, Hobby's sacrifice, and Lewis's long lift to Sam Crawford. Boston did no more scoring after this, and Leonard kept going until the ninth, when he hit Vitt and then saw Cobb boost the ball over into the right-field crowd. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'per, rf.	3	2	1	3	0
Scott, ss.	4	0	0	0	3
Sp'ker, cf.	3	1	1	4	0
H'lit'l, 1b.	3	0	1	9	0
Lewis, lf.	3	0	1	4	0
Gard'r, 3b.	2	1	1	1	1
Barry, 2b.	4	1	1	2	3
C'gan, c.	3	1	1	4	0
Leon'd, p.	3	1	1	0	0
Total	28	7	8	27	7

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss.	4	0	0	1	2
Vitt, 3b.	3	1	1	0	2
Cobb, cf.	4	1	1	1	0
Veach, lf.	3	0	0	3	0
C'ford, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Burns, 1b.	3	0	0	11	0
Young, 2b.	2	0	0	2	1
K'v'gh, 2b.	1	0	0	0	0
St'ge, c.	2	0	0	2	4
Baker, c.	0	0	0	0	0
James, p.	1	0	0	1	0
Boland, p.	1	0	0	2	4
O'ham, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Mor'ty	1	0	0	0	0
†Dubuc	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	2	3	24	13

*Batted for Stanage in eighth inning.
†Batted for Boland in eighth inning.
Errors—Young, Bush, Vitt.

Boston ....1 2 3 1 0 0 0 0 .—7
Detroit ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Two-base hits—Leonard, Speaker, Lewis. Home run—Cobb. Sacrifice fly—Lewis. Sacrifice hits—Scott, Hoblitzel. Double plays—Boland and Burns, (2.) Left on bases—Detroit, 4; Boston, 7. First base on errors—Boston, 2. Bases on balls—Off James, 6; off Boland, 1. Hits—Off James, 4 in two and one-third innings; off Boland, 4 in four and two-thirds innings; off Oldham, none in one inning. Hit by pitcher—By Leonard, (Vitt.) Struck out—By James, 1; by Boland, 1; by Leonard, 2. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hildebrand. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT MONTREAL.

No game yesterday; double-header with Richmond today.

AT BUFFALO—FIRST GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0 0 0 2 0 2 0 0 1	5	11	1
Buffalo	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	5	3

Batteries—Crutcher and Tragressor; Bader and Onslow.

SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	4	6	0
Buffalo	2 0 0 0 4 1 0 0 .	7	6	0

Batteries—Ring and Schwert; Tyson and Onslow.

AT ROCHESTER—FIRST GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Harrisburg	0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3	2	3
Rochester	0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1	4	12	2

Batteries—Enzman and Heckinger; Erickson and Williams.

SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Harrisburg	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 0	4	8	2
Rochester	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 6 .	8	10	2

Batteries—Lee, Schacht and Reynolds; Huenke, Herche and Wanamaker.

AT TORONTO—FIRST GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Providence	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	8	0
Toronto	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 5 .	6	7	0

Batteries—Cooper and Casey; McTigue and Kocher.

SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Providence	0 0 0 0 0 1 0	1	6	1
Toronto	0 0 1 1 0 1 .	3	5	2

Batteries—Schultz and Haley; Herbert and Kelly.

American Association.

At Louisville—St. Paul, 6; Louisville, 4.
St. Paul, 5; Louisville, 1.
Milwaukee at Indianapolis—Postponed; rain.

Southern Association.

At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 9; Atlanta, 0.
At Nashville—Nashville, 8; Mobile, 3.
At Little Rock—Little Rock, 7; New Orleans, 0.

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DODGERS GAIN ONE GAME.

Their Defeat of Cubs Puts Them Within 4 1-2 Games of Phillies.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—Four and one-half games now separate "Colonel" Robinson's Dodgers and the first place in the National pennant marathon. Rising in their might in the third inning on the west side today, the Brooklynites dealt Jim Lavender his fourth consecutive whaling by sending ten batters up to the plate in the third innings, when five hits produced as many runs. Continuing the clubfest when confronted by Rescuers Standridge and Zeabel, the Borough boys took the second engagement of the set, 7 to 5.

Sherrod Smith, the Brooklyn lefthander, who was threatened all the way, finally blew up before the Cub attack and was withdrawn with two gone in the eighth, two Cubs still prancing about on the lines, and the visitors battling grimly to retain a one-run margin. But the venerable Nap Rucker elbowed his way to the peak as ready rescued to the battered Smith. Napoleon's flossy hooks and slow-breaking curves proved a baffling combination for the Bruins in the fag moments of the matinée.

McCarthy, who batted twice in the fifth, was an easy victim of his first trial. Then Smith, O'Mara, Daubert, and Stengel combed successive singles, Smith and O'Mara scoring. A wild pitch and a pass to Wheat slugged the circuit. The scoring continued with Daubert and Stengel galloping home on Cutshaw's drive. Myers forced Cutshaw and stole, then Fisher booted Getz's roller, letting Wheat register. McCarty again bobbed up, and for the second time was retired by the Cub McCarthy.

Doubles in the home part by Archer and Good and a single by Schultz, who "pinched" for Lavender, gave the Bruins two runs, but they found Smith's southpawing a mysterious proposition during the next two sessions. Pierce, who supplanted the Georgian, stopped the Dodgers with an allowance of one blow from the fourth to the eighth, when he was withdran in favor of a pinch hitter. The score:

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
O'M'a, ss.	4	1	1	1	5
D'bert, 1b.	4	1	1	10	1
St'gel, rf.	5	1	3	0	0
Wheat, lf.	3	1	0	4	0
C'sh'w, 2b.	4	1	2	4	4
Myers, cf.	4	0	0	5	0
Getz, 3b.	4	0	1	1	5
McC'y, c.	4	0	0	2	0
Smith, p.	2	1	1	0	2
R'ker, p.	0	1	0	0	0
Total	34	7	9	27	17

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Good, rf.	4	0	1	0	0
Fisher, ss.	5	0	0	3	4
Sch'te, lf.	5	0	0	2	0
P'lan, 2b.	5	1	3	3	0
Saier, 1b.	4	1	3	16	0
M'ray, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
McC'y, 3b.	4	0	0	0	7
Archer, c.	4	2	2	1	2
L'der, p.	0	0	0	0	1
*Schultz	1	1	1	0	0
Pierce, p.	1	0	0	0	0
†Knisely	1	0	1	0	0
St'd'ge, p.	0	0	0	0	1
‡M'g've	1	0	1	0	0
Zabel, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	39	5	12	27	15

*Batted for Lavender in third inning.
†Batted for Pierce in seventh inning.
‡Batted for Standridge in eighth inning.
Errors—O'Mara, Fisher.

Brooklyn ....0 0 5 0 0 0 0 1 1—7
Chicago ....0 0 2 0 0 0 1 2 0—5

Two-base hits—Archer, Good, Knisely. Three-base hits—Archer, Stengel. Stolen bases—Myers, Cutshaw. Earned runs—Chicago, 5; Brooklyn, 6. Sacrifice hits—Wheat, O'Mara. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 6; Chicago, 8. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 1; Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Lavender, 2; off Pierce, 1; off Smith, 1; off Zabel, 1. Hits—Off Lavender, 5 in 3 innings; off Pierce, 1 in 4 innings; off Standridge, 2 in 1 inning; off Zabel, 1 in 1 inning; off Smith, 12 in 7 2-3 innings; off Rucker, none in 1 1-3 innings. Struck out—By Pierce, 1; by Smith, 2. Wild pitch—Lavender. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Orth. Time of game—One hour and fifty-six minutes.

Braves Set Back by Cardinals.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 17.—St. Louis put a crimp in Boston's pennant prospects by winning the opening game of a double-header here today 1 to 0, and tying the second, which was called at the end of the ninth on account of darkness. The score was 2 to 2. Doak opposed Nehf in a pitchers' battle in the first game, each allowing four hits. In the sixth inning Bescher was safe on Maranville's fumble, Betzel sacrificed and Bescher stole third. Miller's single completed the run. In the second game Boardman, a recruit from Winnipeg, held the visitors to two hits after relieving Meadows in the fourth. In the sixth inning Gowdy was sent to the clubhouse by Umpire Quigley for protesting a strike decision. Miller also was forced to retire when he injured his side sliding into second base. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'cher, lf.	3	1	1	1	0
Betzel, 3b.	2	0	0	0	3
Miller, 2b.	3	0	1	4	5
Long, rf.	4	0	0	0	1
Hyatt, 1b.	3	0	1	11	1
Dolan, cf.	3	0	1	0	0
Snyder, c.	3	0	0	2	2
H'nsby, ss.	3	0	0	8	6
Doak, p.	3	0	0	1	2
Total	27	1	4	27	20

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Evers, 2b.	4	0	1	0	3
C'ton, cf.	3	0	1	1	0
Magee, 1b.	2	0	0	9	0
Smith, 3b.	4	0	0	0	4
Con'ly, rf.	2	0	1	1	0
M'v'le, ss.	3	0	1	4	0
Whal'g, c.	2	0	0	5	1
*Egan	0	0	0	0	0
Gowdy, c.	1	0	0	1	0
Nehf, p.	3	0	0	1	3
Total	27	0	4	24	9

*Batted for Whaling in eighth inning.
Errors—Maranville, (2,) Betzel.

St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 .—1
Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Compton. Stolen base—Bescher. Sacrifice hits—Betzel, 2. Double plays—Hornsby to Hyatt; Hornsby to Miller to Hyatt; Doak to Hornsby to Hyatt. Left on bases—Boston, 5; St. Louis, 6. First base on errors—Boston, 1; St. Louis, 2. Bases on balls—Off Nehf, 2; off Doak, 5. Struck out—By Nehf, 5; by Doak, 2. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Quigley. Time of game—One hour and forty-nine minutes.

SECOND GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, lf.	1	0	1	8	1
Strand, lf.	1	0	0	1	0
Evers, 2b.	4	1	2	1	1
C'ton, cf.	2	0	0	2	1
F'p'k, cf.	2	0	0	1	0
Magee, 1b.	4	0	1	5	0
Smith, 3b.	3	0	0	1	2
Con'ly, rf.	2	0	1	0	0
Egan, rf.	2	0	1	1	1
M'v'le, ss.	4	0	1	2	3
Gowdy, c.	1	1	1	7	0
Whal'g, c.	1	0	0	3	0
Hughes, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	20	2	8	27	9

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'cher, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
Betzel, 3b., 2b.	4	0	0	3	2
Miller, 2b.	2	0	1	1	1
Beck, 3b.	2	0	0	1	0
Long, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
Hyatt, 1b.	1	1	0	7	1
Wils'n, cf.	3	1	1	3	1
Gonz's, c.	3	0	1	6	2
H'nsby, ss.	3	0	0	4	3
Mead's, p.	1	0	0	0	0
B'man, p.	2	0	0	0	5
Total	28	2	4	27	13

Boston ....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
St. Louis ....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Evers, Gonzales, Bescher. Three-base hit—Wilson. Earned runs—Boston, 2; St. Louis, 2. Sacrifice hits—Hughes, (3.) Double play—Miller, Hornsby, and Hyatt. Left on bases—Boston, 8; St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Hughes, 2; off Meadows, 1; off Boardman, 5. Hits—Off Meadows, 6 in 4 innings; off Boardman, 2 in 5 innings. Struck out—By Hughes, 8; by Meadows, 1; by Boardman, 3. Wild pitch—Hughes. Time of game—Two hours and seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Quigley and O'Day.

Braves' Receipts Attached.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 17.—Boston's share of the gate receipts for the St. Louis-Boston Nationals double-header here today was attached by Deputy Sheriffs.

The attachment was the result of a suit for $9,000 filed by the Kansas City Association Club against the Boston Nationals. The Kansas City Club asked in its suit $4,000 alleged to be due for Player Bash Compton and $5,000 for the non-delivery of two players, Lawrence Gilbert and Richard Crutcher. Kansas City claims that these players and $4,000 were to be turned over to them for Bash Compton.

Yankees Sign New Infielder.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Sept. 17.—Scout Joe Kelly of the New York American League team today signed Harold Cable of Toledo, formerly with Jackson of the Southern Michigan League, but this season with Bradford in the Interstate League. The contract runs for a year. Cable is 23 years old and an infielder.

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GIANTS LOSE TWO GAMES TO PIRATES

Umpire Rigler Banishes McGraw and Eighteen Players from Bench in Second Contest.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Sept. 17.—The Giants today slid deeper into the cellar position by dropping both games of a double header, the Pirates beating them by scores of 9 to 6 and 5 to 0. The two contests were not without side attractions. The first game went along rather smoothly, only occasional mutterings between players and umpires being heard. In the seventh inning of the second game, however, there was an unusual occurrence.

First of all Manager McGraw was sent from the field by Umpire Rigler, for making undue noise on the bench while the Pirates were at bat. A little later the spectators were surprised to see the entire squad of Giants leaving the field, headed by Christy Mathewson. With a vigorous sweep of his arm Rigler compelled every one of the visiting players to march away, leaving not a Giant on the grounds except those actually in the game. Luckily Jacobson and Schauer were out warming up when Rigler issued his exodus order, and both were made use of later, Jacobson as pinch hitter and Schauer as a pitcher. Counting McGraw, there were altogether nineteen players who were sent from the grounds.

The Pirates won the first game in the very first inning, when they scored three runs, getting a lead the Giants could not overcome, although they made a praiseworthy attempt in the eighth inning to catch their opponents. In that inning they made almost half their hits off Cooper, getting four in succession and scoring four runs. In the last inning Cooper regained his nerve and three Giants went out in order, the last one, Doyle, striking out. A prominent feature of the first game was the work of the two right fielders. Ordinarily that position is the easiest to cover, the least number of putouts being registered in that section of the playing field. Today, however, the two outer gardeners, between them, got thirteen put-outs, seven by Robertson and six by Hinchman.

In the second game the Giants were unable to score a single run. Only one New Yorker reached third base. That was Becker in the second inning. It was in that period the Giants made two of their four hits off Hill, the spectacled youth secured from the Youngstown team of the Central League. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf.	3	2	1	2	0
J'ston, 1b.	5	1	2	10	0
Barney, cf.	3	1	1	3	0
H'm'n, rf.	3	0	0	6	0
Wag'r, ss.	4	1	1	2	6
Viox, 2b.	2	1	0	0	5
Baird, 3b.	3	1	2	1	1
Gibson, c.	4	1	1	4	0
Cooper, p.	3	1	2	0	3
Total	30	9	10	27	15

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, lf.	5	1	2	1	0
R'tson, rf.	5	1	1	7	1
Doyle, 2b.	5	0	1	0	1
M'kle, 1b.	2	1	1	7	0
F'ch'r, ss.	3	1	1	2	0
B'ker, cf.	1	0	0	0	0
Thorpe, cf.	3	1	1	2	0
Grant, 3b.	2	1	0	0	0
B'nerd, 3b.	2	1	1	0	0
Dooin, c.	4	0	1	5	2
B'ton, p.	2	0	0	0	2
*[illegible]'ton	1	0	0	0	0
Ritter, p.	0	0	0	0	0
†[illegible]	1	0	0	0	0
Schupp, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	6	9	24	6

*Batted for Benton in seventh inning.
†Batted for Ritter in eighth inning.
Errors—Doyle, Fletcher.

Pittsburgh ....3 0 0 2 0 4 0 0 .—9
New York ....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0—6

Two-base hits—Doyle, Merkle, Carey, Johnston. Three-base hits—Robertson, Dooin, Wagner. Sacrifice hits—Baird, Cooper. Sacrifice fly—Barney. Stolen bases—Burns, (2,) Merkle, Johnston, Viox, Baird. Double plays—Dooin and Fletcher; Robertson and Merkle. Earned runs—New York, 6; Pittsburgh, 6. Left on bases—New York, 6; Pittsburgh, 5. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 1. Bases on balls—Off Benton, 4; off Ritter, 1; off Cooper, 3. Hits—Off Benton, 10 in 6 innings; off Ritter, none in 1 inning; off Schupp, none in 1 inning. Struck out—By Benton, 2; by Ritter, 1; by Schupp, 1; by Cooper, 3. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Rigler. Time of game—One hour and forty-three minutes.

SECOND GAME.

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf.	4	1	1	2	0
J'ston, 1b.	4	1	3	6	0
B'ney, cf.	4	1	1	4	0
H'man, rf.	3	0	1	3	0
Wag'r, ss.	4	0	1	3	3
Viox, 2b.	4	0	0	2	2
Baird, 3b.	3	0	0	3	1
Gibson, c.	3	1	1	4	0
Hill, p.	2	1	1	0	2
Total	31	5	9	27	8

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
R'tson, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Doyle, 2b.	3	0	0	4	3
M'kle, 1b.	4	0	1	10	1
F'ch'r, ss.	4	0	0	0	5
B'ker, cf.	3	0	1	1	0
Grant, 3b.	3	0	0	1	0
Meyers, c.	2	0	1	3	0
W'dell, c.	1	0	0	0	1
Dooin, c.	0	0	0	2	2
Per'tt, p.	2	0	0	1	0
*Jacobson	1	0	0	0	0
Sch'r, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	0	4	24	12

*Batted for Perritt in eighth inning.
Errors—Burns, Meyers, Perritt.

Pittsburgh ....0 0 1 0 2 0 0 2 .—5
New York ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Gibson. Three-base hit—Hill. Sacrifice hit—Hinchman. Stolen bases—Merkle, Johnston. Earned runs—Pittsburgh, 4. Left on bases—New York, 5; Pittsburgh, 4. First base on error—Pittsburgh, 1. Bases on balls—Off Perritt, 1; off Hill, 1. Hits—Off Perritt, 6 in seven innings; off Schauer, 3 in one inning. Struck out—By Perritt, 3; by Schauer, 1; by Hill, 2. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Eason. Time of game—One hour and thirty-seven minutes.

Phillies Shut Out by Reds.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 17.—Errors by Stock and Bancroft and Toney's masterly pitching were responsible for Cincinnati winning the second game of the present series from Philadelphia today, 2 to 0. Only five Philadelphia players reached first base, three of them being left on that bag, while the other two were thrown out at second base. Demaree also pitched good ball, allowing only six hits and giving no base on balls. The game was played in an hour and eleven minutes, which is the record time for this season on the Cincinnati grounds. Score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
K'fer, cf.	4	1	1	4	0
Groh, 3b.	4	1	1	2	1
H'zog, ss.	2	0	1	2	1
G'fith, rf.	3	0	2	0	0
R'gers, 2b.	3	0	0	1	2
Leach, lf.	3	0	0	2	0
Wingo, c.	3	0	1	7	2
M'witz, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0
Toney, p.	3	0	0	0	2
Total	28	2	6	27	8

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Stock, 3b.	3	0	0	1	4
B'c'ft, ss.	4	0	2	3	4
Pask't, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
C'v'th, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
Lud's, 1b.	3	0	0	12	0
W'ted, lf.	3	0	0	4	0
N'h'f, 2b.	2	0	0	1	3
Burns, c.	3	0	0	1	8
Dem'e, p.	2	0	0	0	1
*Becker	1	0	0	0	0
Total	28	0	3	24	15

*Batted for Demaree in ninth inning.
Errors—Stock, Bancroft.

Cincinnati ....0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 .—2
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Wingo. Stolen base—Herzog. Sacrifice hit—Herzog. Double play—Stock and Luderus. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 3; Cincinnati, 3. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 2. Bases on balls—Off Toney, 2. Struck out—By Demaree, 1; by Toney, 6. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie. Time of game—One hour and eleven minutes.

PENNANT FOR BUFFALO.

Bisons Need to Win One Game to Clinch International Flag.

The Buffalo club of the International League, managed by Pat Donovan, moved closer to the pennant yesterday by breaking even in a double-header with Jersey City, while Providence dropped two games to Toronto. The pennant race has been one of the closest in several seasons, and up to a week ago Providence, last year's winner, looked as if they would again capture the flag.

Buffalo, however, has been playing the most consistent ball, while the Providence club found the pace too fast. When the two clubs met in the crucial series of the season, early in the week, Buffalo took the first game, while the second resulted in a tie. This placed Buffalo in the lead, and their position was strengthened yesterday.

The season will close today, with both of the leading teams playing double-headers. If Providence wins both games with Toronto today and Buffalo loses both games to Jersey City, Providence will again win the flag. However, Buffalo stands an excellent chance of taking at least one of the games today with Jersey City, and this victory will assure them of the pennant by a small margin. It is seldom that the race has been so close that the pennant has not been decided until the last game.

CANOE CHALLENGE RACE.

Hilding Froling of Sweden to Sail on Hudson Against Friede.

Hilding Froling, representing the Gotenborg Canoe Club of Sweden, has challenged Leo Friede of the Manhattan Canoe Club, holder of the International Cup, to a canoe sailing race on the Hudson off the Knickerbocker Canoe Club. The challenge was accepted, and the race will be held this afternoon or tomorrow, weather conditions permitting. The race will be over an eight-mile triangular course for a cup offered by an anonymous donor through the Manhattan Canoe Club. Mr. Froling will sail the Twilight, constructed by Starling Burgess, the aviator, of Marblehead. Mr. Friede will sail the Mermaid, in which he won the International Cup from Ralph Britton, the Canadian. George P. Douglas and W. G. Harrison are the officials.

Five-Heat Races at Hohokus.

HOHOKUS, N. J., Sept. 17.—The trotting and pacing events of the Metropolitan Circuit racing at the Bergen County Fair at Hohokus ended today, and the closing contests proved the best and most exciting of the week.

After losing the first heat of the 2:16 trot, coming in fifth, Abbie Grattan won the second and third heats and looked a sure winner. Biagio won the fourth and Vallette the fifth, Abbie Gratton finishing third in each. The race was then called off, Abbie Grattan getting first money, Biaggio second, Vallette third, and Lentella fourth.

The 2:12 trot was the fastest race of the meet, and Noway Girl, last year's two-year-old champion, was heralded as a sure winner. She won the first two heats, her time, 2:09¼, being the best time of the week, but she finished a poor third in the third heat, and was nosed out at the pole by Leo A. in the fourth, and was beaten by the same horse in the fifth heat. Approaching darkness caused this race to be called also, Leo A. getting first money, Noway Girl second, and Belle Stamford Third. The summary:

2:16 Class.—Trotting. Purse $500.
Abbie Graham, b. m., by Grattan, (Murray) 5 1 1 3 3
Biagio, b. h., (Mosher) 2 2 3 1 2
Vallette, ch. h., (Corwin) 3 3 2 4 1
Lentella, b. m., (Nelson) 1 5 4 2 4
Kitty L., gr. m, (Hinds) 4 4 5
Time—2:12¾, 2:12¾, 2:12¾, 2:15¼, 2:15¼.

2:12 Class.—Trotting. Purse $500.
Leo A., b. g., by Jack Dawson, (Maloney) 3 2 2 1 1
Noway Girl, b. m., (Lasell) 1 1 3 3 2
Belle Stamford, m. m., (Halstead) 2 3 1 2 3
Time—2:09¼, 2:11½, 2:12¼, 2:15¼, 2:15¾.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY SPEEDWAY READY

Dario Resta Will Try to Make World's Auto Record for Ten Miles Today.

Late yesterday afternoon the last obstruction was removed from the track at the Sheepshead Bay Speedway, and everything was ready for the speed trials of Dario Resta today. The Peugeot racer in which Resta won the Vanderbilt Cup and the Grand Prix arrived here yesterday and will be taken to the track early this morning for a "tuning up." Resta will endeavor to break the world's record for ten miles, and he will also try to lower his own time for one lap of a banked track.

When Resta won the Chicago Derby, averaging 97.58 miles an hour for 500 miles, he not only established a record for the race, but in the elimination trials he established a record when he circled the track for one lap at the rate of 110.1 miles an hour. It is this record which Resta will strive to beat today. The record for ten miles on a banked track is 5:45. Resta, Ralph De Palma, and Earl Cooper are regarded as the favorites in the Astor Cup race, and Resta's performances today will give an idea of what may be expected on Oct. 2.

Ralph Mulford, another contestant in the Astor Cup race, may also "try out" the new track today. Mulford's racing machine has not yet arrived, but he is trying to borrow a car so that he can speed around the new big track a few times.

The big automobile parade, which will be held today and will informally open the new big auto racing arena, will start from the Motor Club of New York, Fifty-ninth and Broadway, this afternoon at 1 o'clock. Already 1,000 entries have been made, and it will be possible for auto owners to enter their cars in the parade up to 11 o'clock this morning. The parade will be divided into six divisions—decorated touring cars and runabouts, undecorated cars, electric cars, (decorated,) grotesque and humorously decorated cars, advertising cars, and miscellaneous cars. W. C. Poertner will be marshal of the big auto parade, and his assistants will be James C. Nichols, marshal of Division A; George Robertson, marshal of Division B; Harvey Robinson, marshal of Division C; Emanuel Lascarius, marshal of Division B, and A. B. Cordner, marshal of Division E.

DEAL POLO TEAM WINS.

Defeats Skeeters in Second Game for Monmouth County Cup.

The Deal polo team defeated the Deal Skeeters yesterday in the second match for the Monmouth County Cup at the Rumson Country Club. The score was 7½ to 3¾ goals.

The victors conceded one goal by handicap, but this point was wiped out early in the first period. While the losers put up a strong fight, they were outplayed from the start. Sherman, Bamberger, and Guggenheimer all contributed goals for the winners. For the Skeeters, Mason and Seligman made the earned points. The line-up:

Deal—H. R. Guggenheimer, 1; G. C. Sherman, 0; J. E. Meyer, 1; M. D. Bamberger, 0. Total—2.

Deal Skeeters—Thomas S. Field, 0; M. Mason, 0; W. Seligman, 0; Jason Waters, 1. Total—1.

Individual goals for Deal—Sherman, 3; Meyer, 2; Bamberger, 2; Guggenheimer, 1; ½ goal penalty. Net score—7½.

Individual goals for Skeeters—Mason, 2; Seligman, 1; 1 goal allowed by handicap; ¼ goal safety. Net score—3¾.

Referee—Howard S. Borden.

AMATEURS RACE AT FAIR.

A. H. Seeger's Amasis Scores Victory in One Wagon Event at Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Three amateur and three professional races made up the program of the closing day of the Grand Circuit racing at the State Fair this afternoon.

Although no records were broken, there were several surprises, chief among which was the victory of Lizzie Brown in the 2:09 trot. Finishing sixth in the first heat, Valentine took the bay trotter out in front in the next three heats, and was never headed, although Murphy, with Mirthful, was a contender all the way.

In the 2:10 pace, Queen Bess won in straight heats, after finishing second in the first heat. Jean and Ashlook were the contenders. Ames Al Bingen, cleverly piloted by Lon McDonald, won the 2:16 trot without trouble in straight heats.

The three amateur races were keenly contested, and with the exception of the free-for-all trot, brought out good fields. The summary:

2:17 Trot.—Amateur wagon race; two in three heats. First Division.
Amasis, blk. g., (A. H. Seeger) 4 1 1
Ecce Volo, br. s., (A. J. Furbush) 1 2 5
Fighting Chance, b. g., (E. J. White). 2 4 2
May Boy, b. g., (W. A. Harriman)....3 5 3
Marjorie Patchen, b. m., (Mr. Schaefer) 5 3 4
Mamchfast, ro. g., (J. R. McCune).... 6 7 ro
Coraliet Chimes, b. m., (Mr. Lyon).... 7 6 ro
Time—2:17, 2:20¼, 2:19¼.

2:17 Trot.—Amateur wagon race; two in three heats. Second Division.
Brightsome, br. g., Brighton, (G. H. Tipling) 1 1
Ed Axworthy, b. g., (W. J. McDonald).. 3 2
McKinney Gerard, b. g., (P. Lorillard, Jr.) 2 3
Bessie Cook, b. m., (R. Harriman)......4 5
Lyndon, blk. s., (E. I. White).......... 6 4
Audubon Belle, b. m., (S. K. Bresee).... 5 6
Time—2:15¼, 2:14½.

Free-for-All Pace.—Amateurs; to wagon for trophy; two in three.
Lady Lyndon, b. m., Direct Hall, (E. I. White) 1 1
Princess Margaret, b. m., (J. R. McCune) 2 2
Robert Frisco, br. g., (H. P. Haas)...... 4 3
Miss Syracuse, b. m., (T. S. Miller, Sr.) 3 4
Roy Underwood, blk. g., (M. McDonald). 5 6
Time—2:09¼, 2:05¼.

United Hunts Meet Entries.

The Fall season of amateur thoroughbred racing opens at Belmont Park Terminal this afternoon with the meeting of the United Hunts Racing Association. This is a two-day meeting, with five races to be run today and five a week later, most of them steeplechases. The entries today:

FIRST RACE.—The Mineola Highweight Handicap; for all ages; about five furlongs. Rhine Maiden, 133 pounds; Northlight, 120; Ataboy, 120; Hauberk, 140; Side Show, 112; Peggy Mac, 120; Rosa Russell, 112; Hydroplane, 116; Otto Floto, 116; Overyonda II., 118; Rusila, 126; Duty, 110; Culvert, 132; Campeon, 122; Huguenot, 125; Brazendse, 118.

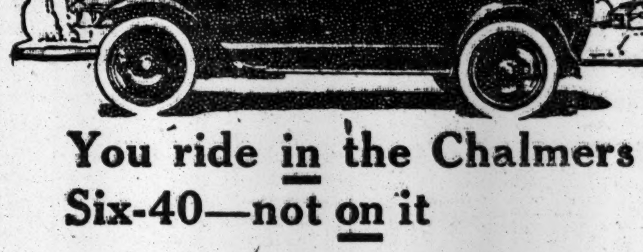
SECOND RACE.—Hamsah Cup; for hunters; about two and a half miles over the brush. Black and White, 152 pounds; M. J. Shannon, 157; Web Carter, 157; Conqueror, 169; Pons Asinorum, 152; Knight of Merci, 169.

THIRD RACE.—Members' Plate; highweight handicap for three-year-olds and upward; gentlemen riders; one mile and a quarter. Doublet, 153 pounds; Cloud, 170; Hammon Pass, 149; Senegambian, 148; White Metal, 150.

FOURTH RACE.—The Trial Steeplechase, for three-year-olds; two miles over the brush course. Dolly Madison, Rosa Russell, Florida, Flying Pete, Ptolemy, Texas Star, White Metal, Vifir, Alledo, and Gammon, 132 pounds each; Al Reeves, 135; Welsh King, Garter Buckle, and Superhuman, 132 each.

FIFTH RACE.—Great United Hunts Steeplechase Handicap, for four-year-olds and upward; about two miles and a half over the brush course. Cherry Mallotte, 157 pounds; Senegambian, 138; Bay Brook, 150; Duke of Duluth, 149; Cactus Bud, 143; J. C. Ewalt, 142; Hibler, 132; Savannah, 158; Beau Broadway, 140; Swish, 152; Kshtoh, 151; Cloud, 134; Archdale, 132; Walking Fox, 130.


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TENNIS TITLES DECIDED — GOLF — FOOTBALL

MRS. M'LEAN WILL PLAY MISS WAGNER

Final Round of New Jersey Tennis Brings Together Two Clever Players.

Mrs. Marshall McLean and Miss Marie Wagner will be the contestants in the final round for the New Jersey State tennis championship in women's singles this afternoon on the Englewood Field Club courts at Englewood, N. J. Miss Wagner entered the final round on Thursday through a victory over Miss Ina Kissel, and Mrs. McLean qualified yesterday by defeating Miss Florence A. Ballin at 6—0, 2—6, 6—0. Mrs. McLean and Mrs. George W. Chapman won the doubles championship after a hard-fought three-set battle with Mrs. William H. Pouch and Miss Edith Handy at 5—7, 6—2, 6—3.

In the singles competition Mrs. McLean was at the top of her form, and wore down the aggressive attack of Miss Ballin. She played from all parts of the court and made many telling shots down the sidelines. She ran the first set at love and then let down somewhat in her game. Miss Ballin then railied and by following forcing tactics equalized in the second set at 6—3. Mrs. McLean came back in brilliant fashion in the third set and held her opponent scoreless.

Mrs. Chapman rose to the spectacular in the match for the doubles, while Mrs. McLean accomplished the real work of the combination. Mrs. Chapman played the net game and made a number of well-timed cross court shots after her opponent had enticed the opposing pair from the undefended parts of the court. Mrs. Couch and Miss Handy played an effective game and succeeded in carrying off the first set. Mrs. McLean and Mrs. Chapman rallied in the second set and held their opponents down to two games. The early stages of the deciding set were evenly contested, but Mrs. McLean and Mrs. Chapman brought all their court experience into play and won the last four games in succession.

Miss Clare Cassel disposed of Miss Jane Rowson in straight sets in the final round of the consolation singles, and several interesting matches were witnessed in the mixed doubles. In the latter event Miss Marion Vanderhoef and H. P. Farrington sprung a surprise by defeating Miss Abby Morrison and Charles A. Bull, Jr., after three hard sets, at 6—1, 3—6, 6—4. The summary:

New Jersey State Championship, Women's Singles.—Semi-Final Round—Mrs. Marshall McLean defeated Miss Florence A. Ballin, 6—0, 2—6, 6—0.

New Jersey State Championship, Women's Doubles.—Final Round—Mrs. Marshall McLean and Mrs. George W. Chapman defeated Mrs. William H. Pouch and Miss Edith Handy, 5—7, 6—2, 6—3.

Women's Singles, Consolation.—Final Round—Miss Clare Cassel defeated Miss Jane Rowson, 6—3, 6—1.

Mixed Doubles.—Second Round—Miss Marie Wagner and A. M. Kidder defeated Miss Natalie Browning and F. Edgar, 4—6, 6—1, 6—2; Miss Ina Kissel and J. Foote defeated Miss Toppan and L. Gesner, 6—3, 6—3.

Third Round—Miss Marie Wagner and A. M. Kidder won by default; Miss M. Vanderhoef and H. P. Farrington defeated Miss Abby Morrison and Charles M. Bull, Jr., 6—1, 3—6, 6—4.

TENNIS TITLE FOR GARLAND.

Pittsburgh Schoolboy Wins Metropolitan Junior Championship.

C. S. Garland of Pittsburgh, runner up for the national interscholastic tennis championship, won the metropolitan junior championship yesterday on the West Side Tennis Club courts at Forest Hills, defeating in the final round L. M. Banks, Adelphi Academy of Brooklyn, in straight sets, at 6—2, 6—1, 6—2. While young Banks made a plucky stand against his more experienced opponent and at times displayed clever tennis, he was hopelessly outclassed, and the title went to the best player of the original 107 contestants.

The new champion does not attempt the brilliant or sensational style that many of the younger players do, but shows remarkable steadiness under forcing tactics for a boy of 17. His form is much the same as that of Robert D. Wrenn, when the latter was at the top of his game. He seldom approaches the net, but remains in the back court.

In the twenty-three games played only one went to deuce. Garland's margin of superiority was apparent throughout the contest. His best work was shown in the second set, when he tallied twenty-five points to eight for Banks, and in addition Garland won four love games. In games, Garland led 18 to 5, while his games totaled 79 to 39.

The final round in the doubles was started in threatening weather, and in the middle of the second set the rain came so that play had to be postponed to today. Summary:

FIRST SET.

								Points.	Games.
Garland	4	4	4	2	6	4	1	4—29	6
Banks	1	0	0	4	4	2	4	1—16	2

SECOND SET.

							Points.	Games.
Garland	4	4	4	4	1	4	4—25	6
Banks	0	2	2	0	4	0	0—8	1

THIRD SET.

									Points.	Games.
Garland	4	4	0	1	4	4	4	4—25		6
Banks	1	1	4	4	2	0	1	2—15		2

Metropolitan Junior Championship, Singles.—Final Round—C. S. Garland defeated L. M. Banks, 6—2, 6—1, 6—2.

Metropolitan Junior Championship, Doubles.—Semi-Final Round—Herbert W. Forster and George P. Throckmorton defeated L. Benjamin and W. Hammerslough, 6—2, 6—1; C. S. Garland and W. I. Plitt defeated E. Benzin and M. A. Taylor, 5—7, 6—4, 6—3.

Final Round—Herbert W. Forster and George P. Throckmorton versus C. S. Garland and W. I. Plitt, 6—1, 2—3, unfinished.

GRIFFIN TENNIS VICTOR.

Ella Fottrell Defeated in Final Match for Tri-State Title.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 17.—Clarence Griffin of San Francisco defeated his fellow-townsman, Ella Fottrell, after a five-set match in the final of the tri-State tennis tournament here today. The scores were 5—7, 4—6, 6—4, 6—1, 6—4. Griffin will play W. S. McElroy of Pittsburgh tomorrow in the championship round.

Miss Molla Bjurstedt of Norway defeated Miss Carrie Neely of Chicago, 6—2, 6—1, in the final of the women's singles, and will play Miss Ruth Sanders of Cincinnati in the championship round tomorrow.

The games between Griffin and Fottrell were almost a duplicate of those of the national clay court tournament last year, Fottrell winning the first two sets and then losing the last three.

Auto Drivers at Booster Outing.

Dario Resta, Ralph De Palma, Bob Burman, Earl Cooper, Gil Anderson, and all the other drivers who are to compete in the Astor Cup Race on the Sheepshead Bay Speedway on Oct. 2 have been invited to be the guests of the Motor Club at the Boosters' Outing which is to be held on Wednesday at Fred J. Wagner's farm at Smithtown, L. I. William M. Sweet, Chairman of the Games Committee, has asked De Palma to act as catcher in one of the ball games that are to be played, but Ralph declined, saying that it was safer to travel 100 miles an hour on a speedway than to get behind a bat. Preparations for the outing have been practically completed, and William A. Allen, who is in charge of the affair, and others believe that about 300 persons will participate in Automobile Row's "day of rest." The start will be made from in front of the Motor Club for Smithtown at 7 A. M. on Wednesday, and the games, which are many and varied, will begin after breakfast, which will be served at 10 o'clock at the farm. About 5 o'clock in the afternoon there will be a clambake, which has been prepared under the supervision of William S. Silver.

For those who have not procured tickets there are a number unsold, which can be had from the Motor Club, 222 West Fifty-ninth Street, New York.

Yamada Takes One-Sided Game.

Koji Yamada, at Maurice Daly's Billiard Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, last night defeated William Kennedy in a one-sided exhibition by the score of 250 to 10 in eleven innings.

WILLIAMS WINS AT TENNIS.

Takes Intercollegiate Singles by Defeating Beekman of Princeton.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.—The victory of R. Norris Williams 2d of Harvard over Leonard Beekman of Princeton, at 6—2, 6—1, 6—2, in the final round for the intercollegiate lawn tennis singles championship at the Merion Cricket Club today, not alone gives Harvard that title, but assured the Crimson of a clean sweep, as Williams and Richard Harte and G. C. Caner and L. H. Curtis, all of Harvard, are the finalists in doubles. This match is scheduled for 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The double victory gives Harvard five points on the Harrison K. Caner Cup, the other three resulting from Williams's victory in singles and the success of W. M. Washburn and J. J. Armstrong in doubles, in 1913, and the victory of Williams and Harte in doubles last year. Seven points are necessary for permanent possession.

The tennis played by Williams today was like that of the Williams that beat McLoughlin in the 1914 championship. From the minute the two finalists stepped into the court until the finish Williams never gave Beekman a single opening. The former interscholastic champion, realizing that his only chance was to serve well, failed dismally in that department. His only opportunity of making any headway at all was to serve repeatedly to Williams's backhand, but in the first set alone he served seven double faults, and was forced to give up his well-laid plan of attack.

The stroke analysis proves beyond the shadow of a doubt how far superior the former champion was. Out of a total of 95 points Williams earned 38, while Beekman, out of a total of 58, earned but 16. In the last set the Princeton man scored 16 points, and only one was earned. The point scores:

FIRST SET.

Williams	6	1	4	4	4	7	1	10—37—6
Beekman	4	4	1	2	1	5	4	8—29—2

SECOND SET.

Williams	4	4	4	4	4	4	4—28—6
Beekman	2	6	2	0	2	0	1—13—1

THIRD SET.

Williams	4	4	4	4	3	5	2	4—30—6
Beekman	2	0	0	0	5	3	4	2—16—2

MAX MARSTON DEFEATED.

Baltusrol Crack Shows Poor Form in Ekwanok Golf.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Vt., Sept. 17.—Interesting matches developed today in the second and semi-final rounds of the Equinox Cup golf tournament at Ekwanok Country Club, and three of the more brilliant golfers of the metropolitan district were eliminated. Max R. Marston of Baltusrol was unable to keep his drives on the course and, being weak at putting, lost to Dwight Partridge of Bedford G. C. this morning by 3 up and 2 to play. This afternoon Partridge gained an early lead on R. M. Lewis of Ridgefield, and, although Lewis reduced a four-hole lead at the seventh green to a single hole at the thirteenth, Partridge won by 2 up and 1 to play. The summary:

Second Round, Match Play for Equinox Cup.—R. M. Lewis, Ridgefield, beat B. T. Allen, Fox Hills, 8 and 7; Dwight Partridge, Bedford, beat M. R. Marston, Baltusrol, 3 and 2; C. Law Watkins, Apawamis, beat P. S. MacLaughlin, Scarsdale, 4 and 3; O. Kirkby, Englewood, beat H. K. Kerr, Greenwich, 2 and 1.

Semi-Final Round.—Partridge beat Lewis, 2 and 1; Kirkby beat Watkins, 3 and 2.

First Consolation Division, Second Round.—W. Edmunds, Wellesley, beat G. A. Kelly, Jr., Oakmont, 2 and 1; T. W. Case, Owasco, beat E. N. Wright, Annandale, 3 and 1; Dumont Clarke, Ekwanok, drew a bye; R. Wilson, Baltusrol, beat Randolph Catlin, Richmond County, 1 up.

Semi-Final Round.—Case beat Edmunds, 4 and 3; Wilson beat Clark, 4 and 2.

Second Sixteen.—A. M. Kinsley, Oneida, beat R. H. Woody, Dyker Meadow, 5 and 4; J. E. Hewes, Hartford, beat A. W. Church, Apawamis, 1 up, 19 holes; A. D. Pratt, Nassau, beat S. J. Hogsett, Rivercrest, 2 and 1; J. B. Hooker, Hartford, beat Charles Mellen, Garden City, 3 and 1.

Semi-Final Round.—Hewes beat Kinsley, 5 and 4; Hooker beat Pratt, 3 and 2.

Second Consolation Flight.—J. J. Gallagher, Wollaston, beat N. D. Mills, Orange Co., 5 and 4; G. C. Murphy, Wollaston, beat P. Starrett, Baltusrol, 1 up, (20 holes;) N. M. Ward, Baltusrol, beat J. W. Griggs, Arcola, 3 and 2; J. S. Cooke, Arcola, beat R. S. Edson, Scarsdale, 3 and 2.

Semi-Final Round—Murphy beat Gallagher, 5 and 3; Ward beat Cooke by default.

Third Sixteen.—C. A. Spofford, Garden City, beat H. W. Brown, Philadelphia, C. C., 1 up, (20 holes;) H. B. Carey, Hartford, beat F. Crocker, Ekwanok, 5 and 3; F. A. McCune, Allegheny, beat P. A. Goodale, Winchester, 5 and 3; J. B. Townsend, Merion, beat Frank Rhea, Columbus, 3 and 2.

Semi-Final Round.—Spofford beat Carey, 2 and 1; Townsend beat McCune, 3 and 2.

Missed One Target in 500.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 17.—A record for registered tournaments was made in the Westy Hogan shoot here today by Lester S. German of Aberdeen, Md., the veteran professional, who completed his total of 500 targets with 499 breaks. The former record, held by Charles Newcomb and R. Bruno, was 496.

F. S. Wright of South Wales, N. Y., former New York State champion, won the Atlantic City Cup competition by defeating W. H. Wolstencroft of Philadelphia in the shoot-off, 20 to 19, after they had tied at 148 in the regular event.

Wolfolk Henderson of Lexington, Ky., was high gun among the amateurs for the three days with 493 breaks in 500 targets. Wright was second with 489, and Al Heil of Allentown, third, with 485. Mrs. L. G. Vogel of Detroit led the four women shooters with a total of 439 breaks.

Daly a Victor at New Polo A. A.

Knockout Joe Daly, a Brooklyn featherweight, was entitled to the honors over Willie Rexler of the Bronx in their ten-round bout, which was the main attraction last night at the New Polo A. A. of Harlem. Daly had the honors in every round of the ten, and in the fifth session closed one of Rexler's eyes with a right-hand blow. The Bronx boxer landed heavy blows several times, but they did not seem to take any effect on Daly, who was always on the aggressive.

The semi-final bout, scheduled for ten rounds, in which the principals were Bobbie Dunn of the Bronx and Willie Reilly, a Harlem boxer, ended in favor of the former after about one and one-half minutes of boxing in the first round. A left-hand hook to the jaw was the deciding blow. Phil McNeil, a Panama colored boxer, was entitled to the honors over Roy Bennett, another colored boxer, in the six-round bout.

Marshall Quits Boxing Game.

William C. Marshall, the promoter of the McFarland-Gibbons boxing bout at Brighton Beach, announced yesterday that he would stage no more bouts at the Motordrome. Mr. Marshall came to this decision after he found out that the expenses were so large that he will be lucky if he doesn't lose money on the big project. "If a bout will draw $58,000," said Mr. Marshall, "and you can't make any money on it, what's the use of continuing in the game?"

It seems that the expenses of the bout were far in excess of what the promoters figured on, and after all the bills are paid it is not believed that there will be any profit left. Mr. Marshall said: "It was the first boxing bout I ever saw in my life and it looked good to me."

Bermuda Cricketers Triumph.

The Bermudian cricketers brought their tour to a close by defeating the Tri-City team by 131 runs yesterday at Lenox Oval, where this afternoon the West Indian and Spartan Cricket Clubs will play off their tie for the Cosmopolitan League championship. The winners wound up their series with a record of two victories and a draw, and will sail for home on the steamship Bermudian this morning.

The allied team representing New York, Boston, and Philadelphia experienced an extraordinary reversal of form, and, whereas they led by thirty-nine runs on the totals of the first innings, they failed completely in their second attempt, the entire side being dismissed for forty-eight. With only eighty-eight runs to get to win, the Bermudians set about their task with a vim, and before the last man was retired had realized a total of 218 runs as the net result of their second innings.

New World's Rifle Record.

AUBURN, Me., Sept. 17.—Lieutenant Daniel F. Christie of Dover today established what is believed here to be a new world's rifle record at 300 yards, rapid fire, at the National Guard State shoot, when he scored 68 successive bullseyes. Range officers in the pit said that the greater part of the shots could be covered with one hand.

GOLFERS SWARM ON PIPING ROCK LINKS

Six Divisions Compete in First and Second Rounds of Match Play.

Nearly a hundred matches were decided yesterday in the first and second match rounds of the annual invitation golf tournament at the Piping Rock Club. Although originally planned for three divisions of sixteen each, there were six divisions when match play began.

Gardiner W. White of Flushing and W. Parker Seely of Brooklawn, the medal winner, will be opponents in the first semi-final contest for the chief cup today, while in the other Percy R. Pyne, 2d, of Princeton, will oppose James R. Hyde of South Shore.

The most prolonged match of the day was that between Pyne and George T. Brokaw of the home club. It was carried to twenty holes before Pyne became the winner. The former intercollegiate champion was two up at the fifteenth hole, but in the next three holes he dropped his advantage.

Driving the longest ball of his life Gardiner White defeated George A. McCook of Harvard by one up. White went out in 36, and by the time the next two holes had been played he had become three up. He lost the thirteenth through wildness, and the fourteenth when McCook ran down a thirty-foot putt. He had to get around White's ball to turn the trick. It was the sensation of the match. The match was squared on the sixteenth green, but White became the winner by taking the home hole when McCook flubbed his second shot.

Seeley defeated the new intercollegiate champion, Francis R. Blossom, on the home hole, and Hyde, getting 36 for the outward trip, easily disposed of John N. Stearns, 3d. The summary:

First Sixteen.—First Round—George A. McCook, Harvard, beat John M. Ward, Garden City, 2 and 1; Gardiner W. White, Flushing, beat Alexander Holmes, Wee Burn, 8 and 7; Francis R. Blossom, Yale, beat Lawrence Waterbury, Piping Rock, 5 and 4; W. Parker Seeley, Brooklawn, beat Andrew R. Shiland, Oakland, 6 and 5; George T. Brokaw, Piping Rock, beat Frank H. Hoyt, Siwanoy, 2 up; Percy R. Pyne, 2d, Princeton, beat W. T. West, Philadelphia Country, 3 and 2; James R. Hyde, South Shore, beat A. C. Perry, Fox Hills, 5 and 3; John N. Stearns, 3d, Nassau, beat E. Mortimer Barnes, Englewood, 2 up.

Second Round—White beat McCook, 1 up; Seeley beat Blossom, 1 up; Pyne beat Brokaw, 1 up, (20 holes;) Hyde beat Stearns, 5 and 3.

Beaten Eight, First Sixteen.—First Round—Ward beat Holmes, 3 and 2; Shiland beat Waterbury, 2 up; Hoyt beat West, 1 up, (19 holes;) Barnes beat Perry by default.

Second Sixteen.—First Round—Clifford G. Dunning, Nassau, beat B. A. Balfe, South Shore, 3 and 2; Frederick C. Reynolds, Essex County, beat L. Stuart Wing, Jr., Piping Rock, 2 up; Eric Winston, Piping Rock, beat Thomas Potter, Westchester, 1 up; W. F. Ladd, Rockaway Hunt, beat Charles L. Tiffany, Nassau, 4 and 3; Garfield Scott, Philadelphia Country Club, beat D. A. Loring, Jr., Nassau, 5 and 4; A. D. Weekes, Piping Rock, beat Lucien H. Tyng, National, by default; J. Gordon Douglas, Piping Rock, beat C. E. F. McCann, Nassau, 5 and 4; Frederick B. Pratt, Nassau, beat W. A. W. Stewart, Piping Rock, by default.

Second Round—Reynolds beat Dunning, 1 up; Ladd beat Winston, 4 and 3; Weeks beat Scott, 4 and 3; Douglas beat Pratt, 6 and 5.

Third Sixteen.—First Round.—Garrison B. Adams, National, beat C. N. Fowler, Jr., St. Andrews, 4 and 3; Herbert M. Harriman, Piping Rock, beat J. H. Hayes, Baltusrol, 8 and 6; D. C. Arnold, South Shore, beat Anson F. Robinson, Ardsley, 6 and 5; William L. Hicks, Nassau, beat Clifford V. Brokaw, Piping Rock, 6 and 4; L. T. Montant, Piping Rock, beat C. H. Jennings, Dutchess, 1 up; Malcolm Stevenson, Piping Rock, beat H. B. Stoddard, Brooklawn, 2 and 1; Samuel Allison, Midland, beat Martin W. Littleton, Garden City, 3 and 2; J. B. Taylor, Piping Rock, beat J. G. Bates, Morris County, 4 and 2.

Second Round.—Harriman beat Adams, 2 up; Hicks beat Arnold, 3 and 2; Stevenson beat Montant, 4 and 2; Allison beat Taylor, 2 up.

Fourth Sixteen.—First Round.—W. H. Nichols, Jr., Piping Rock, beat Seymour Johnson, Piping Rock, 1 up; E. Coe Kerr, Nassau, beat Townsend Hornor, Ardsley, 2 up; J. B. C. Tappan, Nassau, beat F. T. Frelinghuysen, Piping Rock, 3 and 2; Barrett Andrews, Sleepy Hollow, beat J. D. Voorhees, Piping Rock, 1 up; F. C. Jennings, Nassau, beat Devereux Milburn, Piping Rock, 3 and 2; Arthur Coates, Yale, beat J. H. Smith, Jr., Piping Rock, 3 and 2; De Soto Fitzgerald, Virginia, beat Thomas R. Williams, Rockaway Hunt, 4 and 3; Harold Godwin, Garden City, beat H. C. Brokaw, Piping Rock, 1 up, (19 holes).

Second Round—Kerr beat Nichols, 4 and 3; Tappan beat Andrews, 5 and 4; Jennings beat Coates, 3 and 1; Fitzgerald beat Godwin, 5 and 4.

Fifth Sixteen.—First Round—Clark Bedford, Nassau, beat D. K. Jay, Albany, by default; Vincent B. Hubbell, Nassau, beat Henry R. Winthrop, Piping Rock, 1 up; Martin W. Littleton, Jr., Garden City, beat W. L. Colt, Siwanoy, 3 and 1; Dr. H. S. Stearns, Oakland, beat Conde Nast, Piping Rock, 3 and 2; E. S. Willard, Piping Rock, beat E. T. Horwill, Nassau, by default; J. P. Benkard, Piping Rock, beat B. G. Weekes, Piping Rock, 3 and 2; H. W. Slocum, Rockaway Hunt, beat George C. Smith, Piping Rock, by default; Raymond D. Little, South Shore, beat Effingham Lawrence, Piping Rock, 4 and 3.

Second Round—Hubbell beat Bedford, 1 up; Littleton beat Stearns, 6 and 5; Benkard beat Willard, 4 and 3; Little beat Slocum, 5 and 3.

Sixth Sixteen.—First Round—W. L. Ball, Seaview, beat Clinton Gilbert, Jr., Piping Rock, 7 and 5; L. De B. Moore, Piping Rock, beat Huntington Norton, Piping Rock, 4 and 3; Harvey S. Ladew, Piping Rock, beat J. Mitchell Thorsen, Sleepy Hollow, 3 and 2; R. H. Neilson, Rockaway Hunt, beat B. T. Coudert, Piping Rock, 7 and 6; Donald Malcolm, Yale, beat L. H. Hine, Piping Rock, by default; H. L. Batterman, Piping Rock, beat H. H. Dean, Nassau, 2 up; Clinton Gilbert, Piping Rock, beat J. A. Ripley, Piping Rock, 6 and 5; Frank L. Crocker, Piping Rock, beat John N. Stearns, Piping Rock, 3 and 1.

Second Round—Moore beat Ball, 6 and 4; Neilson beat Ladew, 1 up; Batterman beat Malcolm, 7 and 5; Gilbert beat Crocker, 1 up.

Siwanoy to Dine J. G. Anderson.

The Siwanoy Country Club of Mount Vernon will give a dinner and reception to John G. Anderson, the runner-up in the recent national amateur golf championship tournament at Detroit, at the Mount Vernon Clubhouse this evening. President Charles M. Miller will be the toastmaster, and Mr. Anderson will tell about his experiences at Detroit.

Real Estate Board Golf.

The Real Estate Board of New York will hold its Fall golf tournament on the course of the Fox Hills Golf Club on Tuesday, Oct. 5. This will be its fifth tournament and an increased entry list is expected.

Football Lecture at Fordham.

Although the rain prevented all regular football practice yesterday at Fordham, Coach Harry Vaughn ordered all candidates to report in the reading room for their first blackboard drill and lecture. The talk, which was frequently interrupted by inquiries and suggestions by the candidates, consisted for the most part in a description of the Fordham plan of attack for this year.

Following the lecture it was announced that Cusack, the New York University star kicker of last year, would be allowed to practice with the Maroon eleven. Two days ago the New York University veteran came out for practice, but the word of the Faculty Director that he would be ineligible to represent Fordham this year was understood to mean that he could not join the 'Varsity at practice. The Faculty Director cleared up this error yesterday. Cusack practiced at Fordham in 1913 and later joined the New York University squad.

Frank Treaner of Morris High School and the all-scholastic centre for the last year was the only new man to report yesterday. Six men are now trying for the vacant pivot berth.

Two More Young Yankees Report.

Dan Tipple, the Indianapolis pitcher, for whom the Yankees paid a big price a few weeks ago, reported to Manager Donovan at the Polo Grounds. Tipple made a great record at Indianapolis this season, and Scout Joe Kelley thinks he will be successful with the Yankees from the start. Tipple may be used in one of the games of today's double-header. Outfielder Tim Hendrix of New Orleans also reported yesterday.

BLUES FOR McLEAN HORSES.

Lady Dilham and Nala Among Victors at Syracuse Show.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Interest centred on the championship classes at the State Fair Horse Show today. Lady Dilham, from E. B. McLean's stable, captured the championship in the class for harness horses, 14.2 and under 15.2 hands, and Nala, from the same stable, was victorious in the class for single harness horses, 15.2 hands or over.

In the class for pairs, J. Campbell Thompson won with Rob Roy and Brian Boru. John A. Hartford's saddle horse Gossip took a championship, and Robert Gerry's hunter Hamsah was victorious in the class for heavy and middleweight hunters.

W. A. Wadsworth took the championship with Aldebaran in the class for lightweight hunters and jumpers, and W. H. Hanley captured this most coveted prize with Twilight in the class for saddle horses. Sequatogue Farm captured the blues in the class for saddle horses exhibited in pairs with men and women to ride. It was a walkover for Lady Dilham in the class for harness horses.

The Syracuse spectators were pleased when Damascus, from Troop D, took the blue in the class for officers' chargers and military mounts. In the big Corinthian Class, Lone Ben, owned by John R. Valentine, made a splendid showing and captured the blue. In the class for pairs of hunters and jumpers ridden abreast the spectators got a thrill when Sweet Lips, owned by Miss Kitty Lancer Lawrence, took a tumble at one of the jumps where the turf was very soft. Confidence and Skyscraper won this class. The tandem class was spirited and interesting, with Val Crane winning with Wild Rose and Wonder Rose. The Wanamaker horses were shown to good advantage again and greatly pleased the spectators.

HARVARD MAKES PROGRESS.

Football Men Ready for More Strenuous Play Next Week.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 17.—The first week of football ended at Harvard today with nearly three hours' drill for the men, who will now have until Monday for rest. The linemen had a lengthy session of individual coaching, and the backs, besides their usual drill, worked hard at making and receiving forward passes on the run.

In the engagement between the first and second 'Varsity teams the players showed great improvement, and proved that they are ready for actual football next week. Two important shifts were made in the first team. Last year's freshman centre, Wiggin, was in the middle of the line, while Parson, a 'Varsity tackle last year, was in his regular place on the left wing. Parson's return to his position caused the coaches to send Dadmun, a heavy player from Tufts College, back to the second 'Varsity line-up.

Percy Haughton prevailed upon Leo Leary to come out to help coach the ends today, but Leary, who has produced so many good ends during the past six years for Harvard, said his presence today had no significance, as he will be unable to be a regular staff coach this Fall.

LOWRY AT QUARTER BACK.

Coach Hinkey Trying Out Captain Wilson at Half Back.

Special to The New York Times.

MADISON, Conn., Sept. 17.—In the search for a dashing quarter back to succeed Captain Aleck Wilson, who is being tried at half back, Head Coach Frank Hinkey of the Yale eleven today created a surprise by picking Lowry of the third eleven for a trial on the first team, sending Bentley back to the second team. Bentley has been the first string quarter back since the squad began work.

"Pie" Way, who has been at left guard this week, was shifted today to centre rush on the second eleven, Kent, the former Stevens Institute guard and tackle, being placed at left guard. There was a ten-minute scrimmage this afternoon, the players being affected by the heat wave. The scrimmaging was finished just as a heavy thunder storm broke.

It is probable that the squad will be dismissed after morning practice tomorrow, closing the work here.

NEWS OF OTHER ELEVENS.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 17.—The Cornell football men had their first scrimmage of the season this afternoon on Alumni Field, when Coach Sharpe lined up first and second 'Varsity teams for a few minutes. Another of the veterans has returned, Duke Mueller, who was one of the first string backs last season. He played at full back during the short scrimmage that was held. Johnny Lewis, another fast back, will arrive tomorrow. Dougher, who sustained a minor fracture of the arm on Wednesday, will probably be out for the rest of the season.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Sept. 17.—After a layoff of two days because of the heat the Williams College football men resumed practice this afternoon. The work was mainly confined to the rudimentary principles of the game, but during the latter part of the practice three scrub teams were selected and run through signal drills preparatory to the first scrimmage play. The two veteran tackles, Brown and Garfield, were in uniform. Of the new men, Weeks at centre, Kieser, Sawyer, and J. A. Wright at guard, and O'Brien in the back field, are the most promising.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 17.—Coach Sanford is quite satisfied with the progress which the Rutgers football men are making. As soon as there is cool weather he will start scrimmage practice. The team of last year remains practically intact. The two men who have been tentatively picked to fill the vacancies are Jackson at tackle and Kelly at half back.

EASTON, Penn., Sept. 17.—Two freshman candidates for the Lafayette team played with the 'Varsity in the practices this afternoon. They were Scott and Lake, who entered from Exeter, and each went to a place in the back field. Captain Fred Luhr directed the practice in the absence of Coach Crowell.

CARLISLE, Penn., Sept. 17.—The Carlisle Indian football team gave considerable attention to perfecting the forward pass in the practice this afternoon in preparation for the first game of the season tomorrow with Albright College. A heavy rain fell during part of the time, and the redskins learned a lot about handling a slippery pigskin.

Kenneth Witherow, the 200-pound linesman of last year's Pennsylvania team, has reported to the coaches at Port Deposit, Md., where the preliminary practice for the eleven is being held this year, on the athletic field of Tome School. The arrival of Witherow brings the total of candidates for the line positions up to twelve, all of them heavy men. Neill, Matthews, Harris, Honning, Russell, and Witherow are 200-pound men, so that it seems assured the Red and Blue will have a heavy line. The probability is that the back field will be light, speed being the essential quality desired. Though the heat has interfered with practice, the men are gradually being worked harder. Tackling constitutes a large part of the daily drill. This was a weak point last season, and the coaches are determined to eradicate the fault.

The Brown University men have been on the gridiron for several days and the squad now numbers forty-eight. The practice thus far has been light. Of last year's veterans there are Captain Andrews, McBee, Murphy, Staff, Ward, Huggenvig, and Farnum. Three other veterans, Maxwell, Ormsby, and Fraser, are expected to report shortly. A number of the freshmen are showing up well, among them Kimball from Auburn H. S., Conroy of the Hughes H. S. of Cincinnati, and Arnson of Stuyvesant H. S. of this city.

Captain Hingeley of the Wesleyan football team has ordered candidates to report for the first practice Monday on Andrus Field. The college lost heavily by graduation. Three of the back field—Kenan, Newhall, and Johnson—are now out of college, as are the two ends, Nourse and Bovard. A man will also have to be developed for the centre position, which was held by Thompson. There is, however, good material in the sophomore class which was not available last season because of the one-year eligibility rule. Dick Eustis will act as head coach and will be assisted by Dan Kenan, Captain of the eleven last season.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The disturbance of minor intensity reported Thursday night over Cuba has moved northwest to the Gulf of Mexico without perceptible change in intensity, and it is not probable that it will be attended by dangerous winds in its course northwestward.

A general and considerable fall in temperature was reported Friday afternoon from the area of excessive heat in the East, and it is not probable that there will be a return of the heat wave to these regions. Moderate temperature for the season now prevails generally over the United States.

There have been showers and thunderstorms in the last twenty-four hours in the Atlantic States north of Virginia, the region of the Great Lakes, and the Ohio and Middle Mississippi Valleys.

Indications are that the weather will be generally fair, with moderate temperatures, Saturday and Sunday in the States east of the Mississippi River.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate west and northwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate north; South Atlantic Coast, moderate east.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and somewhat cooler Saturday; Sunday, probably fair.

Western New York—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	64	72	4 P. M.	83	85
6 A. M.	62	70	6 P. M.	78	76
9 A. M.	68	76	9 P. M.	75	75
12 M.	80	84	11 P. M.	71	74

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 79; for the corresponding date last year it was 74; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 66.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 73; at 8 P. M. it was 75. Maximum temperature, 88 degrees at 2:50 P. M.; minimum, 70 degrees at 6 A. M.. Humidity, 92 per cent. at 8 A. M., 78 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.13 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.07 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
1:35—89 Av. C; Joseph Gilman........Slight
3:00—118 Elizabeth St.; James Massala..None
5:00—31 E. 82d St.; Agnes Dunphy....Slight
7:45—Front of 225 W. 47 St., (auto;) Adams Express Co. ....Slight
8:00—497 7 Av.; Rapid Transit Co.....None
11:00—14 Irving Place; not given......Slight
11:35—16 Liberty St.; not given........None
11:45—340 W. 85 St.; Art Club..........$50
P. M.
2:30—192 Monroe St.; Abraham Kramsky. Slight
4:00—6 Bond St.; Security Feather Co.$1,000
4:25—36 Av. D; Herman Zimmerman..Slight
4:50—44 Hester St.; Herman Adelman.Slight
5:00—165 Grand St.; H. Lippman & Bros.$25
5:15—341 E. Houston St.; Hyman Messenger..........Slight
5:30—57 E. 104 St.; Louis Zeller......Slight
5:40—484 Claremont Parkway; D. Eckstein..........Slight
5:45—103 Hester St.; Irwin Leventhal.Slight
5:45—614 E. 136 St.; Jos. Pilsener.....Slight
5:45—363 Monroe St.; Jake Gold.......Slight
6:00—14 Orchard St.; Max Weintraub.Slight
6:00—105 Broome St.; I. Loritsky......Slight
6:00—157 Attorney St.; Henry Hochart.Slight
6:10—100 Lewis St.; Isaac Silverman..Slight
6:15—2d Av. & 108 St.; A. Van Buren & Co. ....Slight
6:15—953 E. 165 St.; Leo Zemil.........Slight
6:20—78 E. 3 St.; Binder & Goldstein..Slight
6:20—726 E. 165 St.; Hyman Robinson.Slight
6:20—1,421 Crotona Parkway; Mrs. T. Rothman..........Slight
6:25—441 E. 119 St.; Morris Cooper....Slight
6:25—341 E. 123 St.; Rose Rosen.......Slight
6:25—359 E. 8 St.; Morris Bernstein..Slight
6:35—313 E. 5 St.; Hyman Wallman..Slight
6:35—236 4 Av.; Parisian Art & Embroidery Co. $25
6:40—493 Claremont Parkway; Mollie Calstine..........Slight
6:45—350 St. Ann's Av.; Bernard Horowitz..........Slight
6:50—188 Monroe St.; Bessie Kauffman. Slight
6:50—168 E. 118 St.; Morris Orosky....Slight
7:00—317 E. 100 St.; M. Glasgow.......Slight
7:10—203 W. 119 St.; Charles Wilhemloh..........Slight
7:15—160 W. 100 St.; Isaac Dressler...Slight
7:15—784 10 Av.; Louis Hussler.........$10
7:20—1,547 S. B'vard; Kate Greenberg.Slight
7:20—63 E. 99 St.; Rose Ogel..........Slight
7:30—474 Grand St.; Charles Levey....Slight
7:30—29 E. B'way; Samuel Brim.......Slight
7:45—821 E. 166 St.; Philip Neunseh...Slight
8:05—28 Stanton St.; Nathan Sheer....Slight
8:05—6 Rutgers Pl.; Hyman Goldberg.Slight
8:10—169 E. 103 St.; D. Colizzi........Slight
8:10—940 Tiffany St.; James Pan.......Slight
8:30—272 Delancey St.; Aaron Goldman. Slight
9:05—168 Delancey St.; Becky Levy...Slight
10:15—528 Riverside Drive; Samuel White. Slight

ESTATES APPRAISED.

ABELL, CHARLES O., (March 6;) net estate, $84,231; Charles S. King, friend, receives a life estate in $52,410; Arthur H. Abell, brother, life estate in $25,000; Annie K. Vance, cousin, receives the remainder and a specific bequest of $1,599; Eloise O. Abell, niece, $2,159; Lizzie L. Hammond and Pauline Vance cousins, each $1,500. Assets: Bank, $1,248; personalty, $2,478, and stocks and bonds $84,715.

BAMBERG, BENEDICTUS, (Jan. 15, 1914;) net estate, $154,017; Esther Bamberg, widow, receives $46,059; Lawrence W. Bamberg, son, $45,926; Adelaide Beckman, sister, a life estate in $10,000; Wallace Bamberg, brother, $3,000; Flora V. Hecht, sister, $2,000; and two nieces received $500 each. Assets: Four lots at Hempstead, L. I., $2,500; two lots at Greenburgh, Westchester County, $100; bank, $5,453; personalty, $910; insurance, $26,593; notes and claims, $5,000; stock and bonds, $23,257; interest of decedent in co-partnership of Bamberg & Risser, 103 Fifth Avenue, $103,970.

BROWER, BESSIE SEYMOUR, (Feb. 10, 1910;) net estate, $38,043; Edwin Sears Brower, Jr., receives $15,000, and William Russel Seymour, nephew, $5,000, in trust; Edwin Sears Brower, husband, gets the residuary estate. Assets: Bank, $23,228; personalty, $205, and stocks and bonds, $11,896.

CONSIDINE, GEORGE T., (Dec. 21, 1912;) net estate, $5,077; stocks and bonds, $5,681. Estate divided equally between Lulu Tabor Considine, mother, and Frances L. Considine, sister.

PARKES, MARY A., (March 9;) net estate, $20,927. James C. Parker, son, is the beneficiary. Bank, $6,029; mortgages, $2,549, and stocks and bonds, $13,670.

ROSENBLUM, HYMAN, (Jan. 16, 1913;) net estate, $21,987. Fannie Rosenblum, widow, receives $5,781; Abraham Rosenblum, Jeannette Deitz, Joseph Rosenblum, Yetta Rosenblum, and Isadore Rosenblum, sons and daughters of decedent, each $3,241. Assets, equities, $472 in 442 East 58th St., $1,588 in 35 Goerck St.; $1,309 in 102 Lewis St., and $23,330 in 327-329 East 11th St.; bank, $1,286; claims, $115.

VERNON, FRANCIS J., (Feb. 16, 1914;) net estate, $72,500; S. Edward Vernon, Frederick R. Vernon, Elizabeth W. V. Radcliffe, Marian A. V. Corning, and Frances V. Turner, brothers and sisters of the decedent, receive $18,190 each. The residue passes to six nephews and nieces. Assets: Half interest in lots in Brooklyn, $16,371; bank, $1,160; personalty and claims, $840; due decedent as salary and commission from the Vernon Carton Co. and the corporation of Samuel Vernon Estate, $1,051; banks, $24,000; stock of the Samuel Vernon Estate, $22,100.

WACHSMAN, BERNAT, (Jan. 30, 1914;) net estate, $4,893; Anna Wachsman, widow, is the beneficiary. Assets: Equities of $3,000 in 1,117 Washington Av., the Bronx; $1,000 in lot in Monument Av., Queens County; bank, $1,700; stock of dry goods and furnishings, 244 1st Av.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

COONEY, MARY, (Sept. 29;) estate valued at $1,100, all personal. $50 is given to The Church of Our Lady of Guadalupe and $40 to the Society of the Propaganda of the Faith, for masses. The residue goes in equal shares to the Church of St. Francis Xavier and the St. Joseph's Home.

CRAIG, MARIA, (Sept. 10;) value of estate about $10,000, all personal. The beneficiaries are: Jane Craig Ball, a sister, of Kilton, County Westmeath, Ireland, and John Craig, a brother, of the same address, $1,000 each; Bridget Craig, niece, $500; Mary P. White, a cousin, $500; each of the following receive $250: Church of St. Benedict the Moor, College of St. Francis Xavier, Society for the Propaganda of the Faith, St. Patrick's Cathedral, and the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children. Maria Craig Murphy, a niece, of Bernardsville, N. Y. gets the residuary estate.

ECKELKAMP, JOSEPH, (Sept. 6;) estate, all personal, $500; all to son, Robert of 125 East 7th St.

HALL, CHARLES, (Sept. 6;) estate of more than $5,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty; all to Nancy Hall, widow, of 72 West 120th St.

SCHWENK, SAMUEL K., (April 10;) estate of more than $1,000 realty and $4,000 personalty; all to the widow, Mai M. Schwenk, of 351 Wadsworth Ave.

SHILSTONE, HENRY, (Aug. 31;) estate of $4,000, all personal; to the widow, Kate Shilstone, of Weehawken, N. J.

WICKES, EMALINE, (Sept. 1;) estate of $5,000 personalty; all to son Joseph of 485 Central Park West.

HEROES OF THE WAR.

Touching and dramatic human experiences in the European warfare, recorded in The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial bound volume, containing ten desirable numbers. One dollar, post paid. The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Assignment: Patrol. J. H. Jones, 161, as Sta-house Att., 4 P. M., Sept. 18.

Temporary assignments: Inspector T. J. Kelly, 12 I. D., to command 17 I. D., in addition to his own, 4 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 21. Patrol. A. L. Hughes, 15, and V. R. W. Cristiano, 63, to 14, I. D., 10 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 16. G. E. Burton and R. D. West, 143, to duty in plain clothes in precinct, 30 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 21. J. E. Bulman, C. O., to Health Squad, 10 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 20.

Leaves of absence, (with full pay.) Capt. W. F. Boettler, commanding 17 I. D., 4 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 21, to be deducted from vacation.

Without pay: Sergt. J. F. Carey, 145, 1 day, 4 P. M., Sept. 19; Patrol. W. J. Ardiff, 4, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., Sept. 20; J. Shaffer, 2 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 17; D. J. Slattery, 1 day, 4 P. M., Sept. 19; H. J. Staubitz, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 15; C. G. Krause, 14, 1 day, 4 P. M., Sept. 19; E. Zwerling, 15, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; L. Halpern, 21, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 18; J. Weinberg, 2 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 17; L. Siegel, 21, 1 day, 4 P. M., Sept. 17; J. Frogel, 26, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; J. O'Sullivan, 29, 1 day, 4 P. M., Sept. 15; J. Greenberg, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; I. E. M. Wagner, 29, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; S. Blossom, 29, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; L. Rafsky, 36, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; E. Tesler, 36, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; W. A. Jacobs, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; H. D. Bloomfield, 36, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; W. E. Sharland, 36, 1 day, 4 A. M., Sept. 17; W. Cohen, 39, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., Sept. 17; T. Lamb, Jr., 39, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 19; B. F. Klein, 62, 2 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 15; E. H. Gerstenfeld, 144, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; F. D. Clancy, 147, 3 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 20; M. J. Ryan, 148, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., Sept. 17; S. Feinstein, 152, 1 day, 12 P. M., Sept. 17; J. Frank, 153, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; G. Gassman, 161, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 18; M. Steinfeld, 163, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; M. McKeon, 174, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 17; E. Foley, Traffic Div., Subdiv. A, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 17; D. Katz, 2 I. D., 1 day, 12:01 A. M., Sept. 18.

Sick leave: Lieut. T. H. Barry, 14 I. D., 30 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 18.

Full pay while on sick report: Patrol. J. P. Woods, 61, 1:20 P. M., Aug. 20, to 12 P. M., Aug. 26; M. F. Dillon, Traf. Div., Subdiv. B, 3:15 P. M., Sept. 9, during disability.

Appointed as special patrolmen by direction of the Police Commissioner: W. Trimborn and J. Reichle, with the Long Island Bottlers' Association, 367 Park Av., Brooklyn, Sept. 17.

Fire Department.

Penalties imposed: Firem. 1st gr. T. A. Broderick, Eng. 18, (absence without leave,) 5 leaves withheld; Firem. 2d gr. J. Kennedy, Eng. 18, (neglect of duty,) 7 leaves withheld and warned; Firem. 2d gr. H. J. Murphy, Eng. 18, (absence without leave,) 5 leaves withheld; Pilot H. E. Whitcomb, Eng. 85, (reckless steering of boat,) reprimanded; Firem. 1st gr. G. Tilitzky, Eng. 91, (absence without leave,) 6 leaves withheld.

Charges dismissed: Firem. 1st gr. W. F. O'Connell, Eng. 18, (reckless driving;) Firem. 1st gr. J. Schwartz, Eng. 26, (same;) Firem. 1st gr. F. J. Murphy, H. & L. 1, (violation of Sect. 103, Rules and Regulations, 1912;) Firem. 1st gr. W. Vanderbeck, H. & L., 1, (same;) Firem. 2d gr. R. J. Egan, H. & L. 22, (reckless handling of tiller wheel.)

Leaves of absence, with pay, 14 days, Sept. 1 to 14, to Stoker J. J. Hannon, Eng. 80, on account of injuries received in the performance of duty.

Resignation accepted: Fire., 1st gr., T. J. Moore, H. & L. 147, 8 A. M., Sept. 21.

Special leaves, without pay: Fire., 1st gr., W. E. McPherson, Eng. 236, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 21. Fire., 2d gr., R. J. Egan, H. & L. 22, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 19. Fire., 1st gr., J. J. Deasy, Eng. 26, 36 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 21. Fire., 3d gr., R. A. Sweeney, H. & L. 45, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 19. Fire., 1st gr., F. E. Hoolahan, Eng. 38, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 19. Fire., 1st gr., J. J. Smith, No. 2, Eng. 11, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 19. Fire., 1st gr., T. A. Broderick, Eng. 18, 36 hours, 8 P. M., Sept. 18.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—2d Lieut. R. Royce, 26th Inf., is attached to Aviation Section of Signal Corps, and will proceed to San Diego, Cal., for duty.

Capt. R. J. Burt, 15th Inf., is detailed for service in the Quartermaster Corps, effective Nov. 11, vice Capt. H. R. Perry, Q. M. Corps, relieved.

1st Lt. G. Marshall, C. A. C., from Coast Art. School, Ft. Monroe, to Ft. Totten, N. Y.

Maj. P. L. Boyer, Med. Corps, upon the demobilization of 2d Div., will proceed to Harlingen, Texas, for temporary duty.

Maj. R. G. Paxton, Q. M. C., is retired on his application, after thirty-two years' service.

Leaves.—1st Lt. D. H. Connolly, Corps of Engs., one month's extension. He will sail for his new station about Nov. 5, instead of Oct. 5; Capt. R. M. Thomas, 11th Cav., one month's extension; Capt. C. G. Mortimer, 3d Field Art., five days' extension; Capt. T. J. Rogers, 11th Inf., three months; Maj. L. A. Fuller, Medical Corps, twenty-one days' extension.

Navy.

Capt. J. H. Glennon, President Special Board on Ordnance, Navy Dept., to commandant, Washington Yard.

Commander R. C. Moody, the Wheeling, to Academy.

Lieut.-Commander R. F. Zogbaum, the Caesar, to Newport War College, R. I.

Lts.: R. L. Walker, the Hannibal, to Aid on Staff, Commander in Chief, Pacific Reserve Fleet; F. N. Eklund, the Rhode Island, to the Salem; and E. A. Wolleson, the Tennessee, to the Rhode Island.

Junior Grade Lts.: T. N. Alford, the Salem, to South Wellsfleet Radio Station, Mass.; F. G. Marsh, the H-2, to the Academy; C. S. Gillette, the Perry, to Academy; W. E. Brown, the Lawrence, to Academy; W. L. Lind, to Academy; and A. E. Montgomery, the Tonopah, to the E-1.

Ensign W. J. Butler, South Wellsfleet, Radio Station, to the Rhode Island.

Chief Gunners: J. G. Nicklas, Naval Magazine, Hingham, Mass., to the Wyoming; T. Aveson, the Wyoming, to temporary duty, the North Dakota; and W. C. Bean, the Kentucky, to temporary duty Naval Radio Station, Radio, Va.

Chief Machinist L. H. Wentworth, Boston Yard, to the Vestal.

Pay Clerk P. K. Jensen, resigned.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived.—Roe and Wadsworth, at Newport; Dolphin, at Southern Drill Grounds; Nero, at Mazatlan; and the Des Moines, at Canea.

Sailed.—Wahneta, Indian Head, for Norfolk, and Raleigh, La Paz, for Mazatlan.

The flag of the Commander in Chief, Pacific Fleet, has been transferred from the Colorado to the San Diego.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Board of Superintendents has nominated John T. Nicholson, Principal of P. S. 186, 145th Street, west of Amsterdam Avenue, as District Superintendent, to succeed the late Darwin L. Bardwell. Mr. Nicholson was appointed a teacher in 1888. In 1903 he was appointed Principal of P. S. 169, and later was transferred to his present school. For twenty-eight years he has taught in the evening high schools, and more recently has been Principal of the Harlem and Washington Heights Evening High Schools.

A meeting for the purpose of forming an association for the protection of retired teachers will be held at 2 P. M. today in Room E, second mezzanine floor of the Hotel McAlpin, Thirty-fourth Street and Broadway.

INSTRUCTION. INSTRUCTION.

To Decide Upon a Boys' School SEE TODAY Riverdale Country School. Fifteen acres of beautiful, secluded country. Boarding Department: Boys live in three houses, according to age. They have at hand the best facilities of New York. They may earn the privilege of Sunday at home. Day Department: Fine open air ride to the country each day in the school autobus. All day in the open country with plenty of play. Wholesome companionship away from the city. From primary grades to college, scholarly, intimate teaching by men. Within two hours you may judge this school at first hand, and be back in the city. Telephone for directions, Kingsbridge 123. Riverdale Country School, Opposite Van Cortlandt Park at West 252d Street, Upper New York City. FRANK S. HACKETT, Head-master. HOWELL NORTH WHITE, (formerly of The Hill School,) Assistant Head-master.

IN TWO YEARS not by Cramming, but by CONCENTRATION, a boy of 12 passed the following Regents subjects: Arithmetic, Geography, Spelling, Reading, Elementary English, U. S. History, Writing, Elementary Algebra, Plane Geometry, English, Three Years; and a boy of 16, between October, 1914, and June, 1915, did Four Years' Work in One and earned the 70 Regents counts indicated below: Algebra 100%, Intermediate Algebra 82%, Adv. Algebra 64%, French, 2d year 80%, American History 83%, Plane Geometry 95%, Solid Geometry 82%, Caesar 88%, Physics 85%, French, 3d year 75%, Chemistry 82%, English, 4 yrs. 85%. NAMES ON REQUEST. Individual Instruction, by the hour, or by the term. Two hours' outing each day for boys under 12 years. Boarding and Day pupils. The Groff-Clark School, 259 W. 75th St. Tel. 744 Col.

Holbrook School For Boys. A wonderful location, overlooking 40 miles of Hudson River and mountains from an elevation of 500 feet; a close stimulating relationship between the masters and students; a 24-acre campus ample for all athletics; an artificial pond, gymnasium, chemical and physical laboratories; in short, a school "better than the catalog." That describes Holbrook. Its graduates have always stood high in college since the school's foundation in 1866. Personal inspection is urged. Catalog. Ossining-on-Hudson, New York.

FRANKLIN SCHOOL, 18-20 West 89th Street. Modern school building, absolutely fireproof. Boys thoroughly prepared for all colleges. Commercial department. Special attention paid to primary instruction. Classes limited in number. Lessons prepared in school. Afternoon and Saturday Recreation classes. Laboratory. Gymnasium. 44th year begins Monday, Sept. 27. SEND FOR CATALOG. Dr. Otto Koenig, Principal, Now at School. Tel. Riverside 5364.

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MISS MASON'S SCHOOL. "The Castle"—Only 40 minutes from New York. Upper School for girls 13 to 25. Lower School for girls 7 to 13. Graduating and Special Courses, including Vocational, Art, Music, Literature, Languages. Catalog. Address, Miss C. E. Mason, LL. M., Box 932, Tarrytown-on-Hudson, N. Y.

THE TOME SCHOOL. An Endowed Preparatory School. Offers the best possible preparation for college or technical school. The most beautiful and complete school buildings and grounds in America. 20 buildings, 9-hole golf course, 5 athletic fields, gymnasium, batting cage, tennis courts, quarter-mile track. Thomas S. Baker, Ph. D., Port Deposit, Md.

New York Preparatory School, 12th Year. 15 WEST 43D ST., NEW YORK. Cor. Franklin and Jefferson Aves., BROOKLYN. REGENTS and COLLEGE. Send for Catalog & "Success in Regents' Exams."

GARDNER SCHOOL, 607 FIFTH AVENUE. Boarding and Day School for Girls. (58th year). College, Preparatory and Academic Courses. Music. Elocution. Rhythmic Dancing.

Stevens School, River St., bet. 5th & 6th, Hoboken, N. J. Reopens Sept. 13th, 1915. Registration Days, Sept. 7 & 8. Examination Days, Sept. 9 & 10. Courses of study preparatory to Universities, Colleges, Schools of Science, Law, and Medicine. The rate of tuition is $150 per year.

Kelvin, 331 WEST 70TH STREET. Telephone, Columbus—3396. Boys Over 14. 12th Year.

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ALCUIN PREPARATORY SCHOOL, 11½-15 West 86 Street. Kindergarten through High School. Reopens Wednesday, September 29. Now open for registration.

The Semple, 241 Central Park West, Cor. 84th St. Boarding and Day School for Girls, College Preparatory and Special Classes. Opens Oct. 7th.

DWIGHT SCHOOL, 15 W 43 St. 36th YEAR. College and Regents' Exam's. Moderate fees. Makes a study of the individual student.

Kindergarten Training School. New York University, Washington Square. Miss Harriette Melissa Mills, Principal.

THE STONE SCHOOL, Cornwall-on-Hudson. School for Boys on Storm King Mountain.

THE ELLIMAN KINDERGARTEN NORMAL TRAINING CLASS. (27th year.) Reopens Sept. 30th at the Morningside School, 438 West 116th St. Circulars.

IRVING SCHOOL FOR BOYS. Tarrytown-on-Hudson. J. M. FURMAN, Headmaster, Box 777.

KYLE SCHOOL FOR BOYS. Irvington-on-Hudson, 22 Miles N. Y. Prepares for business, colleges, tech. schools.

CHRIST CHURCH SCHOOL, Kingston, N.Y. A school of the English type for boys under 14. Terms $300-$600.

Free catalogues of all schools. Amer. Sch. Ass'n, 1,012 Times Bldg. Bryant 6160.

Miss Bangs & Miss Whiton's School for Girls, Riverdale Ave. & 252d St., N. Y. City.

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Chappaqua Mountain Institute, Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y. A home school for GIRLS, in the real country, under care of Friends. Boys admitted under 12 years (separate dept.). Home mother for young children. 44th year. 25 miles from N. Y.; 70 acres; 500 ft. elevation. Primary, Preparatory, and Finishing Courses. Music, Art, Domestic Science, Manual Training, and Commercial Depts.; Gymnasium. Regents' Standards. Rates $300 to $375. N. Y. Office, 20 Vesey St., Room 610. Tel. Cort. 6886.

Collegiate School For Boys, Founded 1638. Is a College Preparatory School with strong Primary and Junior Grades. Modern school building. Large Gymnasium. Afternoon outing classes. 241-43 W. 77th St., N. Y. 277th year begins Sept. 28th. Catalogue. A. F. Warren, Headmaster.

Eastman-Gaines, 123d St. & Lenox Ave. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial Typewriting, Civil Service & Stenotype Departments. Day and Evening Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue.

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, 174 Fulton St., N. Y. City. Day School. Evening School. "Dwight Method" of instruction. Near Fulton St. Subway Station, Hudson Terminal, and Elevated R. R. stations. Courts and lawyers' offices close at hand. Students can join A. M. or P. M. or Evening Classes. Three years' course, with degree of LL. B. Treatises used, with cases, lecture notes, etc. Send for Catalogue No. 10. GEORGE CHASE, Dean.

BROOKLYN LAW SCHOOL, 305 Washington St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Day and Evening Sessions. (15th Year.) Three-year and Post Graduate courses. Parallel courses and same faculty for day and evening sessions. Students may alternate. Begins Sept. 27. Catalogue on Request.

The Chelsea School, For Men and Boys, 213 West 23d Street, New York, 23rd St. Y·M·C·A. Courses: Commercial, Stenographic, Regents & College Preparatory, High School & Grammar School. Sixty Evening Courses Also. Send for Catalog.

BERKELEY SCHOOL, 72nd Street and West End Avenue. Prepares Boys for All Colleges and Technical Schools. Primary and Junior Departments. 36th Year Begins September 29th.

KOHUT SCHOOL FOR BOYS. OPENS MONDAY, SEPT. 20. VACANCIES FOR DAY PUPILS ONLY. For Particulars Address Principal, HARRY J. KUGEL, Riverdale-on-Hudson, N. Y. Telephone 867 Kingsbridge.

VOCATIONAL SCHOOL. Classes in Art, Business and Secretarial work, Household Arts, etc., open Oct. 3rd—Register now. Send for free booklet. CENTRAL Y. W. C. A., 7 EAST 15TH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

CUTLER SCHOOL. Reopens Sept 28th—Primary Oct 4th. Gymnasium—Field Sports—Outing Class. Nos 49 & 51 East 61st St.

IRVING SCHOOL. L. D. RAY, 35 WEST 84TH ST. BOYS FROM 6 TO 20. ALL DEPARTMENTS. 150 Graduates Have Entered College. No home study for boys under fifteen. Outing Classes and Games, including Saturdays. Telephone 4836 Schuyler. School Reopens Thursday, Sept. 30th.

TRINITY SCHOOL, 139-147 WEST 91st ST., NEW YORK. Founded 1709. Primary, Grammar and High Schools. Prepares for all Colleges. 207th Year Begins September 27th.

Miss Conklin's SECRETARIAL SCHOOL. 17th year. Booklet on request. Removed from 7 West 42nd St. to Commercial Engineers' Building, 37 WEST 39TH STREET.

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Institute of Musical Art of the City of New York. FRANK DAMROSCH, Director. Session opens October 11th. Examinations for admission Sept. 27th to Oct. 7th. The Institute gives preference to those applicants whose natural ability and earnest purpose give promise of musical excellence. Endowed and conducted without thought of profit, the Institute commands the services of artist-teachers whose private terms would be prohibitive to most students. Fees are moderate and uniform. Correspondence invited from those desiring the best. Address The Secretary, Box 125, 120 Clermont Ave., N. Y.

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INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL, Founded 1764. NOS. 5, 7 and 9 WEST 93RD ST. New fireproof building. Every facility for rapid preparation of boys for college and business. Classes for younger boys. Individual attention when needed with study hours at school to lessen home work. Gymnasium, playground. Reopens Sept. 22. Tel. 3787 Riverside.

THE BROWN SCHOOL OF TUTORING. Boys' School & Office, 241 West 75th Street. Girls' School, 239 West 75th Street. Phone Col. 8894. Founded 1906. Positively only one at a time with a teacher enables brilliant, handicapped, and average to do at least 2 years' work in one. All advantages, and more, of class schools, but none of the disadvantages. Pupils taught how to study. Study supervision. "A School With an Atmosphere of Work."

KINGSLEY. College preparatory school for boys. Healthful location. 500 feet elevation. 22 miles from New York. Boys taught how to study. Small classes. Separate dormitory for younger boys. New academic building and additional dormitory ready for opening, September 30th. For catalogue address J. R. Campbell, A. M., Box 10, Essex Fells, N. J.

HAMILTON Institute for Boys, 599 West End Ave. Tel. 6802 Riv. Elementary and college preparation. Classes average 8. Diploma admits to leading colleges. HAMILTON Institute for Girls, Riverside Drive & 90th St. Tel. 2239 Riv.

RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, 879 WEST END AVE. (COR. 103D ST.) For Girls. Kindergarten, Elementary, High School. Catalogue. Telephone Riverside 940. Boys taken through fourth grade.

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(Builders of the Even Keel Submarine)

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Independent of its intrinsic value, it possesses decided speculative possibilities owing to the fact that it participates equally after 10% has been paid on the common and has full voting power.

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Union Pacific Railroad Company.

ANNUAL MEETING.

165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., August 12, 1915.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of Union Pacific Railroad Company will be held at its office at Salt Lake City, Utah, on Tuesday, October 12, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing fifteen directors of the Company, and of transacting such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

For the purposes of the meeting, the books for the transfer of stock (both Preferred and Common) will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday, September 13, 1915, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, October 13, 1915.

ALEX. MILLAR, Secretary.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of any other business of the Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Milwaukee, at 12 o'clock, noon, Saturday, September 25, 1915.

The transfer books will be closed on Thursday, the 12th day of August, and reopened on the 27th day of September next.

H. R. WILLIAMS, Vice President.

July 2, 1915.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Further Progress in Loan Negotiations—Stocks More Active and Strong.

Events moved favorably yesterday for an early consummation of the plans which are being laid for the establishment of the Anglo-French credit, but it was indicated that at least several days more would be needed to complete the exchange of views which must precede a definite agreement regarding the conditions of the loan. There are necessarily many other matters beside the amount and maturity and rate of interest which have to be agreed upon in connection with such a transaction, and it has not yet been possible to reach an understanding on all of these points, although favorable progress was again reported yesterday.

It has come to be accepted as a fact that the loan will have the support of some of the leading bankers with German sympathies, on the ground that it is a transaction whose essential purpose is the protection of American trade. In that fact, indeed, lies the importance, from an American business point of view, of concluding the proposed arrangement, and it is not too much to say that those who oppose the granting of credit to our European customers are in the final analysis opposing American trade itself. That fact is coming to be very clearly recognized, and is doing a good deal to deprive the opposition to the loan of any real force.

The exchange market showed itself oversensitive to rumors of impending opposition to the proposed credit arrangement, but the stock market reflected clearly the prevailing belief that the way is being rapidly paved for a formal announcement of the proposed loan. Each day recently has brought fresh assurances of support for the proposed credit, and it is now being taken for granted in the financial community that the response to the offer when it is made will be hearty.

The stock market was much more active and after Thursday's setback the forward movement was resumed in some parts of the list with decided vigor. Besides the favorable impression created by the progress made in the international loan negotiations, the enthusiasm of traders was stimulated by the announcement of the 50 per cent. cash dividend declared by the General Motors Company, which recalled some of the market's expectation regarding other issues which have profited by the unusual opportunities of the last year. The forward movement had some exceptions, but it embraced enough stocks and ran to sufficient length to indicate pretty clearly a renewed broadening of the speculative interest which had lately been dampened to some extent. The market was still subject to the cautionary tendency in some quarters to await the actual settlement of the important international questions upon which the Government, on one hand, and the bankers, on the other, are working. In respect to both of these problems, however, the course of events the last few days has served to confirm the optimistic expectations which were formed earlier in the week.

LONDON DISCOUNT SAGS.

Abundant Money Supply the Cause—American Exchange Erratic.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—The abundant supply of money makes it difficult to maintain discount rates.

American exchange fluctuated sharply today. It opened at 4.71 on reports that the allied loan would be smaller and more quickly arranged than anticipated. The prices reacted to 4.70 later on a demand for dollars.

The stock market was inclined to droop as the time for the submission of the budget approached with the fear of heavy taxation. Home stocks and Argentine rails weakened, but Kaffirs continued strong, and Japanese bonds firm. International Mercantile Marine preferred spurted five points.

American securities declined following the advance in exchange. Trading was limited, and the closing was dull and easy.

Paris Trading Is Irregular.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—Trading was irregular on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 67 francs 25 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 27 francs 45 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	10 or Less.	Over 10 up to 30.	Over 30 up to 60.	Over 60 up to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	3	4	4	4½	5
New York	3	4	4	4	5
Phila.	3	4	4	4	5
Cleveland	3½	4	4	*4½	5
Richmond	..	4	4	4½	5
Atlanta	..	4	4	*4½	5
Chicago	..	4	4	*4½	5
St. Louis	3	4	4	4½	5
Minneap.	..	4	4	4½	5
Kan. City	..	4	4	5	5
Dallas	..	4	4	4	5
San Fran.	3	3½	4	*4½	5

*Notes maturing in not more than 90 days secured by cotton or other staples, warehoused and insured, or in course of shipment, are discountable at the special rate of 3 per cent.

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days ......2¼@2¼
Ninety days ......2¼@2½

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renew. Rate.
On call	2	1¾	2	1¾

ON TIME.

60 days......2¼ | 5 months......3
90 days......2¾ | 6 months......3
4 months......3

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.

4 months......3 @3¼ | 6 months......3 @3¼
60 to 90 days......3

Other names.

4 months......3¼@3¾ | 6 months......3½@4

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Range of Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
Demand	$4.73¼	$4.69¾	$4.70⅝	+.00⅛
Cables	4.74	4.70¼	4.71	+.00⅜

Closing Rates.

	Demand, (or check.)	Cable.
London	$4.70⅝	$4.71
Paris	5.80	5.79
Switzerland	5.23	5.22
Scandinavia	25.90	25.85
Berlin	.83¼	.83⅜
China—Hongkong	43.00	43.05
Shanghai	55.00	54.75
Singapore	57.50	..
Greece	5.16	5.17
Holland	.40½	.40⅝
India—Bombay	33.00	..
Calcutta	33.75	..
Italy	6.18	6.17
Japan—Kobe	49.37	49.45
Yokohama	49.00½	..
Philippine Islands—Manila	49.62	49.75
South America—Buenos Aires	41.10	41.25
Rio	23.62	23.87
Spain	18.90	..
Austria	15.37	15.50
Russia	35.00	..

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers, 60 days.	Bankers, 90 Days.	Commercial, 60 Days.	Commercial, 90 Days.
$4.67	$4.65	$4.65	$4.63

Clearing House Figures.

New York Clearing House exchanges, $315,815,423; balance, $14,806,114. Sub-Treasury debit balance, $273,814.

The local banks gained $6,609,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 35c premium; Montreal, $3.12½ premium.

Bar Silver.

London, 23 7-16d. unchanged. New York, 48⅝c, up ⅝c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Sept. 16.	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$963,648	$8,358,306	$39,124,490
Int. rev., ord.	1,573,312	15,522,364	74,634,186
Corp. & inc. tax	42,182	599,124	10,600,752
Miscellaneous	41,476	2,552,202	10,923,040
Total r'c'ts.	$2,620,620	$27,031,998	$135,282,469
Surplus	386,833	....	....
Deficit*	......	4,473,868	33,066,439

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, SEPT. 17, 1915.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	735,960
Same day last year	Exch. closed
Year to date	103,671,493
Same period last year	45,989,158
Average price and change 50 stocks	79.88 + .60
Same day last year	*Exch. closed

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	80.20	Sept. 17	58.99	Feb. 24
Range year 1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

*Closing average July 30, 57.77.

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
32⅝	32¾	600	Alaska Gold Mines	32½	33⅛	32½	32¾	+ ¼
44	44⅛	23,450	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	42¾	44¼	42⅝	44	+1½
70½	71½	2,600	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	70	71⅜	70	71	+1
61¼	61½	550	Am. Agricul. Chem	62	62	61	61¼	− ¼
65⅝	66	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar	64¾	65¾	64⅝	65¾	+ ⅞
61⅛	61⅜	19,900	Am. Can	59⅞	61¼	59⅞	61¼	+1⅛
104½	104⅞	300	Am. Can pf	104⅞	104⅞	104¾	104⅞	+ ⅝
71	71½	17,900	Am. Car & Fdry	69⅞	72¼	69⅞	71⅛	+1⅝
151	152½	1,600	Am. Coal Products	150	153½	149½	153½	+3¼
50	51½	300	Am. Cotton Oil	50½	51¼	50½	51¼	+ ¾
100	103½	50	Am. Express	101	101	101	101	...
8¼	8⅞	200	Am. H. & Leather	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	...
37½	38	600	Am. H. & Leath. pf	37⅝	38	37⅝	37¾	+ ½
24⅝	24⅞	200	Am. Ice Securities	25	25	25	25	− ¼
20½	20⅞	4,350	Am. Linsed	20	21	19¾	20½	+1
35	37	500	Am. Linseed pf	36	36¾	36	36¾	...
57¼	57½	18,750	Am. Locomotive	57⅝	58½	57	57	...
26¼	28	100	Am. Malt pf	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	...
81⅛	81⅜	4,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	80¾	82	80¾	81⅝	+ ⅞
55½	55⅝	6,125	Am. Stl F'dries	54⅞	56	54	55½	+ ¾
107⅞	109	600	Am. Sugar Ref	108	108⅛	108	108⅛	+ ⅛
123½	124	400	Am. Teleph. & Tel	123½	123½	123¼	123¼	− ¾
228	230	100	Am. Tobacco	228	228	228	228	−1
108	109	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	108	108	108	108	...
43⅝	44	1,500	Am. Woolen	44	44	43¼	43½	− ½
92⅞	93¼	300	Am. Woolen pf. x d	92⅞	93⅛	92⅞	93⅛	+ ⅞
71⅝	71¾	2,900	Anaconda Cop. Co	71¼	71¾	71⅛	71⅝	+ ½
101¼	101⅜	1,750	Atch., Top. & S. F	101	101½	101	101½	+ ¼
98	98⅞	200	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	− ⅝
80½	81⅛	15,700	Baldwin Loco	80	81⅞	80	81	+1½
82⅝	83⅛	1,400	Baltimore & Ohio	82¾	83⅛	82¾	83⅛	+ ⅛
71	71½	500	Baltimore & O. pf	70¾	71½	70¾	71½	+ ¾
339	341	400	Bethlehem Steel	336	340	336	340	−1
165	167	400	Bethlehem Steel pf	165	169	165	168	−1
83¾	84	200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	83¾	84	83¾	84	...
83	85	20	Brown Shoe pf	84½	84½	84½	84½	...
60⅝	60⅞	800	Butte & Superior	60¼	60⅝	60⅛	60¼	+ ¾
18⅛	18⅝	1,500	California Petrol	18	18⅛	18	18⅛	+ ½
153¼	153½	1,100	Canadian Pacific	153¾	153¾	153¼	153¼	− ¾
44⅞	45	9,025	Central Leather Co	44¼	45¼	44¼	45	+1
106	106⅝	100	Central Leather pf	106	106	106	106	+ ¼
47⅝	47⅞	1,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	47⅝	48¼	47⅝	47¾	...
11⅞	12	150	Chi. Great Western	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	+ ⅛
84	84¼	300	Chi., Mil. & St. P	84⅜	84⅜	84	84	− ⅜
121	121⅝	300	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	122½	122½	121½	121½	−1
20½	20¾	4,700	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	20⅛	21⅛	20⅛	20¾	+ ⅝
124	130	100	C., St. P., M.& O.pf	124	124	124	124	−6
124	130	25	do., odd lot	125	125	125	125	...
44¼	44⅜	300	Chino Copper	44⅛	44¼	44	44¼	+ ½
56½	56⅝	83,500	Col. Fuel & Iron	52½	58⅝	52¼	56½	+3⅞
85	85¾	300	Continental Can	85½	85¾	85½	85⅝	+ ⅝
17½	18	2,100	Corn Products Ref	18⅛	18⅛	17½	17½	− ½
84	85	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	84¼	84¼	84¼	84¼	− ¼
94⅛	94⅜	41,550	Crucible Steel	93	95¼	91⅝	94½	+1⅞
105½	106	700	Crucible Steel pf	105⅝	106	105⅝	106	− ⅜
115	117	200	Cuban-Am. Sugar	113	114⅛	113	114⅛	−2⅞
98½	99½	100	Deere & Co. pf	99	99	99	99	+2
9	10	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	− ⅝
118¾	119	16	Detroit Edison Co	118¾	118¾	118⅝	118⅝	...
25¾	25⅞	1,800	Distillers' Secur	25⅝	25⅞	25½	25½	− ⅜
23	23⅛	5,600	Dome Mines	23	23⅜	22⅞	23¼	+ ¾
72½	73	300	Elec. Storage Bat	72	73	72	73	+1
30	30⅛	6,800	Erie	29⅞	30⅜	29⅞	30	...
50¼	50⅞	2,100	Erie 1st pf	50½	50⅞	50¼	50¼	− ⅛
39¼	39¾	1,000	Erie 2d pf	39⅜	39⅝	39	39¼	+ ¼
26¼	30	100	Federal Min. & S	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	+ ⅜
170½	171½	2,666	General Electric	171	173⅛	170¼	172½	+2¼
282	286	6,000	General Motors	280	291	279	280	+17
113	115	200	General Motors pf	115	115	115	115	...
65	65¼	34,150	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	63⅜	65¾	63¼	65¼	+2¼
109	110	800	Goodrich pf. s. 60 f	109	109	109	109	...
118½	119	1,200	Great Northern pf	118¼	119	118	119	+ ⅞
46	46⅛	124,850	G. N. certs. ore prop	41¾	46¼	41¾	46	+4½
65	65¼	1,600	Guggenheim Explor	65	65¼	64¼	65¼	+ ¾
34¼	34⅜	3,200	Inspiration Copper	34½	34⅞	34¼	34½	− ¼
20⅛	20⅝	2,300	Inter.-Met	20	20⅛	20	20	...
20⅛	20⅜	2,800	Interboro Consol	20	20⅝	20	20¼	− ¼
73¾	74½	1,100	Interboro Consol. pf	74	74¼	73¾	74¼	...
19	20	400	Int. Agricultural	19½	19½	19½	19½	+ ½
19	20	100	do., s. 20 f	18	18	18	18	...
38⅝	39	10	Int. Agricultural pf	38½	38½	38½	38½	...
38⅝	39	100	do., s. 20 f	37	37	37	37	...
105½	106	600	Int. Harvester, N. J	105¾	106½	105¾	106	−1
10½	10¾	1,730	Int. Paper	9¾	10½	9¾	10½	− ⅛
35	39⅝	600	Int. Paper pf	39⅛	39½	39⅛	39½	+ ½
26	26½	600	Kansas City South	25¾	26	25¾	26	+ ⅛
69¼	70	5,200	Lackawanna Steel	68⅜	70¼	68⅜	69½	+1⅛
102	103	300	Laclede Gas	102	102	102	102	−1
145	145½	2,200	Lehigh Valley	144¼	145¼	144¼	145	+1
45	45½	5,900	Maxwell Motors	45	46½	44¾	45	+ ⅛
88½	89½	1,700	Max. Motors 1st pf	89	90	88½	89	+1¾
37	37½	3,500	Max. Motors 2d pf	37	38⅜	36½	37½	+ ½
85	85¼	2,700	Mexican Petroleum	84¾	85¾	84⅜	84⅝	+ ⅜
27¼	27⅝	1,200	Miami Copper	27¼	27½	27¼	27¼	− ⅛
118	119	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M	118¾	118¾	118¾	118¾	− ½
68	73	200	M., St. P. & S. S. M., l. l	70⅛	70⅛	70	70	−5
6⅝	7¾	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	7	7	7	7	+ ½
3¾	3⅞	4,200	Missouri Pacific	3¼	4	3¼	3⅞	+ ⅝
58	58½	800	Montana Power	58	58	58	58	+ ¾
105	105¼	100	Montana Power pf	105	105	105	105	+ ¼
108½	109	100	Nat. Cloak & S. pf	109	109	109	109	...
26½	27	1,000	Nat. En. & St. Co	26⅝	27	26½	26¾	+ ⅛
63½	64	200	Nat. Lead Co	63½	63½	63½	63½	...
144	146	200	N. Y. Air Brake	146	146	146	146	+1½
92⅜	92½	800	N. Y. Central	92	92⅝	92	92½	+ ½
66½	66¾	400	N. Y., N. H. & H	67	67	66½	66½	...
26½	27	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	27	27	27	27	...
109¾	110¼	600	Norfolk & Western	109⅝	110	109⅝	110	+ ½
74½	75	7,400	North American	73¼	75	73¼	75	+2
107½	107⅞	700	Northern Pacific	107¼	107¾	107¼	107½	+ ¼
...	...	300	Pacific Mail	30⅝	31½	30⅝	31½	+1½
109	109½	1,000	Penn. R. R	109	109	109	109	...
116	117	100	People's Gas, Chi	116	116	116	116	−1½
89	90	100	P., M. & Co. 1st pf. x. d	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	...
87	88	600	Philadelphia Co	87¼	87¾	87	87⅛	− ⅝
68	70	200	P., C., C. & St. L	70	70	70	70	...
32½	33¼	2,000	Pittsburgh Coal	33	33¼	32⅛	33	...
99¾	101	500	Pittsburgh Coal pf	100	100	99	100	−1
89	91	450	Pittsburgh Steel pf	90	90	90	90	...
62	62½	7,200	Pressed Steel Car	61	64	60¾	62½	+1½
159½	160½	400	Pullman Co	160½	161	160	160	− ½
40¼	40½	1,700	Railway Steel Sp	39½	40⅞	39½	40⅝	+2⅛
91½	92½	200	Railway Steel S. pf	92	92	92	92	...
21⅞	22	1,200	Ray Con. Copper	22	22	21⅞	21⅞	− ⅛
149⅝	149¾	1,500	Reading	148⅝	149¾	148⅝	149⅜	+ ⅜
45½	45¾	36,800	Rep. Iron & Steel	43¾	46⅜	43¾	45⅝	+1¾
99	99¾	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	...
5½	5¾	6,000	Rumely, (M.,) Co	3⅞	6¾	3⅞	5½	+1⅝
8½	9	3,000	Rumely, (M.,) Co. pf	7	10	7	8⅜	+1⅜
4¼	4½	900	St. Louis & San F	3¾	4¼	3¾	4¼	+ ¾
9	10	600	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	8	9	8	9	−1½
5⅝	6	1,000	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	5	6	5	6	+1
154	155	1,075	Sears, Roeb. & Co	153½	155	153½	155	+ ¾
123¼	124½	100	Sears, R. & Co. pf	124¼	124¼	124¼	124¼	...
54	55	1,900	Sloss-S. S. & I. Co	52¾	54½	52½	53⅝	+1⅝
88⅞	89	1,100	Southern Pacific	88½	89	88⅜	89	+ ¼
15⅝	15⅞	200	Southern Railway	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	+ ⅛
50½	51	200	So. Railway pf	50⅞	51	50⅞	51	...
60	65	200	Standard Milling	65	65	63½	63½	−1½
119½	119¾	23,000	Studebaker Co	118	120½	118	119½	+2⅜
55¾	56¼	6,400	Tennessee Copper	55	56	54⅜	56	+1
153½	155	700	Texas Co	155	155	154	154	−1
58¼	58½	100	Third Avenue	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	− ⅛
79⅞	82	200	Underwood Typew	80	80	79½	79⅛	− ⅞
129¼	129⅜	2,783	Union Pacific	128⅝	129¼	128½	129¼	+ ¼
81	82	400	Union Pacific pf	81	81	80½	80½	...
53	54	2,965	United Cigar Mfrs	50	55	50	55	+5
22½	23	100	United Rys. Invest	23	23	23	23	...
38	39	400	United Rys. Inv. pf	37⅞	38½	37⅞	38½	+ ½
22	22½	3,000	U. S. C. I. P. & F	21¼	22⅝	21¼	22½	+1¾
84	85	3,900	U. S. Indus. Alco	84¾	85	84	84⅛	+ ⅛
99	100	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	+ ⅞
2½	3½	100	U. S. Red. & Ref	2½	2½	2½	2½	−1
51½	52	4,500	U. S. Rubber	51¾	52¾	51½	51⅞	+ ½
104⅛	104⅞	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	...
104⅛	104⅞	50	do., odd lots	105	105	104⅞	104⅞	...
75⅛	75⅜	51,500	U. S. Steel	74½	75⅝	74¼	75⅜	+ ⅞
113½	113¾	1,650	U. S. Steel pf	113¼	113½	113¼	113½	+ ⅜
65⅜	66	900	Utah Copper	66	68⅜	65⅝	65⅞	+ ⅛
38⅜	38½	500	Va.-Car. Chemical	38	38½	38	38½	+ ⅝
105	106	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	105½	105½	105½	105½	− ¼
60	62	200	Va. Iron, Coal & C	61	61	60	60	+1
28⅜	28⅞	500	Western Maryland	28	28½	28	28	...
76½	76⅞	900	Western Union Tel	76⅝	76⅞	76½	76¾	+ ⅝
117⅛	117¼	37,150	Westingh. E. & M	115¾	117⅞	115¾	117¼	+1½
1⅛	1¼	100	Wheeling & L. E	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	...
191	192	3,500	Willys-Overland	188½	192½	188½	191¾	+5¾
191	192	60	do., odd lot	190⅝	193	190⅝	193	...

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atlantic C. L.	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.60	4.40
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4½	4.55	4.40
Buff., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.60	4.45
Canadian Pacific	1915-'28	4½	4.95	4.80
Car., Clinch. & O.	1915-'24	5	5.25	5.00
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'24	4½	4.90	4.70
Chicago & N. W.	1914-'23	4½	4.55	4.40
Chi., Ind. & Louis.	1914-'28	4½	5.15	4.90
C. R. I. & P. Ry.	1915-'25	4½@5	7.50	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1915-'24	5	4.60	4.50
C., C., C. & S. L.	1915-'29	5	5.15	5.00
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.55	4.45
Erie Railroad	1914-'23	4½@5	4.90	4.80
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	4.99	4.80
Ill. Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.55	4.45
Louis. & Nash.	1914-'23	5	4.55	4.40
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1914-'23	5	6.50	5.50
Mo. Pacific	1914-'22	5	7.50	5.50
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1915-'28	4½@5	5.00	4.70
Norf. & Western	1915-'24	4½	4.50	4.35
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1915-'28	6	4.95	4.75
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.35	4.20
S. L. & I. Mt. & So.	1914-'24	5	6.00	5.00
Seaboard Air L.	1914-'23	5	4.90	4.75
Southern Ry.	1914-'24	4½@5	4.85	4.70
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	4.60	4.40
Virginian Ry.	1914-'19	5	4.85	4.70

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
6s—Sept., 1916	102⅝	102⅞	102⅝	102⅞
6s—Sept., 1917	104	104⅛	103⅞	104⅛
4½s—June, 1965	101⅞	102	101⅞	101⅞
4½s—March, 1963	102	102¼	101⅞	102
4½s—Nov., 1957	102	102¼	101⅞	102
4½s—May, 1957	102	102¼	101⅞	102
4½s—Nov., 1917	100⅝	..	100⅝	101¼
4½s—May, 1917	100⅝	..	100⅝	101
4¼s—March, 1964	99	99¼	98	98¼
4¼s—March, 1962	98⅞	99¼	98	98¼
4¼s—Sept., 1960	98⅞	99⅛	98	98¼
4¼s—March, 1930-60	99	99¼	98	98¼
4s—May, 1959	95	95¼	94⅝	94⅞
4s—Nov., 1958	95	95¼	94⅝	94¾
4s—May, 1957	95	95¼	94⅝	94¾
4s—Nov., 1956	94	94⅝	93⅞	94¼
4s—Nov., 1955	94	94⅝	93⅞	94¼
4s—Nov., 1936	94¼	..	94½	..
4s—May, 1917	100	..	100	..
4s—Nov., 1918	99⅝	..	99⅝	..
4s—May, 1919	99¼	..	99¼	..
3½s—Nov., 1955	85⅛	86	85⅛	86
3½s—Nov., 1954	85⅛	86⅛	85⅛	86
3½s—May, 1954	85⅛	86⅛	85⅛	85⅝

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday, and of those two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	72.48	72.03	72.35	+ .21
Industrials	87.92	86.11	87.42	+ .99

COMBINED AVERAGE.

Sept. 10	79.59	78.12	78.31	− .86
Sept. 11	78.09	77.59	77.87	− .44
Sept. 13	79.18	78.14	78.99	+1.12
Sept. 14	79.72	78.72	79.33	+ .34
Sept. 15	79.90	79.06	79.42	+ .09
Sept. 16	79.81	78.75	79.28	− .14
Sept. 17	80.20	79.07	79.88	+ .60

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*Sep., 1915	80.20	Sep. 17	76.71	Sep. 1	79.88
Sep., 1914	Exchange closed.				
Sep., 1913	72.75	Sep. 15	69.81	Sep. 4	70.14
Sep., 1912	85.83	Sep. 30	82.10	Sep. 18	85.19
Sep., 1911	75.64	Sep. 6	69.57	Sep. 25	72.45
*Year 1915	80.20	Sep. 17	58.99	Feb. 24	79.88
Year, 1914	78.30	Jan. 31	57.47	July 30	60.20
Year, 1913	79.10	Jan. 2	63.09	Feb. 1	68.04
Year, 1912	85.52	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.30
Year, 1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

*To date.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the first week of September show these aggregate changes in gross earnings, those showing gains and those showing losses being stated separately:

Fifteen roads	$5,000,948	+$216,580
Eleven roads	5,892,450	− 264,804
Total (26 roads)	10,893,398	− 48,224

MISSOURI PACIFIC SYSTEM—

	1915.	1914.	Decrease.
July gross	$4,763,299	$5,252,971	$489,672
Net	1,160,526	1,620,608	460,083

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN—

July gross	2,432,049	2,735,067	303,018
Net	560,178	777,069	216,891

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Motor Market.

The course of stocks in early dealings yesterday showed clearly that the 50 per cent. dividend declared by the General Motors' Directors had awakened many hopes in the minds of speculators. General Motors' rapid advance of 28 points was the immediate result of this extraordinary disbursement, of course, but there was a further influence than that. Studebaker, whose earnings have been reported large, appealed to those buyers who thought that what one successful company had done might be duplicated by another with a large income to be disposed of. Hence Studebaker was lifted more than 3 points. Maxwell Motors, which had been dull in preceding sessions, with no sales at all Thursday, turned active and strong. The exceptionally high price of General Motors had indicated for many weeks that something unusual for stockholders might happen, and in this respect there was no close comparison with the other motor shares to be obtained by conservative observers. Still the possibility of good things was enough to stimulate the speculator.

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General Motors' Earnings.

The natural impression derived from the General Motors' statement of earnings was that the war had contributed largely to the company's income. In fact, preliminary estimates that the report would show at least 60 per cent. earned for the common stock were based on the assumption that thousands of dollars worth of automobiles and trucks had been made on foreign Government orders for military purposes. It appears from a statement by President Nash yesterday that such was by no means the case, as bone fide war orders had not brought in a dollar to the company.

***

The Greater Stimulus.

Coupled with the fill-up imparted to the stock dealings by the motor dividend, was the more stable impetus from the rather general impression that the foreign loan was nearly arranged. This was evident in the banks and to a degree nearly as great in commission houses. Only the dyed-in-the-wool bears were distinctly pessimistic about the loan. Lack of details regarding the loan negotiations was seized by them as a positive sign that matters were not going well. They ignored the ancient adage that no news is good news.

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Commercial Paper Rates Easier.

The prospect for a loan likely to exceed $500,000,000 has not worked to stiffen commercial paper rates. On the contrary, discounts have eased slightly this week until the bulk of six months paper of the "best name" class is reported as selling at 3 per cent. There have been periods when mercantile bills of this maturity have shaded this figure, but they have not been many. Brokers state that the demand for money in commercial lines is showing signs of improvement, with further betterment expected as the late Fall approaches.

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Sensitive Exchange Rates.

The super-sensitive state of the foreign exchange market was displayed yesterday afternoon when sudden selling carried sterling down more than three cents to the pound. Several banks were reported as distributers of large amounts immediately after a rumor appeared that John D. Rockefeller, Sr., would not take part in the Anglo-French loan. A few minutes later they turned buyers again. A short interval existed between the receipt of the story and its authoritative denial, and the weakness of rates showed what might happen if the loan should fall through.

***

Another Rock Island Protest.

The money to pay the July 15 interest on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway's debentures is in New York banks and the receivers' certificates which will be taken in exchange for the cash have been signed. Thus a default on a Rock Island bond issue has been avoided. There may be further complications, however, as the result of the issuing of receivers' certificates. When the question was before Judge Carpenter in the Federal District Court at Chicago representatives of the holders of first mortgage bonds of the Consolidated Indiana Coal Company entered a protest against the payment of the debenture interest. The Rock Island Railway guaranteed the interest on the coal company's bonds, but the June 1 interest was defaulted. The objections of the bondholders that a payment on the debentures would operate as a preference in favor of the debenture holders over other creditors was overruled by Judge Carpenter. It was announced yesterday in this connection that the Bondholders' Protective Committee, representing a large majority of the Consolidated Indiana Coal Company, would appeal from the court's decision.

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I. C. C. Doing Its Best.

Commissioner E. E. Clark of the Interstate Commerce Commission, in a special article on the commission's work which appeared in yesterday's issue of the Railway Age Gazette, says: "The Interstate Commerce Commission, like the Texas umpire, is doing the best it can. I do not mean that it is doing the best it can do to please everybody. It does not aspire to accomplish the impossible. It is doing the best it can to discover and estatblish that which is right, reasonable and just. It stands with its face to every wind that blows, decides the questions that come to it in a judicial spirit, endeavors to be helpful when it can by promoting harmony and thorough understandings between the carriers and their patrons, and does not worry about whether or not its decision or action is going to be popular."

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Wants Long Island Shares.

An announcement made yesterday over the names of Earle T. Shaw, 30 Broad Street, says the signer wants a block of 25,000 shares of the Long Island Railroad Company's stock, for which he is willing to pay at the rate of $60 a share. That price is 18 points above the last sale on the New York Stock Exchange, and is 30 points above the price quoted about a month ago. Mr. Shaw has an office with E. R. Dick of Dick Bros. & Co., and it was recalled that that firm was fighting the Pennsylvania Railroad's control of the Long Island Railroad. Mr. Dick's name did not appear in connection with the announcement. There is a qualification to the offer, however, which reads: "Certificates must have been issued not later than 1910 and will not be accepted if proxies have been given since then in favor of the Pennsylvania management control." There are 240,000 shares in existence, and of these the Pennsylvania Railroad owns 138,000. In addition about 50,000 shares have been voted at annual meetings with the Pennsylvania holdings. This leaves about 50,000 outstanding, and of these Dick Bros. & Co. are credited with holding 11,000 shares.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales Sept. 17	$2,165,500
Same day last year	Exch. closed
Year to date	$560,611,700
Same period last year	425,061,100
Average price and change 40 bonds	82.12 + .03
Same day last year	*Exch. closed

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	84.48	Apr. 29	81.51	Jan. 2
Same period last year	89.42	Feb. 4	82.73	July 30
Year 1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

*Closing average July 30, 82.73.

U S 3s, coupon
1,000.........101
3s, reg
1,000.........101
4s, reg
1,000.........109½
Jap Gov 4½s, ster loan, 2d Ser, German stamp
6,000......... 73
Rep of Cuba 5s, 1914
5,000......... 91
N Y State 4s, 1961
1,000.........100⅞
N Y Canal 4½s
2,000.........110
N Y City 4s, 1959
4,000......... 95¼
4½s, 1960
3,000......... 99¾
4½s, Nov, 1957
15,000s30f.......102
4½s, Nov, 1957
1,000.........102
Adams Expr 4s
500......... 74⅝
Alaska Gold M cv deb 6s
1,000.........132
Am Ag Ch cv 5s
5,000.........100¼
Am T & T col 4s
2,000......... 87⅝
25,000......... 87½
5,000......... 87⅝
3,000......... 87½
conv 4½s
500.........101½
1,000.........102
Am Wr Paper 5s
1,000......... 64
Ann Arbor 1st 4s
4,000......... 57
At, Top & S Fe gen 4s
7,000s30f....... 90⅝
1,000......... 90⅞
1,000......... 91
500......... 90¾
1,000......... 90⅞
12,000......... 91
1,000......... 90⅞
15,000......... 91
5,000s30f....... 90¾
adj 4s, stpd
1,000......... 81
1,000......... 81⅜
conv 4s, 1960
10,000.........101
6,000s30f.......100¾
1,000.........101⅛
Atl Coast L 1st 4s
1,000......... 85½
5,000s30f....... 85
2,000......... 85¼
Balt & O gold 4s
500......... 85¾
2,000......... 85½
prior lien 3½s
5,000......... 90
25,000s30f....... 90
1,000......... 90¼
conv 4½s
18,000......... 86¼
5,000......... 86
P L E & W Va 4s
1,000......... 77⅝
S W Div 3½s
1,000......... 87
2,000......... 86¾
Beth S 1st & ref 5s
7,000......... 99⅝
B R T 5s, 1918
8,000.........100
Bkl Un El 1st 5s
10,000......... 98⅝
Bklyn Un Gas 5s
1,000.........103⅝
Cent Leather 5s
3,000......... 99⅜
9,000......... 99¼
C of N J gen 5s
2,000.........111⅝
Cent Pac gtd 4s
15,000......... 85
17,000s30f....... 85
T S L 4s
1,000......... 82¼
C & O conv 4½s
3,000......... 75⅞
10,000......... 76
2,000......... 75⅝
con 5s
1,000 c.........102
gen 4½s
1,000......... 85
Chi & Alton 3½s
1,000......... 44
C, B & Q gen 4s
5,000......... 88¼
joint 4s
15,000......... 96⅝
1,000......... 96¾
13,000s30f....... 96⅝
C & E Ill gen 5s
6,000......... 60
Chi Gr Westn 4s
3,000......... 64⅝
3,000......... 64½
17,000......... 64
6,000......... 64¼
C & N W deb 5s, 1933
2,000s30f.......101⅝
C & W I con 4s
5,000......... 74⅞

Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A
2,000......... 85
4s, 1934
1,000......... 84¾
gen 4½s
10,000......... 98
conv 4½s
11,000......... 94⅛
5,000......... 94
1,000......... 93⅞
C, M & P Sd 4s
3,000......... 85⅞
C, R I & P gen 4s
12,000......... 79
2,000......... 79⅝
1,000......... 79½
11,000......... 79¼
Chi, R I & P Ry deb 5s
1,000......... 46
1,000......... 46¼
ref 4s
7,000......... 61¼
11,000......... 61⅛
44,000s30f....... 61½
6,000......... 61⅝
4,000......... 62
Chile Copper 7s
3,000.........113⅜
5,000.........113½
500.........114
4,000.........113⅜
2,000.........113½
Colo Industrial 5s
1,000......... 80
1,000......... 78
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934
5,000......... 94½
C-Am Sug col tr 6s
13,000.........100⅜
D & H 1st & ref 4s
3,000......... 90¼
9,000......... 90⅝
deb 4s, 1916
1,000.........100½
12,000s30f.......100½
Dist Sec Corp 5s
20,000......... 64
Du P de N P 4½s
3,000.........102
Edison El Ill of Bklyn con 4s
1,000......... 87½
Erie 1st con 4s
1,000s30f....... 77½
1st gen 4s
1,000......... 69
27,000......... 68½
cv 4s, Ser A
3,000......... 64
1,000......... 64⅛
7,000......... 64¼
cv 4s, Ser B
5,000......... 69⅜
Gen Electric 3½s
1,000......... 76½
Gen Elec deb 5s
7,000.........101½
Hock Val 1st 4½s
2,000......... 88
Hud & M 1st & ref 5s, Ser A
5,000......... 72
adj income 5s
8,000......... 26⅜
30,000......... 26
10,000......... 26⅛
Indiana Steel 5s
1,000.........101¼
Insp Con Cop cv 6s, 1922
3,000.........140
Inter-Met 4½s
2,000......... 74¼
5,000......... 74⅛
1,000......... 74¼
I R T 1st & ref 5s
4,000......... 96½
Int M M col tr 4½s
24,000......... 75
2,000......... 75⅜
5,000......... 75⅞
1,000......... 76
ctfs of dep
10,000......... 75
10,000......... 75⅛
6,000......... 75
7,000......... 75⅛
5,000......... 75⅛
5,000......... 75⅜
11,000......... 75⅛
11,000......... 75⅝
16,000......... 75⅛
22,000......... 75⅜
58,000......... 75⅝
25,000......... 76
2,000......... 75⅞
20,000......... 76
25,000......... 76⅛
Internatl Nav 5s
2,000......... 69
Int Stm Pump 5s
500......... 63½
Kan City Term 4s
10,000......... 84
1,000......... 84⅛
Lack Steel 5s, 1950
10,000......... 84⅛
12,000......... 84
41,000......... 84⅛
4,000......... 84
10,000......... 83⅞
60,000......... 84
Ligg & Myers 5s
3,000.........102¼
Ligg & Myers 7s
10,000.........123⅛

Lake S & Mich S 4s, 1931
2,000......... 90½
1,000......... 90
1,000s30f....... 90
Lorillard Co 5s
7,000......... 99½
Lou & N unifd 4s
3,000s30f....... 89⅝
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s
1,000......... 47
M, St P & S S M 1st con 4s
6,000......... 87¼
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
1,000......... 74⅝
Mo P 1st con 6s
4,000......... 93½
5s, 1917
2,000......... 78⅝
5s, 1920
1,000......... 72
1,000......... 72½
Montana Pow 5s, Series A
10,000......... 91¼
1,000......... 91
National Tube 5s
1,000......... 98¼
2,000s30f....... 97⅞
5,000s30f....... 97½
5,000......... 98
10,000s30f....... 97⅞
N Y Cent deb 6s, sub r, full pd
65,000.........104
deb 4s, 1934
2,000s30f....... 85
5,000......... 85⅜
ref & imp 4½s, Series A
11,000......... 87
gen 3½s
1,000s30f....... 76¼
L S col 3½s, ctfs of dep
1,000......... 77⅜
N Y, L & W 1st 6s
1,000.........107½
N Y, N H & H cv deb 6s, reg
1,000.........108½
N Y Teleph 4½s
1,000......... 95
7,000......... 95¼
Norf & W ext 6s
1,000s20f.......116⅝
Pocah C & C 4s
15,000......... 86½
Nor Pacific 4s
9,000......... 89⅞
2,000s30f....... 89⅞
500s30f....... 89½
15,000s30f....... 89⅝
1,000......... 90
Nor Pacific 3s
3,000......... 62
5,000s30f....... 62
Oreg & Cal 1st 5s
2,000.........100½
Oreg S L gtd ref 4s
5,000s30f....... 88
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
2,000......... 96⅝
Penn 4s, 1943
1,000......... 95
4s, 1948
2,000......... 96½
gtd 4½s
4,000.........100½
Penn R R con 4½s
3,000.........102⅝
gen 4½s, tem c
5,000......... 97¼
2,000......... 97⅛
Pub Ser C s f 5s
1,000......... 86⅝
Reading gen 4s
20,000......... 91⅝
3,000......... 91½
Rep Ir & Steel s f 5s, 1940
1,000......... 94¼
5,000......... 94¼
6,000......... 94½
Rio Gr Wn 1st 4s
1,000......... 70
Rutland R R 1st con 4½s
5,000......... 85
St L, Ir M & So gen 5s
5,000......... 93
Riv & Gulf 4s
10,000......... 52
unify & ref 4s
2,000......... 62⅝
3,000......... 62
St L & S F Ry gen 5s
6,000......... 99
St L & S F R R gen 5s
20,000......... 41
Tr Co ctfs, st
6,000......... 41
14,000......... 42
ref 4s, ctfs of dep, stamped
20,000......... 60¼
8,000s30f....... 60⅝
St L S W 1st 4s
7,000......... 67⅞
5,000......... 67⅝
6,000......... 68
5,000......... 67⅝
con 4s
2,000......... 52⅝

St P, Min & M, Mont Cent 6s
1,000.........118⅝
St P, M & M 4½s
3,000s30f....... 99
10,000......... 99⅝
San Fe, Pres & P Ry 1st g 5s
3,000.........103½
Seab A L adj 5s
1,000......... 61½
So Pac conv 4s
2,000......... 80½
20,000......... 80⅝
10,000......... 80⅝
So Pac col 4s
1,000......... 80⅝
So Pac cv 5s
26,000......... 99⅛
500......... 99⅛
1,000......... 99½
11,000......... 99¼
5,000......... 99⅜
3,000......... 99½
So Pac 1st ref 4s
15,000......... 84⅝
1,000s30f....... 84¼
1,000......... 84⅛
11,000s30f....... 84¼
So Pac, San Fr Terml 4s
15,000......... 79¼
17,000s30f....... 79¼
2,000......... 79⅛
So Ry 1st 5s
4,000......... 97
6,000......... 96¼
1,000s30f....... 96½
So Ry gen 4s
19,000......... 61½
Term Assn of St L ref 4s
1,000......... 80
Tex Co cv 6s
1,000.........102¼
3,000.........102⅛
Tex & P 1st 5s
1,000......... 92
Third Av ref 4s
11,000......... 78¾
11,000......... 79
Third Av adj 5s
2,000......... 78⅞
2,000......... 79
1,000......... 79¼
7,000......... 79
11,000......... 78⅞
20,000......... 78⅝
10,000......... 78⅝
16,000......... 78⅝
Un Pac 1st 4s
15,000......... 93
Un Pac cv 4s
17,000......... 89½
United Railroads of San Fran 4s
1,000......... 47⅞
U S Rubber 6s
1,000.........102¾
4,000.........102⅝
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
4,000.........102½
4,000.........102¼
20,000.........102⅛
28,000.........102
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
17,000......... 95
Wabash 2d 5s
2,000......... 90
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s, Eq Tr Co ctfs of deposit
17,000......... 13
3,000......... 13¼
7,000......... 13½
5,000......... 14¼
stamped
25,000......... 11½
5,000......... 12¾
Wab, P Term 1st 4s, Cent Trust ctfs
2,000......... ⅞
Wab, P Ter 1st 4s, Colum Tr ctfs for Cent Trust ctfs
10,000......... ⅝
Wab, Pitts Term 2d 4s
2,000......... ¼
West Md 4s
5,000......... 70
West Shore 4s, r
2,000......... 86½
Westingh E & M 1st cv s f 5s
2,000.........105⅝
19,000.........105½
ctfs of deposit
4,000.........105⅛
cv 5s, sub recpts full paid
10,000.........115½
5,000.........115⅝
5,000.........115¾
5,000.........115⅜
1,000.........115⅛
5,000.........115⅛
10,000.........115½
5,000.........115⅞
20,000.........116⅛
17,000.........116⅛
20,000.........116¼
8,000.........116⅝

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97	98
2s, c, 1930	97	..
3s, r, 1918	100¾	..
3s, c, 1918	100¾	..
4s, r, 1925	109	110
4s, c, 1925	109½	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	96	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	100½	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	100½	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	96	100
Am Ag Ch pf.	95	96½
Am B Sug pf.	88	90
Am B S & Fdy	103	105
Do pf.	152	174
Am C & F pf.	114¾	116¾
Am Coal.	82	..
Am Coal P pf.	119¼	120
Am Cot O pf.	94¾	96
Am L pf.	98	100
Am Malt	6¼	7
A S of B, ex div	79¼	80
A S & R pf.	106¼	107
Am Snuff	147	153
Do pf.	105	..
Am S Ref pf.	114	115
A T & C	61¼	65
Am Wr Pa pf.	7½	10
Assets R	3	5½
A M 1st pf	..	95
Do 2d pf.	..	98½
Atl C L	102	103
Bald L pf.	106¼	107
Batop M	1⅛	1¼
Booth Fish	..	40
B Un G	127	133
Brown Sh.	30	37
Bruns Ter	4¼	5¼
B R & P	80	95
Do pf.	100	..
But'k Co.	28½	30
Cal P pf. ex div	42	43
Canada So	54	56¾
Case (J I) pf.	78	84
C & S A Tel	128	130
Chi & A	..	15
Do pf.	..	20
Chi Gt Wn pf.	30	31
C & N W	126	128
Do pf.	161	170
Chi, St P, M & Om	110	120
C, C, C & St L	32	35
Do pf.	60	70
Cluett-P	66	..
Do pf.	106	..
Col & So.	26¼	27
Do 1st pf	47	55
Do 2d pf.	35	45
Cons. Gas	126¼	127
Cont C pf.	104¼	106
Crex C	38	45
C-Am Sug pf.	102	104
Del & H	139	144
D, L & W	412	425
D & R G	6	7½
D M & Ft D	3	..
Do pf.	25	..
Det U Ry	..	64
D, S S & A	3	6
Do pf.	8	10
East Kod	500	..
F M & S pf.	42	45½
Gen Ch	285	290
Do pf, ex div	109	114
Hav E Ry, L & P	83	88
Do pf.	100⅝	101
Helme (G W) Co	150	170
Hock Val	..	112
Homest'ke	118¼	..
Ill Cent	101	103
Int-M pf	76½	79
I H, N J, pf.	116	117
Int H C	69½	75
Do pf.	..	117
Iowa C pf	..	30
K C So pf	58	59
Kayser (J) & Co.	76¼	83
Do 1st pf	108	114
K & D M	1¼	..
Do pf.	30	..
K'gs Co El L & P	124	125½
Kresge (SS) Co.	155	168
Do pf.	110¼	112½
L E & W	7½	8
Do pf.	18	22
Ligg & M	220	224
Do pf.	116	119½
Long Isl'd	46	48
L-W Bis	23	24¼
Do 1st pf, ex div	90¼	97½
Do 2d pf.	..	65
Lorill Co	168	178¼
Do pf.	110	115
Louis & N	118¼	118½
M'kay Cos	75¼	78
Do pf.	66½	68
Man B'ch	2	8
Man Elev	125	128
Man Shirt	54	65
Do pf.	103	..
M Dep S	36	44
Do pf.	94	96
Mex P pf.	82	87
Mich C	105	110
M & St L	11	12½
Do pf.	23	36
M, St P & S S M pf.	125	127½
M, K & T pf.	14⅝	16
Mor & Es	160½	162
N C & St L	118½	122½
Nat Bis	120¼	123
Do pf.	121	124
N C & S	81	83½
Nat En pf	87	90
Nat L pf	110¼	110⅞
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	15	20
Do 2d pf	5	5¾
Nev C C	14¼	14½
N Y C & St L	30¼	33
Do 1st pf	60	85
Do 2d pf	40	65
N Y L & West	111	123
Norf So	15	19¾
N & W pf	81	91
N O T & Light	61	63
N W Tel	102	..
Ont Min	3	4
Pabst B pf	..	88
P T & T	32	33½
Peo & E	6	9
Pett-Mull	55	65
P, C, C & St L pf	..	96
P Ft W & C	150	..
P St'l Car pf	99	101
P S, N J	100	107
Quicksilver	2¼	2¾
Do pf	2¾	4½
Rdg 1st pf	80⅜	81¼
Do 2d pf	83	85
Rock Isl'd	¼	⅜
Do pf	⅜	½
Rutl'd pf	15	..
St L S W	10⅝	12¼
Do pf	..	32
Seab A L	14	14¼
Do pf	33	33⅝
S-S S & I pf, ex d	89¼	95
So P R S	85	90¼
Do pf	84	100
St'd M pf	75	76¼
Studeb Co pf	106	107
Tex Co, f paid	140	155
Tex Pac	9¼	11½
T P L Tr	105	..
Tob P pf	98	100
T P & W	..	10
T St L & West	2¾	4¾
Do pf	6½	9
T C R T	92	95
Und T pf	100	110
U B & P	6½	6¾
Do pf	25	28
Un Cig M pf	102	104
Un Dry G pf	56	60
U S C I P pf	40	45
U S Exp.	64	68
U S R & I	..	37
U S R & Ref pf.	3	6
Va R & P	..	5
Vul Detin	8½	14
Do pf.	..	40
Wabash	..	¼
Do pf.	⅛	¼
W F Exp.	106	109
W Md pf.	42	46
W E & M 1st pf.	133½	137
Weym-B	233	280
Do pf.	112	..
W & L E 1st pf.	2	6
Do 2d pf.	1¼	2
W-Ov pf.	106	108
Wis Cent.	31	34
W'w'th (F W)	105	105⅞
Do pf.	120	124

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1915	100⅝	101	2.50
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	100⅝	100⅞	5.25
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1917	100⅛	100½	5.75
Argen. Govt.	6	May, 1920	98⅝	98⅞	6.35
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	98¾	99⅜	5.15
City of Q'b'c.	5	Apr., 1920	98¼	99⅛	5.20
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1916	100⅛	100¼	4.65
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1917	100⅛	100¼	4.95
French Govt.	5	Apr., 1916	98⅞	99⅛	6.85
German Govt.	5	Jan., 1916	98⅞	99⅛	8.75
Norway Govt.	6	Oct., 1916	99½	100	6.00
Norway Govt.	6	Oct., 1917	99¾	100	6.00
Swedish Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	99	99	6.45
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1916	99½	100	5.00
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1918	96⅝	97	6.30
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	95⅞	96¼	5.95

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Ala. Power	6	Feb., 1918	100	101	5.60
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Nov., 1917	100	100⅝	4.85
Am. Loco.	5	July, 1916	100¼	101⅛	3.20
Am. T. & T. sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100⅞	101⅛	3.05
Ana. Copper	5	Mar., 1917	101	101¼	4.15
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1917	99⅜	99⅞	4.55
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1918	98⅝	98⅞	5.00
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	100	100⅜	4.95
Can. North'n.	5	Sep., 1917	98¼	98⅝	5.75
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2, '24	101⅝	102	5.70
Ches. & Ohio	5	June, 1919	94	94¼	6.85
Chi. & W. I.	5	Sep., 1917	98¼	99	5.60
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	92	93½	12.80
Con. Gas. Balt.	5	May, 1917	100¼	100½	4.70
Con. Pr. Co.	6	May 1, '17	98½	99½	6.50
C. P. R. & L.	6	June, 1916	99	100	6.00
E. Pow. & Lt.	5	Mar., 1918	93	96½	6⅞
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1916	100⅜	100⅝	3.85
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	100	100⅛	1.00
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	99⅞	100⅛	5.45
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	99⅝	100	5.00
Grand Rap. E.	5	May, 1916	100	100⅛	4.21
Grand. R. Ry.	5	June, 1916	100	100⅛	4.25
Hav. El Ry.	5	Sep., 1916	98½	100	6.00
Hock. V. Ry.	6	Nov., 1915	100⅛	100⅜	1.50
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 15, '18	100⅛	100⅜	4.70
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1917	99⅝	100¼	5.90
L. S. & M. S.	5	Dec., 1915	100¼	100⅜	1.00
Louis. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	98¼	99⅝	6¼
Mich. Ry.	6	June, 1919	99	100	6.00
Minn. Gen. E.	6	June, 1917	100¼	101	3.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	95	97¼	7.95
N. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	96½	97	8.20
N. Y. C. & H. R.	5	Oct., 1915	100	100⅛	1.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	5	May, 1916	100⅝	100⅞	4.25
No. States P.	6	June, 1917	99	100	6.00
Penn. R. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	100	100¼	1.00
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	100⅝	100⅞	3.75
Sea. Air Line	5	Mar., 1916	100⅛	100⅜	3.25
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	100⅛	100⅜	4.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	98½	98⅞	6.15
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	100⅝	100⅞	4.95
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	98	98⅞	5.45
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15, '16	94	94⅞	20.35
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	101⅛	101⅞	4.75
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	99⅛	99½	5.15
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	100⅛	100⅝	5.40
West. E. & M.	5	Oct., 1917	100⅛	101¼	4.35
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	98¼	99¼	6.58
W. Pr. Co.	6	Mar., 1917	98⅛	99½	6.25
W. Va. T. & E.	6	June, 1917	96	98	7⅛

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Tin	32.75	33.35	33.12½	33.62½
Lead	..	4.30	..	4.50
Spelter	*13.50	..	*13.50	..
Antimony	27.50	28.50	28.00	28.50
Quicksilver	$90.00	..	$90.00	..
Aluminium	†45.00	50.00	†45.00	50.00
Iron, No. 2 X fdy.	16.00	16.50	16.00	16.50

*Sales. †Nominal.

Electrolytic copper, 30 days, was quoted at 17⅞@18c a pound, in the open market. London quotations were:

	Friday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	69	0	0	69	2	6
Copper, futures	70	0	0	70	2	6
Tin	152	10	0	153	15	0
Tin, futures	153	5	0	154	0	0
Spelter	66	0	0	68	10	0
Lead	22	17	6	22	16	3

100 Years A Commercial Bank

THE **CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK**

192 Broadway
Cor. John St.

Capital and Surplus, $3,500,000
Resources, - - 40,000,000

Charter Member N.Y. Clearing House
Member Federal Reserve Bank

We Invite Your Account

Wabash-Pittsburgh Terminal Rwy. Co.

First Mortgage Bonds and Certificates of Deposit

TO HOLDERS

NOT ASSENTING TO PLAN of Reorganization

The undersigned Committee urge cooperation for protection of your equity and request deposit of your bonds or certificates immediately with

GIRARD TRUST CO., PHILADELPHIA

who will issue receipts for same.

Copies of Bondholders' Agreement may be obtained from the Committee.

CHARLES FEARON,
G. T. TOWNSEND,
MATTHEW S. BRENAN,
K. S. GREEN, Secretary,
333 Chestnut St., Phila.

Delaware & Hudson "Rights"

Babcock, Rushton & Co.

Members New York & Chicago Stock Exchanges

The Rookery, Chicago. 7 Wall Street, New York.

Established 1888

Franklin Trust Company

New York Office: 46 Wall Street
Brooklyn Offices: 166 Montague Street, 569 Fulton Street

FINANCIAL.

The Wabash Railroad Co.

REORGANIZATION

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit issued by The Equitable Trust Company of New York and Central Trust Company of New York, representing First Refunding and Extensions Mortgage Bonds of The Wabash Railroad Company.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that holders of the above mentioned Certificates of Deposit are required to make payment on or before October 8, 1915, of the sum of $654.82 in respect of each $1,000 face value of First Refunding and Extensions Mortgage Bonds represented thereby, that being the pro rata share of the underwriting payments required under the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization dated April 28, 1915, to be made by holders of First Refunding and Extensions Mortgage Bonds assenting to the Plan.

Holders of Certificates of Deposit may at their option pay 10% of the total amount payable as aforesaid on or before October 8, 1915, and the remaining 90% thereof on or before January 8, 1916, such deferred payments to carry interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, and to be secured by the shares of stock of the New Company and any other benefits to which holders of the Certificates of Deposit would be entitled on making their payments in full.

Holders of Certificates of Deposit discharging the above underwriting obligation will be entitled to receive upon the consummation of the Plan and surrender of such Certificates of Deposit in negotiable form, the new securities (but only as and when issued and ready for delivery) to which they shall be entitled pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Plan.

The new securities so issuable in respect of each $1,000 face value of First Refunding and Extensions Mortgage Bonds represented by such Certificates of Deposit are:

$1,091.38 par value, in Profit Sharing Preferred Stock A;
1,200.00 par value, in Convertible Preferred Stock B, and
1,027.59 par value in Common Stock;
and in addition,
$20 (with interest) in cash for coupon due January 1, 1912, if not already advanced.

At the time of making the above payments the Certificates of Deposit representing said Bonds must be presented to The Equitable Trust Company of New York for the purpose of having appropriate notation of such payments made thereon. Checks should be drawn to the order of The Equitable Trust Company of New York and payments made in New York Funds at the office of said Trust Company, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City.

Holders of Certificates of Deposit representing said Bonds who fail to make any of the above payments (including any deferred payments of 90%) within the periods above limited, shall cease to be entitled to any rights or benefits under the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, and shall not be entitled to the return of their deposited Bonds or to the payment of any cash theretofore paid in respect thereof, or to any further interest or right under or in respect of the same or under the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization; and shall also forfeit any shares of stock of the New Company and other benefits to which they would otherwise be entitled.

JOINT REORGANIZATION COMMITTEE,
By WINSLOW S. PIERCE, Chairman.
Dated New York, September 7, 1915.

To Holders of First Refunding and Extensions Mortgage Bonds of

The Wabash Railroad Co.

Referring to the above notice, the time within which further deposits of Bonds may be made under the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization has been extended to and including October 8, 1915, but at the time when any Bonds are so deposited and as a condition of such deposit, payment must be made in respect thereof as provided in the foregoing notice.

JOINT REORGANIZATION COMMITTEE,
By WINSLOW S. PIERCE, Chairman.
September 7, 1915.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.

TERRITORY OF HAWAII 4½% PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT BONDS SERIES 1903-04.

All holders of bonds of the Territory of Hawaii dated October 1st, 1903, issued pursuant to an Act of the Congress of the United States of America, entitled "An act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii," approved April 30, 1900, and pursuant to an Act of the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii entitled "An Act to provide for public loans," approved April 25, 1903, and an Act of the said Legislature entitled "An act making special appropriations for the use of the government of the Territory of Hawaii during the two years which will end with the 30th day of June, A. D. 1905," approved July 11th, 1903, are hereby notified in accordance with the option reserved therein that the principal of Bonds numbered 151 to 250, both inclusive, amounting to One Hundred Thousand Dollars, and accrued interest to October 1st, 1915, on said bonds, will be paid upon presentation at the office of The National Park Bank of New York, New York City, N. Y., on the next interest due date; and that interest will cease on October 1st, 1915, on all bonds hereby called for payment.

C. J. McCARTHY,
Treasurer, Territory of Hawaii.

Honolulu, Hawaii, August 17, 1915.

COTTON UNSETTLED AND CLOSES LOWER

Trading on Large Scale and in Big Blocks, but with Puzzling Fluctuations.

DAY'S LOSS 6 TO 7 POINTS

Report of Heavy Speculation by Merchants of the South, Who Pay High Prices to Farmers.

Sharp and puzzling fluctuations characterized the trading in cotton yesterday. Sentiment became unsettled before the day was over, and the market closed barely steady, at the bottom, with prices 6 to 7 points net lower. The decline was somewhat of a disappointment to the bulls, particularly as there was a very heavy demand for cotton in the early session, and for a time it looked as if another advance to new high levels would develop.

Trading was on a large scale, and blocks of 5,000 and 10,000 bales were not exceptional. One broker for the full interests bought 10,000 bales of December on the opening call and another bought 10,000 bales of January during the forenoon, thus forcing the price up to 10.31.

Liverpool made an excellent showing, with the contract market at one time making an advance of about 8½ points above parity.

Advices from the South, however, were somewhat disconcerting, as there appeared to be evidence of heavy speculation by country merchants who are paying high prices for cotton to farmers, in fact higher than the export basis. As a consequence very little of the cotton that has thus far moved into sight has found its legitimate outlet. In other words, shippers have not been able to pay the basis demanded, and the cotton has gone into the hands of the speculative country merchants, who hope to unload on a further advance.

The movement of cotton is beginning to gain in volume. The into-sight for the week was placed at 268,000 bales, against 162,000 for the same week last year. The total for the season is now 755,000 bales, against 382,000 last year. The visible supply of American cotton increased 79,000 bales, and now stands at 2,745,000, against 1,560,000 last year.

Miss Giles issued her semi-monthly crop report yesterday, putting the condition as of date Sept. 10 at 66.4, against 68.4 in the report made up as of date Aug. 25.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 10 points advance. 10.90 for middling. Futures closed barely steady.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Oct.	10.82	10.65	10.65@10.67	10.71@10.72
Dec.	11.22	11.02	11.03@11.04	11.06 flat
Jan.	11.35	11.15	11.15@11.16	11.21@11.22
Mar.	11.62	11.40	11.40 flat	11.48@11.49
May	11.88	11.69	11.66@11.68	11.77@11.78
July	12.00	11.87	11.79@11.81	11.90@11.92

Total port receipts, 39,136 bales; last year, 15,806 bales.

RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
New Orleans	18,574	1,335	537
Galveston	16,784	8,105	6,606
Mobile	136	782	362
Charleston	1,903	472	165
Savannah	11,759	7,344	2,878
Wilmington	1,037	109	545
Norfolk	1,346	863	149

INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

Augusta	1,944	1,078	1,576
Memphis	101	121	1,074
St. Louis	108	79	74
Houston	14,451	7,624	5,404

Exports, 26,841; total thus far this season, 996,837; total last season, 40,501.

SOUTHERN SPOTS AND STOCKS.

Sales.		Spots.	Stocks.	Last Yr.
724	Galveston	10.60	172,498	65,573
2,300	New Orleans	10.38	119,003	48,901
25	Mobile	10.25	13,868	5,864
1,630	Savannah	10.25	120,234	23,326
....	Charleston	10.12½	42,464	6,208
....	Wilmington	....	32,529	8,965
3,878	Norfolk	10.25	36,156	14,122
1,517	Augusta	10.38	74,672	24,008
250	Memphis	10.25	54,357	17,797
....	St. Louis	10.25	9,206	13,738
6,979	Houston	10.50	91,568	42,508

The Liverpool market opened strong. There was a good demand business in spot cotton, with middling unchanged, at 6.44. Sales, 10,000; receipts, 4,000, American, none. Market closed quiet, but steady.

CONDITION OF TRADE.

Commenting on the condition of trade and the business of the banks, Dun's Review says:

Oppressive heat checked trade activities in numerous directions, but this is a temporary drawback and is more than offset by the benefit accruing to the maturing crops. Agricultural success is obviously the most important factor in the future outlook, and harvest prospects are made still brighter by the prevalence of high temperatures over a wide area of the country. Cereal prices have been irregular, but cotton, though in improved condition, has risen sharply under the stimulus of a broadening speculative demand. Losses in mercantile lines as a result of the hot weather, which retarded retail distribution, can be later regained, and there is no abatement of confidence in sustained progress during the Fall and Winter seasons. For the present, cross currents appear in commercial channels, with the diplomatic complications continuing to cause hesitancy in forward undertakings.

Bank clearings at the leading cities in the United States continue to provide evidence of a general revival in business activity, the total this week amounting to $3,049,630,357, a gain over the $2,067,624,369 of the same week last year of no less than 47.5 per cent. and of 8.0 per cent., as compared with the corresponding week in 1913, when the aggregate was $2,821,696,454. New York City makes quite a favorable comparison with both years, with gains, respectively, of 80.8 and 11.6 per cent.

Bradstreet's says:

The week's reports spell progress in agriculture, finance, trade, and industry. Much-needed warm weather has given an impetus to the maturing of the large corn crop. Winter wheat thrashing has been facilitated, Spring wheat has begun to pour into the markets, and export trade in grain and cotton has expanded. In financial lines, while prices for securities continue to mark time, the pushing of negotiations for a large foreign loan here have righted the foreign exchange market and stiffened prices of farm products, the export of wheat and cotton being thereby facilitated.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American	16½	16⅝	16½	16⅝
Atlantic Refining	625	630	625	630
Borne-Scrymser	260	270	280	290
Buckeye Pipe Line	100	102	100	102
Chesebrough Mfg	720	740	720	740
Colonial Oil	135	145	135	145
Continental Oil	245	250	245	250
Crescent Pipe Line	46	48	46	48
Cumberland Pipe L.	50	55	50	55
Eureka Pipe Line	245	250	245	250
Galena S. Oil pf.	135	140	135	140
Galena S. Oil	161	163	161	163
Illinois Pipe Line	150	153	150	153
Indiana Pipe Line	100	103	100	103
Inter. Pet. Co., Ltd.	9¼	9⅝	9⅝	9⅞
National Transit	33	34	33	34
N. Y. Transit	218	222	218	222
Northern Pipe Line	102	105	102	105
Ohio Oil	150	152	151	153
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co.	58	60	58	60
Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24	78	81	78	81
Prairie Oil & Gas	410	418	408	412
Prairie Pipe Line	180	182	180	182
Solar Refining	255	265	255	265
Southern Pipe Line	220	223	220	223
South. Penn. Oil	328	332	328	332
South. West. Penn.	125	130	125	130
Standard Oil of Cal.	308	311	308	311
Standard Oil of Ind.	455	460	455	460
Standard Oil of Kan.	400	410	400	410
Standard Oil of Ky.	277	281	277	281
Standard Oil of Neb.	340	350	340	350
Standard Oil of N. J.	447	450	447	450
Standard Oil of N. Y.	191	193	190	192
Standard Oil of Ohio	480	490	480	490
Swan & Finch	180	185	180	185
Union Tank	79	82	79	82
Vacuum Oil	217	221	218	222
Washington Oil	38	42	38	42

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
30	*Con Power	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼
825	Cosden	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
125	Cosden pf.	6½	6½	6½	6½
35	Fair. Gas pf.	45	45	45	45
225	Houston Oil	13	13	13	13
10	Northern Cent.	82	82	82	82
190	Un. Rys. & El.	23⅞	23⅞	23¾	23¾
5	U. S. Fid. & G.	195	195	195	195
100	Way. Oil & G.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝

BONDS.

$2,000	A. C. L. con. 4s	84	84	84	84
2,500	A. C. Line of Conn. 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼
2,000	Balt., Spar. Pt. & C. 4½s	93½	93½	93½	93½
8,700	City Balt. 4s, '61, d. l.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
5,000	Con. Coal ref. 5s	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝
8,000	Con. Gas 4½s	93¼	93¼	93⅛	93⅛
5,000	Con. P. notes	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
100	Con. P. notes	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾
9,000	Elk. Fuel 5s	97	97	97	97
1,000	Fla. Central & Pen. 5s	100½	100½	100½	100½
4,000	Md. Elec. 5s	95	95	95	95
4,000	Un. Rys. & El 1st 4s	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞

*Ex dividend.

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Adventure	1½	1½	1½	1½
5	Ahmeek	99	99	99	99
860	Alaska	32⅛	33¼	32⅛	32⅞
50	Algomah	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
1,755	American Zinc	52	52⅞	52	52⅞
55	Anaconda	71¼	71¼	71¼	71¼
200	Arizona Com.	8½	8¾	8⅝	8¾
560	Butte & Sup.	59⅝	60⅜	59	60½
162	Calumet & Ari.	62¼	62¼	61½	61⅞
12	Calumet & H.	549	549	549	549
35	Copper Range	54¼	54⅝	54¼	54⅛
100	East Butte	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼
100	Franklin	9	9	8⅝	8⅝
782	Granby	83¼	84⅝	83½	84⅝
115	Greene-Can.	38½	39⅝	38½	39⅝
100	Helvetia	35c	35c	35c	35c
65	Mayflower	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
50	Michigan	2½	2½	2½	2½
212	Mohawk	2¼	3¾	2¼	3½
160	New Arcadian	9¼	9⅝	9¼	9⅝
1,150	New Idria	11	11¼	10½	10½
1,046	Nipissing	7⅛	7⅛	7	7
110	North Butte	29⅞	29⅞	29⅝	29⅝
5	Old Colony	3	3	3	3
20	Osceola	84	84	84	84
800	Pond Creek	17⅝	17⅝	17½	17½
25	Quincy	82	82	82	82
50	Santa Fe	3	3	3	3
220	Shannon	7	7	6⅝	6⅝
180	Shattuck	25	25	25	25
135	St. Mary's	52	52½	51¼	52½
75	Sup. & Boston	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
219	Tamarack	56⅝	56⅝	56	56
200	Tuolumne	40c	40c	40c	40c
840	U. S. Smelting	40¼	41	40¾	41
175	U. S. Smelt. pf	46¼	46¼	46	46¼
100	Utah Apex	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
65	Utah Con.	12	12	11⅞	11⅞
100	Victoria	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
50	Wolverine	57½	57½	57¼	57½

RAILROADS.

5	Bos. & Albany	186	186	186	186
80	Bos. Elevated	80	81	80	81
15	Boston & Me.	24½	25	24½	25
140	Mass. Electric	8⅜	8⅜	8¼	8¼
39	Mass. Elec. pf.	43½	44	43	44
25	N.Y.,N.H.& H.	66⅜	66⅜	66⅜	66⅜
10	Old Colony	143	143	143	143
30	W. End St. R.	67	67	67	67

MISCELLANEOUS.

11	Am. Ag. C. pf.	95½	95½	95	95
50	Amoskeag	64	64	64	64
5	Am. Pn. Serv.	2½	2½	2½	2½
15	Am. Pn. S. pf.	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼
140	Am. Sugar	108	108	108	108
5	Am. Sugar pf.	114	114	114	114
67	Am. T. & T.	124	124	123½	123⅝
283	*A. Wool. pf.	92½	93¼	92½	93¼
981	A., G. & W.I.	17	17⅜	17	17
1,215	A.,G. & W.I.pf	81½	82¼	81⅛	81⅛
245	Edison	239	240	239	240
82	Gen. Electric	172½	172½	171	171
15	Mass. Gas	90	90	90	90
7	Mass. Gas pf.	87	87	86	86
20	McElwain pf.	98	98	98	98
10	Mergenthaler	172½	172½	172½	172½
50	Mexican Tel.	2	2	2	2
52	Pullman	160	160½	160	160
60	Swift & Co.	118¼	118½	118¼	118¼
50	Torrington	35	35	35	35
39	United Fruit	135	135	135	135
45	United Sh. M.	49	49¼	49	49¼
22	Un. Sh. M. pf.	29¼	29½	29¼	29½
312	U. S. Rubber	51⅝	52⅝	51⅝	52⅝
720	U. S. Steel	74⅝	75¼	74⅝	75¼
8,188	Ventura Oil	12	12½	12	12½
32	Western Union	76⅝	77	76⅝	77

BONDS.

$7,000	A. T. & T. 4s	87½	87½	87½	87½
6,900	A.T. & T. 4½s	101⅞	101⅞	101½	101½
2,000	A., G. & W.I.5s	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝
9,000	Swift 5s	96	96	96	96

*Ex dividend.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.60	.90	Majestic	.52	.55
Bay S Gas	.11	.13	McK-Dar.	.20	.26
Bingham	7¼	7⅜	Mex Met.	.20	.21
Begole	..	1¼	M of Am.	2⅜	2⅝
Bost & E.	.20	.26	New Baltic	2¼	3¼
Butte & L	.30	.32	N Cornelia	9	9¼
Calaveras	1⅜	1⅝	Nev-Doug.	.75	.76
Chief	.85	.90	O Dom rts	7¼	7½
Con Ariz.	.75	.85	Ohio Cop.	8	12
Con Cop.	1⅜	1⅞	Oneco	.70	1
Cortez	.40	.50	Riker-Heg.	5¼	5½
Crown Res	.35	.40	Stewart M	.65	.70
Dav-Daly	1⅛	1⅜	Verde	5⅞	6
Eagle & B	1⅛	1½	Utah Min.	8⅝	8¾
1st Nat C.	2⅛	2 7-16	Tonopah B	3⅞	4
Houghton	2½	3	Tonopah M	5⅝	6
Iron Blos.	.65	.70	Yukon	2	2⅝
La Rose	.45	.50	Cal-Corbin	.04	.06

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
80	Am. Shipbg.	37	37½	37	37½
50	Booth. Fish. pf	79	79	79	79
100	Colo. Fuel	53	53	53	53
8,140	Chi. Pn. Tool	86	86	81	84¾
3	C. Ry., Ser. 1.	72	72	72	72
135	C. Ry., Ser. 2.	20	20	20	20
2	Com. Edison	137	137	137	137
80	Goodrich	64½	65	64½	65
80	Diam. Match	95	95	95	95
10	Deere pf.	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
50	K. C. R. & L.	25	25	25	25
10	Pub. Serv. pf.	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼
10	Pub. Service	89	90	89	90
118	People's Gas	117	117	116⅞	117
25	Quak. Oats pf.	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞
107	Sears-Roe.	154	154⅝	154	154⅝
719	Stew. Warner	67	67	66⅛	66⅞
635	Swift	118¼	118¼	118⅛	118⅛

BONDS.

$1,000	C. Ry. 5s (b)	70	70	70	70
2,000	Com. Ed. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼
1,000	Ogden Gas 5s	94	94	94	94
13,500	Swift 5s	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300	Allis-Chalmers	44⅛	44⅝	44⅛	44⅝
820	Am. Can	60⅝	61½	60⅝	61
5	Am. Railways	24½	24½	24½	24½
90	Am. Loco	57⅞	58	57⅞	58
2,135	Baldwin Loco	80⅝	82	80½	80⅝
6,425	Cambria Steel	62	62⅞	62	62½
200	C., R. I. & P.	20⅝	21½	20⅝	21½
320	Col. Fuel	53½	58⅝	53½	57
525	El. Stor. Bat.	72½	74	72½	73
10	Key. Tel. pf.	66	66	66	66
280	Lake Superior	10½	10⅝	10½	10⅝
45	Lehigh Nav.	75⅞	75⅞	75⅞	75⅞
43	Lehigh Valley	72	72⅝	72	72⅝
285	L. V. Transit	17½	17½	17½	17½
150	L. V. Tran. pf.	35	35¼	34⅞	35¼
8	Nor. Central	83	83	83	83
129	Penna. R. R.	54⅝	54¾	54⅝	54½
5	Penn. Steel pf.	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼
90	Phila. Co.	44	44	44	44
20	Ph. Co. cum.pf.	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼
587	Phila. Elec.	25	25	24⅞	24⅞
10	Ph. R. T. ctfs.	10½	10½	10½	10½
100	Rumely	6	6	6	6
136	Rep. I. & S.	45	46¼	45	46¼
10	Reading	74¼	74¼	74¼	74¼
465	Ton. Belmont	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
15	Ton. Mining	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
10	Union Pacific	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝
155	Union Traction	36⅞	37	36⅞	36⅞
364	Un. Gas Imp.	84⅞	85	84⅞	85
8,615	U. S. Steel	74⅜	75¼	74⅜	75⅜
1	War. I. & S.	49¼	49¼	49¼	49¼
1,460	W. Cramp & S.	90	91	89¼	89¼
1	Westing. Elec.	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼

BONDS.

$7,400	A. G. & E. 5s	87¼	87¼	87	87
2,000	Bal. Lo. 1st 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
2,000	Beth. Steel 6s, registered	118¼	118¼	118¼	118¼
4,000	City 4s, 1943	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
500	E. & P. Trac. 4s	74	74	74	74
5,000	L.V.Tran.1st5s	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
3,000	Penna. R. R. gen. 4½s	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼
1,000	Phil. Elec. 4s	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝
1,000	Read. gen. 4s	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝
5,000	Read. imp. 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼	94½
2,000	Un. Ry. inv. 5s	70½	70½	70½	70½
1,000	W. N. Y. & P. inc. 5s	26	26	26	26

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
810	Am. W. Glass M.	21	21¼	21	21¼
220	Am.W. G. M. pf.	94¼	95	94¼	95
430	Col. Gas & Elec.	14⅛	14¼	14	14¼
28	Crucible Steel pf.	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼
50	Independ. Brew.	3	3	3	3
298	La Belle Iron	39⅝	40⅝	39⅝	40⅝
10	Lone Star Gas	93	93	93	93
145	Nat. Fireproof	8	8½	8	8½
840	Pitts. Coal	33⅛	33½	33	33½
100	Pure Oil	16⅞	17	16⅞	17
228	Union Sw. & Sig.	107	107¼	107	107¼
20	U. S. Steel	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾
30	West. Air Brake	141½	141½	141½	141½
110	Westinghouse El.	58⅛	58⅜	58⅛	58⅜

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	110	113	110	112
American Cigar pf.	98	100	98	100
Am. Mach. & F'dry.	85	93	85	93
Conley Foil	320	350	320	350
J. S. Young	170	175	170	175
J. S. Young pf.	107	110	107	110
MacAndrews & F.	153	160	153	160
MacAndrews & F. pf.	99	101	99	101
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	183	190	180	190
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	400	410	400	410
R. J. Reyn. Tob. pf.	120	122	120	122

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Stocks Move Irregularly in a More Active Market—Bonds Firmer.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 487,467 shares of stocks and $271,000 of bonds.

The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 113,166; oils, 1,941; railroads, 300, and mining, 372,060. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
650	Am. Zinc	52⅝	53	52⅝	53
700	‡Can. C. & F.	104	106	104	105
150	‡C. C. & F. pf.	116	117	116	117
5,000	‡Car, L. & P.	8⅞	9⅝	8⅝	9⅝
3,000	‡Cramp Shipb.	89	91½	89	90
410	Driggs-Seab.	110	110	106	108
10	‡Electric Boat	470	470	470	470
20,000	Sub. Boat w.i.	46⅝	51	46	50⅞
20	Emerson Phon.	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼
200	Fiske R. T.	103½	104¼	103½	104¼
650	‡Hall Signal	16	19	16	19
156	‡Hall Sig. pf.	32	40	32	40
525	‡Hendee Mfg.	33	34	32½	33½
90	‡H. & A. Arms	51	51	50	50
15,000	‡Inter. M. M.	4¼	4½	3⅞	4½
25,000	‡Int. M. M. pf.	18½	20½	18	19⅞
800	‡I. M. M. new, w. i.	56	56	54	55
150	‡I. M. M. new, pf. w. i.	70	70	70	70
400	‡Int. Motors	28	30	28	30
800	‡Int. Mot. pf.	56	64	56	61
225	‡Int. Nickel	193	195	192	195
245	Kath. Br. pf.	3⅝	3¾	3⅝	3¾
160	Ky. Spr. Tire	212	214	212	214
8,800	‡Lake Tor. Bt.	18	18	17	17
2,200	‡L.T.B.1st pf.	19	19	18	18
1,600	Marc. of Am.	4	4	3⅞	3⅞
100	N. Y. Transp.	17	17	17	17
300	‡Pyrene M.Co.	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
1,500	Corp. of R.&H.	5½	5½	5⅛	5¼
800	M. Rumely,w.i.	22⅝	22⅝	21	21
800	‡Stan. Motors	9⅝	10	9⅝	10
825	‡St.Co. of Can.	33	33	32	32⅝
400	Sterling Gum.	2½	2½	2½	2½
1,000	‡St. Jos. Lead	12⅝	12⅞	12⅝	12⅞
14,500	Tri. Film, ctfs.	8	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛
2,500	Un. C. St. new	9⅞	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝
500	U. C. S. n. pf.	12	12	12	12
8,500	Un. Profit Sh.	2⅛	2⅛	2	2
400	U.S.L. & H. C.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
6,000	‡World Film.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝

OIL ISSUES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
1	Atlantic Ref.	632	632	632	−3
145	Illinois P. L.	149	145	147	−5
200	‡Inter. Petrol.	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	..
75	Ohio Oil	152	150	150	−2
240	Pierce Oil	12⅛	12	12	−⅝
90	Prai. O. & G.	412	408	408	−2
88	Prairie P. L.	183	182	182	+1
5	So. Penn Oil	329	329	329	−2
5	St. O. of Cal.	309½	309½	309½	+½
37	St. O. of N. J.	448	447	447	−1
30	St. O. of N. Y.	192	190	190	−1
175	Vacuum Oil	220	216	220	−1
900	Ventura Oil	12¼	11¾	12¼	−12⅛

RAILROAD.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300	‡Wab. pf., (a).	41	41	40½	40½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	‡Alaska Juneau	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
1,000	†‡A.-C. M. Co.	27	27	25	27
28,000	‡†Am. Com'der.	11	13	11	12½
4,700	†‡Atlanta	29	30	29	30
6,000	†‡Big C'wood	4½	4½	4½	4½
780	Big L. Dev. Co.	3	3 1-16	3	3⅛
5,500	†‡Booth	46	46½	45	46
1,150	Braden Copper	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼
200	Butte & N. Y.	2⅛	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
1,900	†Caledonia	100	100	98	99
1,400	Can. Copper	¾	1	¾	1
600	‡Chile Copper	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
900	Con. Ariz. S.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
13,000	†Dome Ext	28	31	28	31
7,000	†Dia. B. Butte	3	3	2½	2½
1,000	†‡Emma Cop.	25	25	25	25
500	†Florence	50	50	50	50
330	Goldfield Con.	1 5-16	1 5-16	1 9-32	1 9-32
5,400	†‡Gold. Merger	20	20	18½	20
300	†‡Iron Blossom	68	68	68	68
5,700	Jumbo Ext.	1 7-16	1 7-16	1⅜	1⅜
6,000	Ken. Copper	53⅝	54	53⅝	53⅞
400	Kerr Lake	3¾	3⅞	3¾	3⅞
88,000	†‡Kewanas	41	41	36	41
5,800	La Rose Con.	½	⅝	½	9-16
1,000	†Lone Star	5	5	5	5
28,000	Magma Cop.	15⅝	15¾	15⅝	15½
1,500	†McIntyre	47	47	47	47
100	†MajesticMines	45	45	45	45
1,000	†McK.-Dar.	23	23	23	23
95,000	†‡Mother Lode	37½	43	35	42
300	Mines of Am.	2⅛	2⅛	2 1-16	2⅛
2,600	†‡Nat. Z. & L.	38	40	38	39
400	†Nevada Hills	18	18	17	17
200	New Utah B.	3½	3½	3⅜	3⅜
10,000	Nip. Mines Co.	7⅛	7⅜	7	7
15,000	†‡Oro	7	7	6½	6½
1,000	†North Star	11½	11½	11½	11½
6,800	†‡Rex Con. M.	51	51	49	50
7,500	†‡Sandst'm K.	12	12	11½	11½
25,000	†‡Silver Pick	8	9	8	9
900	Std. Silver-L.	1 3-16	1⅝	1 3-16	1⅝
15,000	Stewart	⅞	⅞	13-16	11-16
17,500	†‡Success Min.	85	91	85	90
3,100	†Sup'n M. Co.	24	24½	24	24
250	Tonopah Ext.	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½
200	Tri-Bullion	¼	¼	¼	¼
2,700	†W. End Con.	53	53	52	52
500	†Wett'r Silver	11	11	11	11
650	‡W. K. Cop. pf	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝

BONDS.

$110,000	Del. & Hud. cv. 5s, w. i.	100½	100⅝	100½	100½
85,000	Del. & H. rts.	3-16	3-16	⅛	⅛
80,000	‡Int. M. M., new, 5s	83	85	83	85
46,000	Ken. Cop. 6s	170½	170½	169	169

†Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

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Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Sept. 17. Bid.	Asked.	Sept. 16. Bid.	Asked.
Alliance Film	11-16	¾	11-16	¾
Brit.-Am. T. Co., ord.	13½	14½	13½	14½
B.-A. T. Co., ord. b.	14	15	14	15
Electric Boat pf.	460	480	455	465
Fisk Tire	105	..	102½	103½
Franco-Spanish Pet. (a prospect)	1	1¼	1	1¼
Guantanamo Sugar	60	62	60	62
Int. Steam Pump pf.	5	7	5	7
Ky. Sp. T. n. 1st pf.	89	91	89	91
Mutual Profit Shar.	9	9½	9	9½
Savoy Oil	9¼	9⅝	9¼	9⅝
Sherman Carbide	6	8	6	8
Sherman Carbide pf.	8	15	8	15

RAILROADS.

Wabash, w. i.	10¼	11¼	10¼	10⅝
Wabash pf. (b)	20¼	22	20¼	20⅝

MINING STOCKS.

Arizona Duquesne	38	42	35	38
Cashboy	4	5	3	5
Cons. Nevada-Utah	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Howe Sound	3⅝	4	3⅝	4
Lone Star	5	6	5	6
Tonopah Mining	5⅝	6	5⅝	6
Tuolumne Copper	7-16	7-16	⅜	7-16

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MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Explosives	124	126½	124¼	126½
Aetna Explosives pf.	72	78	75	78
Am. & Brit. Mfg. Co.	9	10	9	10
Am. & Brit. Mfg. pf.	38	38	33	38
Atlas Powder	221	225	221	225
Atlas Powder pf.	95	100	94	98
Bliss (E. W.)	365	375	365	375
Bliss (E. W.) pf.	135	150	140	..
Canadian Explosives	365	380	360	380
Canadian Explos. pf.	103	108	103	108
Carbon Steel	40	44	29	32
Carbon Steel 1st pf.	60	70	50	60
Carbon Steel 2d pf.	42	46	29	35
Colt's Arms	600	615	600	615
Driggs-Seabury	105	107	110	113
Du Pont Powder	675	687	680	688
Du Pont Powder pf.	100	..	100	..
Hercules Powder	373	376½	370	376
Hercules Powder pf.	112	115	112	115
Hopkins-Allen	50	55	50	55
Hopkins-Allen pf.	95	105	98	102
Lake Torpedo Boat	17	18½	17	18
Niles-Bement-Pond	120	122	116	118
Niles-Bement-P'd pf.	95	..	95	..
Savage Arms	285	295	285	295
Submarine Boat	47	49	46	47
Winchester Repeating Arms	2,350	2,500	2,350	2,500

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con	.02	Justice	.02
Andes	.08	Kentucky Con	.02
Best & Belcher	.06	Mexican	.29
Bullion	.01	Occidental Con	.79
Caledonia	.42	Ophir	.22
Chollar	.02	Overman	.08
Confidence	.16	Potosi	.04
Con. Cal. & Va.	.10	Savage	.05
Con. Imperial	.01	Seg. Belcher	.03
Gould & Curry	.03	Sierra Nevada	.19
Hale & Norcross	.03	Union Con	.37
Jacket Con	.14	Utah Con	.03

TONOPAH.		C. O. D.	.04
Belmont	3.70	Comb. Fraction	.03
Jim Butler	.80	Diamondf. B. B.	.08
McNamara	.02	Florence	.46
Midway	.11	Goldf. Con. M.	1.27½
Mizpah Ext	.18	Goldf. Kewanas	.40
Montana	.28	Goldf. Merger	.18
North Star	.12	Jumbo Ext	1.40
Rescue Eula	.08	Lone Star	.05
Tonopah Ext	2.40	Silver Pick	.07
Tonopah Merger	.34	Vernal	.03
Victor	.28	Nevada Hills	.17
West End	.52	Rochester Mines	.25
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.41
Atlanta	.29	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.46	Man. Big Four	.05

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	9¼	9⅝	Isabella	16	16¼
Elkton	25½	26⅝	Jackpot	6½	7¼
El Paso	80	84	McKinney	35	37½
Findlay	4	4⅝	Portland	151	152
Gold. Cycle	178¼	180	Vindicator	152½	157
Gold Dollar	..	4	Rav. B. H.	2	4
Gold Sov.	3¼	4¼			

WILLARD STRAIGHT RETIRES.

Leaves J. P. Morgan & Co. to Take Special Law Course.

J. P. Morgan & Co. announced last night that Willard Straight, who has been associated with the firm for several years in connection with Far Eastern and other international business, will retire on Oct. 1 to pursue special studies in international law at the Columbia Law School.

Mr. Straight has had an interesting history for a man who is not yet thirty-six. On his graduation from Cornell in 1901 he went to China, where he entered the Imperial Maritime Customs service. He learned Chinese at Nanking and went to Peking to become private secretary to Sir Robert Hart. He was afterward correspondent for Reuter's and The Associated Press, for whom he reported during the Russo-Japanese war in 1904-5. He then entered the service of the United States, becoming Vice Consul General at Sōul, and later serving in Cuba. He was Consul General at Mukden in 1906-8, and subsequently was transferred to the State Department at Washington. He was appointed representative in China for J. P. Morgan & Co. when the Six Power loan to China was under consideration, and became associated with that firm when he returned to this country three years ago.

Mr. Straight married Miss Dorothy Whitney, daughter of the late W. C. Whitney. He has been active in the National Foreign Trade Council, India House, the Industrial Finance Corporation, and affairs at Cornell, of which institution he is a trustee.

VOTING TRUST PROPOSED.

Mexican Petroleum Plan Recommended to Stockholders.

Stockholders of the Mexican Petroleum Company, Ltd., of Delaware, have been informed of a plan to create a voting trust for seven years. E. L. Doheny, President of the company; Herbert G. Wylie, Vice President and General Manager, and J. M. Danziger, a Director, are proposed as the voting trustees.

The company is developing new branches of business, and certain English interests have recently become associated with the company. In a circular to the stockholders, it is contended that a voting trusteeship will best serve the interests of the shareholders and at the same time justify the management in inviting the financial co-operation of the new English interests.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Reports that the outlook for a satisfactory result from the Anglo-French loan negotiations was decidedly promising brought many buying orders into the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, and was an important influence in shaping an upward course for prices. Very substantial advances were recorded by a number of the specialties, and the standard stocks were generally very firm. Announcement overnight of the 50 per cent. cash dividend on General Motors stimulated the motor issues at the start of the day.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Alaska Gold	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾
2,960	Allis-Chal.	42½	44⅜	42½	44
70	Am. Bt. Sugar	65	65	65	65
1,870	Am. Can	59⅞	61¼	59¾	61
980	Am. Car & F.	70	72⅛	70	71⅜
70	Am. Hide & L.	8½	8½	8½	8½
90	Am. Linseed	20½	21¼	20½	21
960	Am. Loco.	57¾	58¼	57	57¼
510	Am. Smelting	80⅞	82¼	80⅞	81¾
110	Anaconda Cop.	71⅜	71⅝	71	71⅜
1,490	Baldwin Loco.	80½	82	80¼	81
590	Central Leath.	44¼	45⅛	44¼	45
50	Ches. & Ohio	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛
90	C., R. I. & P.	20⅞	21⅛	20⅝	20¾
10,780	Col. Fuel & I.	52½	58¼	52⅛	56⅝
270	Corn Products	18	18	17¾	17¾
2,570	Crucible Steel	93	95⅜	91½	94⅝
290	Erie	30	30¼	30	30⅛
3,540	Goodrich Co.	63⅝	66	63⅝	65
5,860	Gt. Nor. pf.	42⅛	46¼	42⅛	46¼
60	Guggenh'm Ex.	65	65	65	65
80	Inspirat'n Cop.	35	35	34½	34⅝
140	Inter.-Met.	20⅛	20¼	20⅛	20¼
70	Inter. Cons.	19⅞	20¼	19⅞	20¼
120	Lehigh Valley	145	145⅜	144¾	145⅜
110	Maxwell Mtrs.	45½	46	45⅛	46
90	Mex. Petr.	85½	85¾	85⅛	85⅛
50	Miami Copper	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27¾
60	Mo. Pacific	3½	4	3½	4
10	N. Y., N. H. & H	66¾	66¾	66¾	66¾
180	Pennsylvania	109	109	109	109
80	Pitts. Coal	32¼	32½	32¼	32½
180	Pressed S. Car	61½	63¼	61½	63¼
420	Reading	149	149⅞	148¾	149¾
152	Rep. Iron & S.	44	45⅝	44	45⅝
70	Rumely Co.	6½	6½	6½	6½
20	Southern Pac.	88⅜	88⅞	88⅜	88⅞
110	Studebaker	119	120⅝	119	119⅝
270	Tenn. Copper	55¼	55¾	54⅞	55
80	Third Av	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝
440	Union Pacific	128⅝	129½	128⅝	129½
480	U. S. Rubber	51⅞	52⅝	51⅞	52⅛
12,120	U. S. Steel	74⅝	75¾	74⅝	75⅜
30	Utah Copper	66	66¼	66	66⅛
5,600	West. E. & M.	115⅞	117⅝	115¾	117¼
55,560					

MINING STOCKS.

500	Atlanta	.30	.30	.30	.30
700	Booth	.46	.47	.46	.47
500	Gold. Merger	.20	.20	.20	.20
8,000	Kewanas	.37	.42½	.37	.42½
400	Mexican	.33	.33	.33	.33
500	Montana	.30	.30	.30	.30
300	Ophir	.25	.25	.25	.25
500	Sandstorm K.	.13	.13	.13	.13
200	Ton. Belmont	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75
200	Tonopah Ext.	2.45	2.45	2.45	2.45
6,800					

BONDS.

$1,000	Int. Mer. Mar. 4½s, t. r.	75⅛	75⅛	75⅛	75⅛

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 17.—Twenty-eight companies were incorporated today, with aggregate capital stocks of $255,000. They include:

The United Foreign Trading Corporation, foodstuffs, commodities, mechanical apparatus, $10,000; Raymond Vaughan, Russel F. Thomas, Winthrop H. Kellogg, 24 Broadway.

The Hardie Machine, hardware, merchandise, shippers, printers, publishers, $25,000; James G., Stanley G., and William C. Hardie, 559 West 140th St.

Knapp Bros. Co., Beacon, men's furnishings, dry goods, $20,000; Lewis B., Frank H., and Jennie M. Knapp, 17 Bayview Av., Beacon.

Harrigan's Cafe, restaurant, $10,000; John E., Fred, and J. Edw. Harrigan, 104 W. 28th.

Clark, Applegate & Reichlin, merchandise, property of every kind, $10,000; Wm. E. Applegate, Jr., John P. Clark, Nathaniel A. Reichlin, 347 5th Av.

The Rutledge Hotel Co., hotels, apartment houses, garage, $10,000; T. Elliott Tolson, Samuel Naylor, Frank P. Williams, 53 Washington Square West.

Amiron Supply Co., hardware, supplies, $10,000; Henry L. Orlinsky, Louis Gluck, Martin Gullubier, 906 Clinton Av.

New York Kitchen Ventilation Co., ventilating systems for kitchens, $10,000; John A. Power, Arthur F. Lavery, Stafford B. Smith, Hyannis, Mass.

The Heptagon Laboratories, toilet preparations, proprietary articles, $6,000; A. B. Cameron, B. W. Richardson, L. Haupt, New York.

Epicurean Oil Co., commission, oil and refinery products, fruits, feedstuffs, $5,000; Cuthbert W. Jewell, Augustin Wanck, August Elbert, 11 St. Andrew's Place, Yonkers, N. Y.

Rome Perfection Laundry, Rome, $5,000; Chas. T. and C. Gaylord Hughes, Fannie H. Lake, Rome.

V. W. Groyich & Co., Brooklyn, candies, syrups, confection, $5,000; Louis and Jacob Kleehaas, Vladimir W. Gruyich, 1,864 Woodbine St., Ridgewood.

Delmartin Distributing Co., liquors, tobacco, oils, extracts, cartons, $5,000; Joseph E. Davidson, Walter Bowne, 2d, James H. Dalton, 817 West 83d St.

Duffy Motors Corporation, automobiles, $5,000; Louis J. Goldman, George S. Ludlow, Sydney G. Duffy, 33 West 42d St.

The Wolf Dollar Hat Co., men's hats, $5,000; Charles, Harry, and Meyer J. Wolf, 118 1st St., Troy.

Modica Construction Co., Queens, realty agency, brokerage, managerial, $5,000; Adam J. Hendel, Louis Seitz, Joseph Lamberta, 37 Hinman St., Glendale.

Rangely Construction Co., realty, contracting, furnishing, $5,000; Herbert A. Wolff, Selma L. Tainsky, Samuel L. Marcus, 30 Broad St.

Allen Latimer & Co., promoters, examine accounts, accounting, financial, commercial agents, natural products, farming, capital no par value; Lavinia Leitch, John I. Suling, Frederic C. Leubuscher, 5 West 124th St.

Authorization: Western Manufacturing and Oil Co., Jersey City, N. J., oil, grain, and other natural products, $1,400,000; repres., I. H. Paine, 66 Broadway.

American Metal Weather Strip Co., Grand Rapids, Mich., $18,000; repres., Grace Vanderbilt, 86 State St., Albany.

Capital increase: V. Vivaudou, Inc., New York, $1,000 to $750,000; Gramatan Co., New York, $15,000 to $100,000; Hitzel Real Estate Corporation, New York, $50,000 to $100,000.

Capital reduction: The J. W. Pratt Co., New York, $200,000 to $100,000.

Voluntary dissolution: William J. Besshardt & Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charter.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Sept. 17.—Charter filed here: Lousa Co. of New York, to purchase, hold, own, and deal in and with mortgages, stocks, bonds, debentures, and other evidences of indebtedness, $500,000; Alexander F. Garbe, New York City; H. A. Bingham, Aradell, N. J.; Herbert A. Van Voorhees, Jersey City, N. J.

MERCANTILE MARINE FACES NEW CONTEST

Preferred Stockholders Form a Committee to Oppose Plan of Reorganization.

J. N. WALLACE IS CHAIRMAN

To Study Company's Finances and May Then Offer a Substitute for the Bannard Program.

A new committee was organized yesterday at the Central Trust Company to carry on the fight against the plan of the Bannard Committee for the reorganization of the International Mercantile Marine Company. The new committee will represent preferred stockholders and is headed by James N. Wallace, President of the Trust Company. The other members are Henry Evans, President of the Continental Fire Insurance Company; Harry Bronner of the banking firm of Hallgarten & Co., and Frederick W. Scott of the banking firm of Scott & Stringfellow of Richmond, Va.

This committee will make an investigation of the financial condition of the company. A new plan of reorganization, it is believed, will be drafted on the basis of this investigation. Any effort to get decrees of foreclosure as the result of the defaults on the marine company's two big mortgages, it is believed, will be fought in the courts by the new committee. Suits brought by the New York Trust Company and the Fidelity Trust Company, as trustees under the two mortgages, are now pending.

Deposits of preferred stock were asked yesterday by the Wallace Committee. The preferred stockholders represented by the old De Forest Committee have been asked to deposit their stock with the Central Trust Company. This representation alone is said to be in the neighborhood of 100,000 shares. Some of the members of the new committee represent large holdings. Mr. Scott is said to hold 40,000 shares in his own name. There are 510,000 shares of the preferred stock outstanding. The Wallace Committee has made no statement as to the amount it represents, but it was estimated yesterday at about 200,000 shares.

The De Forest Committee, which was formed by Loucks & Alexander, attorneys for individuals opposed to the Bannard plan of reorganization, will remain in existence and will represent common stock only. No deposits of this stock will be asked, however. A member of this committee said yesterday that the interests of the common stock would not be lost sight of in the plans for the future. The De Forest Committee, in effect, has joined forces with the Wallace Committee, and its attorneys will appear as counsel to the Wallace Committee jointly with the firm of Joline, Larkin & Rathbone.

Though the Bannard plan has been officially declared operative, no new company can be formed without a decree of foreclosure. It seems probable that the legal contest will be carried on for a long time to come.

There were no sales on the Curb yesterday of the "when-issued" securities of the new marine company as proposed by the Bannard plan. In the last month the sales of these securities, on a when-issued basis, have been considerable. They were not listed with the Curb Association, and it was announced yesterday by the association that it had no ruling regarding contracts under consideration. There was considerable activity in the old stocks of the Mercantile Marine, and further advances were made on the theory that more concessions would be obtained by the new committee. The elimination of the $2.50 assessment by the Bannard Committee was only one of the concessions demanded. The main fight of the new committee will probably centre on the ratio of exchange of old securities for the new.

More U. S. Rubber Reports.

Directors of the United States Rubber Company informed John Muir & Co. yesterday that they had decided to issue semi-annual reports, beginning in the middle of 1916. The corporation had been asked for quarterly reports. Muir & Co. received the approval of 700 holders of 62,500 shares of stock in their campaign. The rubber company stated that quarterly reports had not been decided upon because of the expense.

NORTHWESTERN'S OFF YEAR

Railway's Net Earnings for Fiscal Period Down to $11,914,049.

The detailed pamphlet report of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company for the year ended June 30 shows operating revenues of $80,779,675, a decrease, compared with 1914, of $3,779,659. Operating expenses were $56,371,573, a reduction of $3,930,002. Because of this cut in expenses, the railway was able to show a net increase in operating revenue of $150,342. There was a falling off in non-operating income, however, and the net earnings of $11,914,049 were $392,093 behind those of 1914.

After paying 8 per cent. on the preferred stock and 7 per cent. on the common, there was a surplus of $810,380, compared with a surplus of $1,206,054 last year.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway, a subsidiary of the Chicago & Northwestern, reported operating revenues of $17,841,347, a decrease of $369,735. The net revenue was $2,219,084, an increase of $197,469. After paying 7 per cent. on the preferred stock and 7 per cent. on the common, there remained as surplus $132,174. This wiped out the previous year's deficit of $65,294.

Americans Buy Crossbred Wool.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—The offerings at the wool auction sales today amounted to 8,100 bales. The publication of the announcement that the War Office will consider the granting of licenses to export crossbreds stimulated the American demand, and fine and medium greasy advanced 5 and occasionally 7½ per cent. Other grades of crossbreds showed a hardening tendency. Merinos were steady.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	327	333
American Light & Traction pf	108	110
Adirondack Electric Power	14	16
Adirondack Electric Power pf	49	58
*American Gas & Electric	104	106
*American Gas & Electric pf	48	50
American Power & Light	59	62
American Power & Light pf	79	82
American Public Utilities	30	35
American Public Utilities pf	64	66
American Waterworks & Electric	5	7
A. W. W. & E. participating pf	13	17
A. W. W. & E. 1st pf	53	58
Atlantic Pow. & L. 7% cum. pf	92	95
Cities Service	45	48
Cities Service pf	55	58
Colorado Power	17	19
Colorado Power pf	93	97
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	50½	52½
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf	79	81
Consumers Power 5s, 1929	90	91
Consumers Power pf., Me.	90	94
Dayton Power & Light	30	35
Dayton Power & Light pf	85	90
Denver Gas & Elec. gen. 5s	91	94
Electric Bond Deposit pf	61	66
Electric Bond & Share pf	99	100
Empire District Electric 5s	73	78
Empire District Electric pf	60	70
Federal Light & Traction	13	17
Federal Light & Traction pf	52	60
Gas & Electric Securities	50	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf	50	70
Great Western Power 5s, 1946	81½	83
Lincoln Gas & Electric	10	20
Northern Ontario Light & Power	10	13
Nor. Ontario Light & Power pf	49	54
Northern States Power	29½	30¼
Northern States Power pf	86	88
Ozark Power & Water	15	20
Pacific Gas & Electric	48¾	49¾
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	84½	86
Republic Ry. & Light Co	15	17
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	58	61
Southern California Edison	72	75
Southern California Edison pf	93	97
*Standard Gas & Electric	6	7
*Standard Gas & Electric pf	29	30
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	5	6
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf	21	25
United Light & Rys	35	40
United Light & Rys. 1st pf	67	†69
Utah Securities	15	16¼
Western Power	13½	15
Western Power pf	47	51

*Par value, $50. †Ex dividend.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 17.—Forecast:

N. Car., S. Car., and Ga.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; moderate e. winds.

Fla.—Cloudy Sat. and Sun.; probably showers in the peninsula; fresh e. winds.

Ala., Miss., and La.—Partly cloudy Sat. and Sun.; probably showers near the coast; moderate e. winds.

East. Tex.—Probably fair Sat. and Sun.; moderate e. winds.

West. Tex. and Ark.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

Okla.—Fair Sat. and probably Sun.

Tenn. and Ky.—Cloudy Sat. Sun., fair.

Ohio and Ind.—Fair Sat. and probably Sun.; light to moderate variable winds.

Mich.—Cloudy Sat.; showers at night. Sun., probably fair; moderate, variable winds.

Ill.—Cloudy Sat., with showers and probably thunderstorms in n. and cen. Sunday fair and cooler.

Mo.—Cloudy Sat., with showers and probably thunderstorms in e.; cooler by night. Sun, fair, with cooler in e.

Wis.—Showers and probably thunderstorms Sat., with cooler in w. Sun. fair and cooler.

Minn.—Cloudy and cooler Sat., with probably showers in n. e. Sun. fair.

Iowa—Cloudy and cooler Sat. Sun. fair.

N. Dak., S. Dak., and Neb.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; cooler Sat.

Kan.—Cloudy and slightly cooler Sat. Sun. probably fair.

SOME DROP IN IMPORTS.

Those of Indigo During the Past Week Larger Than Usual.

Imports here in the week ended Sept. 11 dropped $2,500,000, compared with the week before. Their value, as given in the Custom House statement issued yesterday, amounted to $15,456,624, compared with $17,900,404 in the week before, and $12,560,403 in the week before that. Dry goods entries were slightly in excess of those of the preceding week.

Analine colors totaled $8,150, while indigo, natural and synthetic rose to $104,511, a high record under present war conditions. Dyewood extract shipments were valued at $6,219, while logwood entries were down to $868. Fustic imports amounted to $5,265. Jewelry, precious stones and watches were appraised at $809,410, while furs had a value of $151,582.

Sugar entries aggregated 185,662 bags, returned as worth $1,297,677. Coffee imports totaled 213,487 bags, appraised at $2,577,367, while raw cocoa was valued at $427,133. Rubber, manufactures and waste, reached a value of $2,109,939, while hides, leather and findings totaled $1,084,525. Wool imports were unusually heavy, amounting to 6,599 bales, appraised at $550,604.

Dry goods entered for consumption had a value of $1,785,702, silk entries being appraised at $804,382. In the week before dry goods imported for consumption were returned at $1,761,014, silk entries amounting to $735,212. Withdrawals from bonded warehouses last week aggregated $464,340, while warehouse goods had a value of $327,236. In the corresponding week last year the entries were, respectively, $614,439 and $540,813.

DRY GOODS TRADE FIRM.

But Warm Weather Delays Distribution of Fall Merchandise.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—Marshall Field & Co. in their weekly review of the dry goods trade say:

"Current wholesale shipments of dry goods show some increase over the corresponding week a year ago and sales by our traveling organization are about even with those of the same period.

"Fewer merchants have visted the market, and collections are slightly below normal.

"The staple domestics cotton goods market is firm.

"The warm weather is giving retailers an opportunity to clean up their stocks of Summer goods, but it is delaying the distribution of Fall merchandise."

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street

Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue

New York.

LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.

PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7

Travelers' Letters of Credit, Foreign Exchange.

Administrator Guardian

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE

To Holders of Preferred Stock:

The undersigned at the request of a large amount of preferred stock dissatisfied with its treatment under the Reorganization Plan brought out under the auspices of the two committees representing bonds, have consented to act as a committee for the protection of the interests of the preferred stock. Accordingly holders of preferred stock are asked to deposit their stock certificates, duly endorsed for transfer, with stamps required by the Federal and State laws, with CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, the Depositary of the Committee, at its office, 54 Wall Street, New York City, under a deposit agreement to be dated September 21, 1915, which is being prepared and copies of which may shortly be obtained from the Depositary. Certificates of deposit will be issued for all stock deposited.

In order to support the committee in its efforts to obtain for the preferred stock in any reorganization fair and equitable treatment, it is important that deposits should be made at the earliest possible date.

Dated, New York, September 17, 1915.

J. N. WALLACE, Chairman,
HENRY EVANS,
HARRY BRONNER,
FREDERICK W. SCOTT,
Committee.

C. E. SIGLER, Secretary,
54 Wall Street, New York City.
JOLINE, LARKIN & RATHBONE,
LOUCKS & ALEXANDER,
Counsel.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The wheat market was under the influence of a variety of factors, and in consequence price changes were very feverish. At the outset there was active buying on continued strength in the cash position, talk of a larger export demand, and reports of more favorable developments in connection with the floating of the foreign loan. Leading cash interests sold heavily on the early bulge, but after showing a break of nearly 2c a bushel, the market again rallied on unconfirmed rumore that the foreign loan had been placed. When this proved false, prices again broke, and at the close of the day were irregular, September showing an advance of 1¼c, while later months were ⅜@1c net lower. In the local cash market No. 2 red and No. 2 hard Winter were quoted at $1.25½, cost, insurance, and freight, New York-Western inspection; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.04⅝, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, 98¼c, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	..	..	1.18¾	1.17	1.16¼

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	1.06	1.03	1.04¼	1.03	1.07¼
December	.97¼	.95⅛	.95⅞	.96⅛	1.10
May	1.00	.98⅛	.98⅞	.99⅛	1.16⅝

CORN.

The market for corn was comparatively heavy throughout the greater part of the day, and final prices were ¼@½c net lower. Cash corn in the West was firm, but the demand here was small owing to offers from Argentina at lower figures. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 84⅝c, prompt shipment.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	73	72	72½	72⅝	76¼
December	57⅛	56⅝	56⅞	57	70⅞
May	58⅜	57⅞	57⅞	58¼	73¼

OATS.

Trading in the oats market was moderately active, but price changes were small, the close being ⅛c higher to ¼c net lower. The local cash market was quiet, No. 3 white being quoted at 40@41c; No. 4 white, 39@40c, and clipped white, 41@43c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	37⅞	37¼	37⅛	37⅞	46⅜
December	36⅜	36	36⅛	36¼	49⅛
May	38⅞	38⅜	38⅝	38⅝	52⅝

SUGAR.

Futures opened quiet, unchanged to a decline of five points, and later sold off rapidly on reports of an easier spot market. Late in the afternoon refiners were reported to have entered the market for supplies, and there was a quick recovery, due to short covering, and the market closed steady, three points lower to a net advance of four points, with sales for the day 10,200 tons.

Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	...	...	3.21@3.22	3.24
October	3.21	3.13	3.21@3.22	3.24
November	3.14	3.08	3.14@3.15	3.15
December	3.09	3.01	3.08@3.10	3.08
January	2.98	2.92	2.97@2.99	2.97
February	...	...	2.97@2.99	2.96
March	...	...	2.97@3.00	2.98
April	...	...	3.00@3.01	3.00
May	3.07	3.00	3.07@3.10	3.04
June	...	...	3.08@3.11	3.05
July	...	...	3.10@3.12	3.06
August	...	...	....	3.07

COFFEE.

Selling orders in the coffee market appeared to be more plentiful than buying orders, and during the day the market developed weakness, closing with net losses of 4 to 12 points. Total sales for the day were 18,500 bags. The local spot market was inactive and unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 6⅝c. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	6.11	6.05	6.04@6.06	6.08
October	..	..	6.01@6.03	6.09
November	..	..	6.01@6.03	6.11
December	6.12	6.01	6.01@6.03	6.13
January	..	..	6.06@6.07	6.18
February	..	..	6.11@6.12	6.23
March	6.23	6.17	6.17@6.18	6.29
April	..	..	6.22@6.23	6.34
May	6.33	6.28	6.27@6.28	6.39
June	..	..	6.32@6.33	6.44
July	6.38	6.38	6.37@6.38	6.49

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was quiet, but prices were lower owing to scattered selling prompted by weakness in the hog position and a bearish interpretation of the cash situation. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 15,000, estimated for Saturday, 8,000; Kansas City received 2,000 and Omaha 2,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
October	7.97	7.95	7.97	8.02	9.45
January	8.52	8.50	8.50	8.60	10.05
Ribs—					
October	7.95	7.95	7.95	8.05	10.90
January	8.35	8.35	8.35	8.40	10.67
Pork—					
October	12.50	12.40	12.42	12.55	17.85
January	14.95	14.87	14.90	15.00	20.55

COTTONSEED OIL.

Further liquidation occurred in the market for cottonseed oil, and while there were several sharp rallies from the bottom, the close was 4 to 8 points net lower.

Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	6.10@6.14	6.15
September	....	....	6.10@6.29	6.17
October	6.14	6.09	6.12@6.13	6.17
November	6.13	6.10	6.10@6.11	6.18
December	6.15	6.07	6.13@6.14	6.21
January	6.22	6.15	6.18@6.20	6.26
February	6.32	6.32	6.30@6.31	6.34
March	6.43	6.35	6.39@6.40	6.46
April	....	....	6.49@6.55	6.56

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 6,384 packages. There is a decreasing proportion of high-grade creamery, and the market for such holds about steady, though general trade is quiet. Good to choice qualities drag, but there is a moderate inquiry for useful grades at from 23c to 24c. Receipts are falling off, and this is the only encouraging feature at the moment. No change in renovated, ladles, or packing stock. Creamery, extras, (92 score,) 26@26¼c; higher scoring, 26½@27c; firsts, 24@25½c; seconds, 22@23½c; thirds, 21@21½c. State dairy, finest, 25@25½c; good to prime, 23½@24½c; common to fair, 21@23c; renovated, extras, 24c; firsts, 23@23½c; lower grades, 21@22c; imitation creamery, firsts, 22½@23c; ladles, current make, firsts, 21½@22c; seconds, 21c; lower grades, 19@20c; packing stock, June make, fine, 20½c; current make, fine, 20c; No. 2, 19½c; lower grades, 16½@19c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 7,344 cases. Arrivals continue light. There is a scarcity of high qualities of fresh eggs, and as the weather continues unfavorable to the use of storage stock, demand for the fresh goods of high quality is still a little beyond the supply, the market showing continued strength. The medium and lower qualities are quiet, as the Jewish buyers are dropping out of the market, and there is some stock of this character to be carried over. Nearby white eggs very scarce and fancy qualities still tend in seller's favor. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 29½@31c; extra firsts, 28@29c; firsts, 26@27½c; seconds, 23½@25c; thirds and poorer, 21@23c; dirties, No. 1, 21@22c; No. 2 and poorer, 18@20c; checks, good to choice, dry, 20@21c; culls and inferior, 15@19c; refrigerator, firsts, 24@25c; seconds, 22@23c; thirds or poorer, 19@21½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 39@40c; ordinary to good, 30@38c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 23@35c; Western, gathered whites, 23@33c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 33@35c; gathered brown, and mixed colors, 26@31c.

DIVIDENDS.

GENERAL MOTORS COMPANY
September 16, 1915.

The Board of Directors of General Motors Company has declared a dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the preferred stock of the Company, to be paid November 1, 1915, to the preferred shareholders of record at the close of business September 30, 1915; and has also declared a dividend of 50 PER CENT., being $50 per share, on the common stock of the Company, to be paid October 15, 1915, to the common stockholders of record at the close of business September 30, 1915.

JAMES T. SHAW, Treasurer.

GENERAL MOTORS COMPANY
Preferred and Common Stock Trust Certificates.

Referring to the foregoing notice of General Motors Company, checks for the dividend upon the preferred shares when received will be mailed to the holders of preferred stock trust certificates of record at the close of business September 30, 1915, and checks for the dividend upon the common shares when received will be mailed to the holders of common stock trust certificates of record at the close of business September 30, 1915.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
Agent for Voting Trustees.

HENDEE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
Springfield, Massachusetts,
Preferred Capital Stock Dividend No. 8.
August 24th, 1915.

A dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent. on the preferred stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Friday, October 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 20th, 1915.

Checks will be mailed by the Union Trust Company of Springfield, Massachusetts.

FRANK J. WESCHLER, Treasurer.

THE ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY COMPANY,
Allegheny Avenue and 19th Street,
Philadelphia, September 15th, 1915.

The Directors have declared a dividend of One Per Cent. (1%) from the net earnings of the Company on both Common and Preferred Stocks, payable October 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 21st, 1915. Checks will be mailed.

WALTER G. HENDERSON, Treasurer.

JULIUS KAYSER & CO.

A regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) upon the Common Stock of JULIUS KAYSER & CO. has been declared payable October 1, 1915, to the holders of record of such stock at the close of business on September 20, 1915.

Dividend checks will be forwarded by Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

EDWIN S. BAYER, Secretary.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co.
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets,
Philadelphia, Sept. 8, 1915.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share), payable Oct. 15, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business Sept. 30, 1915. Checks will be mailed.

I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

American Enameled Brick & Tile Co.,
New York.

A semi-annual dividend of four per cent. (4%) has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Company payable October 1st, 1915, to the Preferred Stockholders of record, September 1st, 1915.

J. FRANCIS BOORAEM, Treasurer.

Regular quarterly dividend No. 19 of 1¾% will be paid October 1st, 1915, on the Preferred Stock of the UNITED UTILITIES COMPANY to stockholders of record at the closing of the transfer books, September 20th, 1915. Transfer books will reopen October 2d, 1915.

A. P. TALIAFERRO, Treasurer.

GRAY & DAVIS INC.

The Directors of Gray & Davis Inc. have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the preferred stock, payable Oct. 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record as of September 24th, 1915.

WILLIAM GRAY, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING
TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE
Sheepshead Bay Speedway Corporation

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Sheepshead Bay Speedway Corporation, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will held on the 4th day of October, 1915, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the Company, No. 17 Battery Place, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.

The transfer books will remain closed from the 23d day of September, 1915, until the 5th day of October, 1915.

Dated the 14th day of September, 1915.

SHERMAN DAY, Secretary.

CHICAGO, SAINT PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND OMAHA RAILWAY COMPANY, 111 Broadway, New York, September 10, 1915.—For the purposes of the annual meeting, which will be held at the Company's office, in Hudson, Wisconsin, on Friday, October 22, 1915, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., the stock transfer books will be closed on Monday, September 20, 1915, at the close of business on that day and reopened on Saturday, October 23, 1915.

T. A. POLLEYS, Secretary.

CHICAGO AND NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, 111 Broadway, New York, September 9, 1915.—For the purpose of the annual meeting, which will be held at the Company's office in Chicago, Illinois, on Thursday, October 21, 1915, at 11 o'clock A. M., the stock transfer books will be closed on Monday, September 20, 1915, at the close of business on that day, and reopened on Friday, October 22, 1915.

J. D. CALDWELL, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

TEMPLE COAL COMPANY
First and Collateral Trust Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds

Notice is hereby given that on September 1, 1915, in pursuance of the terms of the above mortgage, dated July 1, 1914, Bonds Nos.

192	479	703	922	1315	1394	1600	2019
395	485	746	989	1326	1411	1633	2073
406	488	764	1098	1329	1451	1662	2083
411	496	792	1187	1358	1457	1884	2151
442	512	810	1225	1359	1463	1898	2202
459	533	820	1248	1365	1477	1953	2227
462	563	837	1275	1380	1479	1971	2286
465	604	859	1279	1381	1486	1982	2308
474	639	890	1311	1392	1502	1997	

have been drawn for redemption out of moneys held in the Sinking Fund. The principal of said bonds will be paid on October 1, 1915, at the office of the trustee, 517 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, at 101 and accrued interest, after which date interest on the bonds so drawn shall cease.

THE PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY FOR INSURANCES ON LIVES AND GRANTING ANNUITIES, Trustee.

SOUTHWESTERN COAL AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.
First Mortgage Bonds.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Nos. 16-22 William Street, New York City, for the sale to the Trustee in accordance with the provisions of the Mortgage of the 1st of July, 1889, of a sufficient amount of bonds to consume One hundred thirty-one thousand five hundred thirty-eight dollars and twenty-one cents ($131,538.21) in the Sinking Fund. The right is reserved, however, to reject any or all bids.

Proposals must be presented before 12 o'clock M. on the 28th day of September, 1915, and should be directed as follows:

"Proposals to Sinking Fund of the Southwestern Coal and Improvement Company, The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 16-22 William Street, New York City."

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

By EDWIN S. MARSTON, President.

New York, September 8, 1915.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

ABBOTT, JOHNSON & CO.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, being desirous of forming a limited partnership under the statutes of the State of New York, do hereby certify as follows:

FIRST: That the name or firm under which such partnership is to be conducted is ABBOTT, JOHNSON & CO., and the county wherein the principal place of business is to be located is the County of New York.

SECOND: That the general nature of the business intended to be transacted by such partnership is that of general brokers in stocks, bonds, exchange and securities of all kinds, and such other business as may be properly incidental thereto.

THIRD: That the names of all the general and special partners interested in said partnership, and their respective places of residence are as follows:

The general partners are

Gordon W. Abbott, residing at No. 12 East 76th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York;

J. Ford Johnson, Jr., residing at Dobbs Ferry, Westchester County, New York;

Alan L. Corey, residing at No. 399 Park Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The special partner is

William Ross Proctor, residing at "Brookwood," in the Town of Lumberland, Sullivan County, New York.

That all the general and special partners are of full age.

FOURTH: That the amount of capital which the above named special partner has contributed to the common stock is One hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars ($135,000) in cash.

FIFTH: That the time at which such partnership is to begin is September 17th, 1915, and the time at which said partnership is to end is September 17th, 1918.

Dated, New York, September 17th, 1915.

In the presence of:
Henry A. Phillips.
GORDON W. ABBOTT.
J. FORD JOHNSON, JR.
ALAN L. COREY.
WM. ROSS PROCTOR.

STATE OF NEW YORK, }
COUNTY OF NEW YORK, } ss.:

On this 17th day of September, 1915, before me personally came GORDON W. ABBOTT, J. FORD JOHNSON, JR., ALAN L. COREY and WILLIAM ROSS PROCTOR, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

(Seal.) HENRY A. PHILLIPS,
Notary Public, N. Y. Co., No. 53.

STATE OF NEW YORK, }
COUNTY OF NEW YORK, } ss.:

GORDON W. ABBOTT, being duly sworn, says that he is one of the general partners named in the foregoing certificate, and that the sum of One hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars ($135,000) specified in said certificate to have been contributed to the common stock by the said William Ross Proctor, the special partner, has been actually and in good faith paid in cash.

GORDON W. ABBOTT.

Sworn to before me this 17th day of September, 1915.

(Seal.) HENRY A. PHILLIPS,
Notary Public, N. Y. Co., No. 53.

CLERK'S OFFICE, COUNTY OF NEW YORK:

Let the terms of the foregoing limited partnership be published once a week for six successive weeks in The New York Law Journal and New York Times, two papers published and having circulation in the County of New York.

P. M. F.

Dated, New York, September 17th, 1915.

(Seal.) WM. F. SCHNEIDER, Clerk.

10c. U. S. Rev. Doc. stamp.

SAYS KAISER BURST HIS COTTON BUBBLE

Head of $250,000,000 Hope Blames His Woes on German Propagandists.

PUTS OUT 4,000-WORD PLEA

Doesn't Think the Teutons Were After Him Personally, but He Was Just in the Way.

Philip C. Wadsworth of Texas City, Texas, who was arrested in the offices of Raymond, Pynchon & Co., brokers, 111 Broadway, on Aug. 6, charged with using the mails to defraud on a gigantic scale through a $250,000,000 co-operative society for the sale of cotton, in which Southern farmers were to be the stockholders, was before United States Commissioner Houghton for a hearing yesterday afternoon. The indictment on which Wadsworth was arrested was returned by a Federal Grand Jury in Atlanta, Ga., and the hearing yesterday was to determine whether or not Wadsworth should be taken to Atlanta for trial.

Ex-United States District Attorney Henry A. Wise appeared for Wadsworth, and asked for the dismissal of the case on the ground that the indictment was faulty and ambiguous. Commissioner Houghton denied the motion, and the hearing was adjourned for one week to allow Mr. Wise time to get witnesses.

Wadsworth, among other things, says he is a victim of German propagandists and sympathizers, who want to keep cotton for the manufacture of explosives out of the hands of the Allies and put it into those of the Teutons. Wadsworth gave out yesterday, through Mr. Wise, a long statement dealing with his career.

To begin with, Wadsworth organized the Cotton Growers' Co-operative Society in Alabama in April, 1912, capitalized at $50,000,000, with a proposed bond issue of $200,000,000 and a prospective reserve of $250,000,000. The indictment charged that the charter was fraudulently obtained, that no part of its capital stock was subscribed when the application was made, and that it was never intended to have bona fide capital of $50,000,000.

It his statement Wadsworth says he came to New York from Texas City in May last in the interest of an industrial and land proposition that he says was sufficiently meritorious to gain the co-operation of "one of the leading banking houses of New York."

He then tells the part he had in organizing the Columbia National Life Insurance Company of Boston, the Southern States Life Insurance Company, and the Bank Savings National Life Insurance Company of Topeka, Kan., which he says now have insurance out to the amount of $100,000,000. He is, however, no longer identified with any of them.

He then tells of becoming interested in cotton and of his efforts to organize the Cotton Growers' Co-operative Society. As to the alleged interference of Germany, he devotes about 4,000 words to descriptions of the use made of cotton in the manufacture of explosives, and relates that cotton is the one element Germany lacks. He then argues that Germany has sought by every means to bring about deliveries of cotton from the United States and to hinder sales to the Allies.

"Of course, I do not believe," says Wadsworth in conclusion, "that my own prosecution, in efforts that have been made to create a marketing system for the benefit of cotton growers, are directed against me as an individual, but rather in order that all those who have made any efforts along this line shall be discouraged from continuing them."

INVADE LEBAUDY HOME.

District Attorney Prevents Lawyers Moving Furniture Away.

MINEOLA, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Deputy Sheriff Henry Humber, who is employed to guard Mrs. Jacques Lebaudy and her daughter at the Lebaudy lodge at Westbury, aroused District Attorney Smith late last night and informed him that two men who said they were lawyers, armed with a court order, had appeared at the lodge and were starting to remove the furniture. They had a big truck and some helpers with them.

The District Attorney, failing to get Sheriff Pettit on the telephone, motored to the Lebaudy place. There he found the furniture had been started out to the truck. The lawyers said their names were Herbst and Spencer. They told Mr. Smith they had an order from Justice Aspinall to take the furniture. The paper was an order to show cause why Jacques Lebaudy should not be permitted to take his belongings from the retreat, where he was sent after a recent encounter with the Sheriff. It was returnable on Sept. 20 before Justice Jaycox.

The District Attorney chased the men away and advised Mrs. Lebaudy to get in touch with her counsel.

LAWYER TAKES THE PLEDGE.

F. M. Gernsheim, 40 Years Old, Put in Custody of His Mother.

Felix M. Gernsheim, a lawyer of 862 West End Avenue, 40 years old, promised Magistrate Appleton in the West Side Court yesterday that he would not touch a drop of liquor for a year, and he was discharged in the custody of his mother. Gernsheim denied that he was intoxicated Thursday night when he disturbed two public meetings at Broadway and Ninety-sixth Street.

Gernsheim, the police charged, dragged Joseph L. Kaufman, a Socialist speaker, from his platform and disturbed the crowd listening to a suffragette speaker on the opposite corner. The police said he then went into a near-by restaurant, pulled a man to the street and when Patrolman Wash of the West 100th Street Station tried to arrest him threw himself to the ground. Two patrolmen finally took him to the police station, where he was charged with intoxication and disorderly conduct.

TAUNTING WIFE REBUKED.

Court Refuses Alimony to Woman Who Nagged Husband About Birth.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, Sept. 17.—"There are times when a woman's rights cease, and I think they do in this case. This woman had no right to taunt her husband about his birth. She should have talked to him about other things. I will not grant her any alimony or counsel fees pending the trial of her action."

Thus spoke Justice Joseph Morschauser in the Supreme Court today, when Florence V. De Revere of Yonkers applied for alimony in her suit for separation from Wallace K. De Revere, on the charge of abandonment.

Former Assemblyman Frank L. Young represented De Revere. "This is a case where the man does not know who his father was," said Mr. Young, "and yet his wife, after six years of married life, frequently taunted him about it, until he was forced to leave her."

Bookmakers' Case Argued.

MINEOLA, L. I., Sept. 17.—Justice Walter A. Jaycox of the Supreme Court here today heard argument on a writ of habeas corpus brought by Thomas L. Hughes of New York, counsel for twelve of the men arrested at Belmont Park and held for the Grand Jury charged with making book in defiance of the law. Justice Jaycox reserved decision, but it was intimated he would not render it until the Grand Jury had a chance to pass upon the matter. The Grand Jury meets on Monday.

SAYS WE NEGLECT COUNTRY.

Italian Agriculturist Finds Cities Offer More to Immigrants.

The United States is developing its cities at the expense of the rural districts, according to the Rev. Professor Giuseppe Capra, Doctor of Natural Science and Agriculture, in Turin, who has been traveling in this country since July, for the Italian Government, to see what can be done toward persuading Italian immigrants to leave the big cities and settle in the country.

"I came here July 1 from Italy," said Professor Capra yesterday. "And I leave tomorrow for my own country. I have been traveling partly for the Italian Government and partly for the Italica Gens of 35 Broadway, an organization in which my Government is interested and which has for its object the betterment of Italians in this country.

"My impressions have been that, while you spare nothing to make the city attractive and pleasant to live in, you really neglect the country. In the city are schools, churches, libraries, beautiful streets, and parks. You see I was here in 1904 at the time of the St. Louis Exposition, and I never realized the true progressive spirit of the American people until I came here to your other exposition in San Francisco, and saw the vast improvement of the cities.

"But it is different in the country. The whole idea of your wealthy citizens is to go out there Saturday afternoon and return as quick as they can Monday. Schools are in poor buildings and often far away, so that only the children who would not work anyway are sent for any length of time."

Professor Capra said that he would prepare a report which would be given to the National Board of Education in Italy and then would be spread among the people by means of pictures and pamphlets, in an effort to induce immigrants to the United States to settle in the country.

PAINTS AS FIDDLE INSPIRES.

Ben Ali Haggin Captures Nymph and Mermaid Chained in Harmony.

Ben Ali Haggin, who lives at the Vanderbilt Hotel, has found the heat insupportable to an artist and ideals which have refused to take form.

So the other day Mr. Haggin hit upon an idea. He knew of the power of music to soothe a savage breast. "Why not try its effects upon a superheated soul?" queried Mr. Haggin of himself. So he sent for Josef von Fejer.

Freiherr von Fejer has been leading an orchestra at Newport this Summer, and only got back to the Vanderbilt a few days ago. At Newport he studied what the wild waves were saying, and he says he has put it into music. Von Fejer sought the artist's studio, carrying his trutsy Strad. In a few words the painter explained that the job was to put him into an appropriate humor for painting certain things.

"I would paint a wood nymph," said the painter, and von Fejer's bow was soon drawing a woodland scene. Soon the painter got the inspiration, and the nymph was soon on canvas.

"I would paint seas and mermaids," again suggested the painter.

Von Fejer played a composition he had put together at Narragansett Pier one morning last Summer. As he played, the seas dashed upon the rocks, and a mermaid, with glistening hair, climbed out and began to comb her locks.

"¡Eureka!" cried the painter, and the sitting proceeded, von Fejer keeping the mermaid chained to the spot with his music until she was on the canvas.

It is said that Mr. Haggin is so elated with the success of his scheme that he thinks of retaining von Fejer for a long series of inspirational paintings, even should the weather become cooler.

FIGHTING FOR POTASH BEDS.

German Deposits Worth $16,000,000 the Stake in Alsace.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—One of the reasons for the determined fight which the Germans are making to hold the ground between Gebweiler and Mülhausen is the importance of the potash deposits in Upper Alsace which are estimated to be worth 80,000,000 francs ($16,000,000), says a dispatch to the Havas News Agency from Geneva.

Despite the war, the industry continues in active operation, and about 100 freight cars loaded with potash are sent daily into the interior of Germany.

BASLE, Sept. 17, (via Paris.)—The Nachrichten says that some time ago the German authorities warned farmers across the frontier to gather their fruit at once. This has been done, and now German soldiers are digging trenches outside Basle, just across the Alsatian border. At Vedlincourt and Ottendorf, in Alsace, other German forces are constructing trenches. Between Largehof and Liesdorf they are making excavations suitable for artillery positions.

HALE BACKS N. B. CLARK.

Appeals to Massachusetts Progressives to Stand by Their Guns.

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—Matthew Hale, who was compelled by ill-health to relinquish his work as Chairman of the Progressive State Committee eighteen months ago, issued a statement today in reference to the State election, urging Progressives to "stand by their guns in the same manner as Theodore Roosevelt has publicly announced that he will do."

The statement says it is the duty of every Progressive to support Nelson B. Clark, the Progressive candidate for Governor, and "then buckle his armor just a little tighter for the great fight in 1916."

Mr. Hale says that, although he has regained his health, he finds it necessary to return to the practice of law, and that he will not re-enter active politics.

DROWNED AT BAILEY'S BEACH

Employe of Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs Lost While Swimming.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 17.—John Fitzpatrick, employed by Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, was drowned west of Bailey's Beach this afternoon, evidently having been seized with cramps. Fitzpatrick's companion missed him and called for help. He was quickly answered by Superintendent William Young and the lifeboat from Bailey's Beach.

They searched for nearly an hour before the body came to the surface.

Hope the Loan Will Be Made.

Business men in the downtown dry goods district are almost praying that the proposed loan to the allied nations will be made, for in the success of this movement they see opportunities for a marked increase in foreign business and better prices generally on goods for the domestic trade. There is little doubt in the minds of these men that great quantities of the various cotton goods, underwear and other merchandise are needed abroad, and there is less doubt still that the favorable ending of the loan negotiations would mean overtime work for a great many mills. This would naturally mean more money paid out in wages to operatives, they say, which should make itself felt in improved business generally in this country.

Asher C. Hinds Out of Politics.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 17.—Congressman Asher C. Hinds, Republican, who has represented the First Maine District since March, 1911, today announced his retirement from active politics because of poor health. He will not be a candidate for renomination at the primaries next June.

HOLD DYE SITUATION HAS BECOME ACUTE

Silk Manufacturers Say Shortage in Colors Threatens Their Industry.

NO RELIEF IS IN SIGHT

Dr. Norton Says Several Essential Colors Have Now Disappeared from the American Market.

After a conference yesterday with the head of one of the largest silk dyeing concerns in the country, Dr. Thomas H. Norton, the Government investigator, made a statement, which for the first time, since the embargo on German dyestuffs became acute, reveals in detail the serious condition confronting the silk manufacturing industry of the United States. In this conference it was shown that at present American silk dyers are able to obtain only small odd lots of such standard colors as azo-yellow, orange, chrysoidine, fast red, induline, sulphur black, and beta naphtol of domestic manufacture.

The crisis faced by the silk industry was described yesterday by Dr. Norton as follows:

"In a few days, on account of the great demand for dark blues, stocks of the following colors will be completely exhausted: Victoria blue B, methyl violet, patent blue, and brilliant green. The officers of the great dyeing company in question desire to impress upon the producers the importance of taking up the manufacture of these four colors at the earliest possible date.

"Such colors as methylene blue, alizarine red SX, developed blacks and their developers, as well as the alizarine and vat colors in general, seem to have completely disappeared from the market, with exceptions scarcely worthy of note."

The dyestuff crisis was also emphasized by D. F. Waters, President of the Master Dyers' Association of Philadelphia.

"It seems to be absolutely impossible to convince Secretary of Commerce Redfield that the American dye industry is actually on its back because of the shortage of dyes," said Mr. Waters. "We have explained all of this to the Secretary, but for some reason or other he will not be convinced. We know that in time the United States will produce its own dyes, but this development will take about ten years. What we are concerned about is the immediate supply that must come from Germany, and that cannot come from anywhere else."

Dr. Norton conferred at length yesterday at the Bankers' Club with a group of men interested in the development of potash manufacture from kelp and from feldspar. The manufacture of barium compounds from American barytes was also discussed. Professor Edwin Hart of Lafayette College, Easton, Penn., a potash authority, was present. Steps are being taken, it was announced, to extend the production of barium salts in the United States made from the native spar, so that in the immediate future it will be unnecessary to depend upon foreign sources for these valuable compounds. Annual imports here up to the outbreak of the war in Europe totaled $442,000.

Dr. Norton gave out a statement to the effect that at no time had he given any indorsement of the processes or future of the manufacture of colors by the methods now controlled by the Pearsite Company. He said this disavowal was necessary in view of the "exaggerated and optimistic expressions attributed to him in this connection by journals outside of New York City."

TWO MAY BE A "SET."

So for Duty Purposes When They Are Slippers in a Box.

The term "set" may be applied to two things designed to be used together, according to a decision of the Board of General Appraisers made yesterday in a protest case filed by E. Herrmann of this city. The merchandise in controversy consisted of soft slippers made of leather and cotton and silk, leather chief value. The slippers were contained in leather cases.

When the merchandise reached the Public Stores, Appraiser Sague classified it as "leather cases permanently fitted and furnished with traveling, bottle, drinking, dining, luncheon, and similar sets." Collector Malone thereupon exacted duty at 35 per cent. ad valorem. The importers asserted in their protest that the articles were not "fitted," and that they cannot be regarded as in "sets." At the trial, the counsel for the importer contended that the Standard Dictionary defines a "set" to be a collection or group of things of the same general character intended to be used together and more than two in number. Hence, it was argued, the slippers in question were not properly assessed, it being claimed that duty accrued at 30 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures in chief value of leather.

Another claim was that the slippers and bag or case should be treated separately for dutiable purposes, but Judge Hay denied the contention. "While it seems a little unusual," said the General Appraiser, "to call a pair of slippers a 'set,' or, to treat any article of which it reqcires at least two to make it an article of utility, as a 'set' rather than a pair, the question is no longer an open one."

The board was of the opinion that a case decided by the Customs Court dealing with an appeal by the Mark Cross Company of this city, applied to the present case, although slippers were not among the many articles before the court in the Cross case. The Court said:

"Etymologically speaking, that definition (Standard Dictionary) may be strictly correct. Nevertheless, we cannot ignore the fact that a usage has grown up which persists in applying the term 'set' to two things designed to be used together, to two things of different character intended to be used as complements of each other, and to two things having some such relation to each other as resemblance or natural affinity. And so we have in common use such expressions as a 'set of cuff buttons,' 'a set of military brushes,' meaning two like brushes for the hair, a 'set of furs,' &c.

"Possibly in these cases it would be better English to say 'a pair,' or 'a couple' instead of 'a set.' Still, taking into account the fact that the majority of lexicographers do not expressly limit the term 'set' to two articles, we think the common usage has been long enough continued and sufficiently general to justify us in concluding that the word 'set' in Paragraph 452 (of the old Tariff act) was used by Congress in its popular, rather than in its strict etymological sense."

The board adopting the court's decision as its own, overruled the Herrmann protest and affirmed the Collector's classification.

EQUAL PAY FOR WOMEN.

To Get the Same Wages as Men in English Munition Plants.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Women engaged in the manufacture of war munitions will receive the same rates as men on piece work and arrangements are under way for the establishment of day rates for women on the basis of equal pay for equal work.

This announcement was made in a letter from David Lloyd George, Minister of Munitions, which was read at the national conferences of trades unions concerned in munitions work. It is regarded as a victory for former militant suffragists who recently have conducted an agitation calling upon the Government to pay women the same rates as men for the same work.

600 Civilians for Chicago Camp.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—The civilian military training camp will open at Fort Sheridan next Monday with approximately 600 recruits, army officers announced today.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

INTEROCEAN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY OF AMERICA.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Interocean Transportation Company of 44 Whitehall Street, by Charles L. Greenhall, attorney for several creditors. Judge Hough appointed Robert P. Levis receiver. The company has claims of $130,000 against the British Government for cargoes held up.

GOLDFARB BROTHERS, composed of Abraham and Lewis H. Goldfarb, manufacturers of cloaks and suits at 12 West Seventeenth Street, have made an assignment to Marcus Helfand. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against them by Samuel Norman, $4; R. Lindheim, $464, and Weinstock & Co., Inc., $36. Liabilities are $15,000 and assets $5,000.

DAVID SILVERMAN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against David Silverman, trading as the 114th Street Jobbing House at 19 East 114th Street, dealer in general merchandise, by Strunsky & Rothschild, $434; Adolf Strauss, $181, and Nathan Sanders, $76. Liabilities are $2,000 and assets $400.

HENRY J. WOLLENHAUPT, restaurant and cafe at 37 East Nineteenth Street, has made an assignment to Maurice P. Davidson. A petition was also filed against him by Henry Roloff, $800; F. N. Hearn & Brother, $23, and Kollisch & Wallach, $5. Liabilities are $8,000 and assets $2,700.

EMIL SCHOENFELD.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Emil Schoenfeld, printer, at 173 East Fourth Street, by Syrkin & Black, $260; Charles Fitzer, $250, and Frank Boker, $12.

THE MANHATTAN CIGARETTE COMPANY, manufacturer of cigarettes at 130 Pearl Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,629 and assets of $1,093.

LOUIS H. SEGAL, a bookkeeper of 2,120 Honeywell Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,117 and no assets.

JULIUS RINDLER, 762 German Place, Bronx, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,403.

DOW LUNCH COMPANY of 982 Eighth Avenue and five other places, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $45,723 and assets of $47,540.

DAVID SILBERMAN, dealer in dress goods at 19 East 114th Street, has made an assignment to Moses D. Moss.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, Sept. 17.—Voluntary petition in bankruptcy filed at Dallas by Benjamin F. Wolfe, machinery and supply dealer. Liabilities, $18,764.80; assets, $27,735.04, of which $24,400 is claimed exempt.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 17.—W. H. Show & Son, grocers, bankrupts; debts, $5,600; assets, $1,000.

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed today by William J. Newman, shoemaker, 10 Faneuil Hall Square, Boston. His liabilities are $10,924, and he has no assets.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed today against Elias Livshitz of Gloucester at the instance of three creditors.

Schedules in bankruptcy of A. Jaffee of North Adams, dry goods, filed today, disclosed liabilities of $19,854, and assets of $7,047.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 296 business failures in the United States during the week, against 285 for the previous week. The Middle States had 94, New England 18, Southern 79, Western 59, Northwestern 18, and Far Western 27. Canada had 47, against 27 for the preceding week. About 92 per cent. of the concerns failing had capital of less than $5,000 and 6 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Applegate, John—A. R. Selva et al....$107.49
Same—Same 105.07
Archer, Earnest, and National Surety Co.—People, &c. 1,500.00
Beards, Solomon—Kirsh Mfg. Co. 105.02
Beer, Abraham R.—H. Newman 300.41
Black, Madeleine—Stern Bros. 8,590.02
Charles F. Simes Paper Co., Inc.—Pulp & Paper Trading Co. 268.91
Corcoran, John, or Tony Toner—N. Y. Telephone Co. 137.68
Cort, John—M. Mandel 1,193.16
Dininny, Ferral C.—F. C. Hollister 789.00
Elkhorn Coal & Lumber Co.—Broadway Realty Co. 1,938.96
Estates Income Realty Corp.—Slade Elevator Co. 137.38
Frankel, Benjamin—J. F. A. Clark et al. 333.56
Gangursky, Max—W. Leibsohn 120.65
Gross, John, Giza Gross, Emil Roth, and Herman Roth—A. Epstein 136.15
Griffin, Frederick—J. C. Klinck 112.91
Hurst, Alfred—B. Levine 132.58
Harsfen, Alfred—P. F. Jackson 122.22
Hibson, Charles—F. N. Dodd 290.97
H. M. Weill Co.—J. J. McCafferty 101.31
Ince, James, and Edward Gillen—J. L. Ross 369.50
Inter-Ocean Transportation Co. of America, Inc.—Engel Co., Inc. 226.14
Lent, Smith—W. Overton 765.41
Leindorf Electric Light Co., Inc.—Electrical Review Pub. Co., Inc. 482.36
La Croix, Peter—J. Dibenedetto, costs ..415.38
Liposo Co., Ltd.—Schwartz Bros. Bottle Co., Inc. 337.42
Landau, Morris—D. Hartmann 252.79
Luke A. Burke & Sons Co., Inc.—Otis Elevator Co. 2,341.68
Luke A. Burke & Sons, Inc., and City of New York—Otis Elevator Co. 2,880.51
Motley, Thornton N.—K. M. Kaye 206.44
Mundheim, Samuel—E. Clarke 677.80
Morriggia, Maria—W. C. Reid 1,492.01
Ragozzino, John and Genarro—F. E. Huefler 308.80
Simplex Code Pub. Co., Inc.—J. C. Klick 138.41
Solomon, Harold—S. Jacobs et al 103.20
Saltzman, Louis J., and Max Levy—P. S. Gill 218.75
Sulinskim, Boleslaw—E. L. Richards ..113.41
Stewart, Lucius H.—P. Livingston 455.12
Schoen, Max—M. Adelson 157.53
Schleiff, Max, and Samuel Grundwerg—Graf Realty Holding Co., Inc. 370.59
Savarese, Melchior F. R.—A. Portfolio. 848.91
Same—Same 343.84
Stein, George—E. Knever 284.41
Sun Fireproof Sash and Door Co., Inc.—Lewis & Egginter, Inc. 135.06
Schultz, Bernard and Jacob M.—P. Rosofsky 652.18
Tannay, Edward, and Abraham Feinstein—S. A. Potter 267.41
Universal Costume Co., Inc.—American Real Estate Co. 164.62
Wills, Louise T.—White Rats Transfer Co. 115.83
Werman, Oscar—H. Seville 371.54
Weiermann, Frederick—J. Geissel 856.71
Wolfe, Albert B.—Butler Bros. 264.91
Wise, Lel—Mfrs. Citizens Trust Co. ..1,531.76
Zucker, Benjamin—B. Franzie 457.20

In Bronx County.

Angel Construction Co., Inc., Carmine Construction Co., Inc., Flar Building Corporation, Carmine Cioffi, and Angelina Cioffi—Marco Bros., Inc. $472.90
Block, Charles, and John Ketorer—E. Fleischl et al. 72.12
Cassaro, Frank—S. Milano 79.50
Del Biaso Construction Co.—P. H. Patriarche 42.60
Gaynor, Samuel—American Slicing Co. ..154.41
Mutchnick, David—S. S. Blood 45.64
McWalters, James—J. Fischer 113.12
Oshansky, Morris, Max Krams, and Benjamin Burstein—Eastman Machine Co. 289.79
Saltzman, Louis J., and Max Levy—P. S. Gill 218.75
Syme, David—Sargent & Co. 167.33
Whitworth, Kenneth B.—C. Rudy 72.27

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Berger, Carl—Monopole Champagne & Importation Co., Sept. 7, 1915 ....$141.27
Bartlett, John R., Herman De Selding, William B. Tubby & Reade Duane Cold Storage Co.—G. Rives, July 14, 1915..8,291.00
Braue, John D. and Mary L.—J. Levy, Sept. 2, 1915 ....2,293.08
Carroll, George—J. Kaye, March 12, 1914 ....250.00
Conomos, James—Novelty Candy Co., March 12, 1914 ....302.41
Clark, Julius C.—Herbert Dangan Construction Co., June 12, 1915 ....136.55
Frankel, Benjamin—Charles Feldman & Sons, June 4, 1915 ....158.91
Magnor, John P.—E. B. Rosenbaum, Jan. 24, 1914 ....173.91
National Surety Co. and Meyer Cohen—S. Kurensky, June 26, 1914 ....845.56
Schwartz, Nathan and Maurice—D. J. Gitto, May 6, 1915 ....182.40

In Bronx County.

Braithwaite, William W.—F. W. Barnecott, Sept. 23, 1914 ....$85.05
Bade, Anna, and John C. Witte—Ferncliff Cemetery Association, July 3, 1915 ....297.14
Comfort Realty Co., Barnet House, and Anna M. House—G. Colon et al., Jan. 3, 1914 ....423.54
Sole Realty and Construction Co. and Vincent Valenti—North American Wall Paper Co., May 13, 1914 ....113.52
Cohen, Jacob—A. Risi, May 15, 1915...234.08

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyer's Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

DESIRE at once jobs ladies' suits, dresses, skirts, and waists; will pay cash. Eastern Merchandise Co., 456 Broadway. Spring 358.

CASH FOR HIGH-GRADE women's suits, coats, dresses, skirts, waists, petticoats, and furs. Sumner, 8 Lispenard St. F'n 4343.

WILL BUY FOR CASH cloaks, suits, dresses, skirts, &c.; quantity no object. Gross, Franzblau & Co., 29 Greene St. Spring 886.

Help and Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN.—Carrying silk petticoats, to handle side line of New Idea cotton petticoat; good line for good road man; commission basis. S 31 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.3 @3½ per cent. for the best names
Thursday..3¼@3¾ " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Expect Dress Goods Boom.

The demand for dress goods has been rather quiet during the last week, and very few houses in the cutting-up trade will be open today owing to the holiday. The warm weather has also been a factor in holding up buying. With the start of next week, however, sellers expect to see the call for merchandise assume a very brisk turn, and predictions are being made of a scarcity of staple goods in the near future. Poplins continue to lead in favor with the manufacturers of popular-priced garments, but whipcords have the call with the better-class trade. Gabardines are getting stronger as the season advances.

Situation in Men's Wear.

With great quantities of uniform cloth being ordered by the belligerents and the domestic trade picking up, the mills catering to the clothiers will be well occupied during the coming months. The warm weather has had the effect of slackening up operations in the cutting-up trade, but this is regarded as only a temporary dullness. A very large amount of the worsted machinery of the country is engaged on the war contracts, and the only conclusion that sellers can draw of the situation which will develop if the clothing trade has a boom is that some of the manufacturers will be unable to buy what they need. The clothiers are alive to the situation, and have sent in orders freely.

Too Much Styling.

"While the mill agents answer the demand for better fabric value by stating that value can be had if the buyers are willing to pay for it," said a clothier yesterday, "the mills are partly at fault for the decline in the quality of goods. Just as the clothiers have been devoting too much of their energies to tailoring, so the mills have been concentrating on the styling of their product. The quality of wool aused and the different processes through which the cloth is put are slighted as long as the pattern is not hurt. With the ignorance of most woolen buyers to help them, all that most mills have to do today to be successful is to give their product a good appearance. No question will be raised on the intrinsic merit of the goods."

Will Consider Wool Licenses.

The Textile Alliance, Inc., of this city is in receipt of advices indicating that the War Trade Department of Great Britain has announced that it has taken into consideration the present position of crossbred and similar wool and the probable requirements of Great Britain and of the allied Governments, and has come to the conclusion that a considerable quantity of the existing stock, say 125,000 bales, of which 50,000 bales will be English wool, can be spared from Great Britain. The department has accordingly given notice that it is now prepared to consider applications for licenses for the export of crossbreds and similar wools in reasonable quantities to approved destinations.

Holland's Embargo List.

A cablegram received by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce from the American Consul General at Rotterdam says that these commodities have been added to those which may not be exported from the Netherlands: Flax waste, suitable for the manufacture of yarns; steel wire and manufactures thereof; raw zinc and manufactures of which zinc is the principal component material; crude shellac; iron of all kinds; walnut wood; potatoes and certain fresh vegetables; medical and optical instruments of all kinds; cast-iron waste; iron profiles; steel for tools; yarns and manufactures thereof suitable for military use, and mutton. The embargo on zinc plate, on the other hand, has been raised.

Cotton Goods Exports Limited.

Excepting on cotton duck, which is reported in good demand both for war and commercial purposes, there has not been a great deal of business transacted in the last week on cotton goods for export. There is some question in the trade as to whether this is because the goods are not needed or because the foreign importers have not yet satisfied themselves that the recent advances in cotton goods are stable. The demand from China and India continues negligible, if it is not altogether missing, and little business is coming from the Red Sea district or from Africa. Some Australian business has been taken, but it does not offset the lack of orders from other countries on that side of the globe. The South American demand has been somewhat spotted of late from all accounts, but the West Indies have been quite consistent buyers. Manila has done pretty well. The scarcity of certain colored goods is hampering the export business quite a good deal.

Expect Sheetings to Advance.

The news from Calcutta, that the British Government had increased by 20 per cent. the quantity of goods it will take from the burlaps mills in that city during the last three months of 1915 was received with pleasure by the cotton goods trade. The feeling is that, as a result of this increase, the supply of burlaps available for this country during those months will be so small that the bag men will be forced more or less to substitute cotton sheetings or osnaburgs for burlaps. This, in turn, is expected to have a sharply bullish effect on the prices of these cottons for the future. They are already showing signs of being affected favorably by the advance in burlaps prices since the news of England's action reached this city, in addition to the stimulus for price raising afforded by the rise in cotton. No marked increase in the demand from the bag trade is looked for, however, until the present accumulation of staple burlaps is cleaned up, or, as may be the case, burlaps prices get too high.

More Gray Goods Advances.

Further active trading in printcloths in the local gray goods market resulted in additional price advances yesterday. Spot sales of 39-inch 80 squares were reported at 6 cents, while 72-76s and 68-72s in that width were said to have sold for spot delivery at 5½ and 4¾ cents, respectively. Sales of 38½-inch 64-60s for similar shipment were made at 4⅛ cents, while other reports indicated that 60-52s and 60-48s sold again at 3¾ and 3⅝ cents, respectively. In the same width 64-56s were said to have sold at 4 cents for immediate shipment. Many of the orders placed during the day were large. Sheetings and drills sold well in cases where the mills were willing to meet the price views of the buyers, or vice versa, but the volume of these goods that was moved did not begin to compare, it was said, with the amount of printcloths sold.

More good business was done on specialties and fancies. Spot printcloth prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s...6c	38½-inch, 64-56s...4c
39-inch, 72-76s....5½c	38½-inch, 60-52s..3¾c
39-inch, 68-72s....4¾c	38½-inch, 60-48s..3⅝c
39-inch, 56-44s....3⅝c	27-inch, 64-60s....2 15/16c
38½-inch, 64-60s...4⅛c	27-inch, 56-52s....2 9/16c

Dressed Furs Are Scarce.

The features of the local fur trade at the moment are the growing scarcity of dressed furs in all the leading varieties and the rate with which prices on them are advancing. The supply of dressed beaver is especially short, but this is not due so much to a shortage of raw furs as to the lack of facilities here for plucking and dressing them. The increased cost of dyeing is also an important factor in the general advances. Dressed raccoon and opossum skins are fully 50 per cent. higher than they were six months ago, and the prices of fox skins have advanced fully as much. There has not been a proportionate change in the prices of the finished goods, excepting beaver, for, save for that fur, they have not yet felt the full effects of the rise in the raw materials. The great vogue for fur trimmings on women's garments and hats is taking a great deal of fur out of the market, the effects of which are being felt by the manufacturers. Opossum is said to be the most popular garment trimming, while foxes, both natural and in the various dyes, are most used in sets. Hudson seal is most favored for coats. Business generally is quite good.

EFFICIENCY BONUS PLAN.

H. L. Gantt Advocates It Before a Convention of Labor Experts.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y., Sept. 17.—The annual convention of the Efficiency Society opened a three days' session here today. Discussing "Modern Methods of Training Workmen," H. L. Gantt proposed a system which he said would do much to eliminate labor troubles and increase the efficiency of industrial undertakings.

"The best method so far devised," said Mr. Gantt, "is to have one of the best mechanics study scientifically each of the problems as they come up and determine as far as possible exactly and in complete detail how the various operations should be performed. As a result of this investigation he sets a task for the workman that a reasonably competent man can be taught to perform, and offers as a reward for its proper performance in the allotted time a 'bonus' over and above the regular day pay of the workman.

"The investigator now becomes instructor, and with few exceptions succeeds in teaching the workman the better methods which enable him to earn a 'bonus.' The instructor is a leader and helper, and with his help the workmen much improve in knowledge and ability. Moreover, as workmen like to do that which they can do well, especially if there is additional compensation attached to it, there rapidly grows up a spirit of good feeling which rapidly leads to general co-operation."

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—M. O'Neil & Co.; F. B. Goodman, umbrellas, gloves, leather goods, and jewelry; 37 W. 26th.
ATLANTA—E. L. Rhodes Co.; E. L. Rhodes, flowers, feathers, and millinery; 700 B'way.
BOSTON—Brown, Durrell & Co.; T. C. Donovan, notions, trimmings; C. B. Robertson, buttons, braids; 19 West 19th.
BOSTON—Bartel & Phillips; W. Phillips, tailors; Breslin.
BUFFALO—Clawson & Wilson; J. L. Clawson, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; W. D. Kent, rugs, linoleums; 18 West 35th.
BUFFALO—Cohn & Co.; M. Lavin, clothing, pants, overalls; Marseilles.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.—Hamilton Co.; W. B. Hamilton, millinery; Herald Sq.
CHATTANOOGA—M. Brener & Co.; M. Brener, clothing and furn. goods; Wallick's.
CHICAGO—J. Schwartz & Sons Co.; S. Schwartz, clothing; Herald Sq.
CHICAGO—Wurzburger Brothers; J. & L. Wurzburger, underwear, hosiery; Empire.
CHICAGO—F. Kauffmann; L. Friedman, general purchasing agent; Latham.
CHICAGO—Emporium World; A. Frank, millinery; 621 B'way; Cumberland.
EL PASO—Popular Dry Goods Co.; A. Schwartz, dry goods, general merchandise; 353 4th Av.
ERIE—Pfister & Volk; W. Pfister, men's furnishing goods, clothing; Broztell.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.—C. M. Watson & Co.; C. M. Watson, varieties; Churchill.
GRAND ISLAND, Neb.—E. D. Glover, carpets, rugs; Hermitage.
HARTFORD—Sage, Allen & Co.; G. S. Getz, wash goods; 75 Spring.
KANSAS CITY—Wamper & Paxtor Co.; L. Dunlap, dry goods, notions, furnishing goods, general merchandise; Longacre.
LAFAYETTE, Ind.—O. A. Pross Co.; E. Goldberry, general mdse.; Grand.
LAKE CHARLES, La.—Muller Co.; J. E. Jacobs, men's wear; 353 4th Av.
LEBANON—Smith & Bowman; L. G. Bowman, carpets, upholstery; Algonquin.
LYNCHBURG—W. W. Couch Co.; W. W. Couch, furn. goods; 8 Washington Place.
MERIDEN, Conn.—Five and 10 Cent Store; C. W. Thompson, general mdse.; Churchill.
NATCHITOCHES, La.—Marshall Semmellman Co.; M. Semmellman, general merchandise; 492 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn.
NEW ORLEANS—M. Stern, dry goods, notions, shoes; Netherland.
NORFOLK—Watt, Rettew & Clay; J. G. Kroenert, men's furnishing goods; 23 East 26th.
NORWICH—Reid & Hughes Co.; Miss A. Bresman, ribbons; 75 Spring; Continental.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Stores Co.; Miss E. Bennett, dresses; 1,261 Broadway; Grenoble.
RICHMOND—Richmond Dry Goods Co.; W. Russell, notions; 43 Leonard.
RICHMOND—Kaufmann & Co.; W. B. Nelson, silks, velvets, and ribbons; 621 B'way.
SCHENECTADY—H. S. Barney Co.; Miss E. A. Ledger, housefurnishing goods, lamps, trunks, bags; 75 Spring.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; F. R. Sturtevant, house furn. goods, china, toys; 2 Walker.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Miss G. E. Gumbrinner, costumes, dresses; 37 West 26th.
ST. PAUL—Capitol Suspender Co.; D. L. Hertz, suspenders; Latham.
WASHINGTON—Carneal & Besiers; E. E. Carneal, carpets, furniture; Grand.
WESTPOINT, Miss.—Semmellman Department Store; B. Semmellman, general merchandise; 492 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn.
WILKES-BARRE—Wilkes-Barre Dry Goods Co.; C. Sjoberg, men's furnishing goods; 23 East 26th.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Including Two Decisions on Duties on Coal-Tar Colors.

Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne and other importers were sustained yesterday by the Board of General Appraisers, in protests against the Collector's exaction of 85 per cent. ad valorem duty under the old tariff, on miscellaneous lots of goods as "articles of personal adornment." It was held that some of the articles were properly dutiable at 60 per cent. as jewelry, or as articles in chief value of beads or at 45 per cent. as manufactures of metal.

The Sigmund Ullman Company lost in protests claiming a rate of 15 per cent. ad valorem on coal tar preparations as "dry colors." After hearing the importers' testimony the board affirmed the Collector in taking duty at 20 per cent. ad valorem as "lakes." A report of the Government chemist stated that the commodity was a "preparation of coal tar in combination with zinc and barium compounds, probably a lake, insoluble in water."

The Badische Company was sustained in a contention regarding the duty rate on merchandise described as brilliant indigo B-D imported under the old tariff act. Duty was exacted at the rate of 30 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for coal tar colors, while the importers claimed entry at three-quarters of 1 cent a pound as indigo paste or extract. As the Customs Court recently decided a test case covering this commodity in favor of A. Klipstein & Co., the board upheld the Badische claim and reversed the Collector.

The Schaefer Alkaloid Works went before the board with the claim that free entry should be allowed denatured tea sweepings under the crude drug provision of the tariff act. Other claims were made also for a low duty in case the board decided the free entry contention was not applicable. Judge Hay decided that the Collector's assessment of 1 cent per pound under the specific provision for tea sweepings was correct and must stand.

Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, were sustained in the claim that bouquets of artificial leaves and flowers were properly dutiable under the Tariff act of 1897 at the rate of 45 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for manufactures in chief value of metal. The Collector was reversed in returning the articles at 50 per cent. as artificial flowers.

The St. Louis Fireworks Company failed to obtain free entry as "joss sticks" for Chinese punk. The board affirmed the Custom House assessment at 15 per cent. ad valorem as an unenumerated manufactured article.

MORE FREIGHT MEN STRIKE.

Jersey Central Handlers Quit—Italians Replace Teutons.

Two hundred Jersey Central freight handlers of Communipaw struck yesterday in sympathy for the 350 Lehigh Valley men, mostly Austrians, Hungarians, and Poles, who quit on Thursday.

The Lehigh Valley put more than 100 Italians to work yesterday in place of striking Teutons, and officials say work went on as usual. The West Shore put to work 400 Italians yesterday in Weehawken.

Business was resumed at the Port Johnson Coal Docks at Bayonne, where all but seventeen of the striking coal handlers returned to work.

Five Austrians and Poles were arrested yesterday for resisting the police in Jersey City, who ordered Lehigh Valley strikers to disperse from the sidewalk after holding a meeting in a saloon. Policeman William Clark was wounded in the forearm with a pair of ice tongs said to have been thrown by Anthony Rupinsky, who was arrested.

Standard Oil Can Strike Settled.

One hundred workmen employed in the can department of the Standard Oil Company's plant in Long Island City, who went on strike Wednesday, compelling the company to close down the plant, throwing 600 more workmen out of jobs, yesterday settled their differences with the company after a conference with Superintendent Thorne, and work will be resumed this morning. Several weeks ago the company increased the wages of the men 6, 7 and 10 per cent., and on Wednesday reduced the working hours from nine to eight, telling the men they would be expected to give sixty minutes' work in every one of the eight hours. The men construed this to mean that they would be compelled to turn out 25,000 cans a day, which was the output under the nine-hour day. They said this could not be done, and went on strike. They finally agreed to turn out 24,305 cans in eight hours.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The trade press of the tobacco industry will give a luncheon to representative members of that trade at the Hotel Biltmore on Saturday, Sept. 25, at which the matter of organizing a Tobacco Merchants' Association of the United States will be discussed in detail. A committee of five trade journalists has the matter in hand. The movement is said to be meeting considerable favor.

These meetings will be held at the office of the Dry Goods Union, 432 Fourth Avenue: On Monday, buyers of domestics for immediate delivery, and on Tuesday, buyers of wash goods for Spring delivery.

AUCTION SALES.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 22D, 1915.
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 and 16 VESEY STREET.
FOR ACCOUNT OF EXECUTORS.
10 shs. Lord & Taylor 6 p. c. Cum. 1st Prefd.
14 shs. Lincoln Trust Co.
85 shs. Old Dominion Land Co.
13 shs. Newport News Light & Water Co. and $60 do. script.
36 shs. Empire Trust Co.
20 shs. People's Trust Co.
66 shs. Fidelity Trust Co.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
300 shs. Ouitchouan Falls Paper Co. of Chicoutimi, Province of Quebec, Canada.
1,200 shs. International Power Co.
200 shs. Manhattan Transit Co.
$5,000 Flint & Pere Marquette R. R., Port Huron Div., 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Bds., 1939.
5 shs. First Natl. Bank of Jersey City.

JAMES J. HILL contributes to the September 20th issue of The Annalist a pertinent article on national industrial preparations for peace.

This, together with a large number of specially prepared articles on trade and its immediate and present relation to banking, will make this issue of The Annalist one to be read with deep interest by every business man.

You will find a copy on your news stand Monday morning, or it will be mailed on request.

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Times Square New York

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

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Garden City Hotel
GARDEN CITY, LONG ISLAND
One of the most exclusive country hotels in America. A combination of country life and metropolitan hotel luxury seldom found. Conducted on the American plan. There is also for the convenience of motorists
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20 miles from N. Y. Frequent electric service Penna. Station. J. J. LANNIN CO., Props.

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Whiteface Inn
ON LAKE PLACID, N. Y.
OPEN UNTIL LATE IN FALL.
AMERICAN PLAN. $21 WEEK AND UP
All outdoor amusements. Golf, tennis, bathing, fishing, hunting, walking, and horseback riding over forest and mountain trails. Crisp mornings; glorious sunshine, with foliage turning from green to gold. Fine roads for automobiles.
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References required.
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Service and Cuisine Unexcelled.
EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN
Motor Bus Meets Every Train.
Telephone, 201—Long Beach.
Special Rates for Sept. and Oct.

THE HALL, Glen Cove, L. I.
Within commuting distance of New York. Private Beach. No mosquitoes. Tennis, boating, bathing, fishing. Absolutely fireproof wing. Private baths. References. Tel. 256—Glen Cove.

"Niagara Falls" illustrated booklet free. Address Travel Bureau, Grand Central Terminal, N. Y.

Ulster & Delaware R. R. Send for Summer Resort Book, 6c.

STAMFORD-IN-THE-CATSKILLS.
Folder & Infor. at 1180 B'way., N.Y. F. H. Duffy, Rep.

NEW ENGLAND.

The Autumn
IS THE SEASON OF ALL SEASONS TO TAKE
The IDEAL TOUR
When, for a Thousand Miles through New England's Scenic Wonderland, the Autumn Foliage is at its height.
Illustrated Route Book or Large Map in Colors Free at 1180 Broadway, or by mail from ALMON C. JUDD,
HOTEL ELTON, Waterbury, Conn.
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Perfect Roads! Magnificent Scenery! Bracing Air! For Road Maps, address WM. M. KIMBALL, Sec'y, N. E. Hotel Ass'n, Draper Hotel, Northampton, Mass.

THE EDGEWOOD. Greenwich, Conn. Golf. Tennis. Club House. Now open.

NEW JERSEY.

OAK COURT HOTEL, LAKEWOOD, N. J.
NOW OPEN.
E. E. SPANGENBERG, Mgr.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL AND COTTAGES,
on the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS.
A delightful place to spend the Fall and Winter season.
CAPACITY 600. OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
S. Hanstein, Prop'r.

THE LEADING RESORT HOTEL OF THE WORLD
Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

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Ocean front, heart of Atlantic City. Fireproof; open always. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. Grill, orchestra; dancing, garage attached. MACK LATZ & CO.

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ATLANTIC CITY
The Largest Fireproof Resort Hotel in the World
Belvedere Restaurant Traymore
SUBMARINE GRILL

Hotel RUDOLF
On the ocean front. Sea and fresh water baths; running water in rooms. Orchestra.
JOEL HILLMAN, Pres. A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Avenue and Beach; ocean view; capacity 350; private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, fine porches, &c.; music. Special $12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily; open all year; booklet; auto at trains. SAMUEL ELLIS.

CHALFONTE, Atlantic City, New Jersey.
THE LEEDS COMPANY.

PENNSYLVANIA.

MOUNT PLEASANT HOUSE,
MOUNT POCONO, PA.
Catering to a clientele who appreciate the best; private baths; free garage; open all year; special Fall and Winter rates. Booklet.
W. C. & H. M. LEECH.

WHY NOT SPEND A FEW DAYS THIS Fall in one of my comfortable cabins in the wilds of Pike Co.? Booklet. A. W. LeRoy, Rockbound Camp, Glen Eyre, Pa.

BUCKWOOD INN, Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa. Open until Oct. 15. Home of Shawnee Golf Course.

SUMMONSES.

CITY COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—JOSEPH A. GLENNON, plaintiff, against THE WRITE-AWAY PEN COMPANY of America, defendant.—To the above-named defendant: YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer to the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within six days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated June 28th, 1915.

WALTER H. MERRITT, ESQ.,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office and Post Office Address, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City.

To the above-named defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Hon. R. H. Smith, Justice of the City Court of the City of New York, dated August 6th, 1915, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of said Court on the 6th day of August, 1915.

Dated New York, August 6th, 1915.

WALTER H. MERRITT,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office Address, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Associated Bible Students.
AFTER THE WAR—WHAT?
Hear PASTOR RUSSELL,
8 P. M., BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
Lafayette Av. and St. Felix St.

NEW YORK CITY TEMPLE,
West 63d St., near Broadway.
10:30 A. M.—"Transformed."
8:00 P. M.—"The Wedding Garment."

Baptist.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,
West 57th St., bet. 6th and 7th Aves.
Rev. THOMAS M. DADSON will preach 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, during the erection of their new building, worshipping in the Swedish Methodist Church, 89th St., between Amsterdam and Columbus Aves. The Pastor, Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., will preach Sunday morning and evening; subject, 11, "The Importance of Worship"; 8, "Can You Be Trusted?"

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th Street.
Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, D. D. } Ministers.
Rev. E. Herbert Dutton, }
Preaching tomorrow at 11 A. M. by Rev. Prof. HARRY E. FOSDICK, D. D.
Sunday School at 9:30 A. M.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AV., COR. 31ST ST.
C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Are We Drifting Into War?" or "America at the Gateway of Destiny."
8 P. M.—"The First Step in a Successful Life."
Union Bible Class, 9:45. Rev. C. F. Hall, Ldr.

MT. MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue, near 127th Street.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL, D. D.,
11 A. M.—"GOOD OUT OF EVIL."
8 P. M.—"WHAT WILL THE YEAR YIELD ME?"

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av.
Rev. Harold Pattison, D. D., preaches 11 A. M., "Stuff as Dreams Are Made Of."

Christian Science.
Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES, Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.; Wednesdays, 8 P. M.:
First Church, Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church, 125th St. & Madison Av.
Fourth Church, Ft. Washington Av. & 178th St.
Fifth Church, Aeolian Concert Hall, 34 West 43d St.
Sixth Church, 1,931 Washington Av., Bronx.

Church of the New Jerusalem.
NEW CHURCH,
(Swedenborgian,)
35th St., bet. Park and Lexington Aves.
The Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. Subject: "The Reality of the Divine Presence."

Congregational.
BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th Street.
Dr. Jefferson preaches 11 A. M. & 8 P. M.
11 A. M.—Subject: "Our Weapons."
8 P. M.—Subject: "The Withered Hand."

CLINTON AVENUE CHURCH, Corner Clinton and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn.—10:30 A. M., morning worship, Dr. Boynton preaching. Subject—"LIFE ABOUNDING."

MANHATTAN, Broadway, 76th St.
REV. H. A. STIMSON, D. D.,
preaches 11 A. M.

Church of the New Jerusalem.
CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 W. 81ST ST.
11 A. M., Rev. MARION J. BRADSHAW will preach. Cordial welcome to strangers.

Lutheran.
CHURCH Broadway at 93d St., Rev.
OF THE ADVENT, WM. M. HORN, Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M., 8 P. M.
Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
65th St. and Central Park West.
Rev. CHARLES J. SMITH, D. D., Pastor.
Service at 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal.
MADISON AVENUE,
MADISON AV., COR. 60TH ST.
Rev. WORTH M. TIPPY, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN Preaches.
11 A. M.—"Limited Religion."
8 P. M.—"The Higher Law."

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH.
Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

ST. ANDREW'S, 76th St., West of Col. Av.
FRED WINSLOW ADAMS,
11 A. M., "The World of Our Own Creation."

UNION M. E. CHURCH,
48th St., west of Broadway.
10 A. M., Sunday School. Preaching 11 A. M., Rev. Dr. Allan MacRossie; 8 P. M., Rev. Wm. H. Young.

18TH STREET CHURCH, near 8th Av., B. C. WARREN, Minister.—11 and 8.

New Thought.
ACADEMY HALL, 115 W. 79TH ST.
THE NEW THOUGHT CHURCH.
Sundays, 11 A. M., F. W. SEARS, Speaker.

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 32 West 58th St.—Sunday, 11 A. M.; Thursday, 8 P. M. Speaker, W. Ellis Williams. Public invited.

UNITY SOCIETY, 305 Madison Av.—Mrs. Van Marter, Sunday, at 11; subject, "Lively, Lovely, Beautiful, and Prosperous." Mrs. Frederic Dean, contralto soloist, will sing Monday, at 3; Miss Leila Simon, speaker.

Presbyterian.
A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., Preaches, 11 & 8.
WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av., cor. 105th St.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
114th St. and Broadway.
WALTER DUNCAN BUCHANAN, D. D.,
Minister, preaches at 11 A. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 57th St.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M.
No Afternoon Service.

COME AND SEE.
SCOTCH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
96th St. and Central Park West.
ROBERT WATSON, Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5TH AV. AND 55TH ST.
REV. J. H. JOWETT, D. D., PASTOR.
SERVICES AT 11 A. M. AND 4:30 P. M.
REV. ROBERT JOHNSTON, D. D.,
WILL PREACH AT BOTH SERVICES.
CHURCH WILL BE CLOSED FOR CLEANING ON SEPT. 26.

FORT WASHINGTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
174th St. at Broadway.
Rev. D. HOFFMAN MARTIN, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. MOSES BREEZE, D. D., at 11 A. M.
Rev. LYMAN R. HARTLEY at 8 P. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., pastor.
Dr. Work preaches 11 A. M.

HARLEM-NEW YORK PRESBYTERIAN,
REV. GEORGE WELLS ARMS, Pastor.
11 A. M.—122d St. & Mount Morris Park West.
8 P. M.—128th St. and Seventh Av.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 24th Street.
Rev. C. H. Parkhurst, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. G. R. Montgomery, Ph. D.,
Assistant Minister.
Dr. Montgomery will preach 11 A. M.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
FIFTH AVENUE—ELEVENTH STREET.
HOWARD DUFFIELD, D. D., Pastor.—Services 11 and 8.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d St.
Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D.,
Pastor-elect, will preach at 11 o'clock.
No evening service.

THE BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street,
Ministers: William Pierson Merrill,
Frank Latimer Janeway.
Dr. HUGH BLACK will preach at 11 o'clock.
NOON SERVICE EVERY WEEKDAY, (except Saturday,) 12:30-12:50.

University Place Presbyterian Church,
Cor. 10th Street.
Rev. George Alexander, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Cor. West 172d St. and Audubon Av.
Rev. J. P. LYTLE, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Jesus," Pastor.
7 P. M.—C. E., open air service.
8 P. M.—"The Theology of a Fool," Dr. Gillespie.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. Anson P. Atterbury, D. D., } Pastors.
Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D., }
Dr. EVANS preaches at 11 A. M.
Dr. ATTERBURY at 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.
CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street.
8 A. M. The Holy Communion.
11 A. M. Preacher, Very Rev. Dean Grosvenor.
4 P. M. Preacher, Rev. Canon Nelson.
Daily Services, 7:30 A. M.

Protestant Episcopal.
ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, WEST END AV. and 81st St., the Rev. S. DE LANCEY TOWNSEND, D. D., Rector.—Holy Communion, 8 A. M. Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Rector, 11 A. M. Choral Evensong, 4 P. M. Strangers welcome.

CALVARY CHURCH,
21st St. and 4th Av.
Services 8, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.
Preacher, Rev. B. D. CHAMBERS.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St. Low masses, 7:30, 9. High mass and sermon, 10:45; Evensong at 4.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th Street & Sixth Ave.
8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Rev. J. A. Haughton-Burke.
12:00 M.—Holy Communion.
8:00 P. M.—Rev. J. A. Haughton-Burke.
Daily Noon Day Service, with Address, commencing 12:30 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
REV. H. C. ROBBINS, RECTOR.
11 A. M.—Morning prayer. Sermon, Rev. E. M. H. Knapp.
4 P. M.—Evening Prayer

CHURCH OF ZION and ST. TIMOTHY.
Rev. Henry Lubeck, D. C. L., Rector.,
334 West 57th Street.
Services:
8 A. M. Holy Communion.
11 A. M. Morning Prayer and Sermon.
8 P. M. Choral Evensong and Sermon.
Preacher, Rev. Joseph Rushton, L. H. D.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St.
8; and 11 (the Rector).
8 (the Rector).

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Av. at 44th St.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
SERVICES 8 AND 11 A. M.
Preacher, Rev. SYDNEY N. USSHER.
All Seats Free.

ST. IGNATIUS'S CHURCH, West End Av. and 87th St., Rev. MAXWELL GANTER, Rector.—Mass at 7, 8, and 11. Vespers at 4. Weekdays, mass at 7; holy days and Friday, at 7 and 10.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 71st St.
Holy Communion, 8. Morning Prayer and Sermon, (Bishop COURTNEY,) 11. Holy Communion, 12.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, Convent Av. and 141st St., Rev. G. Ashton Oldham, Rector.—Services, 8, 11, (Rector;) 8 P. M., (Rector.)

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5th Av. and 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Service and Sermon (Rect.)

THE ASCENSION, 5TH AV. & 10TH ST.
Rev. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A.M.—Rev. Charles W. Naumann, Preacher

THE TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29.
COMMUNIONS, 7, 8 A. M. 10:30 SERMON and CHORAL MASS. EVENSONG, 4.

Reformed.
HAMILTON GRANGE, Convent Av. and W. 149th St., near Amsterdam Av., PAUL SEIBERT LEINBACH, D. D., minister.
11 A. M.—"UP THE HILL."
8 P. M.—"OPEN DOORS."

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Av. and 123d St.
Rev. Edgar Tilton, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Bible School will resume its sessions at 2:45 P. M.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister.
Rev. HAROLD W. SCHENCK
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister.
Rev. Peter H. Milliken, D. D., will preach.
11 A. M.—"Sanctified Courage."
8 P. M.—"Our Companion."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAS. MACLEOD, D. D., Minister. Rev. Robert F. Coyle, D. D., will preach.
11 A. M.—"Is Jesus God?"
8 P. M.—"Christian Union."

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M.

Society of Friends.
RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox.)—Meetings, 11 o'clock, 30 Gramercy Park, Manhattan; Lafayette and Washington Av., Brooklyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Spiritualist.
PSYCHOLOGICAL RESEARCH SOCIETY, NEW YORK, INC.
Tuxedo Building, 59th St., Madison Ave. (637 Madison Ave.) Sunday, 8-8; Monday, Thursday, 8; Wednesday, 3 P. M. Christensen, Psychic, answers questions. Tuesday, 3-8 P. M., and Wednesday, 8 P. M., research seance, Trumpet; Materialization, Mr. Lake.
BRANCH 1.
Tollner Building, Bedford Ave. & Madison St., Brooklyn; Thursday, 3-8 P. M. Mr. Lake, Physical Medium, Trumpet Materialization Seance, Friday, 8 P. M. Developing Class, Mr. Lake; Saturday, 3-8 P. M. Christensen, Psychic, answers questions.

FIRST GERMAN SPIRITUALIST CHURCH.
Services in English, Sundays, 8 P. M.
Pabst Grand Circle, 59th & Columbus Circle.

Universalist.
THE CHURCH OF THE DIVINE PATERNITY, Central Park West and 76th St.—Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 A. M., "THE CALL OF TIMES TO MEN OF FAITH."

Other Services.
GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 8th Av. and 44th St., Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Pastor. Preaching 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M. by the pastor.

FIRST MORAVIAN CHURCH, Lex. Av. and 30th St. Rt. Rev. Morris W. Leibert, D. D., Pastor, 11 A. M. Cordial welcome to all.

HEBREW-CHRISTIAN SERVICES.
REV. B. ANGEL, PASTOR.
280 Rivington St., Saturday, 3 P. M., Gospel service. 152 7th St., Saturday, 11 A. M., prayer for Israel. Jews and Christians welcome.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 7th Av. & 14th
Rev. C. C. Marshall at 11 A. M., also at 8 P. M., "My Brother's Keeper"; Motion Pictures, Soloist, Violinist.

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 236 C. P. W. Swami Bodhananda, "Soul of Man," 3 P. M.

BROOKLYN

Congregational.
PLYMOUTH CHURCH,
Orange St., Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, Pastor.—Service at 11 o'clock. Dr. Hillis will preach on "The Slowness of the Universe, Its Swiftness Also, as the Ground of Hope and Optimism."
No evening service.

Presbyterian.
LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Corner of South Oxford St., Brooklyn.
The Rev. CHARLES CARROLL ALBERTSON, D. D., preaches at 10:30 and 7:45.
Morning: Communion service.
Evening: Bi-monthly praise service. The choir will sing Matthews' "Conversion of Paul."

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York—ARTHUR J. WHIPPLE, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Arthur J. Whipple, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 13th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 18th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, September 17th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 22,152.—In Bankruptcy.—HENRY INSELMANN, Bankrupt.
Henry Inselmann was duly adjudicated bankrupt on September 10, 1915. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, City of New York, on October 13, 1915, at 2:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 22,141.—In Bankruptcy.—JEROME ROSENBERG Bankrupt.
Jerome Rosenberg was duly adjudicated bankrupt on September 7, 1915. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, City of New York, on October 13, 1915, at 2 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

CONTROLLER WARNS AGAINST INFLATION

Sees Danger to City in Personal Property Valuation of $4,000,000,000.

COULDN'T COLLECT TAXES

Even if Rate Was Lowered, Share of State Tax Would Increase and Deficiencies Would Lap Over.

Controller Prendergast condemned yesterday the proposed $4,000,000,000 personal property tax valuation as a means of raising additional city revenue. The most vigorous kind of a protest should be made, the Controller said, against any scheme which has for its object the reduction of the tax rate next year through "the inflation of the personal property assessment," and he said he would oppose such a tax levy.

"If there is $4,000,000,000 of personal property in the City of New York," the Controller said, "it is a serious indictment of the Department of Taxes and Assessments. The largest amount of personal property ever assessed in any one year since consolidation was $690,661,926. For the year 1914 it was only $340,295,560. It does not seem possible to account for that mighty figure ($4,000,000,000) on any other ground than that the person who gave it out had no reliable basis for his statement."

The Controller said that the idea of inflating the amount of personal property assessed suggested dangers that should receive the earnest consideration of the city's officials.

"How on earth," he asked, "will it ever be possible to enforce collection of taxes that should be levied on $4,000,000,000 of personal property when it has been found utterly impossible to enforce collections in full upon assessments which have run as low as $325,000,000 in a single year?"

If any such inflation of the personal property assessments were to occur, the reduction in the tax rate that would take place next year, the Controller said, would be followed by increases in the tax rates of subsequent years in order to make up the deficiencies in collection that would unquestionably follow such a policy of inflation.

"Another important feature of an increased assessment such as is proposed," he continued, "is the effect that it would have on the city's future contribution for direct State taxes. Had the assessed valuation of the personal property in the City of New York included in the State equalization table been $4,000,000,000 instead of $340,295,560, the city would be obliged to pay $14,873,820.59, in place of $13,412,454.78, an increase of $1,461,365.81.

"With the exceptions of the levies of 1899 and 1900, the greater the assessment of personal property, the smaller has been the percentage of collections. Thus, when the assessments of personal property rose from $550,000,000 in 1901 to $690,000,000 in 1905, and fell back again to $554,000,000 in 1907, the percentage of collections fell from 55.73 per cent. for the levy of 1901 to 45.31 per cent. for 1905, and then rose again to 54.17 per cent. for the levy of 1907. For the years 1910 to 1913 over 70 per cent. of the personal taxes levied were collected."

The Controller said that since 1910 every decrease in the amount of personal tax assessments has been followed by an increase in the percentage of personal taxes collected.

SCHOOLS INCREASE MYOPIA.

Reforms in Lighting and Adjustable Furniture Suggested.

The public school is an important factor in increasing the tendency toward myopia or short sight and few attempts have been made to remove this source of injury to the eyes, according to the current number of the Medical Record.

"A step in the right direction," it says, "has been taken by the appointment in New York of a representative committee which has considered various phases of this subject and has recently submitted a report. The committee finds that there are no reliable data upon which to base any estimate as to the extent of myopia among school children in New York City, but holds that educational authorities must take cognizance of the fact that defects of vision are likely to develop during the school age and must adopt measure to prevent or diminish this impairment.

"Attention is called to the fact that all public schools are not equipped with the requisite adjustable desks and seats and that the adjustable furniture with which schools are provided is not always properly adjusted. Movable furniture should be provided for the lower grades. The slope of the desk should be capable of adjustment to the proper angle for writing purposes. Special attention should be paid to the importance of the child bringing the book up toward its eyes, instead of bringing the eyes closer to the book.

"School lighting may be improved by the use of prisms and other devices. If artificial illumination is employed, this should be of the modern semi-indirect pattern. Tungsten lights should, of course, not be used for direct illumination, and all cluster electric illumination should be provided with frosted globes until replaced by illumination of the semi-indirect type. The question of the proper type of window shade and of its regular and correct adjustment should also be considered. Unnecessary homework should be eliminated. The use of colored crayons for the blackboard should be interdicted except for unusual school work, and blackboards not in use should be covered with light shades."

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 22,088.—In the matter of AARON BORDEN, Alleged Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Aaron Borden, alleged bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 17th, 1915, praying for the confirmation of a composition, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 29th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
Dated New York, September 17th, 1915.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CHARLES LUSGARTEN, Bankrupt.—No. 14401.
To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:
Please take notice that the above proceeding has been referred to me pursuant to an order of District Judge Learned Hand, dated July 16, 1915.
Please take further notice that a special meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, New York City, on the 28th day of September, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, at which meeting the creditors may attend, examine the bankrupt, appoint a new Trustee, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated New York, September 15, 1915.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
45 Cedar Street, N. Y. City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Eastern District of New York.—In the matter of SAMUEL and JACOB BOSHNACK, individually and as copartners doing business as BOSHNACK & SON, Bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that the assets of the above-named bankrupts, consisting of overalls, jumpers, &c., will be sold at public auction Wednesday, Sept. 29, at 10:30 A. M., at 2 Orchard St., N. Y., and immediately thereafter machinery, &c., at 217 Snediker Av., Brooklyn. MAX E. LEVINE, 320 Broadway, N. Y., Trustee; E. L. BONDY, 366 Broadway, N. Y., Attorney for Trustee; SELAH B. STRONG, 44 Court St., Brooklyn, Referee; J. W. & W. H. REID, Auctioneers.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX SHEAR, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Sept. 23, 1915, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 191 Division St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dried fruits, rice, beans, coffee, honey, canned goods, scales, furniture, fixtures, etc. JAMES D. BOYD, Receiver.
GANS, DAVIS & O'NEILL, Attorneys for Receiver, 140 Nassau St., New York.

CAMBRIA'S DYE PRODUCTS.

Steel Company Shipping Aniline Oil and Benzol Daily.

Special to The New York Times.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn., Sept. 17.—For some time the Cambria Steel Company has been shipping daily about 1,000 pounds of aniline oil, the base for extracting dyes of any color. In addition, 2,000 gallons of benzol for use in coal tar color manufacture are sent out from the local plant every day. The aniline oil is one of six or eight by-products obtained from coke oven coal gas through the initial admixture of refined oil. Benzol is similarly extracted. The plant and process are a development beyond the project initiated at the Cambria plant some months by Thomas A. Edison, and a distinct advance on the latter's venture.

A little later, there are hints, the Cambria Company will go into the manufacture of dyes also. Just now the experiment is being pushed to the point of developing an exclusive process, and for the present the management is not disposed to seek or welcome business in this field beyond making the shipments above noted.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.—Charles B. McIlhany, Vice President of the Cambria Steel Company, when asked tonight to verify the report that the company was making dyestuffs both from petroleum waste by a new process and from coal tar said he knew nothing of any such activity.

"Of course, though," he added, "we have been making benzol, tulol and aniline oils, which are intermediates in the manufacture of dyestuffs, at the Johnstown plant for the last six months. I have not heard that we are making dyestuffs ourselves. Cambria Steel has been selling these three products to dye manufacturers."

BANKER BURTON ARRAIGNED.

Ansonia Defaulter Released on $10,000 Bail—Depositors Recover.

ANSONIA, Conn., Sept. 17.—Ex-Mayor Franklin Burton was arraigned in the City Court today on a charge of embezzling $36,000 of the funds of the Savings Bank of Ansonia, of which he was Treasurer. He was held for trial in the Superior Court, his bond, which was fixed at $10,000, being furnished by William A. Nelson, a Director of the bank.

Burton was arrested last night after he had confessed the defalcation to E. J. Sturges, State Bank Commissioner.

Several hundred persons gathered near tho bank this morning, but there was no disorder, in contrast to the riotous scenes of last night. Fifty firemen have been sworn in as special police to prevent rioting.

Depositors were admitted to the bank one by one, where they were met by Director Nelson, who redeemed the passbooks, paying full value. Despite Mr. Nelson's announcement last night that he was willing to do this, many of the depositors, it was said, had sold their books on the street for 90 cents on the dollar.

The Directors said today that all the claims against the institution would be met and that the surplus of $80,000 would more than cover any shortage.

The bank decided to withdraw conditionally the sixty days' notice invoked yesterday. All depositors who hold accounts not exceeding $500 each will now be paid in full at any time. Offers of assistance came from several New England banks today.

SPOTS CONFIDENCE WOMAN.

McAlpin Detective Recognizes Old Offender in Writing Room.

A taxicab discharged at the entrance to the McAlpin Thursday night a slight, well-dressed, elderly woman in full mourning. The footman bowed low before her, and as she swept through the lobby to the stairway and up the steps to the second mezzanine floor her aristocratic carriage and her garb got her respectful leeway. Once in the Blue Room she seated herself at a desk and began a letter. After a few minutes a man stepped up to her.

"How do you do?" he said.

She smiled, and returned the greeting. "But I do not seem to remember you," she said, apparently puzzled.

"This is Miss Peck, is it not?" he pursued.

Her smile left her face. "Yes, I am Ellen Peck, but I do not know you," she returned.

"Yet I have known you for twenty-two years and have carried your photograph next my heart at times," said the man, taking out a pocketbook. "My name is Denniston, and I am in charge of the house detectives here."

She sprang to her feet.

"My mistake," she said. "I think I will go."

"I will accompany you as far as the door," said the courtly Denniston, and he gallantly escorted downstairs Ellen Peck, once known as the Queen of Confidence Women. Captain Denniston says she must be nearing 90, but looks thirty years younger.

FAMOUS CANDYMAKER DEAD.

Antonio Torres Used to Create Easter Bonnets of Sugar.

It was learned yesterday at the Belmont that Antonio Torres, the famous candy cook of the hotel, who used to make Easter bonnets of confectionery, and who went off to the war last September and served until he was invalided out of the French Army, had died during the Summer. Victor Perl, the maître d'hôtel, mourns him as the greatest artist that the confectionery trade ever produced.

Torres's bonnets were famous, and many of them, after being placed on exhibition near the Belmont restaurant, used to be copied by little milliners in side streets, who would sell them as the latest Parisian creations. Torres used to get his ideas direct from the Rue de la Paix.

The candy cook, who was a sharpshooter, although he was a sufferer from Bright's disease, was one of the first to hurry back to France to fight. After long service in the trenches he was wounded, and, in spite of his protest, he was honorably discharged when he was able to leave the hospital. He came back to the Belmont, and arrived just in time to get out his Spring bonnets for last Easter. He succumbed to the malady from which he had suffered for several years, and not to German bullets.

HEAT HADN'T FADED POSIES.

Bouquet Had Been Changed Between Admirer's Drinks.

A man who strolled across the lobby of the Belmont yesterday morning while a reporter was interrogating the clerks seemed much interested in a vase full of beautiful pink gladioli that stood on the office desk. He came over and looked at them, and smelled them, and remarked on their beauty.

Then he went downstairs.

The subway entrance is downstairs.

Also the bar is on the same level.

In about a quarter of an hour he was seen coming up. When his gaze fell upon the flowers he started, and put his hand to his head. He half turned, as if to go back. Then he faced about and came up to the desk. He examined the flowers closely.

"Say, what color were the flowers here a little while ago?" he asked.

"Pink," was the reply.

"And what color are they now?"

"I should say they were a sort of creamy yellow," replied the clerk. "They have been changed."

A look of relief came over the other's face.

"Gee!" he remarked, "I thought it was the—er—heat that made 'em look that way."

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..5:43|Sun sets..6:05|Moon sets..12:06

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	3:04	3:34	9:14	10:05
Governors Island	3:29	3:57	9:43	10:32
Hell Gate	5:19	5:47	11:23	12:12

Arrived—Friday, Sept. 17.

SS Baltic, Liverpool, Sept. 9.
SS Kursk, Archangel, Sept. 4.
SS Kristianiafjord, Bergen, Sept. 2.
SS Princeton, Tuxpam, Sept. 11.
SS Belgian, Puerto Padre, Sept. 10.
SS Orleanian, New Orleans, Sept. 2.
SS Hamborn, Guantanamo, Sept. 15.
SS Apache, Jacksonville, Sept. 15.
SS Nueces, Galveston, Sept. 12.
SS Oakfield, Savona, Aug. 25.
SS Esperanza, Havana, Sept. 14.
SS Torugero, Santa Marta, Sept. 14.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Melderskin	Rio Janeiro	Aug. 19
Rodfax	Aalborg	Aug. 29
Winneconne	Copenhagen	Aug. 28
Brunswick	Rotterdam	Sept. 2
Carolina	Christiania	Aug. 31
Soperga	Genoa	Aug. 30
Severic	Glasgow	Sept. 3
Atlas	Amsterdam	Sept. 2
Moncenisio	Lisbon	Sept. 5
Drome	Bordeaux	Aug. 31
Segama River	Liverpool	Sept. 2

DUE TOMORROW.

Philadelphia	Liverpool	Sept. 11
Finland	Colon	Sept. 13
Rotterdam	Rotterdam	Sept. 8
Santa Cruz	Balboa	Sept. 8
Willaston	Havre	Sept. 5
Lampasas	Mobile	Sept. 14
Calliope	Honolulu	Aug. 19
Ioannina	Piraeus	Sept. 2
City of Columbus	Savannah	Sept. 16

DUE MONDAY.

Orduna	Liverpool	Sept. 11
Tuscania	Glasgow	Sept. 12
Minnehaha	London	Sept. 11
Carolina	San Juan	Sept. 15
Tenadores	Colon	Sept. 13
Bovic	Manchester	Sept. 6
Westerdyk	Spezia	Aug. 25
S. V. Luckenbach	Balboa	Sept. 12
Cacique	Balboa	Sept. 12
Pioneer	Copenhagen	Sept. 4

DUE TUESDAY.

Arabis	Shields	Sept. 4
Ausable	Rotterdam	Sept. 6
Stephan	Barbados	Sept. 14
Touraine	Bordeaux	Sept. 12
Santa Rosalia	Rio Janeiro	Sept. 3
Strathallan	Bordeaux	Sept. 7
Idaho	Hull	Sept. 7
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Sept. 18

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
St. Louis, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Chicago, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Beekbergen	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Caserta, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Calamares, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mandeville, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
American Transport, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Stephano, St. John's	——	9:00 A.M.
Medina, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Den of Airlie, London	——	12:00 M.
Sabine, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Norte, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Mesaba, London		12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Kursk, Archangel	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Hanscat, Montevideo	6:00 A.M.	8:00 A.M.

SAIL TUESDAY.

San Giorgio, Naples	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Verdi, Rio Janeiro	10:00 A.M.	1:30 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., SEPT. 17.

SS Philadelphia, Liverpool to New York, was 1,020 miles E. at 10 A. M.; due 19th, late, or early 20th. American Line.
SS Rotterdam, Rotterdam to New York, was 900 miles E. at 6 P. M.; due 19th, late, or early 20th. Holland-America Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Finland, Colon to New York, was 790 miles S. at 7 P. M. 16th.
SS Lampasas, Mobile to New York, was 46 miles W. of Sand Key at noon.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 92 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Santa Cruz, San Francisco to New York, was 851 miles S. at 8 P. M.
SS Louis Luckenbach, San Francisco to New York, was 390 miles S. at noon.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah to New York, was 33 miles N. E. of Frying Pan at noon.
SS Vesta, Port Arthur to New York, was 125 miles N. of Cape Canaveral at noon.
SS Carolina, San Juan to New York, was 655 miles S. at 8 P. M.
SS El Sol, Galveston to New York, was 87 miles S. of Jupiter at 6 P. M.
SS Gulf Oil, Port Arthur to New York, was 190 miles S. at noon.
SS El Dia, New Orleans to New York, was 280 miles from Diamond Shoals at 6 P. M.
SS Nueces, Galveston to New York, was 583 miles E. of Galveston at 7 P. M.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 528 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Santa Clara, Balboa to New York, was 400 miles from Cape Henry at 8 P. M.
SS Maracaibo, San Juan to New York, was 260 miles N. of Curacao at 8 P. M.
SS El Valle, Galveston to New York, was 254 miles E. of Galveston Bar at noon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Adriatic, at Liverpool, Sept. 17.
SS Grangemoor, at Santos, Sept. 16.
SS Sant' Anna, at St. Michaels, Sept. 17.
SS Philadelphian, at Ste. Nazaire, Sept. 17.
SS Napoli, at Gibraltar, Sept. 16.

Sailed.

SS Australia, from St. Vincent, C. V., Sept. 16.
SS Chimu, from Talcahuano, Sept. 16.
SS Tanafjord, from Liverpool, Sept. 17.
SS Taormina, from Genoa, Sept. 11.

Passed.

SS Themistocles, New York for Piraeus, passed Malta.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 18, SS St. Louis.
France—Close at 11 A. M. Sept. 18, SS Chicago.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 6 P. M. Oct. 30, SS Cretic.
Liberia—No sailing at present.
Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Close at 10:30 A. M., Sept. 18, SS Beekbergen.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. Sept. 22, SS Frederik VIII.
Netherlands—Close at 10:30 A. M., Sept. 18, SS Beekbergen.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 18, SS Caserta.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.
Hawaii, (via Seattle)—Manoa .... Sept. 23
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia, (except West) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma .... Sept. 23
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver)—Niagara .... Sept. 24
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Shidzuoka Maru .... Sept. 26
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Chiyo Maru .... Sept. 27

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Wellington, Aug. 22; Auckland, Aug. 23; Melbourne, Aug. 27; Sydney, Aug. 28—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Sonoma, were dispatched east on Sept. 15, and are due in New York on the morning of Monday, Sept. 20.

Post Office Notice.

Postmaster Morgan announces that admissible liquids and oils, pastes, salves, or other articles easily liquefiable may be sent by international parcel post from the United States to Denmark and from Denmark to the United States, provided said articles are packed in accordance with the requirements of the Postal Laws and Regulations for such articles in domestic mails. Circulars containing full information upon the subject may be obtained at the General Post Office or at any station.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following eligible lists for second grade typewriting copyist, dictaphone, are announced:

Male.—Jack Shatter, 89.90; Frank P. Buenera, 87.10; Peter P. Paterno, 86.40; Leon Van Cork, 86.30; Herbert L. Liftchild, 85.50; William J. Caputi, 85; Albert Goodman, 83.90; Frank Berkowitz, 82.50; Ovid W. Gandiose, 80.10; Henry Borst, 79.60; Moses Rubenstein, 79.10; Henry Deissler, 78.50; Herman Birnbaum, 73.

Female.—Rose Webber, 95.80; Mabel G. Odell, 88.50; Lillian I. Sweeney, 88.40; Violet H. Scheil, 88; Margaret E. O'Keefe, 87.50; Catherine C. Barman, 86.50; Ethel D. Fay, 85.90; Catherine I. Nolan, 85.40; Florence Smith, 85; Elsie A. Mennecke, 83.60; Lydia S. Wasserman, 83.50; Teresa F. Straub, 83; Anna Kuhn, 82.50; Rachel Lefkowitz, 82; Carrie M. Hartt, 81.50; Mabel F. Kelly, 81.50; Elsa E. Schopp, 79; Agnes A. Stein, 78; Nellie S. Kenny, 77; Helen McWalters, 77.

United States.

The Commission announces for Oct. 13-14, at the New York Custom House, a competitive examination for junior engineer (civil) and junior engineer, (mechanical or electrical,) for men only. The requirements have been reduced to four years' good civil (or mechanical or electrical) engineering experience, or graduation in civil (or mechanical or electrical) engineering from an approved technical school. Both married and unmarried men will be admitted. From the registers of eligibles resulting from these examinations, selections may be made to fill vacancies arising in the grade of junior engineer in the engineer department at large. The examinations are, however, held primarily to enable applicants to qualify for the examination to be held by the War Department for commissions as second lieutenants in the Corps of Engineers, United States Army. Of those who attain eligibility in one of these examinations, only those who meet the following conditions will be permitted to take the examination given by the War Department: They must be unmarried, between 21 and 29 years of age, and graduates in an engineering course from an approved technical school. For junior engineer, (civil): Competitors will be examined in pure and applied mathematics, use and construction of instruments, and surveying, design and construction, training and experience. For junior engineer, (mechanical or electrical): Competitors will be examined in pure and applied mathematics, construction and operation of boilers, engines, electric machinery and apparatus, materials of construction, &c., theory and practice of mechanical engineering, or electrical engineering, training and experience. Age, 20 years or over on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the Commission, Washington, D. C.

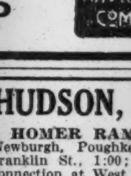
SATURDAY SAIL
Str. "Albany" to WEST POINT $1 Round Trip

and BEAR MOUNTAIN
Leaves Desbrosses St., 1.45; W. 42d St., 2:00; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Returning Str. "Robert Fulton" leaves West Point 6:20 P. M., due West 42d St., 9:20 P.M.
Music. Restaurant.
Ideal Trip for Saturday Afternoon.
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses St. Pier. Tel. 4141 Spring, New York.


SUNDAY ON THE HUDSON
"TROJAN"
Leaves Pier 32, N. R., 9:30 A. M.; W. 132d St. Pier, 10:00 A. M., for Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Albany.
Connecting at Newburg or Poughkeepsie with "Rensselaer" returning.
ORCHESTRA. DINNER A LA CARTE.
POUGHKEEPSIE AND RETURN, $1.00
Tel. Spring 9400. HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.


UP THE HUDSON BY DAYLIGHT
All Service Daily Except Sunday
Direct Rail Connections to all points in the Catskills, Saratoga, the Adirondacks, the West and North. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.
Str. "Washington Irving"
Str. "Hendrick Hudson"
Str. "Robert Fulton"
Str. "Albany"
Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M., landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany.
Also (until Sept. 18, inclusive) Desbrosses St., 9:40; W. 42d St., 10; W. 129th St., 10:20; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M. for Bear Mountain, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie.
One Day Outings to Poughkeepsie, Newburgh, West Point, or Bear Mountain.
Afternoon Boat
(until Sept. 18, inclusive) for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1.45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by Str. "ROBERT FULTON."
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses St. Pier. Tel. 4141 Spring, N. Y.

NEW YORK-ALBANY-TROY
Largest River Steamships in the World
SERVICE DAILY, INCLUDING SUNDAY.
CAPITAL CITY LINE—
Pier 32, N. R., ft. Canal St. 5:30 P.M.
West 132d St. Pier .... 6:00 P.M.
Fare, one way, $1; round trip, $1.50.
PEOPLES LINE—
Pier 32, North River .... 6:00 P.M.
West 132d St. .... 6:30 P.M.
Fare, one way, $2; round trip, $3.50.
NIGHT EXPRESS—
Pier 32, North River ...... 9:00 P.M.
West 132d Street .... 10:00 P.M.
Fare, one way, $2; round trip, $3.50.
Special Daylight Service Sundays, leaving Pier 32, N. R., 9:30 A. M.; West 132d st., 10:00 A. M.
Tourist Auto Rates—$5.00 and $10.00 one way, $7.50 and $15 round trip.
TEL. SPRING 9400.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

GREAT WEEK-END TRIP LAKE GEORGE
500 Miles of Sail—Rail—Sail.
Hudson River by Searchlight.
Lake George by Daylight.
Tel. Spring 9400
Leave Saturday Night; Return Monday Morning.
ROUND $5.00 TRIP


STR. "GRAND REPUBLIC"
Saturday, September 18th
AFTERNOON TRIPS
2½ Hours' Sail Down the Bay.
Lve. Pier 1, N. R., 2:00 and 4:30 P. M.
EVENING TRIP
3½ Hours' Sail Up the Hudson.
Lve. Pier 1, N. R., 8 P. M.; W. 129th St., 8:45 P. M.
TICKETS 50c. EACH TRIP.
Special Observation Trip
UP THE HUDSON
Sunday, September 19th.
A sail above NEWBURGH to view the beautiful autumnal scenery, stopping at Highland Falls, both ways, 2½ hours at WEST POINT. Leave Pier 1, N. R., 9:30; W. 129th St., 10:30. Restaurant and Bar under Co.'s management.
SPECIAL MUSIC—DANCING—Tickets $1.

UP THE HUDSON, SAT.
SEPT. 18, STR. HOMER RAMSDELL, for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie and Kingston, leaves Franklin St., 1:00; W. 129th St., 1:30 P. M. Connection at West Point and Newburgh with Str. Benj. B. Odell for New York, $1 Round Trip. Music, Restaurant, Lunch Room. Str. W. F. Romer leaves Franklin St. 2:30; W. 129th St. 3.00 P. M. for landings Highland Falls to Kingston. Connection at Highland Falls or West Point for return boat to New York same day.
ROUND TRIP, $1.00
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

INTER-STATE PARK HIGHLAND LAKE
BEAR MOUNTAIN
45 MILES UP THE BEAUTIFUL HUDSON
STEEL STR. "HIGHLANDER"
Weekdays & Sundays Lvs. Battery 9:15, W. 23d St. 9:45, W. 42d St. 10:20, W. 129th St. 10:40, Yonkers 11:10 A. M. Round Trip, Daily, 50c. Children, 25c. Sundays, 75c. Children, 50c. McALLISTER ST'B'T CO., Tel. Broad 953.

Eastern Steamship Lines
All-the-Way-by-Water
BOSTON Metropolitan Line Steamships
MASSACHUSETTS and BUNKER HILL
Lve. Pier 18, N. R., foot Murray St., every day 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M. Same service returning. Unsurpassed Express Passenger Service. Best facilities for handling Automobiles, Horses and Freight
Portland Main Steamship Line Steamships
NORTH LAND and NORTH STAR
Lve. Pier 19, N. R., Tues., Thurs., and Sats. at 5 P. M. Time between cities about 22 hours.
Tks. and information at Piers, also at all Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. Offices.

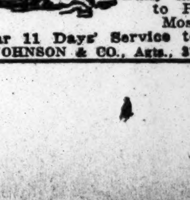
Atlantic Highlands
STEAMER "CASTLETON" FARE 10 Cts
Automobiles Carried. Capacity 30 Cars.
Lvs. Daily ft. Whitehall St., next to South Ferry, 10 A.M., 2 P.M. | Lvs. Atlantic Highlands 11:45 A. M., 5 P. M. Tel. Broad 179 or 8263
SEASON CLOSES MONDAY, SEPT. 20.

PANAMA CANAL OR CALIFORNIA
Large American Trans-Atlantic Liner
"FINLAND" FROM NEW YORK SEPT. 25 10:00 A. M.
To Panama Canal — To California
$75 up First Cabin $125 up
$40 up Intermediate Cabin $60 up
Meals and Berth Included
Also California Combination Tickets—One Way All Water Route, Other Way Rail.
PANAMA PACIFIC LINE 9 BROADWAY NEW YORK

American Line
AMERICAN STEAMERS
Under the American Flag
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 62, N. R., Noon
St. Louis...Sept. 18 | Philadelphia. Sept. 25
White Star Line
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 60, N. R., Noon
Baltic......Sept. 22 | †Cymric......Oct. 1
†Cabin and 3d Class Passengers only.
Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa
Canopic, September 30, 10 A. M.
Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 9000 Rector

CUNARD
Established 1840
EUROPE via LIVERPOOL
ORDUNA, . . SAT., SEPT. 25, 10 A. M.
SAXONIA, . . SAT., OCT. 9, 10 A. M.
ORDUNA, . . SAT., OCT. 23, 10 A. M.
*TUSCANIA, . . FRI., OCT. 29, 5 P. M.
SAXONIA, . . SAT., NOV. 6, 10 A. M.
*En Route to Glasgow.
ROUND THE WORLD TOURS.
Through bookings to all principal Ports of the World
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for BORDEAUX
CHICAGO . . . Sept. 18, 3 P. M.
LA TOURAINE . Sept. 25, 3 P. M.
ESPAGNE . . . Oct. 2, 3 P. M.
ROCHAMBEAU . . Oct. 9, 3 P. M.
FOR INFORMATION APPLY
COMPANY'S OFFICE 19 State St., N. Y. Phone Broad 4900

RUSSIAN AMERICAN LINE

Only direct line to RUSSIA
S. S. Kursk, Sept. 20
S. S. Czaritza, Oct. 1
S. S. Czar, Oct. 12
1st Class, $90; 2d, $65
Daily through service to Petrograd, Moscow, etc.
Regular 11 Days' Service to Archangel.
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Agts., 27 B'way, N. Y.

OCEAN TRIPS
COOL AND RESTFUL
HAVANA Fascinating in its boulevard life. 10 days, including hotel expenses, $95
BAHAMAS Special 10-day cruises, allowing 3 days in Nassau, seat of the British Colonial Government, $50
MEXICO 22-day cruises, including stops at Havana, Progreso, Vera Cruz, and Tampico, steamer your hotel, $130
Write for booklet "F," giving complete information.
WARD LINE
New York and Cuba Mail Steamship Co.
General Offices, Pier 14, E. R., New York

SOUTH AMERICA
BARBADOS, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO & BUENOS AYRES
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
S. S. Verdi, Sept. 21, 1:30 P. M.
S. S. Byron, Oct. 2, 9:30 A. M.
BUSK & DANIELS, Gen. Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York.

ANCHOR LINE
Royal Mail Twin-Screw Steamships.
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
TUSCANIA - - - Sat., Sept. 25, 10 A.M.
CAMERONIA - - - Sat., Oct. 9, 10 A.M.
CALIFORNIA - - - Sat., Oct. 16, 10 A.M.
TUSCANIA - - - Fri., Oct. 29, 5 P.M.
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

FABRE LINES TO PARIS
VIA NAPLES AND MARSEILLES
PATRIA (new)...Sept. 30 | SANT' ANNA...Oct. 23
Via Azores, Lisbon, Gibraltar and Barcelona.
ROMA .... OCT. 22—DEC. 7
Jas. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

EVERY HOUR ONE LONG DELIGHT!
Low fares to all points SOUTH.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., 501 5th Av., N. Y.

12-Day, All-Expense Northern Cruise $60. Booklet free Red Cross Line, New York.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
BOSTON $2.80
Via Boat and Rail. ROUND TRIP $5.40.
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.75
ROUND TRIP $3.30.
COLONIAL LINE
First-class service, catering to the best people. Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. All Outside Rooms, $1.00 to $3.00. Wireless equipment. Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St. Phone Spring 9491.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.55 BOSTON $2.55
Via Boat and Trolley, $2.25.
Worcester, $2.60; Providence direct, $1.50.
STATEROOMS, $1.00, $1.50 AND $2.00.
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St.
Write for illustrated Folder.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $4.00
Lv. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., Daily at 5.30 P. M. Music.
New London (Norwich) Line. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.
New Bedford Line. Strs. lv Pier. 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, at 6:00 P. M.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 p. m. for Connecticut River landings. Write for Summer folder.

50¢ 10.30 A.M. YACHT TRIP 2.30 P.M. 75¢
YACHT CLIFTON LEAVES FOOT WEST 42nd ST. Encircling City. Sight Seeing. Sat. & Sun. 25c add'l. Tel. Bryant 3628. Folders in all Hotels & Tkt. Ofcs.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Lve. Battery Pier 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373.
To Sandy Hook and the Ocean, 1:30 P. M.

ROUND TRIP RED BANK LINE 50 CENTS
For Highlands, Oceanic, Locust Point, Fair Haven & Red Bank. Week days, lve. Franklin St., Pier 24, 8:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M.; Battery, 8:55 A. M., 2:55 P. M. SUNDAYS, Franklin St., 8:30; Battery, 8:55 A. M. Trolleys connect.

Str. of Montauk S. B. Co. lvs. pier ft. 34th St., E. R., for Greenport and Sag Harbor Tues. and Thurs., 5:00; Sats., 1:00 P. M.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES, Pier 43, N. R., daily except Sundays, 6:30 P. M. Tel. Spring 1097.

"NIAGARA TO THE SEA" by Canada S. S. Lines, Ltd., 182 Victoria Sq., Montreal.

TO NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS. Sandy Hook Route, New Jersey Central.

DAYLIGHT OCEAN ROUTE TO ATLANTIC CITY, PIER 46, N. R. PHONE SPRING 712.

UP THE HUDSON SUNDAY
Delightful sail to Newburgh and Poughkeepsie, round trip $1.00.
Str. "Benj. B. Odell"
Good restaurant, music. Franklin St., 9 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:30 A. M.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT
MANHATTAN LINE
$1.00 TO ALBANY
Dining Room Service a la Carte.
THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.
Autos and Horses at Low Rates.
Steamers Lv. daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; West 131st St., 6 P. M. Telephone 9226 Spring.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice.—On September 8, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above-named court on behalf of the United States against seven cases of eggs upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States.
Pursuant to the monition of said court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares, and merchandise or interested therein to appear before said court in the General Post Office Building, on September 29, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.
September 8, 1915.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York, County of New York.—In the matter of the Application of the A. & E. LEATHER GOODS COMPANY, a Corporation, for authority to change its name to M. J. SPIEGEL COMPANY, INC.
Notice is hereby given that the A. & E. Leather Goods Company, a Corporation having its principal place of business in the City, County, and State of New York, Borough of Manhattan, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at a Special Term thereof, to be held on the 27th day of September, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing the said corporation to change its corporate name to M. J. Spiegel Company, Inc.
Dated, New York, N. Y., the 7th day of September, 1915.
A. & E. LEATHER GOODS COMPANY,
By MAX J. SPIEGEL, President.
ERWIN, FRIED & CZAKI, Attorneys for Petitioner, 15 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

George J. Gould Buys Howard Gould's Fifth Avenue Corner for $513,000—Dr. Paterno Acquires Riverside Drive Corner —Brooklyn Block Front Sale—Suburban Deals.

The purchase at auction of Howard Gould's vacant plot on the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Seventy-third Street by George J. Gould, and a Riverside Drive deal involving the northeast corner of 101st Street were the features of interest in the realty market yesterday.

The Fifth Avenue sale marked the close of a long legal contest regarding the property, the sale of which was disputed by Mrs. Howard Gould on the ground that it was planned to deprive her of her dower rights. She was formerly the actress Katherine Clemmons and obtained a legal separation from Howard Gould about six years ago.

The property, 77.2 by 130, was sold at foreclosure instituted by George J. Gould to secure judgment for $17.82, due as interest on the tax lien of about $55,000, by him. The plot is assessed at $360,000, but its value is regarded as fully $800,000.

The sale was conducted by Joseph P. Day, and after several bids, was knocked down to David H. Taylor, of the law firm of Taylor, Knowles & Hatch, acting for George Gould, for $513,000. It is $13,000 more than Howard Gould paid for the parcel ten years ago. One-third of the proceeds will go to Mrs. Gould. It was announced that a company known as the Seventy-third Street Realty Company will take title to the property. The officers are H. L. Utter, President, D. H. Huntsmen, and David H. Taylor, Directors. It is controlled by George J. Gould.

Paterno Buys Riverside Drive Corner.

An important deal on Riverside Drive for a new apartment has been closed in the purchase by the Paterno Construction Company, Dr. Charles V. Paterno, President, of the vacant plot on the northeast corner of Riverside Drive and 101st Street. The frontage is 27.7 on the drive, 142.10 on the street, the last thirty feet running back to a depth of 100.11. The property, which has been held at $150,000, was bought from the Douglas Realty Company, Richard W. Elliott, President. In part payment Dr. Paterno gave a track of several lots at Ampere, N. J. The brokers in the deal were Electus T. Backus Company.

Dr. Paterno is having plans prepared to improve the corner with a twelve-story apartment house, to be ready next Spring. The block front to the south is occupied by the Doelger residence. Dr. Paterno has just completed for Fall occupancy three large west side apartments, being respectively on the northwest corner of Broadway and Eighty-fourth Street, northeast corner of West End Avenue and Eighty-fourth Street, and the southwest corner of West End Avenue and Eighty-eighth Street, all of which are about 90 per cent. rented.

West Side Dwelling Sold.

The three-story dwelling at 311 West 104th Street, between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive, on plot 17 by 100.11, has been sold by Pease & Elliman for Adele M. Lindenmeyer to a client.

West Harlem Flat Traded.

An investing client of Moore Schutte & Co. has purchased 273 West 122d Street, a five-story flat with stores. In part payment the buyer gave 337 Convent Avenue, a 3½-story private dwelling on a lot 25 by 100.

Builders Buy Brooklyn Block.

Margaret C. Gallagher has sold the block front on the westerly side of Tenth Avenue, between Seventy-fourth and Seventy-fifth Street Parkway, Brooklyn, to the Johnson Construction Company, who will erect ten two-family houses of an entirely new type.

The plans are being specially prepared to suit this location, having among other features a ten-foot driveway running from street to street through the rear of the plot. Frank A. Seaver & Co. negotiated the sale.

Take Title to Van Wicklen Farm.

The Ring-Gibson Company, builders and developers, have taken title to the Van Wicklen farm of about thirty-six acres, situated on the south side of Liberty Avenue, at Richmond Hill South, Borough of Queens. Several hundred two-family brick dwellings will be erected by the company on the site.

Long Island.

In the Ridgewood section of the Borough of Queens the Realty Associates have sold to the Bauer-Stier Company seventy-five lots located on Grove, Linden, Palmetto, Woodbine and Traffic Streets. This is the second sale made to companies in which Paul Stier is interested, the first sale, last June, to Paul Stier, Inc., comprising 141 lots in the same vicinity, on which the purchasers are now erecting flats and small dwellings.

Edgar F. Hazleton, referee in foreclosure, yesterday sold the four-story brick factory on Orchard Street, Long Island City. It was built eight years ago by the McClure Publishing Company and was purchased by the Virginia Wood Pulp and Paper Company for $98,200. It was sold to foreclose a mortgage of $95,000 held by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company.

L. Callucci has purchased from the MacIver Improvement Company a tract 200 by 440 on the south side of Fourteenth Street, east of Seventh Avenue, Whitestone.

Robert W. Dunkley has sold to Flora E. Sheffield a plot, 50 by 100, on the northeast corner of First Street and Warburton Avenue, Bayside.

The Bayside Building Company has purchased from Lorena W. Shorrock a plot, 45 by 100, on the west side of First Street, near Ashburton Avenue, Bayside.

Samuel H. Cleveland has sold to J. Wesley Hamer three plots at Douglas Manor, Douglaston.

Resale in East Orange.

The Foard Holding Company has purchased from Frederick Brown seventeen houses in East Orange, N. J. The seller acquired the property last month in payment for the six-story Holly Arms apartment house at 402 to 410 West 148th Street.

The East Orange houses are one, two, three, and six story structures, and are located on North Sixteenth and North Nineteenth Streets, Carnegie Avenue and Eaton Place. The consideration was $150,000.

$30,000 New Jersey Deal.

Louis Cowan sold to a client for Charles Maltby the Maltby estate at Plainfield, N. J., consisting of fifteen acres, with modern residence and outbuildings. The property was held at $20,000. It was an all-cash transaction.

Westchester County.

The Robert E. Farley Organization has sold at Philipse Manor-on-Hudson for Alec G. Standing his house, now in process of construction, to Miss C. C. Dulon, and a residence on Berkeley Avenue, Greenacres, to Edwin H. Mixer.

Fish & Marvin have sold for the estate of John J. Tate a property situated in the township of Yorktown, Westchester County, N. Y., consisting of thirty acres, residence, and outbuildings. The purchaser is a prominent New York man, who will make extensive improvements to the property.

Buys Fairfield Estate.

Joseph P. Day has sold for the estate of Elizabeth M. Barry to Burrett F. Chase of Greens Farms, Conn., the property consisting of about seven acres, with buildings, on Unquowa Road, Fairfield, Conn. It was to have been sold by Mr. Day at auction on Sept. 21.

Important Lease in Old Stern Store.

Elias Brothers & Co., shirt manufacturers, now located at 552 Broadway, have decided to move uptown, and leased from the estate of Isaac Stern the second floor of the old Stern department store at 28 and 30 West Twenty-third Street, running through to West Twenty-second Street.

The floor, which contains about 21,000 square feet, will be extensively altered and used as a showroom. Tanenbaum, Strauss & Co., in conjunction with M. & L. Hess negotiated the lease.

Commercial Leases.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased the building at 829 to 835 Eleventh Avenue for a term of years at an aggregate rental of about $40,000.

Van Norden & Wilson have leased for Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd a store in the building, 77 Madison Avenue, to Max Hechtman.

Bonomolo & Zaccaro have leased for Anna C. S. Hassey the five-story tenement, 11 Jones Street, to a client for a term of five years from Oct. 1, 1915.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. have leased for the Thomas Realty Company the large store in the Thomas Building, at the southeast corner of Broadway and Sixty-third Street, to the Pullman Car Company.

Private Dwellings Leased.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Thatcher M. Adams, Jr., to Reginald Wright Kaufmann the three-story and basement dwelling, 39 West Tenth Street.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased 125 East Thirty-ninth Street, a five-story American basement dwelling, for Mrs. Price Post of Tuxedo to D. Thomas Moore.

W. T. Taliaferro has leased No. 52 West Seventy-second Street, a private dwelling, for the estate of Harriet A. Cullen to Mrs. Etta Christen for a term of three years.

Samuel H. Martin has leased for Susie Scott Hall the four-story dwelling at 325 West 137th Street to Mary Mulhorn.

John R. Davidson has leased for Annie M. Backens the three-story dwelling at 117 Manhattan Avenue to James S. Watt.

Realty Notes.

The Seven Hundred and Eighty West End Avenue Company has been incorporated at Albany, with a capital of $10,000, to take over the twelve-story apartment house at the southeast corner of West End Avenue and Ninety-eighth Street, and also the adjoining dwelling at 776 West End Avenue. The company represents Ashbel Hubbard of Mobile, Ala., who purchased the properties from T. J. McLaughlin Sons.

Nelson, Lee & Green have procured a mortgage for Samuel K. Jacobs of $47,500 on twenty-three lots at Shippan Point, Conn. The property has no buildings upon it, although surrounded by fine houses. It was acquired by Jacobs through the same brokers in a trade for the leasehold of 3 to 7 West Thirty-fifth Street.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

5th Av, s e corner of 73d St, (2,) 77.2x130, vacant; G. J. Gould against Howard Gould et al.; Taylor, K. & H., attorneys; C. W. Wickersham, referee; due, $55,050.81; taxes, &c., $36,036; to the Seventy-third Street Realty Co., for $513,000.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

Haven Av, w s, 562.10 ft s of 181st St, 50.6x192.2 to Riverside Drive x50x199.3, vacant; C. S. Weiss against Montrose Realty Co. et al.; Goldsmith, C., C. & W., attorneys; R. C. Murphy, referee; due, $17,387.18; taxes, &c., $1,560.76; to the plaintiff, for $15,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

139th St, n s, 575 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 25x100, vacant; F. R. Pinner against M. E. Flynn et al.; Carrington & P., attorneys; Ely Neumann, referee; due, $2,550.55; taxes, &c., $84.33; to the plaintiff, for $2,500.

Amundson Av, w s, 325 ft s of Nelson Av, 25x100; Eastchester Savings Bank against Johanna Paulson et al.; J. M. Bell, attorney; M. M. Fertig, referee; due, $3,897.41; taxes, &c., $170.56; to Wendela Johnson, for $4,300.

Fieldston Road, s e corner of 256th St, 124.6x76.1x101.5x146.2; Wales Av, s e corner of 256th St, 95.3x46.2x91.11x63.11; Sylvan Av, w s, 131.3 ft n of 256th St, 25x100; Sylvan Av, e s, 204.11 ft n of 256th St, 75x100; Sylvan Av, n e corner of 256th St, 79.11x50x92.10x21.8, vacant; J. E. L. Beals against J. S. Seagrave; Roe & H., attorneys; Lewis Landes, referee; due, $7,601.86; taxes, &c., &c., $124.60; to the plaintiff, for $4,000.

By J. H. Mayers.

Magenta St, 629, n s, 40 ft e of Bronx Boulevard, 30x97.3; W. G. Appleton, executor, against William Scholermann et al.; Frees & M., attorneys; C. A. Oberwager, referee; due, $2,865.05; taxes, &c., $448.11; to the plaintiff, for $3,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

55th St, n s, 270 ft e of 6th Av, for a nine-story apartment, 50x85.5; estate of Thomas G. Dunham, 22 William St, owner; Rouse & Goldstone, 38 West 32d St, architects; cost ...$30,000

39th St, s s, 25 ft w of 8th Av, for a twelve-story loft, 125x98.9; 324 West 39th Street Corporation, 315 West 57th St, owner; Crow, Lewis & Wichenhoefer, 200 5th Av, architect; cost ...$275,000

Morris Av, e s, 25 ft s of 162d St, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x88; Joseph Sousin Company, Joseph Sousin, 1,344 Bristow St President, owner; John P. Boyland, 2,526 Webster Av, architect; cost ...$40,000

Bussing Av, n s, 25.18 ft e of Boyd Av, for two two-story frame dwellings, 21x53 each; Caroline Sittig, 890 Forest Av, owner; Carl J. Itzel, 1,362 Prospect Av, architect; cost ...$10,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

105th St, 405 to 421 East, and 106th St, 404 to 422 East, to a three-story factory; M. Nathan, 32 West 72d St, owner; W. J. Havell, 325 East 31st St, architect; cost ...$10,000

Broadway, s w corner Liberty St, to a nineteen-story office building and store; Pittsburgh Life and Trust Company, 1,133 Broadway, owner; Jardine, Hill & Murdock, 3 West 29th St, architects; cost ...$5,000

65th St, 13 East, to a five-story dwelling; Hoyt-Reise Construction Company, 516 5th Av, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, 302 5th Av, architect; cost ...$9,000

Sheriff St, 66 and 68, to a five-story dance hall; H. M. Rosenberg, 712 East 14th St, Brooklyn, owner; J. Fuller, 25 Avenue A, architect; cost ...$15,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 17.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 164th St, (500 West,) 27.10x100; Zimmern & Levi, Inc., to Hy. Besier, 524 West 173d St, ½ part, all liens, Sept. 17; attorney, Abr. Stern, 31 Nassau St ...$1

EAST BROADWAY, 259, s w corner of Montgomery St, 10 and 12, 23x95; Ray Factor to Isadore Kahn, 930 Fox St, (mtg $57,000,) Sept. 14; attorney, D. Michelsohn, 61 Broadway ...$100

LEXINGTON AV, 222, n w corner of 33d St, 26.8x100, foreclosure; Harry Bijur, referee, to Tillie S. Cahn, (Openhym,) 2,170 Broadway; Albert Stern, 68 Highland Av., Yonkers, N. Y.; Wilfred A. Openhym, 352 Riverside Drive, and Robert B. Hirsch, Hubbard Av, Stamford, Conn., trustees of the will of Augustus W. Openhym, Sept. 17; attorneys, Kurzman, F. & G., 25 Broad St. ...$54,500

13TH ST, 537 East, n s, 170 ft w of Avenue B, 25x103.3; Morris Kronovet et al. to Samuel I. Gordon, 262 9th Av, all liens, Aug. 26; attorneys, London & Davis, 55 Liberty St ...$100

24TH ST, 152 West, s s, 150 ft e of 7th Av, 25x98.9; Security Mortgage Co., 128 Broadway, to Moreland Mortgage Co., 120 Broadway, (mtg $30,000,) all liens, Sept. 17; attorneys, Alexander & Green, 120 Broadway ...$1

53D ST, s s, 220 ft e of 3d Av, 20x90; Bertha S. Brown, widow, to Anna Manuel, 172 East 73d St, and Sadie A. M. Brown, 220 East 53d St, party of first part retain life estate, (mtg $8,000,) all liens, Sept. 16; attorney, John Mullholland, 280 Broadway ...$1

79TH ST, 162 and 164 East, s s, 130 ft e of Lexington Av, 40x102.2; Brimchen Wallach et al., executors, &c., of Karl M. Wallach, to Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc., 18 East 41st St, (mtg $36,000,) all liens, Aug. 14; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 128 Broadway ...$70,000

83D ST, 30 West, s s, 331 ft w of Central Park West, 19x102.2, (foreclosure Aug. 19;) Louis Lande, referee, to Iberia Realty Co., 13 West 20th St, Sept. 16; attorneys, Cary & Carroll, 59 Wall St ...$22,000

101ST ST, 106 East, s s, 47.9 ft e of Park Av, 16x100.11; Louis Newman to Charles Salzman, 715 Lexington Av, (mtg $3,000,) Sept. 15; attorney, D. Drechsler, 140 Nassau St ...$1

107TH ST, 232 East, s s, 175 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Frank A. Sinisgalli to Giuseppe Natale, 617 Morris Park Av, Sept. 16 ...$100

111TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Lenox Av, 87.6x71.10; 111th Street Construction Corporation to Jonas Spinner, 119 Pitt St, (mtg $73,500,) Sept. 15; attorney, I. Kronshein, 140 Nassau St ...$100

112TH ST, 307 East, n s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100, (foreclosure Sept. 15;) Robert L. Stanton, referee, to James McDermott, 115 West 94th St, Sept. 16; attorney, James O'Farrell, 280 Broadway ...$3,000

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, e s, 223.6 ft s of 176th St, 17.11x100; American Savings Bank to Keilbert Construction Co., Inc., 535 East 166th St, (mtg $6,400,) Sept. 14; attorney, John V. Irwin, 203 Broadway ...$100

CORLEAR AV, w s, 86.6 ft s of 232d St, 25x irregular; John Bradley to Robert Bradley, 1,930 University Av, 2-3 part, (mtg $2,100,) Sept. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ...$100

CORLEAR AV, w s, 111.6 ft s of 232d St, 25x irregular; same et al. to same, (mtg $2,300,) April 19; attorney, same ...$100

CORLEAR AV, w s, 86.6 ft s of 232d St, 25x irregular; Susan Pattinson et al. to John Bradley, 3,141 Corlear Av, (mtg $2,100,) April 19; attorney, same ...$100

CRESTON AV, s e cor of 188th St, 65x95; Charles F. Deshler to Packer Building Co., 457 West 141st St, Sept. 16, (mtg. $5,500;) attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St ...$100

FULTON AV, s e cor of 169th St, 65x79.1; M. A. C. Glover and another to Albert G. Rich, 8 Kress Park, New Rochelle, N. Y., (mtg. $54,000,) Sept. 14; attorney, A. G. Rich, 29 Liberty St ...$1

LOT 4, map E. R. B. King; Henry Claassen to Rosa Claassen, 43 Lexington Av, Sept. 3; attorney, J. Arthur Fischer, 690 6th Av ...$1

LOT 214A, map Koch Homestead, Frederick W. Koch to Philip Appell and another, 2,888 Middletown Rd., Sept. 14; attorney, L. S. Mapes, 1,469 Williamsbridge Rd ...$1

LOTS 558 and 559, map Bradish Johnson, Jennie Marino to Benjamin Molthman, 32 Stanton St, Sept. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ...$1

PROSPECT AV, s w cor of 163d St, 100x106; S. E. & M. E. Bernheimer Co. to Siman Realty Co., 231 West 96th St, (mtg. $120,000,) Sept. 8; attorneys, Rose & P., 128 Broadway ...Omitted

172D ST, w s, 270 ft s of Boston Rd, 80x100; Rosanna Rosenfeld to Frederick Lese, 133 East 80th St, (mtg. $31,000,) Sept. 14; attorneys, Lese & C., 35 Nassau St ...$100

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

BROADWAY, e s, 80.5 ft n of 46th St, 20x80, all; Edward de P. Livingston and another to Frederick K. James, 127 West 82d St, 21 years from May 1, 1916; attorneys, Parker, D. & W., 34 Nassau St ...$10,000

MERCER ST, 29, store floor and basement; Georgette De G. Fahnestock to Victor Lebovitz, 353 4th St, Brooklyn, 6 years from Feb. 1, 1916; attorneys, Fuller & P., 145 Nassau St ...$1,200

WILLIAM ST, 87 and 89, all; Rebecca A. D. Wendelswope to John Arata, Great Notch, N. J., 5 years from Sept. 1, 1915; attorney, Louis Hartmann, 80 Maiden Lane ...$4,000

31ST ST, 216 East, all; Ann Hamilton to Helene Gylin, 216 East 31st St, 3 years from Sept. 1, 1915; attorney, Ann Hamilton, 218 East 31st St ...$1,000

43D ST, 611 to 625 West, ground floor and second floor; New York Manufacturers' Real Estate Co. to W. J. Thompson Co., 611 West 43d St, 10 years from Jan. 1, 1916 ...$5,180

1ST AV, 2,032, all; Angela Ferrera to Charles A. Casazza, 5,805 7th Av, Brooklyn, 3 years from July 1, 1915; attorney, Joseph Logomasini, 21 Park Row ...$1,481

5TH AV, 511, third floor; 511 5th Avenue Corporation to F. L. Dunne & Co., 297 5th Av, 20 years from Feb. 1, 1916 ...$12,000

Bronx.

KELLY ST, 997, 1,001, 1,005, all; Schoen Leasing Co., Inc., to Morris Rosenfeld, 505 West 133d St, from Sept. 1, 1915, to Feb. 27, 1918; attorney, Max Salomon, 5 Beekman St ...$14,756

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

ACADEMY ST, n e s, 150 ft nw of Vermilyea Av, 50x87.6; Manhattan Lime Co. against Loyal Building Co., owner; Jack Silvestri, contractor ...$98

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner 128th St., 104.7x100x irregular; George Ellis & Co. against Been Leimer & Schwartz Pilsener Brewing Co., owners; Automatic Sprinkler Co. of America, contractor; Edgar H. Adams, subcontractor ...$9.50

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, e s, 1,059.7 ft s of Dyckman St, 459.6x irregular; Central Foundry Co. against Vermont Hygeia Ice Co., contractor & owner, (renewal) ...$269.91

3D AV, 925; Herman Levin against Aaron Altmayer, owner; Leon S. Altmayer, contractor ...$53.25

7TH AV, 433 and 435; Louis Neuburger, Inc., against 168 West 34th St. Co., owner; James F. Hogan, contractor ...$172.37

30TH ST, 247 West; Mayer Malkin against Harry Harburger, owner; John W. Rothenberg, contractor ...$439.37

48TH ST, 115 West; Edward Grant against Kathryn M. Kaye, owner & contractor ...$19

93D ST, 184 East; Herman Levin against Sanders B. Altmayer, owner; Leon S. Altmayer, contractor ...$170

Bronx.

BECK ST, 582-588; Walter J. White against Ostro Construction Co., owners and contractors ...$3,980

BRONXWOOD AV, n e corner of 228th St., 65.4x109.1; James Quinn Construction Co., Inc., against Liberty Lace & Netting Works, Eugene Metzger and Hugo N. Schloss, owners; Murray Hill Construction Co., Inc., contractors ...$4,925.05

CROTONA AV, 2,105; Sadie Males against Thomas Joseph, Mary Ann, Margaret, and Catherine McMahon, owners; Harry Heppner, contractor ...$29.27

JACKSON AV, 485; Robert Elkan against Flar Building Corp., and Jennie Wolf, owners; Flar Building Corp., contractors ...$225

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

CLINTON ST, 147; Daniel M. Rader against Bertha Boltan et al., Aug. 25, 1915 ...$216

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244; Felix de Luca against Mary Lyons et al., Oct. 23, 1914 ...$455

7TH ST, 130 East; Van Wagoner Linn Construction Co. against Ladislaws W. Schwenk et al., July 27, 1914 ...$354.38

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 1,620-1,622; Louis I. Bregman against Wattenberg, Cahan & Pittman et al., Sept. 13, 1915 ...$390

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The Old Method

of waiting for inquiries for vacant space will not do these days. An aggressive campaign for tenants in many cases with us has been successful.

Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street

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Must Be Sold—Make Offer
Beautiful Private Residence.
Caretaker on premises; inspection invited. 460 West 141st St.; lot 18x100; 4-story American basement, 12 rooms, 3 baths, parquet floors, hardwood trim throughout, exquisitely decorated; splendid condition; exclusive private residential block; subject to savings bank mortgage $15,000 at 5%; rare opportunity for immediate purchaser, away below actual market value. Owner, 158 Montclair Av., Montclair, N. J.

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Only 29 Minutes from Park Row, on
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Beautiful Brick Houses, $4,500 to $9,000.
Pay'n'ts—just like rent—little cash. Booklet No. 1
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$4500 BUNGALOW & GARAGE $500 Cash
7 ROOMS $15 PER MONTH
New 1-family, all latest improvements, parquet floors, electric lights, steam heat. Best house in Brooklyn for the money. Property 58th St., near 18th Ave. Station Sea Beach Subway. Owner, J. D. RANCK, 110 Ave. I. Tel. Midwood 4504.

CRAFTSMAN HOMES with garage, only $5,500; little gems; two minutes from Kings Highway Station, Fourth Av. Subway, from Chambers St., N. Y. Send for illustrated booklet. OTTO SINGER, 248 Kings Highway, Brooklyn.

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SCARSDALE. 5 Minutes of Station. Fine stucco dwelling; 11 rooms, 3 baths; every convenience. Fine shade. Rent $1,800, unfurnished. To desirable tenants owner would rent at same price furnished.
ANGELL AND CO. SCARSDALE, N. Y. Office, Station Park. Tel. 300—Scarsdale.

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REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Has It Ever Occurred to You?

That these Long Island City lots to be sold at auction are directly opposite the most valuable real estate in America and opposite and will be within **8 minutes** of the most expensive retail shopping district in the World, **5th Ave.** from **34th to 59th St.** The assessed valuation of this mile of Fifth Avenue real estate is almost $200,000,000, while the actual value is much greater.

With the Dual Subway System in operation, Interboro Subway, B. R. T. Subway and Interboro Elevated trains running to all parts of Greater New York for a single **5C. FARE,** who will attempt to say how many hundred per cent. profit awaits buyers of the

293 Fully Improved Dual Subway Station **LOTS**

LONG ISLAND CITY

ON QUEENS BOULEVARD (200 feet wide), Greenpoint Ave., Bliss St., Carolin St. and adjoining streets, to be sold at the

CLOSING OUT ABSOLUTE AUCTION SALE

WITHOUT RESERVE to the highest bidder, to close out the interests in the Courtney Development Co., on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1915,

ON THE PREMISES AT 1:30 P. M., RAIN OR SHINE.

LIBERAL TERMS:—60% on mortgage at 5% or 50% at 4%, or payments may be made in 24 equal **MONTHLY INSTALMENTS. FREE TITLE POLICIES.**
SIGHT-SEEING AUTOMOBILES FREE TO-DAY and **SUNDAY** and every day next week, from noon to 5 P. M. at Long Island City Treminus of **QUEENSBORO SUBWAY** (Belmont Tunnel), which runs from 42d St., between Lexington and 3d Avs., direct to Long Island City, and at the Queensboro Bridge Plaza. **FREE TRANSFERS** to Queensboro Subway are issued at Grand Central Subway Station of Interboro System.
Long Island City Trolleys run east on 42d St., Manhattan, via 3d Av., 59th St., and Queensboro Bridge direct to Plaza.
QUEENSBORO BOULEVARD (Thomson Av.) trolleys from Manhattan end of Queensboro Bridge (59th St. and 2d Av.) pass the property.
Send for map and full particulars.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Real Estate Auctioneer.
156 Broadway. Established July, 1847. NEW YORK.

Absolute Executors' Auction Sale

To Close the ESTATE OF ELIZABETH M. BARRY, Dec'd.

Tuesday, September 21st

AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON, AT EXCHANGE SALESROOM, 14 VESEY ST., N. Y. CITY.

1045 Fox St.
A 2-story and basement brick private dwelling on a plot 25x100.

612 East 161st St.
(S. E. Cor. 161st St. & Eagle Av.)
A 5-story brick tenement, with 5 stores, on a plot 27x71.

557-559 Avenue E,
(N. W. Cor. East 35th Street,)
Bayonne, N. J.
A 2-story and attic frame semi-detached two-family house on plot 37½x100.

545 East 167th St. and 1157-1159 Fulton Av.
(N. E. Cor. 167th St. & Fulton Av.)
Together with Vacant Plot 55x60 Adjoining.
Three 4-story and basement brick apartments. TO BE SOLD AS THREE PARCELS.

986 to 1004 Tinton Av.
Ten attached 2-story, basement and attic frame private dwellings. TO BE SOLD SEPARATELY.

Fairfield, Conn.
A 2½-story Colonial frame mansion on estate of 6.64 acres.

GERALD J. BARRY, Esq., Atty., 149 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Write for Booklets.

31 Nassau St., N. Y. City. Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer. Phone 744 Cort.

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Wheatly Manor
on the Jericho Turnpike, Nassau Co., L. I., are the estates of men like the Morgans, Vanderbilts, Whitneys—who selected this section not only for its beauty as a living section, but because of its possibilities for profit.

You can buy a 5-acre estate for $1,200. There is no property in this section that you can buy at such a low price.

Take a run out in your car and meet the man on the property, or write for maps to the

Ridgewood Park Realty Co.
1566 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn

AT SANDS POINT, PORT WASHINGTON, L. I.
A beautiful tract of 59 acres, opposite the estates of Howard Gould and William Guggenheim. Over half a mile of front on macadam road.
WILL BE SOLD AT SACRIFICE.
Golf links, yacht clubs, fine roads; excellent electric railroad service from Port Washington.
Would make fine country home or a great opportunity for development in acre plots. Two miles from depot. On Long Island Sound. Some old buildings, including dwelling on property. Any reasonable offer accepted.
Write for particulars.
HYDE & BAXTER,
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BAYVIEW SECTION FREEPORT, N. Y.
Highly Restricted.
Between Depot and Bay.
Four homes sold last week— others now building.
Secure one of our lage plots and build.
See A. A. SEALY,
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ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS
In modern one-family houses and choice building lots at private sale, a large number from which to select.
THE BANKING DEPARTMENT, STATE OF NEW YORK, to quickly close the business of two corporations, offers these properties at about 50% of former prices. They are located at Grantwood, Palisade, Morsemere and Leonia, New Jersey, (opposite Grant's Tomb), within twenty-five minutes of Manhattan.
An inspection of these properties will convince you that they are unusual bargains.
Liberal terms. Title Guarantee Policy Free.
For further details and terms, address BENJ. D. HAIGHT, Special Deputy Supt. of Banks, care of Banking Department, 61 Broadway, New York City.

GENUINE FARM BARGAIN
Up-to-date, going farm right in town; 100 acres; fine meadow, stream water, dairy, grain, fruit; fine orchards; established milk route; 5 minutes station, high school, stores, churches, bank. Enough suitable for sub-division to pay for entire farm. Stock, implements, crops, (gathered and in ground), value $5,000, included in sale. High state cultivation; excellent dwelling and outbuildings; city conveniences. Price $20,000, half remain mortgage low rate interest. Must be sold; this your opportunity. Ask about it. INTERESTED, Room 703, 141 Broadway.

ON ATLANTIC OCEAN
WATER FRONT LOTS. 80 ONLY. Beautiful development, highest class improvements; model sewer system; finest bathing beach in America; 40 minutes from Manhattan. Will be sold privately at about the cost of improvements. It's your opportunity. Address E. M. N., offices 505, 1 West 34th St.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Laurel Beach Residential Park
Milford, Conn. (Devon R. R. Station.)
The Superb Seashore Resort of New England.
Healthy, refined, quiet. Clean bathing on fine, safe beach. Beautiful Park. Private Pier. $7,000.00 Cement Beach Walk.
For information apply to LAUREL BEACH LAND CO., Box 1, Milford, Conn., or Grand Central Terminal, New York City.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

133 WEST 72D STREET.
MODERN BUILDING FOR
PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS
Single and Double Suites.
Inquire Superintendent.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

AT SACRIFICE RENTAL.
An elegantly furnished modern mansion on East 82nd St., between 5th and Madison Avenues. Exclusive location. Can be rented or bought far below value. For further particulars, apply to the
M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO.,
111 Broadway

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

For Rent—123 East 57th St.
Four-story and Basement Brownstone.
Three baths and electric lights. Apply to JOHN R. HILL, P. O. Box 134, Millburn, N. J., or your own broker.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

512 Fifth Ave.
Southwest Corner 43d St.
APARTMENTS

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

166 West 72d Street
AN APARTMENT OF FOUR ROOMS, all outside, consisting of large living room, 24x15.6; bedroom, 18.6x13.6, also dining room. Tiled kitchen with ice refrigeration, and particularly fine bathroom with alcove shower and needle bath. If two bedrooms are required, the living room can be utilized as a combination dining and living room. This apartment is sumptuously furnished and will be leased for the Winter months at $225.00 per month.
ALSO A THREE-ROOM APARTMENT, consisting of bedroom, combination living and dining room, tiled kitchen with ice refrigeration, and large bathroom with shower and needle bath. This apartment is handsomely furnished and will be leased at $150.00 per month. Maid service will be supplied if desired.
APPLY TO MANAGER ON PREMISES.
Telephone 7640 Columbus.

57 West 57th Street
We offer a few small studio and living apartments, furnished or unfurnished; 2 or 3 rooms, bath and hall; elevator, steam heat, electric and gas lights, fireproof equipment, telephone and exceptional restaurant. Rates $75 and upwards. Includes maid and man service. Yearly lease and references required. Brokers recognized. H. T. GALPIN.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

SUBLET
Free Three Months Rent
To responsible party. New house, absolutely fireproof, never occupied. Seven large rooms, three baths, and foyer. Corner apartment, all outside rooms on West End Avenue. Southern and westerly exposure. Immediate possession. Phone Bryant 7600. D. MARKS, 1,465 Broadway. Sunday phone Audubon 451.

Skylight Studios
5 West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60

The Want columns of The New York Times are the best means of obtaining efficient help.

A help wanted advertisement in The New York Times will bring responses from the kind of workers who are best qualified to fill positions of responsibility. Obtain your help through

THE NEW YORK TIMES

Want advertisements from telephone subscribers are accepted by telephone. Call Bryant 1000.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

150 West 79th St.
Bet. Columbus & Amsterdam Aves.
12-Story Fireproof Building.
One 9-Room Duplex Apartment. Rental $2,600.

587 Riverside Drive
Corner 136th St.
5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms. Rental $780 to $1,380.

1,100 Park Ave.
Corner 89th St.
9 Rooms. Rental $1,600.

EDGAR A. LEVY,
505 Fifth Ave.
Telephone 6960—Murray Hill.

NON-HOUSEKEEPING
APARTMENTS,
SPENCER ARMS,
S. E. cor. Broadway & 69th St.
2, 3 & 4 ROOMS
or larger combinations — maid service included, and meals served in apartments.
Every room with permanent outside light and large closet space.
Most Convenient location in city.
RENTAL, $70 to $125.
Chas. F. de Casanova, Agt., on premises, or your own broker. Tel. Columbus 3996

244 Riverside Drive (97th St.)
5, 8 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths, all light rooms, modern elevator house, $840 to $1,400.
THE MARION
2612 BROADWAY (98TH ST.)
5-6 Rooms & Bath, $600 to $930.
Fireproof elevator house, all improvements.
IRVINGTON 407 Central Park West
At 100th St., facing Park. Elevator house.
8 Rooms & Bath, 2 Toilets, $77.50 to $85.
THE STANTON
9 West 91st St. Elevator House.
8 Rooms & Bath, 2 Toilets, $960-$1,050.
200-202 WEST 78TH ST.
7 & 8 Rooms & Bath, $57.50-$60.
Hall service, steam heat, hot water.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.

CENTRAL PARK APARTMENTS
7th Av., 58th & 59th Sts.
Large Corner Apartment with 5 Baths.
Smaller Ones with 2 & 3 Baths.
Two Apartments suitable for physicians.
Modern plumbing. Parquet floors.
Apply at Office,
175 West 58th St.

166 W. 72d St.
Superb Apartments
3 Rooms and bath, $900 to $1400
4 Rooms and bath, $1400 to $2000
EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE
Unobstructed light. Particularly fine bathrooms with tiled alcove shower. Kitchens are tiled and exceptionally well appointed. Ice refrigeration. Service of highest standard. Location and accessibility unsurpassed. Maids' service if desired. MAID'S ROOM, $120 PER ANNUM. MANAGER ON PREMISES.

309 West 86th St.
NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING.

1 ROOM and bath		$500 to $600
2 ROOMS and bath		$660 to $960
3 ROOMS two baths	11th Floor	$1,560

MAID SERVICE INCLUDED IN RENT.
RESTAURANT.
Manager, on premises. Tel., 8280—Schuyler.

An Apartment of
9 ROOMS & 3 BATHS
To Sublet at a Sacrifice
IN THE BELNORD.
Broadway & 86th Street.
1 year lease. Apply to MRS. S. J. MARKS, Apart. 603.

250 W. 88 ST.
BETWEEN
B'WAY & WEST END AV.
THE METROPOLITAN
6-7 ROOM APTS., $1,400 TO $1,600.

LIDO HALL
110th St. at 7th Av. (N. W. Cor.)
ONLY ONE APARTMENT LEFT.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths,
$1,250
Overlooking Central Park. Fireproof. Block to "L" or subway, car and bus. Representative on premises, or
W. F. Fuerst, 87 Nassau St.

DOCTOR'S SUITE
Two Rooms & Bath, $720
On entrance floor, facing street, with southern exposure. Maid service.
309 West 86th Street
New non-housekeeping apartments, situated between West End Ave. and Riverside. Also two-room suite in rear on same floor, $660. Manager on Premises. Phone 8280 Schuyler.

65 Central Park West
North Corner 66th St.
Exceptionally Fine Apartment,
8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS
Overlooking park; large, light, airy rooms; modern elevator house; rent very reasonable to desirable tenant. Apply Supt.

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d.
Eight large, light rooms, bath; parquet floors, electric light; elevator service day and night; convenient subway, elevated, and surface lines. $1,100-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,500. Supt. on premises.

GREYLOCK
621 West 74th St.
Eight large, light outside rooms; elevator service; southern exposure; near subway and elevated. Telephone Columbus 2945.

NEAR CENTRAL PARK
4 WEST 101ST ST.
Large, light, 6, 7 rooms, bath; telephone, electricity, near "L," subway; all improvements; inducements; $35 to $45. Hall boy on premises.

BING & BING
119 West 40th St. Tel., 6410 Bryant.
NEW APARTMENTS
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
LEASES FROM OCTOBER 1.

993 Park Av., Cor. 84th St.	10-11 Rooms 3 Baths	$2,800 to $4,300
955 Park Av., Near 82d St.	7-9 Rooms 3-4 Baths	$2,400 to $3,500
1,155 Park Av., Corner 92d St.	8-10-12 Rooms 3-4 Baths	$1,900 to $3,900

LARGER SUITES CAN BE ARRANGED.
An apartment furnished by Messrs. H. F. Huber & Co.
Open for inspection in each house.

ALSO

Brentmore, 88 Central Park West, Corner 69th St.	9 Rooms 3 Baths	$3,750 to $4,000

Two Styles, Simplex and Duplex
For rent from October 1st.
Immediate possession may be arranged.
Apply on Premises, or at the Office of Bing & Bing
119 West 40th St. Tel., 6410—Bryant.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

Liberal offer by the Owner
The owner of these houses is desirous of filling them at once. Hence will give extraordinary inducements to desirable tenants.
Brockton—Elevator.
661 West 180th Street, N. E. Corner Broadway
4-5 Rooms, $40 to $50.
Swampscott—Elevator.
660 West 180th Street, S. E. Corner Broadway.
4-5-6 Rooms, $37.50 to $55.
542 W. 179th St.—Non-Elevator
4 Rooms, $30.
These houses are exceptionally well managed and of recent construction, and are located in the best section on Washington Heights.
KNAP & WASSON CO., Agents,
4249 Broadway at 181st St.
3759 Broadway at 156th St.

Strathcona on the Hudson
709 West 169th Street
Corner Haven Avenue
Unusually desirable apartments. Unsurpassed location. Unobstructed view of Hudson from every room; all large and sunny. Kitchenette with 2 and 3 rooms.
2-3-4-5 rooms, all improvements
NIGHT AND DAY SERVICE.
Rents $360 to $720
Apply on premises, or
CHARLES A. ADRIAN, Agent,
3536 Broadway
Telephone 2649 Audubon.

ST. GOTHARD
418 West 118th St.
5 & 6 room apartments; all light rooms; combining home-like comfort, ideal location and reasonable rentals.
Steam Heat, Electricity, Elevator Service
Situated on one of the highest points on Manhattan Island near Columbia College, Riverside and Morningside Drives. Convenient to Subway.
A perfect home for small families that want comfort more than style.
Rentals $45 to $60
Tenants Carefully Selected
Apply to Superintendent on premises or to Agent, Max Tahl (Telephone Broad 4389), 2 Stone St., New York.

Fairview Court,
3117-3127 Broadway,
Near 125th St.
Apartments of 3, 4, 5 and 6 large rooms
RENTS $30 TO $60
Elevator service—all improvements.
Superintendent on Premises, or
E. C. SIMONSON, 100 Broadway.

THE STRATFORD
101 West 115th St.
Cor. Lenox Ave., 1 Block Subway and Bus.
6-7 Rooms, $600-$660.
Large, Light Rooms; All Improvements.
Roof Garden.
Personal managemen:—Owner on premises.
Best value in Harlem for the money.

CARVEL COURT
Cor. 114th St. & St. Nicholas Av.
5 and 6 Rooms.
High Class Elevator Apts.
ALL IMPROVEMENTS.
RENT $45 TO $55.

536 W. 111th St.
Modern fireproof building, adjacent to Broadway. Superb Apartments, large, light rooms. Appointments and service of highest standard.

4 Rooms and bath	$780 to $825
5 Rooms and bath	840 to 1,000
6 Rooms, bath, extra lavatory	960 to 1,050
7 Rooms and 2 baths	1,100 to 1,250

APPLY MANAGER. ON PREMISES.

504 WEST 111TH ST.
MODERN BLDG., NEAR BROADWAY
Night and Day, Hall and Elevator Service.
EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE APARTMENTS
4 Rooms and Bath, $510 to $660
MANAGER ON PREMISES

CONCORD HALL
468 Riverside Drive,
Corner 119th St.
7-8 rooms, 2 baths, extra lavatory.
$1150—$1700. STRICTLY FIREPROOF

MANHATTAN—East Side.

16-18 EAST 87TH ST.
Between Fifth and Madison Avenues.
7 & 8 Large, Light Rooms & Bath, **$45 to $55** Per Month.
Newly decorated, steam heat, hot water.
MARSTON & CO.,
30 East 42nd Street. Tel. 540 Murray Hill.

44 EAST 49TH ST.
FINE APARTMENT, SEVEN ROOMS AND BATH; ALL LIGHT ROOMS; RENT $1,600.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
355 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside, light and air. Apply to janitor.

HIGH CLASS, ELEVATOR,
8 and 9 large outside rooms, $80, upward, strictly refined. Every improvement, apply on premises, 427 to 441 Fort Washington Av., at West 180th St.

CORONADO
Northwest corner Park Av., 81st St.; high-class elevator apartment, 7 and 8 rooms. Rents $900, $1,200 yearly.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

REED HOUSE
Broadway at 121st St.
7 rooms.... $900 $1200
Perfect Service.
OWNER ON PREMISES.

Manhattan Av. & 123d St.
Near 125th St. "L" and Subway.
High Class Elevator Apartments.
2-3-4 & 5 Rooms
Kitchens and Kitchenettes,
$28 to $60 Per Month.
Large Rooms, Unusual Closet Space.
'Phone 3927 Morningside.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Non-Housekeeping Apartments
A few Apartments available for fall renting. 1, 2 and 3 large, airy, outside rooms with bath; modern in detail. Day and night attendance. Vacuum cleaning system, maid service, mail chute, open fireplaces, ample closet room. Meals served in apartments. Agent always on premises. 'Phone, Plaza—6070.
Rents, $600 to $1,320.
507 Madison Avenue. At 53d St.

645-647 Madison Ave.
Adjoining 59th St. (Transfer Corner)
2-3 Rooms and bath; several Studios; north light. **$50-$80** per month.
Day and night elevator and telephone service. Maid and meal service.
MARSTON & CO., Agents,
30 East 42d St. Tel., Murray Hill—540.

152 EAST 35TH STREET.
ONLY ONE APARTMENT TO LET.
Eight elegant, large, light rooms and 2 baths, in high-class elevator apartment house. All improvements. All master bedrooms have southern exposure. Unobstructed front and rear views. Day and night service.
$1,800 PER ANNUM.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES, OR FRANKLIN L. PARTRIDGE, 49 WALL ST.

The Mildred Elevator Apts.
140 EAST 92D ST.
Seven outside rooms, bath, two toilets; up to date; $700 to $750; also dental apartment in same building.

BROOKLYN.

NEW APARTMENTS
READY OCT. 1.
LINCOLN PLACE
BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND UNDERHILL AVENUES,
within easy walking distance of subway and one block from Flatbush and Vanderbilt Av. cars and main entrance to Prospect Park.
6 Large Rooms—2 Families on Floor
$46—$47—$48
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

Eastern Parkway
At Franklin Avenue
3, 4 and 5 Large, Light, Airy Rooms
$28, $38, $45
Exceptional inducements; every improvement, including telephone. Office on premises, 796 Franklin Av.; tel. 8900 Prospect.

Royal Arms,
186 Prospect Place,
near Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.
The best elevator apartment in Brooklyn; containing all latest improvements.
3, 4 and 5 Rooms with Bath, $30 to $60.
Courteous Attendants in Uniforms.
Apply on premises or
J. J. BROOKE, 215 Montague St.

EASTERN PARKWAY,
749 to 781, Corner Kingston Ave.
$40 TO $50.
Modern apartments, 7 and 8 rooms, 2 baths; in the most healthful section of Brooklyn; easy access to Manhattan via subway.

FLATBUSH.
Marlborough and Hilda Arms.
Marlborough Road and East 16th St., near Cortelyou Road; 4, 5 and 6 rooms; all modern improvements; $32.50 to $45. F. W. YATES, owner, 34 Nassau St., Manhattan. Tel. 1306 John, or Janitor, 395 East 16th St.

TREMONT COURT,
1,950 Washington Av.
To let—4-5-6 room apartments and store; all improvements. Elevator and telephone service all night. Reasonable rents.

QUEENS.

Save Money
And Live Just as Comfortably
NEW, MODERN APARTMENTS
4-5 Rooms and Bath
$28 to $45 a Month
These apartments are located at 120 and 128 25th St., in Jackson Heights, Elmhurst, Boro of Queens
20 Minutes from Manhattan
Take trolley at Manhattan end of Queensboro Bridge (59th St. and 2d Av.) marked "Flushing" or "College Point." Leave car at Jackson Av. and 25th St. Renting office on corner. Or take Queensboro subway 42d St. and Lexington Av., transfer at Jackson Av., Long Island City. TWENTY MINUTES' RIDE BY EITHER ROUTE.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.
Telephone Astoria 801.
Renting Office, Jackson Av., corner of 25th St.
Telephone Newtown 1214.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

WEST END AV, 110-14, e s, 25.1 ft s of 65th St, 75.3x100; Louis Richard to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 175 Remsen St, Brooklyn, Sept. 16, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $50,000

8TH ST, 308-10 East, s s, 189.6 ft e of Av B, 49.6x97.6; Nathan Groberg to Morris Salzman, 361 Highland Boulevard, Borough of Queens, or 214 Franklin St, Brooklyn, Sept. 14, demand, 6 p. c. $5,500

14TH ST, 241 East, n s, 105.5 ft w of 2d Av, 25.6x103.3, prior mtg $25,000; Lockwood Construction Co. to Lily Holding Co., 115 Broadway, Sept. 7, due Sept. 1, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. B. Lilienstern, 115 Broadway. $2,000

76TH ST, s s, 154 ft e of Park Av, 16x102.2; collateral to mtg on 75th St, n s, 100 ft e of Park Av, 96.4x102.2; 75th St Co. Estate to City Mortgage Co, 15 Wall St, Sept. 15, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St $350,000

83D ST, 30 West, s s, 331 ft w of Central Park West, 19x102.2; Iberia Realty Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Sept. 16, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $18,000

111TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Lenox Av, 87.6x71.10; Jonas Spinner to 111th St Construction Corporation, 309 Broadway, Sept. 15, prior mtg $58,500, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Krakower & P., 309 Broadway.......$15,000

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, s s, 223.6 ft s of 176th St, 17.11x100; Keilbert Construction Co., Inc., to American Savings Bank, 115 West 42d St, Sept. 14, installments; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$6,400

SAME PROPERTY; same to Clara E. Waterbury, 987 Park Av, Woodcliff, N. J., (prior mtg $6,400,) Sept. 14, due as per bond; attorney, M. M. Henschel, 391 East 149th St $1,137

BELMONT AV, e s, 100 ft n of 175th St, 45.7x100; Bellino Realty Co. to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Sept. 17, 5 years, 5 p. c.; attorney, A. H. Mosle, 30 Broad St $2,200

CRESTON AV, s e corner of 188th St, 65.2x95; Picken Building Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, Sept. 16, due as per bond; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$60,000

CRESTON AV, s e corner of 188th St, 65.2x95.11; Picken Building Co. to Charles F. Deshler, 521 Gramatan Av, prior mtg $42,000, Sept. 16, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$8,000

GERMAN PLACE, s e corner of Rae St, 50x92.8; Mary A. Schuessler to Augusta Dorn, 449 East 149th St, due May 8, 1915; attorney, W. S. Smith, 462 East 167th St $800

GRAND AV, n e corner of 183d St, 50x100; Michael Loschinger to Bronx Security and Brokerage Co., 258 East 138th St, Sept. 15, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Isaac Levison, 258 East 138th St........$175

KELLY ST, w s, 100.5 ft s of 165th St, 25x100; Keilbert Construction Co., Inc., to American Savings Bank, 115 West 42d St, Sept. 14, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. ..23,000

LOTS 7 and 8, map of George W. Hunt, 57.3x irregular; Jennie Sinisgally, individually and as guardian, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Sept. 16, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,500

LOTS 558 and 559, map Bradish Johnson, Benjamin Moltman to Jennie Marino, 54 Oak St, Sept. 16, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $350

MAYFLOWER AV, w s, 184.11 ft n of Middletown Road, 25x100; Joseph Gross et al. to James R. Strong, Short Hills, N. J., Sept. 16, due Jan. 1, 1919, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,500

PROSPECT AV, e s, 364.1 ft s of 165th St, 50xirregular; Charles Graff to Alexander P. Knapp and another, trustees, 256 West 36th St, Sept. 17, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $28,000

166TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of Washington Av, 25x100; Elias H. Lang et al. to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, Sept. 16, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$4,800

178TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Prospect Av, 72x95; Jacob Bloom Realty Corporation to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 160 Broadway, Sept. 16, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$43,000

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

9TH ST, 733 East; Joseph Bulova against Herman Rosenbaum et al., (foreclosure of mtg;) attorney, F. E. M. Bollowa.

22D ST, 237 East; Greenwich Savings Bank against Theresa J. Kelly et al., (foreclosure of mtg;) attorney, B. A. Sands.

55TH ST, n s, 191.6 ft e of Lexington Av, 16.8x100.5; Chemical National Bank of New York against Lizzie I. Bulkley, (notice of execution;) attorney, B. I. Finkelstein.

103D ST, 234 and 236 East; Sophie Grossman against Max Beck et al., (foreclosure of mtg;) attorney, J. A. Seidman.

Bronx.

BAILEY AV, e s, 186.5 ft s of Heath Av, 83.7x104; Robert Drennan against Fordham Realty Co. et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, T. J. Meehan.

CHARLOTTE ST, e s, 110.6 ft n of Seabury Place, 75x100; George Colon & Co. against Sarah Jacobs et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Gettner, Simon & Asher.

WALES AV, 518; John Zahn et al. against Maria Ann Buellesbach, et al., (foreclosure of mtg;) attorney, J. H. Hildreth.

176TH ST, 69 East; Edward D. Loughman against David Kraus et al., (action to compel specific performance of contract;) attorney, J. S. Darcy.

COURT CALENDARS.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Finch, J.—Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Allen, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—Re Fitzpatrick, (Kelly)—William J. Burke. Re Stone—John J. Landy. Roe<Segrane—Joseph F. Mulqueen, Jr. Cannon<Connery, Jr.—John P. Walsh.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Matter of Goldstein, (Halperin)—James A. Farrell.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Matter of Lady Baltimore Cake Shops, (Davidson)—Robert M. Miller.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—Celia Terrace<Morris Bianfox—Bernhard Robbins.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—William Rankin<Darrow Realty Co.—William Weiss. Hoffman Miller<Agnes Riehl—Harry F. Mela. Isidor Saul<Julius Saul—Samuel Mayers and Ezra P. Prentice. Sophie Grossman<Max Beck—Robert W. Bonynge. Isabel M. Smith<Israel Kantor—William C. Arnold.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

CHAMBERS—Shearn, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MARION H. SEIXAS, Plaintiff, against HENRY L. GRAHAM, Defendant.—Summons. To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated August 10th, 1915.

YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office address, No. 261 Broadway, N. Y. City.

To the above-named defendant:

The foregoing is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Edward G. Whitaker, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 3d day of September, 1915, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 3d day of September, 1915.

Dated New York, September 3d, 1915.

Yours, etc., YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office address, No. 261 Broadway, City of New York.

INFORMATION FOR BUSINESS MEN.

The Annalist provides in convenient form a survey of financial and commercial developments throughout the world. Clear, impartial, and authoritative. Every Monday. On all news stands, 10 cents. $4.00 a year. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

City Property

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Clifford B. Harmon & Co., Real Estate, Vanderbilt Avenue Bldg., opposite Grand Central.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES, Real Estate. 149th St. and 3d Ave.

MARK RAFLSKY & CO., 56 West 45th Street. Tel. Bryant 7848.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Craftsman Homes in the heart of Flatbush; only $4,250; send for booklet. Otto Singer, on premises, East 13th St. and Av. K, Brooklyn. Avenue J station, Brighton Beach "L."

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

FORCED TO SELL
waterfront plot 300 feet from Long Island Sound; all city improvements; very cheap to quick buyer. Address G. B., 84 Times.

Jamaica—Sacrifice, six rooms, bath, $2,900; eight rooms and bath, $5,900; all improvements. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica.

City Houses to Let—Furnished.

Well-furnished house on West End Av.; modern improvements, 10 rooms, 2 baths, $2,500. Telephone 5086 Gramercy.

To Let For Business Purposes

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

At 355-357 West 36th St., fifth loft, 3,000 square feet; windows on four sides; very suitable for printing, bookbinding, or light manufacturing; building has electric elevator, electric light and power, and steam heat. Particulars of H. S. Shapter, 7 East 42d St., or on premises.

Doctor's Office.—Large, well lighted, furnished or unfurnished; may be seen at any time. 105 West 74th St. Telephone Columbus 1812.

VERY LIGHT and choice suite offices and store room, sublet at very low rental. The Sanitax Co., 33 Union Square.

Property Out of the City

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Larchmont Gardens.—Modern bungalow; six rooms and bath; electric lights; mortgage, $5,000; cost price, $7,000; will sell for $5,700; now rented at $45 per month; only $500 cash required; might rent from Oct. 1 at $45. Cooley Realty Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone 3400.

707 North Broadway and 148 and 152 Robert Lane, Yonkers, two-story eight and nine room dwellings, just completed; very attractive; newest improvements, handsome decorations; high-class location; attractive prices. River View Building Co., on premises, and 713 North Broadway, Yonkers.

Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon.—Large, exquisite apartments, appearance of private dwelling, surrounded by shady lawns; each apartment an entire floor, 25 windows, piazza, heat, hot water supply; $900-$960 yearly. Janitor, 174 Rich Av., Mount Vernon.

English stucco house at $1,500 rent; prominent Chester Hill corner; near trolley; unusual living room, large fireplace, two baths, six bedrooms; garage; fine trees; in perfect order for immediate occupancy. Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

At $8,500, or rent, $60. New 10-room stucco house, 2 baths, hot water heat. Convenient to railroad station. Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Attractive new houses for sale, combining all the newest features required by a discriminating buyer; prices $11,000, $12,000, $13,000; will not be offered for rent. Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

GARDEN CITY, LONG ISLAND. Colonial house, eight rooms, three baths, 100x150. Owner, H. V. Pierson, 25 Franklin Court, Garden City. Phone 1383-W.

HOMES AND ESTATES FOR SALE OR RENT. ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Mamaroneck.—Beautiful dwelling; improvements; equity, $3,000; what's offered; Bargain, B 205 Times Downtown.

Look at house 179 Liberty Av., New Rochelle; bargain; private sale.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Rent or Sale.—Modern house; large front and side porch; eight rooms; tiled bath, hot water heat, garden; 28 minutes from Manhattan; rent $50; 100 trains daily; four minutes from station; refined neighborhood; restricted property. J. Meade Briggs, 200 Broadway, New York. Phone 3876 Cortlandt.

Builder forced to sell beautiful, new, artistic home, seven rooms, bath, gas, electric light, steam heat; interior finish white enamel, mahogany, and golden oak; only 3 blocks from station and trolley; 30 minutes out; price, $3,450; small amount down, balance like rent; title guaranteed. Brower, 715 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

LONG ISLAND COTTAGE. New, nine rooms, bath; twenty-six minutes on L. I. R. R.; cost, $7,500, but must sacrifice for quick sale; will sell for $5,500; if you will pay $2,200 cash, the balance can be extended over a long period. M 114 Times.

Garden City.—Executor desirous of closing estate will sell at sacrifice unimproved lot with frontage of 100 feet and 250 feet depth in most desirable section. Address communications to Arthur C. Hume, 40 Pine St., New York City.

Attractive all-year-round bungalow, six rooms, electricity, gas, hot water heat; corner plot, 60x125; convenient to water and station; easy terms. Room 907, 110 West 34th St., New York.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

For sale or rent, furnished or unfurnished, 10-room house, with 2 baths, at Mountain Lakes, N. J., 5 minutes' walk from D., L. & W. express station; parquet floors, electric lights, all modern improvements; ½ acre on lake drive; a real opportunity for any one desiring complete country home. H. S. Brouwer, Mountain Lakes, N. J. Tel. Boonton 113 R.

Small fruit farms, 75x500; five minutes to station; restricted section; twenty-mile view; new houses; every improvement; wonderful fruit; real opportunity, $5,000 to $6,500; terms. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

BUNGALOW, UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE. Practically new, 7 rooms, oak floors, steam heat, electricity, gas, city water; thoroughly modern; A1 condition; lot 60x175; convenient to station; for sale at less than cost; write for photo. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Phone 555.

RENT IN RIDGEWOOD. Test its merits as a suburban place of residence; 1,000 commuters like it; attractive homes, $50 to $150 per month; write us. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Phone 555.

SUMMIT, N. J.—Fine old country residence, modernized; ideal Summer, Winter home; fine location, surroundings; rent $100 monthly; price $21,500. Drake, 29 Broadway.

"NUTLEY IN A NUTSHELL." All about the "Ideal Home Town." SECRETARY, Box 314, Nutley, N. J.

Comfortable home, Plainfield, N. J., sale or lease. Room 1,624, No. 61 Broadway, New York.

Woodcliff-on-Hudson.—Homes, modern improvements; little cash. Thomson, 330 33d St.

LITTLE FARMS, hour out, for city workers; $10 monthly. Room 1701, 141 Broadway.

Country Property

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Wanted.

WANTED for next season on a lake in Maine a small camp with several bungalows. Address Seagle, Hague on Lake George, N. Y.

Mortgage Loans

Forty-five cents an agate line.

For Sale.—2d mortgages, $3,500, 6%, expires June 10, 1917, on six-story mercantile building rented for $5,000; present first mortgage $24,000 expires 1918. F. De Angelis, 840 Broadway.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

Apartments to rent, furnished and unfurnished, full hotel service; restaurant; cheapest rates in New York; 2 rooms and bath, furnished, $12 weekly and upward, Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.

38th St., 10 East—Entire floors, also 1, 2 and 3 rooms; elevator; restaurant.

West Side

An apartment that is a real home; location convenient to shops, theatres; West 71st St., 342, 6 and 8 rooms, 2 baths; living room 22x18, bedroom 22x16; elevator house; will furnish new rugs, furniture, beds, bedding, &c., to suit prospective tenant; rent $200 to $300 per month. Apply premises or Ernest Tribelhorn, 60 Wall St.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side

We offer hotel conveniences at apartment house rates. You are invited to inspect our specially attractive apartments. CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments $30, $40, $50, $60 UP MONTHLY. Completely furnished, including dishes, silver, cooking utensils. Maid service optional. Every apartment has private bath and kitchenette. Concessions on lease and unfurnished. Near subway and "L." Must be seen to be appreciated. Phone Riverside 3970. 5th Av. bus lines stops at our door.

98th St., 305-307 West.—Schuyler Arms Hotel, between Riverside and Broadway. Strictly high-class house; beautifully furnished apartments; shower baths; 2, 3, 4, and 5 rooms, with or without kitchen, fully equipped for housekeeping; all-night elevator; telephone; bellboy and maid service; restaurant in building. Phone 3964 River.

Attractive apartment, seven bright rooms; completely furnished; newly decorated; three large master bedrooms, southern exposure; exceptional closet room; modern elevator building; until June or longer. 220 West 107th, Apartment 62.

BROADWAY, (116TH ST. SUBWAY.) Unusually private suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $14; high-class elevator house; bachelor, business woman preferred. S 54 Times.

Will sublet from Oct. 1 to June 1 two adjoining rooms, each with private bathroom, in apartment hotel in Washington Square district; rent $40 weekly, including all meals for two persons. 'Phone 3174 John.

67th St., 130 East.—Five large, light, all outside rooms and bath; handsomely furnished; complete outfit of china, glass, kitchen, and laundry utensils. Supt., 3867 Plaza.

Elegantly furnished Drive apartment to be leased Oct. 1 for a year; 7 rooms, 2 baths; rent reasonable. Telephone Audubon 7340.

Exclusive listings; personally selected; Claremont Morris, specialist, 30 East 42d. Murray Hill 358.

74th, 161 West.—Two large rooms with bath; furnished or unfurnished; service for gentlemen.

Choice list, personally inspected, furnished apartments. Frederick L. Hurt, 30 East 42d.

Sublet 10-room apt., fully furnished. The Langham, 73d St. and Central Park West.

118th, 507 West.—Delightful 4 rooms, beautifully furnished; high-class elevator house.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

1,186 MADISON AV., COR. 87TH ST. Corner apartment, 7 unusually large rooms; every modern improvement; elevator service; other apartments in the immediate neighborhood, $75 and up. Agents, on premises, EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.

3 East 35th St.—2 very attractive apartments, (whole floor,) 3 rooms, bath, &c.; rent $1,200 and $1,500. Apply on premises. Geo. R. Read & Co.

A.—A.—102 East 31st.—Elegant apartment containing seven light rooms and bath; all improvements; moderate rent. Inquire Superintendent.

Bachelor apartment; top floor, private house, in East Fifties; two rooms and kitchenette; fireplace for wood fire; $60 month. Z 303 Times Annex.

30th St., 10 East.—Attractive apartments, two large rooms, with bath and kitchenette; one apartment on floor; fine southern exposure.

9 Livingston Place, (Corner 16th St.)—Facing Stuyvesant Park, 5 rooms and bath; all improvements; reasonable rent.

140 EAST 34TH ST. Two rooms, bath, and service. Exceptional light and ventilation. Low rents.

34th, 144 East, (Near Lexington,) from Oct. 1; choice apartments; heat, hot water; kitchenette. Ford, 171 3d Av.

FOR HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS, A. L. Mordecai & Son, 30 East 42d St.

APARTMENTS, 2 TO 12 ROOMS. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 421 Madison Av.

31st., 157 East, (Near Lexington.)—Modern steam heated apartment, 6 rooms, bath, $40.

West Side

Sublet, very elegant apartment, unfurnished, (Severn;) eight rooms, two baths; all outside; refrigeration free; elevator service; finest location; adjacent to 72d St. subway station; owner in Europe; offered at sacrifice. Inquire W. J. Haussler, 114 East 16th St. Telephone Stuyvesant 85.

EMPIRE COURT, 311 West 95th St. Very light rooms, All Night Elevator, Telephone, &c. 4 rooms, bath, $45 up; 5 rooms, bath, $50 up; 6 rooms, bath, $65 up; 7 rooms, bath, $70 up. GEO. R. READ & CO., 30 Nassau St.

Netherland Court, 473-475 West 158th St.—High-class elevator apartment, consisting of 3, 4, and 6 rooms; all outside, overlooking Polo Grounds and the Bronx; all modern improvements; very reasonable rent. Inquire on premises. Tel. 3980 Audubon.

THE CHESTERSHIRE, 568-570 West 183d St. 1½ blocks from subway station; modern six-story elevator apartment, 6 and 7 rooms and bath, $45 to $65. Superintendent on premises.

Convent Av., 96-100.—Choice modern apartments of two-three, and four rooms and bath; one doctor's or dentist's apartment of five rooms and bath, with two entrances. Superintendent on premises.

Finest 9-room apartment in New York; facing south, east, and west; 4 master's bedrooms, 3 baths; balconies on Central Park and 64th St.; real fireplace. Harperly Hall, 41 Central Park West.

Will sublet for one year unfurnished corner apartment, 6 rooms, foyer, and 3 baths; all light outside rooms; at the Rexford, 79th and Broadway, for $1,800; can be seen between 3 and 6. Voightlander.

Six rooms and bath, 1,271 Broadway, Greeley Square; spacious and light; $1,200, $1,500 yearly; can be used by dentists, or studios. Room 229, 45 Broadway. 3796 Rector.

The Hamilton, elegant apartments, opposite City College, 5 and 6 rooms; rent $40 to $55. Apply to owner, on premises, 477 West 140th St.

84th St., 15 West.—Seven large rooms and bath, newly decorated; immediate possession; rent moderate.

5-room apartment, unfurnished; sublet for 1 year from Oct. 1st. 200 West 58th St., 2d floor, Apartment E; $125 per month.

ELEVATOR, 5 ROOMS, $45. Convenient, fashionable neighborhood. 509 West 112th.

Three rooms, bath, Broadway, 2,708 (108d;) housekeeping; non-housekeeping; restaurant service; $40.

5 light rooms and bath, Darlington Apartment, B'way and 101st St.; top floor; inquire on premises.

172d, 575 West.—Corner elevator house, 4-7 large, beautifully decorated apartments.

For apartments on Grand Concourse, consult H. A. Douglas, 2,428 Grand Concourse.

Doctor apartments—Occupied eight years by doctor; high-class. 203 West 118th St.

57th, 150 West.—Attractive 2 rooms, bath, maid service; restaurant on premises.

Wellesley, N. E. Cor. 81st, West End Av.; apartments, 7, 8, or 9 rooms.

317 West 121st.—7 all light rooms; private hall; all improvements. $36.

156th, 601 West.—Elevator apartments, 4, 6, 7, 8 rooms; $38 to $100.

Riverside Drive, 644.—Five-room apartment; sublet reduced rent. Aud. 6900. Donovan.

Brooklyn.

ST. JAMES PLACE, NEAR FULTON ST. Delightful 6-room apt., $42; 7-room, $45; electricity, steam; parquet floors; near subway and L. Booklet. GOLDEN REALTY, 238 St. James Place.

Park Slope.—Six light rooms, bath, separate toilet, heat, hot water, electric lights, telephone; $34-$36. 509 Sixth St., Brooklyn.

New Jersey.

New and up-to-date apartments of five and six rooms and bath, with heat, hot water supply and janitor service, will decorate to suit. Full particulars of Charles Fall, agent, Hoboken Trust Co. Building, 14th & Washington Sts., Hoboken. Telephone 393 Hoboken.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—HADDON HALL. Finest apartment in State; 8-story elevator; fireproof; strictly high-class; 6 and 7 rooms; decorations to suit; $65 and $75. Any broker or on the premises, 57 and 59 Union St.

Apartments Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Completely furnished apartment wanted, 9 or 10 rooms, 4 master bedrooms, ground floor preferred; RIVERSIDE DRIVE or CENTRAL PARK WEST; six months; renewal option; telephone after 10 o'clock; Columbus 4560, or write to Box M 80 Times.

6 or 7 room furnished apartment wanted, between 72d St. and 116th St., or Riverside Drive; 6 or 9 months rent; not more than $150 per month. Box E 24 Times Annex.

Wanted to rent, nicely furnished apartment 4 or 5 rooms, west side, between Columbus Circle and 86th St.; state full particulars and terms. M 123 Times.

Have clients wanting high-class furnished apartments; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 30 East 42d St. Murray Hill 5392.

2 to 12 rooms; clients waiting. R. de Flores, Circle Building, 1,834 Broadway. Columbus 4560.

Country Board

Thirty cents an agate line.

Westchester.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL. Park Hill, Yonkers.—Winter engagements low; unexcelled home cooking; large porches; well-shaded grounds; river view. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

ROCKLEDGE MANOR, 124 Bruce Av.—Refined, delightful home; moderate prices. Telephone 4136 Yonkers.

New Jersey.

THE HOTEL ALVORD, EAST ORANGE, N. J. A HOTEL OF EXCELLENCE IN A QUIET, SELECT, RESIDENTIAL TOWN WHERE THE EXPENSES ARE LESS THAN THE COST OF KEEPING HOUSE IN NEW YORK. BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, SUN PARLORS, WIDE VERANDA, TENNIS COURTS, EXCELLENT CUISINE. THIRTY MINUTES FROM NEW YORK AND NO SUBWAY RIDING. SPEND THE FALL IN EAST ORANGE. FOR BOOKLET AND RATES APPLY TO L. B. ALVORD, PROP. HOTEL ALVORD, BRICK CHURCH STATION, EAST ORANGE, N. J.

THE MARLBOROUGH, 45 North Arlington, East Orange, N. J. "30 Minutes from Broadway." Why live in a crowded flat when you can get an apartment consisting of parlor, bedroom and private bath with delicious meals and first-class service for $25 per week for two persons. Exclusive and homelike. Take Lackawanna, at Hoboken; Marlborough one block from East Orange Station. Send for booklet. Phone Orange 2620. Only a few suites left for Winter booking. W. T. READE, Prop.

A real homelike boarding place in beautiful suburb; desirable and convenient location; references. 41 South Willow St., Montclair.

Pennsylvania.

Trained nurse will give home and care to tubercular patient; fine accommodations; $25 per week. Z 359 Times Annex.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

Young couple with nine-year-old daughter would like to communicate with private family living in the suburbs, within 30 minutes of New York, where they may stop as paying guests, (meals arranged separately, however.) We have grand piano and Columbia Regent grafonola, which we would be glad to install to be used in common. In answering please smile, for the surroundings must be congenial, and give all particulars. Address M 113 Times.

Gentleman, commuter; good room, board; refined, private family; in or near Bronxville; good home cooking; $8 per week; references exchanged. Z 362 Times Annex.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Comfortable family house; modern conveniences; transients; permanent; table board.

15TH, 210 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Double, single rooms; excellent table; home cooking; telephone.

19TH, 116 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Large connecting rooms and small rooms; southern exposure; sunny dining room; block subway; references.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park privileges.)—Large, small, cool rooms; electricity; private bath; excellent table; references; phone.

45TH ST., 8 EAST. Table board; rooms; references.

89TH, (1,345 Lexington Av.)—Attractive rooms; conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate; telephone. Gross.

MADISON AV., 213, (Near 36th St.)—Large and small rooms; some with private baths; newly furnished and decorated; table board; excellent cuisine; references.

West Side

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy, large rooms; steam; home cooking; healthy location.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private baths; unexcelled board; telephone.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Exceptional rooms, large, single; private bath; excellent table. 4589 Bryant.

53D, 57 WEST.—Sunny rooms, with board; refined, high-class house; telephone; references.

54TH, 54 WEST.—First-class single, double rooms, suites; private baths; electricity; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms, with board; suite; private bath; references.

58TH, 146 WEST.—Just opened, newly furnished, decorated; large, small rooms; references.

61ST, 10 WEST.—Two connecting rooms facing Broadway; elevator apartment; modern improvements. Deutsch.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; suitable one, two; moderate.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Electricity; steam heat; private bath; large and medium rooms; near Park, subway; excellent Southern cooking.

70TH, 132 WEST.—Small, large rooms with private bath; exceptionally well-kept private house; business people; moderate terms; references.

72D ST., 52 WEST.—Superior location and surroundings for those desiring a Winter home.

72D, 122-131 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private baths; excellent board; table guests.

73D, 12 EAST.—Double and single rooms; excellent table; references; limited number of table boarders.

73D, 256 WEST.—Attractive rooms; well appointed house; superior table; table guests.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; electricity; parlor dining room.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive rooms, connecting; excellent board; table guests accommodated; reasonable.

76TH, 108 WEST.—Opportunity secure medium room; steam; first-class board; references.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; excellent table; homelike; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH, 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; table guests, reference.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Attractive rooms, parlor dining; references.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Single and large rooms, connecting; shower baths; gentlemen; private family.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tea room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones; booklet on request.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms with bath; every convenience; high grade.

80TH, 121, 123 WEST.—Well furnished, newly decorated; private bath; continuous hot water; excellent cuisine; parlor dining; exclusive; references.

80TH, 106, 108, 110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; all new high-type furnishings; pure food, wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; table guests.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; electricity; good table; parlor dining.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Different from ordinary; large, small rooms; baths; electricity; phone.

82D, 27 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent cuisine; private house; all conveniences.

82D, 124 West (Graycourt.)—New and attractively decorated; modern; table guests; booklet.

82D, 45 WEST.—Pleasant large, small rooms; running water; excellent table; reasonable.

83D, 42 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; excellent cuisine; house just opened; table guests.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; gentlemen, couple; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

86TH, 114 WEST.—Very attractive, large rooms; suitable for gentleman appreciating fine home.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Exceptional second floor, private baths; continuous hot water; other rooms.

89TH, 318 WEST.—Very attractive large, small rooms, private bath; very convenience; exclusive house; excellent table; references; table guests.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Large first-floor front room; adults; exclusive Jewish home. Hellman.

91ST, 114 WEST.—Second floor, private bath; suite or single; meals optional.

93D, 21 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent table; Park. "L," phone.

94TH ST., 140 WEST.—Large, front room; suitable two; business people; refined home; conveniences.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Newly renovated rooms; electricity; table boarders; excellent meals; reference.

94TH, 60 WEST.—Attractive rooms; select; parlor dining; cuisine unexcelled; table guests.

94TH, 38 WEST.—Desirable, large room; all home comforts; excellent board. Strauss.

102D, 253 WEST.—Salon floor, elegantly furnished, private bath; also one large room and bath. Mrs. R. Aarons.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for bachelor or family to live in luxurious economy; 3 large rooms and bath; also single room; between Riverside and Broadway.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side

113TH, 625 WEST.—Large room; private bath; suitable gentlemen, couple; home cooking; references.

118TH, 560 WEST.—Two large rooms; private bath; single or en suite; excellent cuisine.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Large, small rooms, connecting with bath or single; table guests.

115TH ST., corner Manhattan Av.—Morningside Park and 116th elevated near by; the "Morningside"; newly fitted up; 40 choice rooms to select from; every comfort; $8 up, single; $15 up, two. Phone Morningside 4021.

145TH, 349 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, overlooking park; gentlemen, couples; Southern cooking; telephone.

164TH.—Pleasant, airy room in Washington Heights; private; bath adjoining; home cooking; 25 minutes Grand Central. Z 342 Times Annex.

BROADWAY, (245 West 104th St.)—Comfortable rooms; southern exposure; home cooking. 7388 River. Jamezen.

GENTLEWOMAN, steam heated house, Riverside Drive, will rent 2 large, handsomely furnished rooms, overlooking Hudson; also large room, private bath; exceptional cuisine. Audubon 8926.

PRIVATE FAMILY have two beautifully furnished rooms to rent for the Winter, together or separate; excellent Southern cooking. Z 314 Times Annex.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583, Apt. 31.—Beautiful rooms; southern exposure; superior board; refined.

THE EVELYN LODGE. Charming family Hotel of high standard; Grand location; 20 min. Broadway, 5c fare; Lovely furnished rooms; suites; all comforts; Excellent chef and service; separate tables; Delightful atmosphere; worth investigation. Weekly, $10-$14 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 581, (86th St.)—Desirable rooms; steam heat, electricity; excellent cuisine; exclusive neighborhood; table guests; references.

WEST END AV., 690.—Unusually attractive, large, small rooms; just opened; every improvement; convenient.

Brooklyn.

HALSEY ST., 153, Brooklyn.—Private house; all conveniences; references exchanged. Tel. Bedford 1126.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

11TH ST., 10 EAST, (NEAR 5TH AV.) Pleasant, large, small rooms; every convenience.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suite, two rooms and bath.

30TH, 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Comfortable room; private bath; square room, single room; references.

49TH, 88 EAST,—Comfortably furnished, moderate-priced room for gentleman; owner's home; references.

60TH ST., 134 EAST.—Single and double rooms; shower bath.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring Beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV, 586, (near 51st.)—Elegant, sunny rooms in private house; absolutely clean; all conveniences; breakfast; references; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 265, (near 36th.)—Attractive large front room; bath. Murray Hill 728.

MADISON AV., 220.—Attractive rooms, furnished, unfurnished; resident studios subrented by day, month.

West Side

11TH ST., 35 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Furnished room, single or double; reasonable.

12TH, 111 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; private house; references.

49TH, 48 WEST.—Parlor floor for rent; suitable physician or business; furnished, unfurnished.

32D ST. AND BROADWAY.—Permanent rates; rooms, with and without private baths, 1 or 2 persons, $9 to $12 per week; single rooms, $7 per week; parlor bedroom and bath, 1 or 2 persons, $15 per week. Hotel New Strand.

52D, 55 WEST.—Room; private bath, electricity, telephone; vacant October; reasonable; gentlemen; references.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large and small rooms, every convenience; desirable home; references.

57TH, 260 WEST.—Two handsomely furnished single rooms; electricity, elevator, telephone, Keen.

57TH, 264 WEST.—Large front corner room; bath, electricity, steam; beautifully furnished.

58TH ST., 21 WEST.—Large rooms; private baths, kitchenette, electricity, telephone; $7, $8, $10.

58TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors; perfectly appointed; splendidly-kept house; rooms, $6-$12.50.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Handsome parlor floor studio suite; grand piano; also small room.

61ST, 119 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; hot water constantly; telephone.

65TH, 5 WEST.—Front room with alcove, telephone; one flight; $6. Beeson.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Large rooms, with bath; other rooms; running water; telephone.

69TH, 143 WEST.—Attractive suite; also small room; charming apartment; reasonable. Wilde.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive rooms; single, suite; electricity; steam; hot water; phone.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Attractive, newly decorated, furnished rooms; baths; electricity; meals optional.

71ST, 163 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large rooms; absolutely clean; excellent maid service.

71ST, 218 WEST.—Electricity; parquet floors; hot, cold water; no rooming house.

72D, 138 WEST.—Best location in New York; beautifully furnished suite, with private bath; also large room, adjoining bath; moderate prices. Telephone Columbus 8807.

73D, 302 WEST.—Large and small front rooms, with private bath; board; quiet location; near Riverside Drive; phone.

73D, 153 WEST.—Large and small, attractively furnished rooms; electricity; subway express.

73D, 178 WEST.—Nicely furnished, comfortable rooms; moderate; references.

73D, 255 WEST.—Two exceptional, nicely furnished rooms; every convenience; references.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; dressing room; private bath; telephone.

75TH, 111 WEST.—New, large, small suites; continuous hot water, electricity, telephone; references.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, large, medium rooms, adjoining bath.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, small, attractively furnished rooms; excellent table; table guests accommodated.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive rooms, including handsome back parlor, with private bath.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Attractive, homelike, sunny rooms; near bath; continuous hot water; electricity.

77TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms, newly furnished; breakfast optional; moderate.

77TH ST., 102 WEST. Very attractive, pleasant rooms; home comforts.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Large, airy front room; southern exposure; conveniences; references; reasonable.

77TH, 125 WEST.—Desirable, homelike rooms, quiet private house; phone; references.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Attractive, large room; private house; suitable one, two; references.

77TH, 64 WEST.—Beautiful rooms facing museum; board optional. MacGregor.

78TH, 166 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; large, small; electricity, telephone; subway, "L."

78TH, 112 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; shower baths; phone; select.

79TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive small rooms; also large rooms adjoining private baths; references.

80TH, 305 WEST. (SCHUYLER 3917.) Attractive room, adjoining bath; apartment; bachelor.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Large, beautiful room, private bath; medium rooms, hotel conveniences.

80TH, 119 WEST.—Newly furnished house; suites and single rooms.

81ST, 265 WEST, (West End.)—Large, suite, separate; running water; shower; elevator. Pearson.

82d, 105 West.—One large, outside room, bath; maid service; telephone; $35; studio apartment.

82d St., 105 West.—Four rooms, bath; all facing street; studio apartment; telephone; reference; $60.

82D, 134 WEST.—Two large, handsome, second-floor rooms; private baths; references.

84TH, 124 WEST.—Newly decorated; finely furnished front parlor, also rear parlor, with running water; single or en suite; business people. Ph. Wallace.

84TH, 31 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished parlor and second floor; other rooms.

86TH, 337 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; single or en suite; breakfast.

86TH, (549 West End Av.)—Large room, furnished, as living room; $10.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side

90TH, 58 WEST.—Newly furnished, attractive, large, medium-sized rooms, with private bath, telephone; references; private house.

91ST, 64 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms; shower baths; refined private house; references.

91ST, 21 WEST.—Elegant, newly decorated, comfortably furnished rooms; private bath; telephone; references.

93D, 251 WEST.—Beautiful large, connecting rooms; southern exposure; also single rooms. Crane.

94TH, 34 WEST.—Large, desirable front room; quiet, refined surroundings; owner; reference.

96TH, 38 WEST.—Large and small rooms, bath connecting; board optional.

97TH, 148 WEST.—private house; large, small rooms; adjoining bath; all conveniences; gentlemen.

99TH, 244 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Front rooms; running water, telephone, electricity; gentlemen. Butters.

102D, 250 WEST.—Accommodations two bachelors; large room, board; private house; first-class.

102D, 302 WEST.—Private house, Riverside Drive; nicely furnished room; piano; bath.

104TH, 150 WEST.—Room to business woman or teacher; references required; Apt. I.

108TH, 248 WEST.—Attractive outside room; gentlemen; single room; adjoining bath; references. Clark.

109TH, 301 WEST.—Three comfortable rooms; private home; entirely new; gentlemen. 3 B.

112TH, 605 WEST, Apartment 1.—Large front room; reasonable; only roomer; southern exposure.

113TH, 525 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private boarding house; table guest; home cooking.

114th St., 611 West.—Large outside room; running water; private family; breakfast optional; single gentleman. Apartment 22.

114TH, 528 WEST.—Attractive, homelike rooms; private house; near Columbia University; convenient transportation.

115TH, 419 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; also outside single; reasonable. Hale.

116TH ST., 420 WEST.—Exceptional single, double rooms obtainable at $25 and upward per month; excellent service included. Write, call, or phone 5800 Morningside.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Homes for one or two; opposite Columbia; subway; all conveniences; unusual furnishings and care. Emmett.

119TH, WEST, (Claremont Av., 49.)—Large outside room, beautifully furnished; opposite Columbia.

121ST ST., 501 and 519 (Morningside Heights.)—Delightful all-the-year-round location; opposite Columbia University; near Riverside and Morningside Parks; attractively furnished front rooms; southern sun; single, $4; double, $6, $7 week; other rooms, $3.50 to $5.50; kitchen privilege; suite of one room and exclusive use of connecting complete sunny kitchen, two windows each room, $8.50 to $9.50; parlors for callers; piano; room reserved for dancing; meals entirely optional at cost in co-operative dining room; elevator, steam, gas, electricity, hot water, shower, telephones; Broadway subway. Chaperones, at No. 501, Mrs. Young, telephone Morningside 4887; at No. 519, Miss Williams, telephone Morningside 8790.

121ST, 537 WEST.—Business woman, college graduate, has outside rooms, single, double; tastefully furnished; conveniences; subway; references; reasonable. Apt. 61.

122D ST., (130 Claremont Av.)—Exceptional rooms, suites. Hudson or eastern view. Apt. 62.

138TH, 606 WEST.—Attractive front room; en suite; single room; every convenience; references. 3W.

138TH, 604 WEST.—Attractive, large back parlor, also medium sized room; references; telephone.

138TH, 606 WEST.—Large rooms, newly furnished; breakfast optional; gentlemen.

141ST, (94 Hamilton Place.)—Block Broadway; outside room; elevator; gentleman; $4. Schaeffer.

142D, 600 WEST, (Apt. 45.)—Attractive, outside room; lavatory; shower; elevator; moderate.

148, (3,604 Broadway.)—Bachelor (29) will rent large, airy room, all improvements. Mayer.

ATTRACTIVE large room, private bath; no other roomers. Residence, 311 West 102d.

BROADWAY, 165TH ST.—Large room; private bath; $10 weekly; apartment. B 215 Times Downtown.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (112TH.)—Two large rooms, bath between; will rent singly; high class. Telephone 3903 Morningside. Apt. 8.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished room; refined party; piano, telephone; reference. Fisher.

CONVENT AV., 425, (148th St., West.)—Single room; private family; gentleman; telephone.

EXCELLENT ROOM in private house for refined party. Seen by appointment. 4245 Audubon.

Large front parlor, suitable business; near Broadway. 151 West 46th St.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (116th.)—Comfortable front room; running water; adjoining bath; gentleman. Wise.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (97th.)—Handsomely furnished large front room; river view; private Christian family. Phone Riverside 5368. Breakfast.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, CORNER 136TH.—"Annapolis"; single or double room; reasonable. Apt. 44.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Attractive outside, large, sunny room; private family; gentleman; $5.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583, (Corner 135th.)—Sunny room; elevator, shower; private family; 65.

SOUTHEAST CORNER 118TH ST. AND ST. NICHOLAS AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without bath, from $6 to $10 per week; full hotel and elevator service; restaurant; very moderately priced.

W. 162D ST, (16 Jumel Terrace.)—Single or double; running water; private.

WEST END AV., 387, (79th St.)—Attractive furnished rooms and baths; electric light.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

40th, 66 West.—High-class house; private bath; electricity; bright, airy; meals a la carte; references.

19TH ST., 113 EAST.—Two fine, sunny rooms and bath; all improvements; furnished or unfurnished; private house; bargain right party; adjacent Gramercy Park.

85TH, 300 WEST.—Studio suite or separate; private dwelling; refined surroundings; subway.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Front, corner rooms; Morningside Heights; kitchen privileges. Apt. 2.

Rooms Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

BY BUSINESS MAN, below 23d St., or Brooklyn, near bridge; particulars. M. U., B 220 Times Downtown.

A YOUNG man wishes room and board in strictly private family, between 137th and 157th Sts., near Broadway. M 93 Times.

Situations Wanted, Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

CARETAKER.—Reliable colored woman, girl 18 years, wants situation as caretaker in some Summer home; personal references. Steer, 7 Winthrop Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.

DRESSMAKER.—Artistic; expert fitter; makes street, reception gowns; remodels; out, home preferred. Telephone Kelly, 873 6th Av., 1158 Circle.

GOVERNESS.—Barnard student wants position as governess, nurse, or tutor while attending college; board, lodging, and $10 monthly desired in addition for services rendered. Write to S 61 Times.

LAUNDRESS.—First-class laundress takes washing home. Kugler, 72 Amsterdam Av.

NURSE to invalid or elderly lady; best references. Phone Stewart's apt., Riverside 1416.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER; American; Wall Street experience; thoroughly competent and reliable; familiar with general office work. Room 809, 32 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Neat, bright girl; beginner; American; plain penman; graduate full course; no agency; $7. K 312 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced stenographer; unquestionable references; hotel preferred; would go South or West. Address E. S., Box 160, 1,364 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Take fast dictation; transcribe neatly and accurately; $8. Grace McClellan, 220 West 42d St. Bryant 1319.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN wants work; possibly nights. Z 341 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St., first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6910 Morningside.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

$25 REWARD

Will be paid for each legitimate prospect or lead of persons contemplating purchasing an automobile and eventually terminating into a sale.

This offer is made in good faith and represents one of the most reputable standard-made cars on the market selling around $1,250. Give your telephone number if possible.

ADDRESS Z 289 TIMES ANNEX.

Private party will sacrifice two late model automobiles; small, light, fore-door Hudson, price $475; also a Buick runabout, price $375. Both cars are equipped with electric lights, self-starters, demountable rims, new tires, extra rim, tires and tubes, &c. Coachman, private estate, 921 Putnam Av., off Broadway, Brooklyn. Tel. 7112 Bushwick.

A GENUINE SACRIFICE. Late five-passenger Cadillac, $600; late seven-passenger Studebaker, $500. New tires, electric lights, self-starter, &c., perfect condition; runs, looks like new; trial allowed. 1,365 Pacific St., cor. New York Av., two blocks from Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Caretaker. Tel. 257 W Bushwick.

Locomobile 1913 touring; electric lights, demountable rims, extra shoe; motor driven tire pump; good paint; perfect condition. Bishop, McCormick & Bishop, Inc., Distributors of Cole & Dodge Brothers Motor Cars, 18 Halsey Street, Brooklyn.

Dodge Touring; perfect condition; driven 4,000 miles; extra shoe and tube; bargain. Bishop, McCormick & Bishop, Inc., Distributors of Cole & Dodge Brothers Motor Cars, 18 Halsey Street, Brooklyn.

Hupmobile 1915 Touring Car, slightly used and guaranteed same as new; has every equipment and many extras; $775. Hupmobile Agency, 1,285 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Hupmobiles, 1913 and 1914 "32" touring cars and roadsters, overhauled, repainted, sacrifice prices. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

5-passenger touring; latest equipment. Classy runabout; fully equipped, electric light. Maxwell racer, private. 427 East 57th.

For sale, electric brougham, almost new, perfect; great bargain. Dr. Buerger, 40 E 41st.

Automobiles for Rent.

Renault and Packard cars for hire, hour, day, or month; classy and up to date; reliable chauffeurs. Lewis, Hotchkiss Garage, 20 West 60th St. Phone 1509 Columbus.

Beautiful Garford Six; seven-passenger touring; like new; wire wheels; hour, week, or month; owner drives. Lenox 8767.

Will let my Packard to responsible party; moderate rates. Gifford, 9021 Columbus.

Automobile Storage.

P. BRADY & SON CO. Dead storage of Automobiles. Automobiles boxed for export. 552-556 W. 58th St. Col. 3440.

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Owners will profit greatly by taking our special six weeks' course. Y. M. C. A. Automobile School, 1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Booklet and pass to school free.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

GIRL wanted for general housework and plain cooking; no laundry or waitress duties. Telephone today, Mrs. Scribner, 1,023 Bronxville.

HAND SEWERS on fine silk waists; must be able to make entire waist; good pay; steady position. Apply at Kahn & Weil Co., 16 West 46th St., between 12 and 1 or 4 and 6.

HOUSEWORKER.—Competent English-speaking girl for general housework in apartment 58th St., family two; flat work sent out; permanent position; references required; telephone for appointment 10214 Columbus, between 8 and 9 A. M. only.

ORNAMENTS.—Good hand sewers, make millinery ornaments at home. Rothschild, 30 West Houston.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the State of New York. Day and evening session. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway, at 72d St.

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Balances, audits, $5 monthly, upward; books systematized, opened, closed. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 2351.

BUTLER.—Swiss, 45; superior man; wide experience; speaks English, French, German, Italian; best references; city, country. M 95 Times.

BUYER of tires and general auto supply business seeks similar position; at present buying for the largest concern in the United States. S 37 Times.

CARPENTER.—Good mechanic wishes steady position. Address Box 94, Tenafly, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young, French, occupied until October; six years' experience; foreign, domestic; reference; sober, skillful driver; mechanic. E 25 Times Annex.

COST ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced, practical factory executive. Address Practical, Z 354 Times Annex.

ENGINEER, machinist, desires situation by a big manufacturing concern where a man with first-class license and unquestionable references is required; thoroughly experienced with Corliss Engines, condensing or non-condensing; also high-speed engines, dynamos, &c.; also with ice machines, compressing and absorbing systems, and all kinds of elevators; city or country. Address Engineer, 1,408 St. Nicholas Av.

FARMER or CARETAKER wants position on private place, by a middle-aged, married man; German; no children; best of references from last employer. W. Kraus, 104 North Railroad Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

PAINTER.—Expert; rooms painted, $1; papered, $1.50; reasonable. Klein, 4 Ridge St.

PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT PREVENTS EMPLOYING MY NEPHEW JUST FROM SCHOOL; WOULD LIKE TO PLACE HIM AT ANYTHING WITH CHANCES; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. ADDRESS "DILIGENT," 1,364 BROADWAY.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 21, at present employed, desires position with manufacturer as salesman; just returned from Pacific Coast. M 97 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER.—Willing, earnest boy; beginner; good penman, quick at figures; plain appearance; no agency; $7. K 311 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 21; efficient; experienced office routine; high schooling; salary, $8. M 121 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Take rapid dictation; neat, accurate typist; $10. Frank Maher, 220 West 42d St. Bryant 1319.

STEWARD OR MANAGER. Japanese, thoroughly experienced with entire first-class kitchen crew, just finished the season at Madison Beach Hotel, Madison, Conn., is open for an immediate engagement in hotel or restaurant; highest references. Moto, 64 Times.

YOUNG MAN, American, 19, desires position, anything. Write J. L., 1,335 3d Av.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ACTIVE SALESMAN WANTED BY A LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN FOR MISSIONARY WORK IN GREATER NEW YORK AND VICINITY; HUSTLERS ONLY; SALARY AND CAR FARES; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. BOX M 87 TIMES.

ADVERTISING WRITER.—Circulars and catalogues; opportunity advancement; give particulars and wages expected to start. Z 346 Times Annex.

BOY WANTED.—Door boy, neat, for 5th Av. establishment. Write C. D., Box 38, Room 1,201, 220 West 42d.

BRIGHT BOY wanted to run errands and make himself generally useful around factory. Kozak & McLaughlin, 227 West 17th St.

CHEMIST wanted; first-class man with thorough experience in the manufacture and compounding of mechanical rubber goods; reply by letter only. H. W. Kugler, Hotel Astor, New York City.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents an agate line. Count six words to a line. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST.—Black handbag containing some papers, linen, and toilet articles; either on Central Park Driveway or Riverside Drive; liberal reward. Please return to Room 938 Aeolian Hall. Phone Bryant 900.

LOST—Sept. 15, on Long Island eastbound train, near Jamaica, a dark blue suit, coat lined in black and yellow check, made by Wechsler. If found return to Hellman, 2 West 86th St.

LOST—Long diamond bar pin, platinum settin, at Long Beach, L. I., on Monday. Very liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to Sanger Brothers, 19 East 24th St.

LOST—Black bag in taxicab starting from 27th St. and 4th Av., to 42d St. and 7th Av., Friday about 4 P. M.; valuable to owner only; reward. Room 715, 170 Broadway.

LOST—On Merrick Road, Sunday, one Dunlop wire wheel, with Falls tire. Reward paid for return. Mrs. M. A. Devlin, Westhampton Beach, L. I.

LOST—Monday, ladies' lavatory, Shanley's, 43d St., gold ring, with diamond solitaire, high setting; reward. Phone 1299 Mount Vernon.

LOST—Gold watch and fob, 14th St., between 5th and 6th Av. "L" station. Liberal reward. M 78 Times.

REWARD.—Amber medallion, Saturday; Midland Beach and Staten Island Ferry. Anderson, 38 Washington Square.

$5 REWARD—Lady's watch, No. 289,416, initials D. A. Alexander 40 Morningside Av.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Black Pomeranian dog; Dodo; license 4018R; reward. 50 West 48th.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents an agate line.

$10,000 wanted in established business manufacturing a product largely used by moving picture manufacturers, but with a worldwide market through other channels. This is not a chance to "get rich quick" and there are no "very large profits." Now operating at a fair profit under conservative management, it is an excellent opportunity for a "real man" looking for a clean business with a future. Banking references indispensable or no attention paid. American Gentile, Box W 124 Times.

Manufacturer and salesman, American citizen, open to accept commission of any description to any country in Europe; speaks German, Spanish, and English; owing to war own business at standstill; all inquiries confidential. Address M 65 Times.

MANUFACTURERS ATTENTION. Capable New England sales agent, wide acquaintance and influence, employing high-grade salesmen, desires to change line; will come to New York for interview. S 56 Times.

For Sale.—Broom factory; only factory in country using this material; over $7,000 unfilled orders on hand; full particulars on application; price $6,000; consider partner. Nepperhan Broom Works, Yonkers, N. Y.

SPLENDID chance for investment $2,000 to $5,000 in woodworking plant near New York; additional capital needed; working interest desirable. S 55 Times.

Motion Picture Theatre, 600 seats, excellent location, Brooklyn; showing good returns; bargain. Pitzer & Smith, 1,476 Broadway, 42d.

Partner wanted with capital of $3,000 to $5,000, established manufacturer of costumes; urgent. S 60 Times.

INVENTOR with valuable patent wishes advice of experienced promoter. M 94 Times.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Business Loans.

Loans on outstanding accounts, notes, and various securities; confidential. Y 223 Times Annex.

Pianos and Organs.

PIANOS TO RENT. Small Pianos for Small Rooms. Mah., Walnut, Oak, Mission. USED BARGAINS. Uprights: 45—65—75—135. Players: 275—300—310. Baby Grands: 350—400—425. Easy Terms. JAMES & HOLMSTROM (Inc.), 23 East 14th St.

PIANOS to be sold for storage, regardless of value, to cover cost. 35 West 14th St., ground floor rear.

Printing and Multigraphing.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9. G. R. Weatherford, 120 B'way, Room 1,131, Equitable Building. Rector 4543.

Dogs, Birds, and Poultry

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

CHINESE Chow Chows, all colors; males, females, and puppies; winers throughout United States and England; sell all or any part; owner retiring from breeding. Wolfe, 744 Anderson Av., Grantwood, N. J. Phone 169 Cliffside.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

BUYER AND MANAGER.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO.,

BROOKLYN, N. Y.,

REQUIRE A BUYER AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE MANAGER FOR THEIR DEPARTMENTS OF WAISTS, CORSETS, NEGLIGEES, HOUSE DRESSES, AND SWEATERS.

THESE DEPARTMENTS HAVE LONG BEEN AMONG THE LARGEST OF THEIR KIND IN THIS COUNTRY AND REQUIRE FOR THEIR ADMINISTRATION A MAN OF BROAD AND SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE, WHO CAN TAKE FULL ADVANTAGE OF THE VERY RAPID GROWTH OF BROOKLYN. APPLICATIONS WILL BE TREATED IN CONFIDENCE.

ELECTRICIAN.—Union mechanic, able to take full charge; steady job; advise references, experience. A. R., Box 1,879, New York City.

FOREMAN.—Wanted, for a model and experimental department of a factory making small electric motors and other electrical appliances; must be a tool and instrument maker; familiar with electricity; an exceptionally accurate worker, accustomed to the metric system of measurements; one possessing initiative and ability to handle help; state age, nationality, experience, former employers, and salary wanted to Foreman, P. O. Box V, Plainfield, N. J.

RUNNER for Stock Exchange firm; state previous experience. D 206 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN. Active men wanted to sell accident and health insurance policies on commission for a Massachusetts company of thirty-two years' standing; no better line to sell, as it pays well now and provides a good income for the future; ambitious men desiring to build a good business where no capital is required given an opportunity. Massachusetts Accident Company, Box 3,475, Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN, 35, covering New York State, Pennsylvania, New England, high-class ladies', gents' hosiery, desires kindred lines on commission; A1 references. Dolbey, 500 West 169th.

SALESMAN, furniture; must be clever salesman and competent to handle period furniture and rooms; give age and full particulars; salary, $50; commission. S 32 Times.

SALESMAN.—Carrying silk petticoats, to handle side line of New Idea cotton petticoat; good line for good road man; commission basis. S 31 Times.

SALESMAN wanted for English period furniture; must be gentlemanly and capable; good salary to right man. S 33 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN for prominent transportation enterprise, backed by the best known financial men in New York. Box D, 274 Times, 2 Rector St.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, knowing French and English, 14-15 years, wanted as office boy. Answer, by letter only, E. B., 238 West 40th St.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR; pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

6 FLUNG FROM AUTO DODGING CHILDREN

T. A. Gillespie and Two Russian Officers in Crash Near Sayreville, N. J.

MACHINE DASHES INTO POLE

Chauffeur Driving Party to Munitions Plant Runs Off Road to Avoid Youngsters.

A big touring car bearing T. A. Gillespie, President of the Gillespie Powder Company; F. W. Williams, Vice President, together with General Saposhnikov and Colonel Joukowski, both in the Ordnance Department of the Russian Army, crashed into a telegraph pole near Sayreville, N. J., yesterday. The car was damaged badly and the occupants were thrown into the road.

General Saposhnikov and Colonel Joukowski have been in this country for the past year. They were detailed in the early days of the war to inspect American manufactured munitions which might be sent to Russia and her allies. Yesterday the company officials and the two officers were on their way from New York to Parlin, N. J., where the Gillespie powder plant is situated, to examine a consignment of gun cotton which is waiting shipment to Europe, to be used in mines and torpedoes for the Allies.

The machine was running at a high rate of speed, and as the chauffeur took a sharp curve with no abatement of his pace he saw just around on the other side a group of laughing children playing in the middle of the road. They failed to heed the sharp sound of the horn, and when they first noticed the car it was too late to get out of the way.

The chauffeur had a second's choice between driving into the crowd of boys and girls or running off the road into a telegraph pole. Without hesitation he chose the latter course, and the machine plunged against the pole with a terrific impact, throwing Mr. Gillespie and his guests out of the car.

The motorists were badly shaken up, but no one was hurt severely except General Saposhnikov, who suffered a cut on the side of his head. A doctor took two stitches in the cut, dressed the scratches and cuts on Colonel Joukowski's face and hands and the lacerations and contusions which the others suffered, and the party returned to New York in a chartered car. They went directly to the Hotel Plaza, where the Gillespies have been staying. They refused to see newspaper men last night.

Mr. Gillespie said over the telephone, however, that nobody was badly hurt, and generally belittled the whole affair. The entire party were able to go to their rooms unassisted. A little girl in the crowd was knocked down when the car slid away from the pole, but she was not hurt beyond a few trifling cuts on the arm.

SURVIVES EIGHT-STORY FALL.

Automobile Washer Accompanies Car in Plunge Down Shaft.

Daniel Carty, a negro automobile washer, sat in the front seat of an automobile while it plunged eight stories down an elevator shaft yesterday afternoon and was able immediately after the fall to tell the police his name and address. He did not once lose consciousness, and it was said that unless he had internal injuries of some sort he would recover.

Carty is employed by the King Motor Car Company at 242 West Fifty-fourth Street. He was washing a new touring car shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon when he had occasion to move it to make way for another car. Although he was not a chauffeur, he started the engine with the intention of running the automobile the few feet that it had to be moved, instead of pushing it.

When he threw in the clutch the car jumped forward and headed for the steel doors which guard the freight elevator shaft. Before Cartly could apply the brakes the automobile hit the doors, knocked them open and fell head foremost down the shaft. The elevator was on the ground floor and the car did not stop until it hit the steel beam at the top of the elevator.

The crash was tremendous. Glass and bits of machinery flew in all directions. The impact drove the engine out of the car, and it fell to the floor of the elevator. The main part of the car remained on the beam, with the front wheels astride it.

Carty was thrown into some steel net work at the top of the elevator. Other employes of the automobile company who had seen the fall hurried down by the passenger elevator, expecting to find the negro dead. They found him fully conscious and he remained so while they were extricating him from the wreckage.

Patrolman Hurd of the West Forty-seventh Street Station called an ambulance from Polyclinic Hospital and Dr. Glynn responded. At the hospital it was found that Carty had a fracture of the right leg, a fractured rib and many lacerations and contusions. He was later removed to Bellevue.

BOY KILLED, CHAUFFEUR HELD

Auto That Fells Two Said to Have Defective Brakes.

John Cohalan of 462 Broadway, Astoria, and Patrick McNally of 257 Eighth Avenue, Astoria, both 3 years old, wandered from the sidewalk where they were playing into the street at Broadway and Eighth Avenue, Astoria, at 7 o'clock last night. They became bewildered when they saw an automobile approaching and got in its way. The machine struck both the boys, the wheels passing over McNally. He was picked up dead. Cohalan was unconscious with a fractured skull and possible internal injuries. He was taken to St. John's Hospital, Long Island City.

William Daly of 7 Welling Street, Astoria, who was driving the machine, which belonged to the Private Auto Rental Service Company of 22 Grand Street, Long Island City, was locked up in the Astoria station and charged with homicide after his automobile had been examined and reported to have defective brakes.

GIRL KILLED BY AUTOMOBILE.

Woman in Car Which Struck School Child on Way Home.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 17.—Skipping along Market Street in Dundee Lake, just outside the Paterson city limits, on her way home from school with twenty other little girls this afternoon, Elizabeth Vanblarcom, 6 years old, of 10 Railroad Avenue, Dundee Lake, heard the warning note of the horn of an approaching automobile, became confused, and stepped directly in the path of a touring car driven by John W. Stafford of 354 West Anderson Street, Hackensack. Before Stafford could bring the machine to a stop two wheels had passed over the little girl's body.

With Mrs. Charles Stafford, the driver's mother, and two Sisters of Charity, in charge of the children, the injured child was taken in the machine to the Paterson General Hospital, where she died within two minutes. Stafford was questioned by Detective Captain John Tracey, but, as the accident was unavoidable, was allowed his freedom.

Live Wire Kills Engineer.

Charles Jansen, 62 years old, of 949 Van Alst Avenue, Long Island City, an electrical engineer of the New York and Queens Electric Light and Power Company, was killed at 8 o'clock last night by a high-power wire in the company's plant.

DIPLOMAS AT $23 TO $300.

More Witnesses Tell of Buying Sheepskins as Osteopaths.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 17.—How the New Jersey College of Osteopathy at Passaic, N. J., sold diplomas for $23 to $300 was told today by witnesses before Supreme Court Examiner Samuel Powes, who is holding hearings in mandamus proceedings to force the issuance of licenses to graduates of the college. Dr. Stephen Rock, whose name appeared on diplomas, was not present.

Dr. Jacob Reidmuller testified he bought a diploma in 1907 for $150, though he never attended the college, merely answering 100 questions. Dr. George Guldenpfonnig of Hoboken testified he bought diplomas for himself and wife for $100 each, though neither ever attended the college.

Dr. John J. Lynch of Hoboken said he met Dr. Rock by appointment in a Passaic saloon and there handed him $100 and afterward sent him $25. He said he had not received his diploma yet, but understood he could obtain it on a further payment.

Dr. John M. Finnerty of Montclair testified he passed his examination in a lodgeroom in Passaic, having received a list of answers to 100 questions, which Dr. Rock told him he could improve upon if he was able to do so. Dr. Finnerty told of paying the high price of $300 for his diploma, on the representation of Dr. Rock that the latter had had to mortgage his home to advance through the Legislature an act licensing osteopaths, and that only graduates of the college would be recognized under the new law.

MUNITION WORKERS STRIKE.

Elizabeth Plant Making War Supplies for the United States.

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 17.—Two hundred and fifty workmen went on strike for a 10 per cent. wage increase today at the Watson-Stillman machine shop. Day and night shifts have been working on war munitions at the plant, but company officials say that the material is for the United States Government. A large part of the working force is made up of Germans. The strikers deny foreign influence is behind them, and say they are led by Socialists who fomented other strikes here. Presses for the manufacture of cartridge and shrapnel shells were produced at the plant.

The appearance of William G. Besler, President and General Manager of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, prevented a strike of skilled mechanics at that company's machine shops this afternoon. He advised the employes to remain at work, declaring that there are many men in Pennsylvania eager to take the places of the 200 unskilled employes who struck yesterday. He told the strikers later that he would give them until tomorrow to return to work. Tonight he notified Supt. Van Doren to extend the time until Monday. It is said 500 men will be held in readiness in Ashley, Penn., Monday to be rushed here in special trains if the strikers stay out.

There are now 1,500 men on strike in Elizabeth. Socialists predicted tonight that the Singer employes would strike tomorrow.

BIG FIGHT FOR SPORT SHIRT.

Courts May Decide Whether They Are Fit Schoolboy Apparel.

Special to The New York Times.

MERCHANTVILLE, N. J., Sept. 17.—"Can the public school authorities allow the girl pupils to wear low-neck dresses and forbid the boys to wear sport shirts with turned-down collars?"

This question has caused two special meetings of the local Board of Education, an appeal to the County School Superintendent, then to the State Board of Education, and it may go to the courts.

Two small boys of F. V. Turner appeared at school attired in immaculate waists, but with low collars, open at the front. The teacher sent them home. Mr. Turner complained to E. J. Frey, the principal, and he sustained the teacher, as did the local Board of Education. W. B. Wolcott, a lawyer, has been retained by Mr. Turner to carry an appeal to the State Board of Education, and, if necessary, to the courts.

It will be represented that the school authorities cannot prescribe the kind of attire pupils shall wear if it is respectable and clean. Each morning Mr. Turner sends his two sons to school and they are promptly told to go home.

BOY GIVES POISON TO SISTER

While Playing "Doctor" He Makes Her Drink Carbolic Acid.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 17.—Left alone at their home at 64 Grove Street while their mother went out on a shopping tour, Marion and John Dittmar, 3 and 4 years old, respectively, were "playing house" at four o'clock this afternoon. During the course of a "party," both children ate a quantity of fruit and candy, and soon little Marion was seized with a stomach ache.

Assuming the role of "doctor," John, as he had often seen his mother do, went to the medicine cabinet for a bottle of Jamaica ginger. He took the wrong vial, and the next moment his sister screamed with pain as the "doctor" poured a quantity of carbolic acid down her throat. Called by neighbors, Dr. Frank McDede administered first aid and sent the child to St. Joseph's Hospital, where it was said her condition was critical.

SUES GREY'S ASSISTANT.

Wife Asks $10,000 of Edith M. Homer for Loss of His Affection.

Mrs. Emma L. Grey of East Orange, N. J., who is suing her husband, Charles M. Grey, for divorce, began suit yesterday against Miss Edith M. Homer, his stenographer, for $10,000 for alleged alienation of her husband's affections. Miss Homer is also named in the divorce papers.

Grey is President of the C. M. Grey Manufacturing Company of East Orange. He is living at 110 South Munn Avenue, which is also the home of Miss Homer, according to the papers in the case.

The Greys were married seven years ago, and Mrs. Grey alleges she was deserted last April. She refers to circumstances occurring in a New York hotel as a basis for her action for divorce.

CHASE HAZERS INTO RIVER.

Jersey Police Break Up Struggle Among High School Boys.

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 17.—The Cranford Board of Education will act Tuesday night on charges against several students of the high school who took part in a hazing escapade last night.

The police interfered in the annual clash between the sophomores and freshmen and some of the students swam across the Cranford River to escape.

The School Trustees say they will stop hazing.

IN NEW JERSEY.

PATERSON.—When Dennis Foley, on his way home from work at the Federal Creosoting Company's plant yesterday evening, sat down to rest on the Erie tracks, near the Main Street crossing, he was struck by an Erie switch engine and killed.

ELIZABETH.—The tax rate of this city, as announced yesterday, has increased fourteen points and is now $1.94 per $100 valuation. The county rate is $.3808.

ELIZABETH.—Mrs. Louisa Eggers was arraigned in police court yesterday on a charge of locking Peter Usilia, 80 years old, in a chicken coop for three hours and threatening to drown him. She denied the charge, and the case was adjourned pending investigation.

POMPTON LAKES.—Gertrude, 2 years old, daughter of Arthur Romain, proprietor of the Lakeside Hotel, fell off the boathouse pier yesterday and was drowned.

CALIFON.—Caspar P. Agar, who has been keeping a garden for most of his eighty-six years, this year has a phenomenon in the form of a vine on which two pumpkins and several cucumbers are growing.

DUNELLEN.—Mary, 7 years old, daughter of Andrew Frazelle, was drowned in a brook where she had gone to wash her doll's clothes.

LONG SCHOOL YEAR PLEASES CHURCHILL

President Agrees with Much That Controller Prendergast Proposes.

PREFERS TO MOVE SLOWLY

Would Test Plans by Experiment—Admits Unfairness of Promotion System.

President Thomas W. Churchill of the Board of Education issued a statement yesterday with regard to Controller Prendergast's plan for a reorganization of the public school system.

In Mr. Churchill's opinion the school year should be longer, but he is not in favor of adding arbitrarily a certain number of weeks. He speaks of a plan for a regular school session for July and August, the pupils to elect whether they would attend.

He deprecates haste in making public school changes "under stimulus of individual opinion or even financial stress." Among other things he says:

I believe in the reduction of the course of study from eight to seven years. On Nov. 11, 1914, I addressed a communication to the Board of Education, making numerous suggestions for economy. First among these was the reduction of the course of study. This Fall experiments have been instituted in two schools for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not it is practicable to save a year in the elementary and high school courses. The Board of Education has proceeded upon the assumption that proposals should be tested first by experiment before adoption upon a wholesale scale. Further and broader experiments with a reduced or curtailed course of study, in my opinion, would be desirable.

As to the suggestion that a better system for the promotion of teachers might be devised I go further than the Controller. One of the serious mistakes in the school system is to provide a stipulated salary increase for years of service, and for those who advance to the higher grades and teach the older children. It would be far better to provide that the teacher rendering exceptional service in a second, third, or fourth year class should be able to secure higher salary, and not be lured to a class of older children largely by the inducement of better compensation. Our salary schedules do not provide a means for keeping teachers in the positions where they are rendering the best service in their power to give.

The proposal of the Controller not to provide funds for the promotion of teachers in accordance with the schedules provided by law is unjust to teachers, who are rendering service in the higher schedules under waiver of the increase in salary to which they are legally entitled.

It is not possible to run the schools properly next year for the same amount of money provided in this year's appropriation. I do not find anywhere in the reports of Supt. Wirt any indication that his plan contemplates a material reduction in the number of teachers to be employed. On the contrary, his reports indicate that the number of teachers will be increased. The Gary plan is on trial in two schools—45, Bronx, and 89, Brooklyn—and in both there has been a material increase in per capita cost for teachers' salaries.

The first report made by Supt. Wirt, on July 30, 1914, indicated that it was the intention not to increase the hours of teachers' service, as now suggested by the Controller. In neither 45, the Bronx, nor 89, Brooklyn, has the school day for the teachers been increased to the extent and in the manner now advocated by the Controller. However, all these details of organization are being studied in connection with the experiments being made. It would be most unfortunate were the Board of Estimate to anticipate the findings by seeking to force the adoption of a longer school day and increased size of class by arbitrarily reducing our teaching staff 10 per cent.

Mr. Churchill says it is but natural that the Controller from his official position should consider problems primarily from a standpoint of finances rather than of education best for the children.

MARINES WIN AT TARGETS.

Carry Off Sadler Trophy Match at Sea Girt Shoot.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Sept. 17.—Good shooting was seen here today in the Sadler Trophy match, which was won by the marines, with a score of 1,651. The Union Military Association was second with 1,646, and New Jersey third with 1,635. The Meaney match was won by Corporal E. S. Piper of the Marine Corps with 49. Sergeant J. Lienhard and Sergeant George S. Kase of the marines also scored 49, finishing for place as mentioned.

The Wingate match was won by E. Minervine of the Italian Rifle Association with a score of 90. George W. Chesley of the Winchester Rifle Club finished second with 89.

The Zetler Rifle Club took first place from the Italian Rifle Association with a score of 255 to 245 in the Old Guard Trophy match. H. W. Ford of the marines won the Spencer match with a score of 71.

LANDLORD CLOSES A CHURCH

With Rent Overdue, Organ and Altar Are Thrown Into the Street.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Sept. 17.—Ebenezer Baptist Church on Fillmore Avenue and East Second Street is in financial distress, due to the scarcity of funds on account of the war and one thing and another, and as the congregation did not pay the rent and the landlord was weary of promises that were not substantially backed up, George York, armed with a dispossess warrant, set the organ, pews, and altar on the street today.

"We can't have too many churches," he said, "and I hated to break up the meeting place of the Ebenezer. But it had to be done."

FRANK CASE FILM BARRED.

Court Sustains Censors and License Commissioner Bell.

The application of H. Edelstein and others for an injunction restraining License Commissioner Bell from interfering with the exhibition of the moving picture film, "The Frank Case," was denied yesterday by Justice Cohalan of the Supreme Court, who said: "The National Board of Censorship has unanimously refused to pass the picture. The License Commissioner, in the opinion of the court, made proper use of his discretion when he refused to allow the picture to be presented."

Sues Cowboy Actor for Divorce.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Sept. 17.—Mrs. Eloise Lewis, wife of "Jack" Lewis, a cowboy actor, has begun action for divorce. Mrs. Lewis was formerly Miss Lathrop, and is known as an art critic, musician, and press agent. Her home is with her mother at Hillsdale, six miles from Hackensack. Mrs. Lewis sets forth in her papers that her husband allowed questionable women to meet in the Lewis home during her absence and that they stole her jewelry and other valuables.

Elected by Army and Navy Union.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 17.—H. Ogden Lake of Washington, D. C., was elected Commander in Chief today at the annual meeting of the Army and Navy Union. He defeated Robert E. Carter and F. E. Haskins. For Vice Commander Enos F. Hann of Atlantic City won over William H. Roach of Washington, D. C.

Sues Ex-Official for $1,000,000.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 17.—Suit for $1,000,000 and an accounting was filed in the United States Court here today by the Hudson Navigation Company against its former Vice President, Edward F. Murray. It is charged he issued stock to himself under a plan to increase its capitalization from $4,000,000 to $8,000,000.



Wall Street Styles featuring "The Secretary"

ONE of my new Soft Hats that sticks out from the commonplace through its *smart simplicity*. No matter how you dent or tilt it, it's *becoming*.

I show it in 4 rich, Fall shades to match any color suit or overcoat.

Join the well-dressed crowds around my windows. Then — come in and let me put "The Secretary" on your head. It's my own *exclusive style*, plus *three-dollar quality* for **$2**

Truly Warner — *New York and Everywhere Fall Catalogue Ready— Mail Order Charges Prepaid*



You can't tell a Kaufman from a high priced hat.

Our windows show it—the hats prove it—the crowds know it.

$5 Style and $3 Quality $1.50

Get yours to-day—Mail orders prepaid

45 Stores **Kaufman** All Cities

Manhattan's Man Hatter

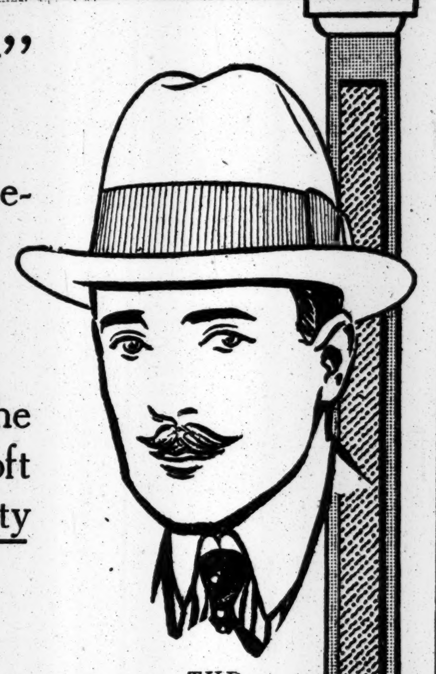
IRVING $1.50 HATS

To-day will be "Rush Day" at All Irving Stores

All our stores are certainly prepared with thousands of strictly union made soft hats. From our own union factories.

So come in at once. Join the happy buyers of smart Irving soft hats. Styles, Colors and Quality simply great. All **$1.50**

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THE "HARVEST" $1.50

IRVING HAT STORES 25 NEW YORK BRANCHES.

To Provide Its Patrons with the best of food, to serve them properly and entertain them, are first thoughts at Shanley's.

A highly diverting cabaret—evenings - seven to one.

Convenient place for luncheon—seven excellent courses—75c. (Music)

SHANLEY'S Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

HOTEL WALLICK

Broadway and Forty-third Street.

Positively the Best Location and Values in New York.

Rooms, with Bath, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 Per Day.

Also Attractive Suites at Very Reasonable Rates.

And a Restaurant That's Known from Coast to Coast for Quality.

REISENWEBER'S 58th Street and Columbus Circle

Exceptional Table d'Hote Dinner (Every Evg., 6 to 10, & Sundays, Noon to 10.) $1.00

Beginning Thursday, Sept. 23, GALA CABARET Exceptional Entertainment Nightly from 7 to Close.

Monster Revue Coming—Watch for Opening Date

Private Banquet Halls. Ball Room. Beefsteak Garret.

DANCING EVERY EVENING—CONTESTS ON FRIDAY.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way and 40 St. Eves. 8.15. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:15. MR. CYRIL MAUDE in his international triumph, GRUMPY

LYCEUM West 45th Street. REOPENS MONDAY EVENING AT 8:20. MARIE TEMPEST in the Double Comedy Bill J. M. BARRIE'S ROSALIND and THE DUKE OF KILLICRANKIE

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d Street. Evenings 8:10. Last Mat. Today. Last Time Tonight. The Greatest Musical Show Ever Produced. ZIEGFELD FOLLIES

After the Play Visit NEW ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC DANSE DE FOLLIES Atop This Theatre

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE—SPECIAL MONDAY NIGHT, SEPT. 20—SEATS NOW. HOLBROOK BLINN'S COMPANY IN MOLOCH A PLAY ABOUT WAR, by Beulah M. Dix.

YOUNG AMERICA IS OUR IDEA OF A GOOD PLAY.—Eve. Sun. GAIETY B'WAY, 46TH ST. Eves. 8:20. Matinees TODAY & Wed. 2:20.

HUDSON West 44th St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:15. UNDER FIRE with WM. COURTENAY.

HARRIS WEST 42D ST. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:15. Rolling Stones

FULTON 46th St., nr. Broadway. Evs. 8:25. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:25. SOME BABY! "A Laughing Triumph."—N.Y. American

GEO. M. COHAN'S Thea., B'y & 43 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:20. JULIAN ELTINGE in "COUSIN LUCY," by CHARLES KLEIN.

THE BIRTH OF A NATION AT THE LIBERTY W. 42d St. 2:15 & 8:15. TWICE Daily, Incl. Sunday. Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25-50-75-$1-$2. Other Matinees, 25c, 50c & $1 D. W. GRIFFITH'S GIGANTIC SPECTACLE. Symphony Orchestra of 40.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:20. COMMON CLAY with JOHN MASON and JANE COWL SEATS SELLING 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs. 2:20. THE BOOMERANG

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:15. ALWAYS COOL—SLIDING ROOF. MONTGOMERY & STONE CHIN CHIN

STRAND B'way & 47th St. Noon to 11:30. 10c to 50c. BLANCHE SWEET in "The Case of Becky." Strand Orch. & Soloists Next Week, Lou-Tellegen in "The Explorer."

EDEN WORLD IN WAX European War Heroes. Xtra. Attractions. MUSEE OPEN EVERY DAY FROM 10:30 TO 10:30.

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evenings 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2.20. "THE OVERWHELMING SUCCESS OF THE YEAR."—Globe. COHAN'S GREAT AMERICAN FARCE HIT-THE-TRAIL HOLLIDAY with FRED NIBLO as BILLY HOLLIDAY. "GREATEST TRIUMPH OF COHAN'S CAREER."—Journal.

CANDLER W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15 Sharp. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:15. THE HOUSE OF GLASS By MAX MARCIN. Best American Melodrama

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Bryant 23. Evs. 8:20 Pop. Mats. TODAY & Wed. 2:20 THE SEASON'S MUSICAL HIT, THE GIRL WHO SMILES

LEXINGTON 51st & Lex. Av. Evs. 25c & $1 Mat. TODAY 25c & 50c. A. H. Woods Presents THE YELLOW TICKET Next Week—"A FULL HOUSE."

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. TODAY 25c to 75c. Selwyn & Co. Present "TWIN BEDS" Next Week—"UNDER COVER."

YORK 116 St., nr. Lenox Av. Phone 1354 Morn. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today 25c to 75c. H. H. Frazee Presents "A FULL HOUSE" Next Week—"THE SHOW SHOP."

VITAGRAPH, B'way & 44th St. 2:30 & 8:30. Twice Today & Every Day. THE BATTLE CRY of PEACE "GREATEST WAR DRAMA EVER FILMED." —N. Y. AMERICAN. Featuring CHARLES RICHMAN. Mats., (Except Sat.), 25c, 50c, $1.00. Eves. & Sat. Mat., 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 & $2.00.

CENTURY CENTRAL PARK WEST, 62d to 63d St. Opens Thursday Night 8:15 SEATS NOW. 1st Time the Big Musical Production, NED WAYBURN'S "TOWN TOPICS"

Loew's American Roof 42d St. & 8th Av. Every Eve. at 8:15. 12-Act Vaudeville Show ALL SEATS RESERVED 25c, 35c, 50c DELIGHTFUL PROMENADE

GARRICK 35th St., near B'way, opens Sept. 27. NEW YORK'S CLASSIEST BURLESQUE Theatre. Only playing Columbia Amusement Co. attractions.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY 47 ST. D'ly Mat. 25c to $1. NORA BAYES, WILLIAM A. BRADY'S "THE HONEYMOONERS," ROSHANARA, LADDIE CLIFF, "The Slave Dealers," Harry Gilfoil.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque Matinee Today. THE MERRY ROUNDERS

YORKVILLE 86th St. at 3d Ave. Burlesque AMERICAN BELLES Mat. Today 15c to 50c. Smoking Permitted

PALISADES Amusement PARK OPEN EVERY SUNDAY IN SEPTEMBER. SURF BATHING EVERY DAY.

DALY'S B'WAY & 30TH ST. BURLESQUE Closed Because of Excessive Heat. Beginning Sept. 20—THE GARDEN OF EDEN.

TRIANGLE PLAYS Produced under the supervision of Griffith-Ince-Sennett THIS WEEK, Dustin Farnum in "The Iron Strain." "The Lamb," featuring Douglas Fairbanks. Raymond Hitchcock in "My Valet." KNICKERBOCKER THEA., B'way & 38th St. Twice Daily, 2 and 8. Eve. & Sat. Mats., 25c, 50c, 75c, $1 and $2. Other matinees, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.



MOHAWK MADE WITH SLIP-OVER BUTTONHOLE TIE SLIDES EASILY

Lion Collars OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA

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THE NEW E&W RED-MAN 2 FOR 25¢ TROY'S BEST PRODUCT

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Mr. G. HEPBURN WILSON, M. B., American Authority on Modern Dances, Fifth Avenue, New York, Thorley Bldg., Northwest Cor. 46th St. Tel. Bryant 6321. Write for information Teachers' Normal Course. TERMS REASONABLE.

A. A. SAATO ACADEMIES OF DANCING. Broadway, 86th-87th Sts. All modern dances taught. Summer rates. 6435 Schuy.

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Belgium—Her Story.

The attempt of the Belgium troops to stem the onward rush of Germany's great armies. This is part of the record in pictures preserved in the bound volume of The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial, containing ten early numbers. Sent postpaid to any address, $1.00. The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.



MARDI-GRAS Gardens in the Air Atop the HOTEL MAJESTIC

SAT. EVE., SEPT. 18TH, THE EVENT OF THE SEASON Come and be happy. Dancing, directed by MR. AND MRS. ROWLEY DOWNES. Special entertainment. Beautiful decorations. Souvenirs. If unfavorable weather, will be held in Grand Ballroom. Phone Col. 1900 for reservations.

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Offers All the Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Much Lower Prices.

EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS OF ALL SIZES, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, FOR LONG OR SHORT PERIODS. Transient Rates, $2.50 per Day Up No Extra Charge When Rooms Are Occupied by Two Persons.

Mr. Oscar Duryea Of the Duryea Normal School, Inc. The special instructor in Modern Dances at the National Convention of Teachers of Dancing at San Francisco, Cal., Announces His Return and a Special Normal Course AT 47 WEST 72ND STREET, In Duryea Aesthetics and Modern New York Dances from Wednesday, Sept. 8th, to Saturday, Sept. 18th, 10:30 A. M. to 12:30. 10 mornings, $25.00 — single mornings, $3.00. Private lessons, $5, by appointment. Telephone—Columbus 6212.

Mansfield Studios, 83 West 44th.—All dances taught, absolute privacy. Summer prices.

HOTEL ENDICOTT Columbus Ave. and 81st St., New York City.

A "Home Hotel" of superior appointment. The spacious dining rooms and 400 sleeping rooms have been reopened after an expenditure of an enormous sum in remodeling, redecorating and refurnishing.

Cuisine and service of the highest standard. Average charge per entree, thirty-five cents. Restaurant prices fifty per cent. less than elsewhere.

RATES

Room with use of Bath $1.00
Room with Private Bath 1.50
Parlor, Bedroom and Bath 2.50

SHANLEY'S IN YONKERS On B'way—15 minutes from Van Cortlandt Park. "Exclusiveness and Gayety" Food unexcelled. Service perfect. Appointments Elegant. Dancing under direction of M. & Mme. Portalis. European Novelty and Exhibition Dancers. Parking Space for Autos.

HOTEL BOSSERT A transient-residential hotel of charm and comfort on aristocratic Brooklyn Heights, overlooking New York Harbor. Montague-Hicks-Remsen Sts., B'klyn.

Luchow's 14th Street, near Fourth Ave.